# U.S. Government Printing Office

# Style Manual

An official guide to the form and style of Federal Government printing

2008

#### **Production and Distribution Notes**

This publication was typeset electronically using Helvetica and Minion Pro typefaces. It was printed using vegetable oil-based ink on recycled paper containing 30% post consumer waste.

The GPO Style Manual will be distributed to libraries in the Federal Depository Library Program. To find a depository library near you, please go to the Federal depository library directory at http://catalog.gpo.gov/fdlpdir/public.jsp.

The electronic text of this publication is available for public use free of charge at http://www.gpoaccess.gov/stylemanual/index.html.

#### **Use of ISBN Prefix**



This is the official U.S. Government edition of this publication and is herein identified to certify its authenticity. ISBN 978-0-16-081813-4 is for U.S. Government Printing Office official editions only. The Superintendent of Documents of the U.S. Government Printing Office requests that any re-

printed edition be labeled clearly as a copy of the authentic work, and that a new ISBN be assigned.

For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office Internet: bookstore.gpo.gov Phone: toll free (866) 512-1800; DC area (202) 512-1800 Fax: (202) 512-2104 Mail: Stop IDCC, Washington, DC 20402-0001

#### THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE STYLE MANUAL IS PUBLISHED UNDER THE DIRECTION AND AUTHORITY OF

#### THE PUBLIC PRINTER OF THE UNITED STATES Robert C. Tapella

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# EXTRACT FROM THE PUBLIC PRINTING LAW

(TITLE 44, U.S.C.)

#### § 1105. Form and style of work for departments

The Public Printer shall determine the form and style in which the printing or binding ordered by a department is executed, and the material and the size of type used, having proper regard to economy, workmanship, and the purposes for which the work is needed.

(Pub. L. 90-620, Oct. 22, 1968, 82 Stat. 1261.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Based on 44 U.S. Code, 1964 ed., §216 (Jan. 12, 1895, ch. 23, §51, 28 Stat. 608).

#### **About This Manual**

By act of Congress the Public Printer is authorized to determine the form and style of Government printing. The GPO STYLE MANUAL is the product of many years of public printing experience, and its rules are based on principles of good usage and custom in the printing trade.

Editors and writers whose disciplines have taught them aspects of style different from rules followed in this Manual will appreciate the difficulty of establishing a single standard. The GPO Style Manual has served Federal printers since 1894, and with this 30th edition, the traditions of printing and graphic arts are carried forward in the 21st century.

Essentially, the GPO STYLE MANUAL is a standardization device designed to achieve uniform word and type treatment, and it aims for economy of word use. Such rules as are laid down for the submission of copy to GPO point to the most economical manner for the preparation and typesetting of manuscript. Following such rules eliminates additional chargeable processing by GPO.

It should be remembered that the GPO STYLE MANUAL is primarily a GPO printer's stylebook. Easy rules of grammar cannot be prescribed, for it is assumed that editors are versed in correct expression. Likewise, decisions on design and makeup are best determined by the individual publisher to meet the needs of the intended audience. As a printer's book, this Manual necessarily uses terms that are obvious to those skilled in the graphic arts.

Users of the GPO STYLE MANUAL should consider it as a general guide. Its rules cannot be regarded as rigid, for the printed word assumes many shapes and variations in type presentation. An effort has been made to provide complete coverage of those elements that enter into the translation of manuscript into type.

The GPO Style Board made significant revisions to update this edition of the GPO STYLE MANUAL. The changes include redesigning the format to make it more modern and easier to read; replacing "What is *GPO Access*?" with "GPO's Online Initiatives"; removing the atomic weights column from the Chemical Symbols table; expanding and updating time zone abbreviations;

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listing additional entries to the Post Office abbreviations; extensively reviewing the capitalization chapter to remove outdated entries and include new ones; realigning the abbreviations lists to create a new list of technical abbreviations and initialisms; updating old and adding new tables to the Useful Tables chapter; expanding military titles; creating new sample pages for the Reports and Hearings chapter; providing many URLs as references; and including many suggestions by users.

Comments and suggestions from users of the GPO STYLE MANUAL are invited. All such correspondence should be addressed as follows:

GPO Style Board Mail Stop PDE U.S. Government Printing Office 732 North Capitol Street, NW. Washington, DC 20401

email address: gpostyle@gpo.gov

For the purposes of the GPO STYLE MANUAL, printed examples throughout are to be considered the same as the printed rules.

# **Acknowledgments**

The GPO Style Board would like to thank the following people for assistance in the production of this edition of the GPO STYLE MANUAL:

Stanley P. Anderson, Editor, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service, National Soil Survey Center, Lincoln, Nebraska, for the new soil orders in the capitalization chapter.

Molly N. Cameron, for technical advice on the Index.

Robert W. Dahl, Cadastral Surveyor, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management, Minerals & Realty Management Directorate, Division of Lands, Realty & Cadastral Survey (WO–350), for his contribution of the Principal Meridians and Base Lines of the United States tables.

Cynthia L. Etkin, Program Planning Specialist, Library Services and Content Management, Government Printing Office, for her technical advice on the ANSI/NISO standards for publications.

About This Manual vii

Robert R. Finch, Mark E. Rockwell, Michele L. Spiro, Operations Directorate, Document Automation and Production Service (DAPS), Defense Logistics Agency, for their contribution to the list of military ranks.

Dean Gardei, Brand/Web Manager, Government Printing Office, for the design of the cover and title page.

Jeremy Gelb, Pre-Press Specialist, Government Printing Office, for technical assistance in the production of this Manual.

Geography Division, U.S. Census Bureau, for supplying the cities list.

Robert McArtor, past Chairman of the GPO Style Board and U.S. Board on Geographic Names, who acted as an adviser to the present GPO Style Board.

Joanne Petrie, Office of the General Counsel, U.S. Department of Transportation, and Andrew Novick, National Institute of Standards and Technology, for their assistance with time zone abbreviations.

Betty R. Smith, composition system operator, Government Printing Office, for technical assistance in the production of this Manual.

Douglas E. Smith, Sr., Internal Printing Officer, Government Printing Office, for preproduction planning and administrative assistance.

Janice Sterling, Director, Creative Services, and Marco Marchegiani, Graphic Designer, Government Printing Office, for development and production of the new design.

Marcia Thompson, Director, Congressional Record Index Office, Government Printing Office, for revisions to the pages relating to the Congressional Record Index.

Employees of the Proof and Copy Markup Section of the Government Printing Office, for their contributions during the production process.

Current users who have contributed many ideas and suggestions that were incorporated into this edition of the GPO STYLE MANUAL.

#### **GPO's Online Initiatives**

Printing continues to serve an important purpose in the Federal Government. Congressional documents, official reports, pamphlets, books, regulations and statutes, passports, tax and census forms, statistical data, and more—in printed form these documents represent a major avenue of communication and information transaction between the Government and the public. In the 21st century, the Government Printing Office (GPO) is committed to providing printed information products for Congress, Federal agencies, and the courts as efficiently, creatively, and cost-effectively as the most modern technology will allow.

With the advent of the electronic information age, GPO has also assumed the responsibility for providing public access to the online versions of most of the official documents it prints, as well as—to the greatest extent possible—the online versions of Government publications that are not printed but are otherwise made available on other Federal Web sites. GPO recognizes that a Federal author today often begins the content creation process at a personal computer, and frequently publishes the final document on the Web, without creating a print version that will make its way to a user's hands or a library's shelves. Many Government publications are now born digital and published to the Web, with few if any copies printed for traditional public access via bookstores or libraries.

To accommodate this transition in Federal publishing strategies while preserving the core responsibility for ensuring public access to Government publications, in 1993 Congress enacted Public Law 103–40, the Government Printing Office Electronic Information Access Enhancement Act, which required GPO to establish online access to key Government publications and provide a system of storage to ensure permanent public access to the information they contain. Since then, the number of publications featured by the resulting Web site, *GPO Access*, at www.gpoaccess.gov, has grown exponentially, as has its use by the public. A decade later the National Archives and Records Administration formally recognized GPO as an affiliated archive for the digital content on the *GPO Access* site.

To meet continued public demand for online access to Government publications, provide for an increased range of search and retrieval options, and

ensure the preservation of official Government information content in the 21st century, in 2004 GPO embarked on the construction of a more comprehensive online capability, called GPO's Federal Digital System, or FDsys. Scheduled to become available for public use in late 2008, the new system will serve as GPO's digital platform for the production, storage, and dissemination of official Government publications for the years to come.

#### **GPO Access**

Opened to the public in 1994, the *GPO Access* Web site was GPO's entrance into the digital age. *GPO Access* provides free electronic access to a wealth of important information products produced by the Federal Government. The information provided is the official published version, and information retrieved from *GPO Access* can be used without restriction unless specifically noted. This free service is funded through annual appropriations provided to GPO's Federal Depository Library Program.

Under the *GPO Access* legislation, the Superintendent of Documents, under the direction of the Public Printer, is required to: (1) Maintain an electronic directory of Federal electronic information; (2) provide a system of online access to the Congressional Record, the Federal Register, and other appropriate publications as determined by the Superintendent of Documents; (3) operate an electronic storage facility for Federal electronic information; and (4) maintain the Federal Bulletin Board, which was then already in existence.

#### **GPO Access services**

GPO Access services are designed to meet the needs of a variety of users. GPO Access consists of content and links, including official, full-text information from the three branches of the Federal Government. Databases are updated based on their print equivalent and generally date back to 1994.

Users can find information on the Federal Depository Library Program, which provides no-fee public access to publications disseminated by GPO, regardless of format. *GPO Access* enables users to locate a depository library in their area.

Users may also locate and order publications available for sale through GPO's Publication and Information Sales Program. Orders may be placed online securely through the U.S. Government Bookstore at http://bookstore.gpo.gov.

Ben's Guide to the U.S. Government provides learning tools for K–12 students, parents, and educators. The site provides age-specific explanations about how the Federal Government works, explains the use of the primary source materials available on *GPO Access*, and explains GPO's role in the Federal Government.

Users needing assistance with *GPO Access* or other dissemination services may direct inquiries to the GPO Contact Center specialists available by email (contactcenter@gpo.gov), telephone (1–866–512–1800), or fax (202–512–2104).

#### **Authentication of digital documents**

The increasing use of electronic documents poses a special challenge in verifying authenticity, because digital technology makes such documents easy to alter or copy in unauthorized or illegitimate ways.

To help meet this challenge, GPO has implemented digital signatures on certain electronic documents in *GPO Access* that not only establish GPO as the trusted information disseminator, but also provide the assurance that an electronic document has not been altered since GPO disseminated it.

In early 2008, GPO authenticated the first-ever online Federal budget by digital signature. The visible digital signatures on online PDF documents serve the same purpose as handwritten signatures or traditional wax seals on printed documents. The digital signature verifies document integrity and authenticity for online Federal documents, disseminated by GPO, at no cost to the customer.

# **GPO's Federal Digital System (FDsys)**

A critical part of GPO's mission of *Keeping America Informed* is ensuring permanent access to published Government documents. GPO is developing a

comprehensive digital content system capable of managing all known Federal Government documents within the scope of GPO's Federal Depository Library Program and other information dissemination programs. GPO's Federal Digital System (FDsys) is an integrated content management system which incorporates state-of-the-art technology for document authentication and digital preservation. FDsys supports GPO's transformation from a print-based environment to a content-based environment, in which digital content is created, submitted, preserved, authenticated, managed, and delivered upon request. The design of FDsys is based on the Reference Model for an Open Archival Information System (OAIS) (ISO 14721:2003), which describes a generalized structure for storing, preserving, and providing access to digital content over time.

FDsys will automate content life-cycle processes and make it easier to deliver digital content in formats suited to customers' needs. FDsys will allow Federal content creators to submit content for preservation, authentication, and delivery to users. Content entered into the system will be cataloged according to GPO and library standards, and will be available on the World Wide Web for searching and viewing, downloading and printing, as document masters for conventional and on-demand printing, or by other dissemination methods. Content may include text and associated graphics, video, audio, and other forms that emerge.

FDsys capabilities will be deployed in a series of releases. An internal proof-of-concept release of FDsys was completed in September 2007 to support the last stage of testing. FDsys is scheduled to become available to agencies and the public in early 2009, beginning a process of incremental releases. Each release will add functionality to the previous one. The first public release will provide FDsys core capabilities, including such foundational elements as system infrastructure and security, and a digital repository that conforms to the OAIS reference model and enables the management of content and metadata. This release will replace the familiar Wide Area Information Server (WAIS)-based *GPO Access*, in use since 1994, with enhanced search and retrieval functionality.

For a comprehensive discussion of system capabilities by release, see the FDsys documentation at http://www.gpo.gov/projects/fdsys\_documents.htm.

#### Information

The rules of grammar, spelling, punctuation, and related matters, as stated in this Manual, will serve well when preparing documents for electronic dissemination. Most of the documents currently available via *GPO Access* are derived from databases used in the printing of Government publications. However, as electronic dissemination of Government information continues to grow, the rules as stated in this Manual will continue to be the GPO's standard for all document preparation, electronic or otherwise.

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#### 1. Advice to Authors and Editors

The GPO STYLE MANUAL is intended to facilitate Government printing. Careful observance of the following suggestions will aid in expediting your publication and also reduce printing costs.

- **1.1.** Making changes after submission of copy delays the production of the publication and adds to the expense of the work; therefore, copy must be carefully edited before being submitted to the Government Printing Office.
- **1.2.** Legible copy, not faint reproductions, must be furnished.
- **1.3.** Copy should be on one side only with each sheet numbered consecutively. If both sides of copy are to be used, a duplicate set of copy must be furnished.
- **1.4.** To avoid unnecessary expense, it is advisable to have each page begin with a new paragraph.
- **1.5.** Proper names, signatures, figures, foreign words, and technical terms should be written plainly.
- **1.6.** Chemical symbols, such as Al, Cl, Tl are sometimes mistaken for A1, C1, T1. Editors must indicate whether the second character is a letter or a figure.
- **1.7.** Footnote reference marks in text and tables should be arranged consecutively from left to right across each page of copy.
- **1.8.** Photographs, drawings, and legends being used for illustrations should be placed in the manuscript where they are to appear in the publication. They should be on individual sheets, as they are handled separately during typesetting.
- **1.9.** If a publication is composed of several parts, a scheme of the desired arrangement must accompany the first installment of copy.
- **1.10.** To reduce the possibility of costly blank pages, avoid use of new odd pages and halftitles whenever possible. Generally these refinements should be limited to quality bookwork.

**1.11.** Samples should be furnished if possible. They should be plainly marked showing the desired type, size of type page, illustrations if any, paper, trim, lettering, and binding.

- **1.12.** In looseleaf or perforated-on-fold work, indicate folio sequence, including blank pages, by circling in blue. Begin with first text page (title). Do not folio separate covers or dividers.
- **1.13.** Indicate on copy if separate or self-cover. When reverse printing in whole or in part is required, indicate if solid or tone.
- **1.14.** Avoid use of oversize fold-ins wherever possible. This can be done by splitting a would-be fold-in and arranging the material to appear as facing pages in the text. Where fold-ins are numerous and cannot be split, consideration should be given to folding and inserting these into an envelope pasted to the inside back cover.
- **1.15.** Every effort should be made to keep complete jobs of over 4 pages to signatures (folded units) of 8, 12, 16, 24, or 32 pages. Where possible, avoid having more than two blank pages at the end.
- **1.16.** Indicate alternative choice of paper on the requisition. Where possible, confine choice of paper to general use items carried in inventory as shown in the GPO Paper Catalog.
- **1.17.** If nonstandard trim sizes and/or type areas are used, indicate head and back margins. Otherwise, GPO will determine the margins.
- **1.18.** Customers should submit copy for running heads and indicate the numbering sequence for folios, including the preliminary pages.
- **1.19.** Corrections should be made on first proofs returned, as later proofs are intended for verification only. All corrections must be indicated on the "R" (revise) set of proofs, and only that set should be returned to GPO.
- **1.20.** Corrections should be marked in the margins of a proof opposite the indicated errors, not by writing over the print or between the lines. All queries on proofs must be answered.

**1.21.** The following GPO publications relate to material included in this Manual. They may be purchased from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402.

# Word Division: Supplement to the United States Government Printing Office Style Manual

This publication serves as a quick reference guide for finding correct word divisions, as well as a spelling and pronunciation guide. In addition to the list of words with divisions, it also contains wordbreak rules and line-ending rules. Prepared especially for GPO printers and proofreaders, this supplement is equally useful for keyboarding. 1987.

#### **Government Paper Specifications**

The purpose of these standards is to achieve compliance with relevant statutes regarding printing papers; address environmental, workplace safety, and paper longevity issues; and achieve maximum savings in the Government's paper purchases. 2008.

### **GPO Paper Samples**

This publication is a supplement to Government Paper Specification Standards. It includes samples of papers used by GPO. Used as a planning aid and guide in selecting an adequate grade, weight, and color of paper for a job of printing. 2008.

For the latest information about the availability of these and other such publications, go to: http://bookstore.gpo.gov.

# **1.22.** Corrections made to proofs should be indicated as follows:

	-		
0	Insert period	rom.	Roman type
٨	Insert comma	caps.	Caps—used in margin
:	Insert colon	=	Caps—used in text
;	Insert semicolon	c+se	Caps & small caps—used in margin
\$	Insert question mark	==	Caps & small caps—used in text
!	Insert exclamation mark	L.C.	Lowercase—used in margin
=/	Insert hyphen	/	Used in text to show deletion or
V	Insert apostrophe		substitution
A. S.	Insert quotation marks	٩	Delete
H	Insert 1-en dash	3	Delete and close up
ᄊ	Insert 1-em dash	w.f.	Wrong font
#	Insert space		Close up
Id>	Insert ( ) points of space	コ	Move right
skill	Insert shilling		Move left
<b>V</b>	Superior	П	Move up
Λ	Inferior	니	Move down
(/)	Parentheses	ll l	Align vertically
	Brackets	=	Align horizontally
	Indent 1 em	コニ	Center horizontally
	Indent 2 ems	片	Center vertically
Ħ	Paragraph	4.#	Equalize space—used in margin
no II	No paragraph	W	Equalize space—used in text
tr	Transpose 1—used in margin	•••••	Let it stand—used in text
$\sim$	Transpose <sup>2</sup> —used in text	stet.	Let it stand—used in margin
AP	Spell out	Ø	Letter(s) not clear
ital.	Italic—used in margin	runover	Carry over to next line
	Italic—used in text	run bock	Carry back to preceding line
Ŀf.	Boldface—used in margin	out, see apy	Something omitted—see copy
<b>~~~</b>	Boldface—used in text	3/3	Question to author to delete <sup>3</sup>
.A. €.	Small caps—used in margin	^	Caret—General indicator used
	Small caps—used in text		to mark position of error.

¹ In lieu of the traditional mark "tr" used to indicate letter or number transpositions, the striking out of the incorrect letters or numbers and the placement of the correct matter in the margin of the proof is the preferred method of indicating transposition corrections.

 $<sup>^2</sup> Corrections involving \ more \ than \ two \ characters \ should \ be \ marked \ by \ striking \ out \ the \ entire \ word \ or \ number \ and \ placing \ the \ correct form \ in \ the \ margin. \ This \ mark \ should \ be \ reserved \ to \ show \ transposition \ of \ words.$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The form of any query carried should be such that an answer may be given simply by crossing out the complete query if a negative decision is made or the right-hand (question mark) portion to indicate an affirmative answer.

reset 8 pt. C& SC

#### It does not appear that the earliest printers had e any method of v correcting errors v before v the form owas on the press, The learned The learned correctors of the first two centuries of printing were # notproofreaders in our sense, they where rather;/9 what we should term office editors Their labors not were chiefly to see that the proof corresponded to the copy, but that the printed page was correct in its latinity that the words were there, and state that the sense was right. They cared but little errors, and when the text seemed to them wrong they consulted fresh authorities or altered it on their own responsibility. Good proofs, in the modern sense, were impossible until professional readers were employed men who had first aprinter's education, and then spent many years in the correction of proof. The orthography of English, which for the past century has under = gone little change, was very fluctuating until after the publication of Johnson's Dictionary, and capitals, which have been used with considerable regularity for the past 80 years, were previously used on the miss or hit plan. The approach to reguflarity, so far as we have, may be attributed to the growth of a class of professional proofreaders, and it is to them that we owe the correctness of mod-#/E ern printing. More er ors have been found in the Bible than in any other one work. For many generations it was frequently the case that Bibles were brought out stealthily, from fear of governinterference. They were frequently (out, see cop printed from imperfect texts, and were often modified to meet the views of those who publised & #themThe story is related that a certain woman in Germany, who was the wife of a Printer, and less the had become disgusted with the continual asser-Softnom tions as the superiority of man over woman which she had heard, hurried into the composing room while her husband was at supper and altered a sentence in the ble, which he was printing, so 24 # that it read Narr instead of Herr, thus making (2/3) the verse read "And he shall be thy fool" instead of "and he shall be thy lord." The word not \( \frac{1}{2} \) was omitted by Barker, the king's printer in England in 1632, in printing the seventh commandment, He was fined (23)000 on this account.

TYPOGRAPHICAL ERRORS)

NOTE.—The system of marking proofs can be made easier by the use of an imaginary vertical line through the center of the type area. The placement of corrections in the left-hand margin for those errors found in the left-hand portion of the proof and in the right-hand margin for right-side errors prevents overcrowding of marks and facilitates corrections.

#### 2. General Instructions

#### Job planning

- 2.1. The use of computers has dramatically altered every phase of the printing industry beginning with the basic planning of each new job. New publications are evaluated by application specialists who review their requirements and design the necessary formats. Each format is made to conform exactly to the copy's specifications for page dimensions, line length, indentions, typefaces, etc. Upon completion, sample pages are produced and submitted to the customer. At this time, customer agencies are requested to indicate precise details of any style changes because this set of pages serves as a guide for the copy preparer, the beginning of actual production.
- 2.2. In recent years, changes in the needs of the library community have led to a move toward uniform treatment of the component parts of publications. In developing standards to guide publishers of Government documents, consideration has been given to the changing needs of those who seek to produce, reference, index, abstract, store, search, and retrieve data. Certain identifying elements shall be printed on all publications in accordance with this Manual and with standards developed by the (ANSI) American National Standards Institute.

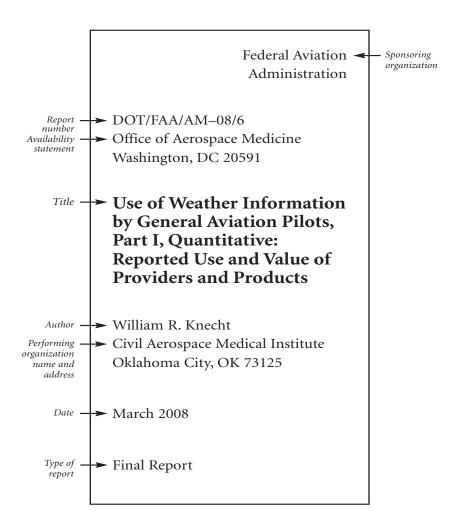
Publications such as books and pamphlets should contain:

- (a) Title and other title information;
- (b) Name of department issuing or creating publication;
- (c) Name of author(s) and editor(s) (department or individual);
- (d) Date of issuance;
- (e) Availability (publisher, printer, or other source and address);
- (f) Superintendent of Documents classification and stock numbers if applicable; and
- (g) The ISBN (International Standard Book Number).

(See ANSI Standard Z39.15, Title Leaves of a Book.)

Reports of a scientific or technical nature should contain:

- (a) Title and other title information;
- (b) Report number;



#### Notes:

- (1) This sample report cover is reduced in size.
- (2) In this sample, items are justified left. Other cover designs and typefaces are acceptable.
- (3) This sample page was prepared according to the guidelines of the American National Standards Institute, 25 West 43d St., New York, NY 10036. Users of ANSI standards are cautioned that all standards are reviewed periodically and subject to revision.

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- (c) Author(s);
- (d) Performing organization;
- (e) Sponsoring department;
- (f) Date of issuance;
- (g) Type of report and period covered;
- (h) Availability (publisher, printer, or other source and address); and
- (i) Superintendent of Documents classification and stock numbers if applicable.

(See ANSI/NISO Standard Z39.18—1995, Scientific and Technical Reports—Elements, Organization, and Design.)

Journals, magazines, periodicals, and similar publications should contain:

- (a) Title and other title information;
- (b) Volume and issue numbers;
- (c) Date of issue;
- (d) Publishing or sponsoring department;
- (e) Availability (publisher, printer, or other source and address);
- (f) International Standard Serial Number; and
- (g) Superintendent of Documents classification and stock numbers if applicable.

(See ANSI Standard Z39.1, American Standard Reference Data and Arrangement of Periodicals.)

# Makeup

- **2.3.** The design and makeup of a publication is the responsibility of the publisher. However, when the following elements occur in Government publications, they generally appear in the sequence listed below. The designation "new odd page" generally refers to bookwork and is not required in most pamphlet- and magazine-type publications.
  - (a) Frontispiece, faces title page.
  - (b) False title (frontispiece, if any, on back).
  - (c) Title page (new odd page).

(d) Back of title, blank, but frequently carries such useful bibliographic information as list of board members, congressional resolution authorizing publication, note of editions and printings, GPO imprint if departmental imprint appears on title page, sales notice, etc.

- (e) Letter of transmittal (new odd page).
- (f) Foreword, differs from a preface in that it is an introductory note written as an endorsement by a person other than the author (new odd page). An introduction differs from a foreword or a preface in that it is the initial part of the text; if the book is divided into chapters, it should be the first chapter.
- (g) Preface, by author (new odd page).
- (h) Acknowledgments (if not part of preface) (new odd page).
- (i) *Contents* (new odd page), immediately followed by list of illustrations and list of tables, as parts of contents.
- (j) *Text*, begins with page 1 (if halftitle is used, begins with p. 3).
- (k) Glossary (new odd page).
- (l) Bibliography (new odd page).
- (m) Appendix (new odd page).
- (n) Index (new odd page).
- **2.4.** Preliminary pages use small-cap Roman numerals. Pages in the back of the book (index, etc.), use lowercase Roman numerals.
- **2.5.** Booklets of 32 pages or less can be printed more economically with a self-cover. A table of contents, title page, foreword, preface, etc., is not usually necessary with so few pages. If some of this preliminary matter is necessary, it is more practical if combined; i.e., contents on cover; contents, title, and foreword on cover 2, etc.
- **2.6.** Widow lines (lines less than full width of measure) at top of pages are to be avoided, if possible, but are permitted if absolutely necessary to maintain uniform makeup and page depth. Rewording to fill the line is a preferred alternative.

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2.7. Paragraphs may start on the last line of a page whenever necessary. If it is found necessary to make a short page, the facing page should be of approximate equal depth.

- **2.8.** A blank space or sink of 6 picas should be placed at the head of each new odd or even page of 46-pica or greater depth; pages with a depth of from 36 to 45 picas, inclusive, will carry a 5-pica sink; pages less than 36 picas, 4 picas.
- **2.9.** When top centered folios are used, the folio on a new page is set 2 points smaller than the top folios. They are centered at the bottom and enclosed in parentheses.
- **2.10.** Where running heads with folios are used, heads are included in overall page depth. However, first pages of chapters and pages with bottom folios do not include the folios as part of the overall page depth.
- **2.11.** Jobs that have both running heads and bottom folios or just bottom folios will align all of the page numbers on the bottom in the margin, including those on preliminary pages. If at all possible avoid use of running heads in conjunction with bottom folios.
- **2.12.** Contents, list of illustrations, preface, or any other matter that makes a page in itself will retain normal 6-pica sink.
- **2.13.** Footnote references are repeated in boxheads or in continued lines over tables, unless special orders are given not to do so.
- **2.14.** When a table continues, its headnote is repeated without the word *Continued.*
- **2.15.** A landscape or broadside table that continues from an even to an odd page must be positioned to read through the center (gutter) of the publication when its size is not sufficient to fill both pages.
- **2.16.** A broadside table of less than page width will center on the page.
- **2.17.** Centerheads, whether in boldface, caps, caps and small caps, small caps, or italic, should have more space above than below. Uniform spacing should be maintained throughout the page.

**2.18.** In making up a page of two or more columns, text preceding a page-width illustration will be divided equally into the appropriate number of columns above the illustration.

**2.19.** Two or more short footnotes may be combined into one line, with 2 ems of space between.

<sup>1</sup> Preliminary. <sup>2</sup> Including imported cases. <sup>3</sup> Imported.

**2.20.** All backstrips should read down (from top to bottom).

#### Copy preparation

- **2.21.** At the beginning of each job the proper formats must be plainly marked. New Odd or New Page, Preliminary, Cover, Title, or Back Title should also be plainly indicated.
- **2.22.** Copy preparers must mark those things not readily understood when reading the manuscript. They must also mark the correct element identifier code for each data element, as well as indicate other matters of style necessary to give the publication good typographic appearance.
- **2.23.** Preparers must indicate the proper subformat at the beginning of each extension, verify folio numbers, and plainly indicate references, footnotes, cut-ins, etc. Unless otherwise marked, text matter will be set in 10-point solid and tables in 7 point. In tables utilizing down rules, unless a specific weight is requested by the customer, hairline rules will be used. (See rule 13.3.)
- **2.24.** Quoted or extract matter and lists should be set smaller than text with space above and below. Quotation marks at the beginning and end of paragraphs should be omitted. If the same type size is used, quoted matter should be indented 2 ems on both sides with space top and bottom, and initial and closing quotes should be omitted.

# Capitalization

**2.25.** Unusual use of capital and lowercase letters should be indicated by the customer to guarantee correct usage.

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#### Datelines, addresses, and signatures

**2.26.** Copy preparers must mark caps, small caps, italic, abbreviations, indentions, and line breaks where necessary. (For more detailed instructions, see Chapter 16 "Datelines, Addresses, and Signatures.")

#### Decimals and common fractions

**2.27.** In figure columns containing both decimals and common fractions, such decimals and/or fractions will not be aligned. The columns will be set flush right.

## "Et cetera," "etc.," and "and so forth"

**2.28.** In printing a speaker's language, the words *and so forth* or *et cetera* are preferred, but in "FIC & punc." matter *etc.*, is acceptable. If a quoted extract is set in type smaller than that of the preceding text and the speaker has summed up the remainder of the quotation with the words *and so forth* or *et cetera*, these words should be placed at the beginning of the next line, flush and lowercase, and an em dash should be used at the end of the extract.

# Folioing and stamping copy

**2.29.** Folio numbers should be placed in the upper right corner, preferably half an inch from the top.

# Headings

**2.30.** The element identifier codes to be used for all headings must be marked. Caps, caps and small caps, small caps, caps and lowercase, lowercase first up (first word and proper nouns capitalized), or italic must be prepared. (See rule 3.49.)

# **Pickup**

**2.31.** The jacket number of a job from which matter is to be picked up must be indicated. New matter and pickup matter should conform in style.

#### Sidenotes and cut-in notes

**2.32.** Sidenotes and cut-in notes are set each line flush left and ragged right, unless otherwise prepared, and are always set solid. Sidenotes are usually set in 6 point, 4½ picas wide. Footnotes to sidenotes and text should be set 21½ picas.

SEC. 920. Abuse of the rule.

An alleged violation of the rule relating to admission to the floor presents a question of privilege (III, 2624, 2625; VI, 579), but not a higher question of privilege than an election case (III, 2626). In one case where an ex-Member was abusing the privilege \* \* \*.

#### Signs, symbols, etc.

- **2.33.** All signs, symbols, dashes, superiors, etc., must be plainly marked. Names of Greek letters must be indicated, as they are frequently mistaken for italic or symbols.
- **2.34.** Some typesetting systems produce characters that look the same as figures. A lowercase l resembles a figure 1 and a capital O looks like a figure 0. Questionable characters will be printed as figures unless otherwise marked.

# Letters illustrating shape and form

- **2.35.** Capital letters of the text face will be used to illustrate shape and form, as U-shape(d), A-frame, T-bone, and I-beam.
- **2.36.** Plurals are formed by adding an apostrophe and the letter *s* to letters illustrating shape and form, such as T's and Y's. *Golf tee(s)* should be spelled, as shape is not indicated.
- **2.37.** A capital letter is used in *U-boat*, *V*–8, and other expressions which have no reference to shape or form.

# Fol. lit. and FIC & punc.

**2.38.** After submittal to GPO, manuscript copy is rubber-stamped "Follit." or "FIC & punc." The difference between these two typesetting instructions is explained thus:

Copy is followed when stamped "Fol. lit." (follow literally). Copy authorized to be marked "Fol. lit." must be thoroughly prepared by the requisitioning agency as to capitalization, punctuation (including

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compounding), abbreviations, signs, symbols, figures, and italic. Such copy, including even obvious errors, will be followed. The lack of preparation on copy so designated shall, in itself, constitute preparation. "Fol. lit." does not include size and style of type or spacing.

Obvious errors are corrected in copy marked "FIC & punc." (follow, including capitalization and punctuation).

- **2.39.** In congressional hearings, the name of the interrogator or witness who continues speaking is repeated following a head set in boldface, a paragraph enclosed in parentheses, and a paragraph enclosed in brackets.
  - In a head set in boldface, the title "Mr." is not used, and "the Honorable" preceding a name is shortened to "Hon." Street addresses are also deleted. Example: "Statement of Hon. John P. Blank, Member, American Bar Association, Washington, DC."
- **2.40.** Paragraph or section numbers (or letters) followed by figures or letters in parentheses will close up, as "section 7(B)(1)(*a*)," "paragraph 23(*a*)," "paragraph b(7)," "paragraph (*a*)(2)"; *but* "section 9(a) (1) and (2)", "section 7 *a* and *b*". In case of an unavoidable break, division will be made after elements in parentheses, and no hyphen is used.
- **2.41.** *Bill style.*—Bill copy will be followed as supplied. Bills will be treated as "FIC & punc." This data is transmitted to the GPO via fiber optic transmission with element identifier codes in place. Therefore, it is not cost effective to prepare the manuscript as per the GPO STYLE MANUAL and update the data once it is in type form.
- **2.42.** Copy preparer's instructions, which accompany each job, are written to cover the general style and certain peculiarities or deviations from style. These instructions must be followed.

#### **Abbreviations**

**2.43.** In marking abbreviations to be spelled, preparers must show what the spelled form should be, unless the abbreviations are common and not susceptible to more than one construction. An unfamiliar abbreviation, with spelled-out form unavailable, is not changed.

#### Type composition

**2.44.** Operators and revisers must study carefully the rules governing composition.

- **2.45.** In correcting pickup matter, the operator must indicate plainly on the proof what portion, if any, was actually reset.
- **2.46.** Every precaution must be taken to prevent the soiling of proofs, as it is necessary for the reviser to see clearly every mark on the margin of a proof after it has been corrected.
- **2.47.** Corrections of queries intended for the author are not to be made. Such queries, however, are not to be carried on jobs going directly to press.

#### Leading and spacing

- **2.48.** Spacing of text is governed by the leading, narrow spacing being more desirable in solid than in leaded matter.
- **2.49.** A single justified word space will be used between sentences. This applies to all types of composition.
- **2.50.** Center or flush heads set in caps, caps and small caps, small caps, or boldface are keyed with regular justified spaces between words.
- **2.51.** Centerheads are set apart from the text by the use of spacing. The amount of space varies with each publication. However, more space is always inserted above a heading than below. In 10-point type, the spacing would be 10 points over and 8 points under a heading; in 8-and 6-point type, the spacing would be 8 points above and 6 points below.
- **2.52.** Solid matter (text) is defined as those lines set without horizontal space between them. Leaded text is defined as lines separated by 1 or 2 points of space.
- **2.53.** Unless otherwise marked, flush heads are separated from text by 4 points of space above and 2 points of space below in solid matter, and by 6 points of space above and 4 points of space below in leaded matter.

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**2.54.** Full-measure numbered or lettered paragraphs and quoted extracts are not separated by space from adjoining matter.

- **2.55.** Extracts which are set off from the text by smaller type or are indented on both sides or indented 3 ems on the left side (courtwork only) are separated by 6 points of space in leaded matter and by 4 points of space in solid matter.
- **2.56.** Extracts set solid in leaded matter are separated from the text by 6 points.
- **2.57.** Flush lines following extracts are separated by 6 points of space in leaded matter and by 4 points in solid matter.
- **2.58.** Footnotes are leaded if the text is leaded, and are solid if the text is solid.
- **2.59.** Legends are leaded if the text is leaded, and solid if the text is solid. Leaderwork is separated from text by 4 points above and 4 points below.

#### **Indentions**

- **2.60.** In measures less than 30 picas, the paragraph indention is 1 em. Paragraph indentions in cut-in matter are 3 ems, overs are 2 ems. Datelines and signatures are indented in multiples of 2 ems. Addresses are set flush left.
- **2.61.** In matter set 30 picas or wider, the paragraph indention is 2 ems. Paragraph indentions in cut-in matter are 6 ems, overs are 4 ems. Datelines and signatures are indented in multiples of 2 ems. Addresses are set flush left.
- 2.62. In measures less than 30 picas, overruns in hanging indentions are 1 em more than the first line, except that to avoid conflict with a following indention (for example, of a subentry or paragraph), the overrun indention is made 1 em more than the following line.
- 2.63. In matter set 30 picas or wider, overruns in hanging indentions are 2 ems more than the first line, except that to avoid conflict with a following indention (for example, of a subentry or paragraph), the overrun indention is made 2 ems more than the following line.

**2.64.** Indention of matter set in smaller type should be the same, in points, as that of adjoining main-text indented matter.

- **2.65.** Two-line centerheads are centered, but heads of three or more lines are set with a hanging indention.
- **2.66.** Overs in flush heads are indented 2 ems in measures less than 30 picas, and 3 ems in wider measures.

#### Legends for illustrations

- **2.67.** It is preferred that legends and explanatory data consisting of one or two lines are set centered, while those with more than two lines are set with a hanging indention. Legends are set full measure regardless of the width of the illustration. Paragraph style is acceptable.
- **2.68.** Legend lines for illustrations which appear broad or turn page (landscape) should be printed to read up; an even-page legend should be on the inside margin and an odd-page legend on the outside margin.
- **2.69.** Unless otherwise indicated, legends for illustrations are set in 8-point roman, lowercase.
- **2.70.** Periods are used after legends and explanatory remarks beneath illustrations. However, legends without descriptive language do not use a period. (See rule 8.112.)
- **2.71.** At the beginning of a legend or standing alone, *Figure* preceding the identifying number or letter is set in caps and small caps and is not abbreviated.

FIGURE 5, not Fig. 5

FIGURE A, not Fig. A

- **2.72.** If a chart carries both a legend and footnotes, the legend is placed above the chart.
- **2.73.** Letter symbols used in legends for illustrations are set in lowercase italic without periods.

# **Proofreading**

**2.74.** All special instructions, layouts, and style sheets must be included with the first installment of each job.

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**2.75.** If the proofreader detects inconsistent or erroneous statements, it is his or her responsibility to query them.

- **2.76.** If the grammatical construction of a sentence or clause is questioned by a proofreader and it seems desirable to change the form, he or she must indicate the proposed correction, add a query mark, and enclose all in a circle.
- **2.77.** All queries appearing on the copy must be carried to the author's set of proofs.
- **2.78.** Proofs that are illegible or are in any manner defective must be called to the attention of the deskperson.
- **2.79.** The manner in which correction marks are made on a proof is of considerable importance. Straggling, unsymmetrical characters, disconnected marks placed in the margin above or below the lines to which they relate, irregular lines leading from an incorrect letter or word to a correction, large marks, marks made with a blunt pencil, indistinct marks, and frequent use of the eraser to obliterate marks hastily or incorrectly made are faults to be avoided.
- **2.80.** In reading proof of wide tables, the proofreader should place the correction as near as possible to the error. The transposition mark should not be used in little-known words or in figures. It is better to cancel the letters or figures and write them in the margin in the order in which they are to appear.
- **2.81.** To assure proper placement of footnotes, the proofreader and reviser must draw a ring around footnote references on the proofs, then check off each corresponding footnote number.
- **2.82.** Proofreaders must not make important changes in indentions or tables without consulting the referee.
- **2.83.** The marks of the copy preparer will be followed, as he or she is in a position to know more about the peculiarities of a job than one who reads but a small portion of it.
- **2.84.** Any mark which will change the proof from the copy as prepared must be circled in the margin.
- **2.85.** All instructions on copy must be carried on proof by readers.

**2.86.** Folios of copy must be run by the proofreader and marked on the proof.

**2.87.** All instructions, comments, and extraneous notes on both copy and proofs which are not intended to be set as part of the text must be circled.

#### **Revising galley proofs**

- **2.88.** The importance of revising proofs cannot be overemphasized. Although a reviser is not expected to read proof, it is not enough to follow the marks found on the proof. He or she should be alert to detect errors and inconsistencies and must see that all corrections have been properly made and that words or lines have not been transposed or eliminated in making the corrections.
- **2.89.** A reviser must not remodel the punctuation of the proofreaders or make any important changes. If an important change should be made, the reviser must submit the proposed change to the supervisor for a decision.
- **2.90.** In the body of the work, new pages must be properly indicated on the proof. (For new page information, see rule 2.3 "Makeup.")
- **2.91.** All instructions and queries on proofs must be transferred to the revised set of proofs.

# **Revising page proofs**

- **2.92.** Page revising requires great diligence and care. The reviser must see that the rules governing the instructions of previous workers have been followed.
- **2.93.** The reviser is responsible for marking all bleed and off-center pages.
- **2.94.** A blank page must be indicated at the bottom of the preceding page.
- **2.95.** Special care must be exercised in revising corrected matter. If it appears that a correction has not been made, the reviser should

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carefully examine each line on the page to see if the correction was inserted in the wrong place.

- **2.96.** The following rules must be carefully observed:
  - (a) See that the proof is clean and clear; request another if necessary.
  - (b) Verify that the galley proofs are in order and that the data on the galleys runs in properly to facilitate continuous makeup.
  - (c) Make sure that different sets of proofs of the same job are correctly marked in series ("R," "2R," "3R," etc.); where a sheet is stamped "Another proof," carry the same designating "R" on the corresponding clean proof. Advance the "R," "2R," "3R," etc., on each set of page proofs returned from the originating office.
  - (d) Run the page folios, make sure they are consecutive and that the running heads, if used, are correct. Check connection pages. Verify correct sequence for footnote references and placement. It is imperative that footnotes appear or begin on the same page as their reference, unless style dictates that all footnotes are to appear together in one location.
  - (e) Watch for dropouts, doublets, and transpositions.
  - (f) Legend lines of full-page illustrations that appear broad should be printed to read up—the even-page legend on the binding or inside margin and the odd-page legend on the outside margin.
  - (g) If a footnote is eliminated, do not renumber the footnotes; change footnote to read "Footnote eliminated."
- **2.97.** If a footnote is added in proof, use the preceding number with a superior letter added, as <sup>15a</sup>.
- **2.98.** Where a table with footnotes falls at the bottom of a page containing footnotes to text, print the table footnotes above the text footnotes, separated by a rule 50 points long, flush left, with spacing on each side of the rule. (See also rule 13.77.)

#### **Press revising**

2.99. Press revising calls for the exercise of utmost care. The press reviser must be thoroughly familiar with the style and makeup of Government publications. He or she is required to OK all forms that go to press—bookwork, covers, jobwork, etc.—and must see that all queries are answered. A knowledge of the bindery operations required to complete a book or job and familiarity with all types of imposition, folds, etc., is helpful. The reviser must be capable of ascertaining the proper head, back, and side margins for all work, to ensure proper trimming of the completed job.

**2.100.** Although speed is essential when forms reach the press reviser, accuracy is still paramount and must not be sacrificed.

#### Signature marks, etc.

- **2.101.** Unless otherwise indicated, signature marks are set in 6-point lowercase and indented 3 ems.
- **2.102.** Figures indicating the year should follow the jacket number in signature marks:

- **2.103.** When the allmark ( $\bigcirc$ ) and signature or the imprint and signature appear on same page, the signature line is placed below the allmark or imprint. (See rule 2.117.)
- **2.104.** The allmark is placed below the page, bulletin, or circular number but above the signature line, if both appear on the same page.
- **2.105.** Imprints and signature lines appearing on short pages of text are placed at the bottom of the page.
- **2.106.** On a congressional job reprinted because of change, the House and Senate have approved the following styles:

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**2.107.** The following forms are used for signature marks in House and Senate documents and reports printed on session jackets:

H. Doc. 73, 08-1—2
S. Doc. 57, 08-2, pt. 1—2
S. Doc. 57, 08-2, vol. 1—2
H. Rept. 120, 08-2—8
S. Doc. 57, 08-2, vol. 1—2
S. Rept. 100, 08-2—9

- **2.108.** In a document or report printed on other than a session jacket, use the jacket number, year, and signature number only, omitting the document or report number. (See rule 2.102.)
- **2.109.** For pasters, the jacket number, the year, and the page to be faced by the paster are used as follows (note punctuation):

- **2.110.** On a paster facing an even page, the marks are placed on the lower right-hand side; on a paster facing an odd page, the marks are placed on the lower left-hand side.
- **2.111.** If more than one paster faces the same page, each is numbered as follows:

**2.112.** When a paster follows the text, the allmark is placed on the last page of the text and never on the paster.

# **Reprints**

**2.113.** To aid bibliographic identification of reprints or revisions, the dates of the original edition and of reprint or revision should be supplied by the author on the title page or in some other suitable place. Thus:

First edition July 1990 Original edition May 1990
Reprinted July 1995 Reprinted May 1995
First printed June 1990
Revised June 1995

**2.114.** The year in the imprint on cover, title page, or elsewhere is not changed from that in the original print, nor are the signatures changed, unless other mends are necessary.

#### **Imprints**

**2.115.** Unless otherwise stipulated, the GPO imprint must appear on all printed matter, with the exception of certain classified work.

- **2.116.** The full GPO imprint is used on the title page of a congressional speech.
- **2.117.** The imprint and allmark are not used together on any page; if one is used, the other is omitted.
- **2.118.** The imprint is not used on a halftitle or on any page of a cover, with the exception of congressional hearings.
- **2.119.** If there is a title page, the imprint is placed on the title page; but if there is no title page, or if the title page is entirely an illustration, the imprint is placed on the last page of the text 4 ems from flush right and below the bottom folio.
- **2.120.** The GPO logo is used only on GPO publications. If it is printed on page II, the full imprint is used on the title page; if it is printed on the title page, use the half imprint only, thus—Washington: 2008.

#### Sales notices

- **2.121.** The use of sales notices is discouraged.
- **2.122.** If there is a cover but no title page, the sales notice is printed on the cover. Unless otherwise indicated, if there is a title page, with or without a cover, the sales notice is printed at the bottom of the title page below a cross rule. If there is no cover or title page, the sales notice is printed at the end of the text, below the imprint, and the two are separated by a cross rule.

# Imprint variations

**2.123.** This is one style of an imprint that can appear on the title page.

For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office

•Internet: bookstore.gpo.gov•Phone: Toll Free 866–512–1800

•DC area 202–512–1800•Fax: 202–512–2104

•Mail: Stop SSOP, Washington, DC 20402–0001

•www.gpoaccess.gov

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**2.124.** In the event that a title page is not used, the imprint is printed on the last page and positioned flush left below the text.

For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office

- •Internet: bookstore.gpo.gov Phone: toll free 866-512-1800
- DC area 202-512-1800 Fax: 202-512-2250
- · Mail: Stop SSOP, Washington, DC 20402-0001
- ·www.gpoaccess.gov
- **2.125.** Outside-purchase publications are identified by an open star at the beginning of the imprint line. These lines are positioned 4 ems from the right margin.

☆ U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 2008—456-789

**2.126.** Publications purchased outside which are reprinted by the GPO use an em dash in lieu of the open star.

-U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 2008-456-789

**2.127.** Jobs set on outside purchase but printed by the GPO use an asterisk in lieu of the open star.

\*U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 2008—456-789

**2.128.** Publications produced from camera copy supplied to the GPO are identified by *cc* printed at the end of the line.

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 2008—123-456-cc

# **Franking**

**2.129.** The franking (mailing) privilege on covers for Government publications should be at least 1½ inches from the trim.

# Bibliographies or references

**2.130.** There are many styles available to bibliographers, for there are many classes of documents. A Government bulletin citation, according to one authority, would be treated as follows:

Author's name (if the article is signed); title of article (in quotation marks); the publication (usually in italic), with correct references to volume, number, series, pages, date, and publisher (U.S. Govt. Print. Off.).

#### Therefore the example would read:

U.S. Department of the Interior, "Highlights in history of forest and related natural source conservation," *Conservation Bulletin*, No. 41 (serial number not italic), Washington, U.S. Dept. of the Interior (*or* U.S. Govt. Print. Off.), 1997. 1 p. (*or* p. 1).

Another Government periodical citation would read as follows:

Reese, Herbert Harshman, "How To Select a Sound Horse," *Farmers' Bulletin*, No. 779, pp. 1–26 (1926), U.S. Dept. of Agriculture.

Clarity may be maintained by capitalizing each word in book titles, but only the first word in the title of articles.

#### Other examples are:

Preston W. Slosson, *The Great Crusade And After: 1914–1928* (New York: Macmillan, 1940)

Edward B. Rosa, "The economic importance of the scientific work of the government," *J. Wash. Acad. Sci.* 10, 342 (1920)

or:

Preston W. Slosson, The Great Crusade and After: 1914–1928 (New York: Macmillan, 1940)

Edward B. Rosa, "The Economic Importance of the Scientific Work of the Government," J. Wash. Acad. Sci. 10, 342 (1920)

Note that the principal words in both book titles and titles of articles are capitalized. Consistency is more important in bibliographic style than the style itself.

The science of bibliography is covered in many texts, and the following references are available for study:

Better Report Writing, by Willis H. Waldo. Reinhold Publishing Corp., New York, 1965.

Macmillan Handbook of English, by Robert F. Wilson. Macmillan Co., New York, 1982.

The Chicago Manual of Style, University of Chicago Press, Chicago, 2003. Words Into Type, Prentice-Hall, New York, 1974.

#### 3. Capitalization Rules

(See also Chapter 4 "Capitalization Examples" and Chapter 9 "Abbreviations and Letter Symbols")

3.1. It is impossible to give rules that will cover every conceivable problem in capitalization; but by considering the purpose to be served and the underlying principles, it is possible to attain a considerable degree of uniformity. The list of approved forms given in Chapter 4 will serve as a guide. Obviously such a list cannot be complete. The correct usage with respect to any term not included can be determined by analogy or by application of the rules.

#### **Proper names**

**3.2.** Proper names are capitalized.

Rome	John Macadam	Italy
Brussels	Macadam family	Anglo-Saxon

#### **Derivatives of proper names**

**3.3.** Derivatives of proper names used with a proper meaning are capitalized.

Roman (of Rome)	Johannean	Italian
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**3.4.** Derivatives of proper names used with acquired independent common meaning, or no longer identified with such names, are set lowercased. Since this depends upon general and long-continued usage, a more definite and all-inclusive rule cannot be formulated in advance.

roman (type)	macadam (crushed rock)	italicize
brussels sprouts	watt (electric unit)	anglicize
venetian blinds	plaster of paris	pasteurize

# Common nouns and adjectives in proper names

**3.5.** A common noun or adjective forming an essential part of a proper name is capitalized; the common noun used alone as a substitute for the name of a place or thing is not capitalized.

Massachusetts Avenue; the avenue Washington Monument; the monument Statue of Liberty; the statue Hoover Dam; the dam

Modoc National Forest; the national forest
Panama Canal; the canal
Soldiers' Home in Holyoke; the soldiers' home
Johnson House (hotel); Johnson house (residence)
Crow Reservation; the reservation
Cape of Good Hope; the cape
Jersey City
Washington City
but city of Washington; the city
Cook County; the county
Great Lakes; the lakes
Lake of the Woods; the lake

North Platte River; the river Lower California

but lower Mississippi Charles the First; Charles I

Boston Light; the light

Seventeenth Census; the 1960 census

**3.6.** If a common noun or adjective forming an essential part of a name becomes separated from the rest of the name by an intervening common noun or adjective, the entire expression is no longer a proper noun and is therefore not capitalized.

Union Station: union passenger station Eastern States: eastern farming States United States popularly elected government

**3.7.** A common noun used alone as a well-known short form of a specific proper name is capitalized.

the Capitol building in Washington, DC; *but* State capitol building the Channel (English Channel) the Chunnel (tunnel below English Channel) the District (District of Columbia)

**3.8.** The plural form of a common noun capitalized as part of a proper name is also capitalized.

Seventh and I Streets
Lakes Erie and Ontario
Potomac and James Rivers
State and Treasury Departments
British, French, and United States Governments
Presidents Washington and Adams

**3.9.** A common noun used with a date, number, or letter, merely to denote time or sequence, or for the purpose of reference, record, or

temporary convenience, does not form a proper name and is therefore not capitalized. (See also rule 3.38.)

abstract B	figure 7	room A722
act of 1928	first district (not	rule 8
amendment 5	congressional)	schedule K
apartment 2	flight 007	section 3
appendix C	graph 8	signature 4
article 1	group 7	spring 1926
book II	history 301	station 27
chapter III	mile 7.5	table 4
chart B	page 2	title IV
class I	paragraph 4	treaty of 1919
collection 6	part I	volume X
column 2	phase 3	war of 1914
drawing 6	plate IV	ward 2
exhibit D	region 3	

**3.10.** The following terms are lowercased, even with a name or number.

aqueduct	irrigation project	shipway
breakwater	jetty	slip
buoy	levee	spillway
chute	lock	turnpike
dike	pier	watershed
dock	reclamation project	weir
drydock	ship canal	wharf

# Definite article in proper place names

**3.11.** To achieve greater distinction or to adhere to the authorized form, the word *the* (or its equivalent in a foreign language) is capitalized when used as a part of an official name or title. When such name or title is used adjectively, *the* is not capitalized, nor is *the* supplied at any time when not in copy.

British Consul v. The Mermaid (title of legal case)

The Dalles (OR); The Weirs (NH); but the Dalles region; the Weirs streets

The Hague; but the Hague Court; the Second Hague Conference

El Salvador; Las Cruces; L'Esterel

The National Mall; The Mall (Washington, DC only)

The Gambia

but the Congo, the Sudan, the Netherlands

**3.12.** In common practice, rule 3.11 is disregarded in references to newspapers, periodicals, vessels, airships, trains, firm names, etc.

the Washington Post the U-3 the Times the Los Angeles the Atlantic Monthly the Federal Express the Mermaid the National Photo Co.

#### Particles in names of persons

**3.13.** In foreign names such particles as *d'*, *da*, *de*, *della*, *den*, *du*, *van*, and *von* are capitalized unless preceded by a forename or title. Individual usage, if ascertainable, should be followed.

Da Ponte; Cardinal da Ponte

Den Uyl; Johannes den Uyl; Prime Minister den Uyl

Du Pont; E.I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. Van Rensselaer; Stephen van Rensselaer

Von Braun; Dr. Wernher von Braun

but d'Orbigny; Alcide d'Orbigny; de la Madrid; Miguel de la Madrid

**3.14.** In anglicized names such particles are usually capitalized, even if preceded by a forename or title, but individual usage, if ascertainable, should be followed.

Justice Van Devanter; Reginald De Koven Thomas De Quincey; William De Morgan

Henry van Dyke (his usage)

Samuel F. Du Pont (his usage); Irénée du Pont

**3.15.** If copy is not clear as to the form of such a name (for example, *La Forge* or *Laforge*), the two-word form should be used.

```
De Kalb County (AL, GA, IL, IN) but DeKalb County (TN)
```

**3.16.** In names set in capitals, *de*, *von*, etc., are also capitalized.

# Names of organized bodies

**3.17.** The full names of existing or proposed organized bodies and their shortened names are capitalized; other substitutes, which are most often regarded as common nouns, are capitalized only in certain specified instances to indicate preeminence or distinction.

National governmental units:

U.S. Congress: 110th Congress; the Congress; Congress; the Senate; the House; Committee of the Whole, the Committee; *but* committee (all other congressional committees)

Department of Agriculture: the Department; Division of Publications, the Division; similarly all major departmental units; *but* legislative, executive, and judicial departments

Bureau of the Census: the Census Bureau, the Bureau; but the agency

Environmental Protection Agency: the Agency

Geological Survey: the Survey

Government Printing Office: the Printing Office, the Office

American Embassy, British Embassy: the Embassy; but the consulate; the consulate general

Treasury of the United States: General Treasury; National Treasury; Public Treasury; the Treasury; Treasury notes; New York Subtreasury, the subtreasury

Department of Defense: Military Establishment; Armed Forces; All-Volunteer Forces; but armed services

U.S. Army: the Army; All-Volunteer Army; the Infantry; 81st Regiment; Army Establishment; the Army Band; Army officer; Regular Army officer; Reserve officer; Volunteer officer; but army shoe; Grant's army; Robinson's brigade; the brigade; the corps; the regiment; infantryman

U.S. Navy: the Navy; the Marine Corps; Navy (Naval) Establishment; Navy officer; *but* naval shipyard; naval officer; naval station

U.S. Air Force: the Air Force

U.S. Coast Guard: the Coast Guard

French Ministry of Foreign Affairs; the Ministry; French Army; British Navy International organizations:

United Nations: the Council; the Assembly; the Secretariat

Permanent Court of Arbitration: the Court; the Tribunal (only in the proceedings of a specific arbitration tribunal)

 ${\it Hague Peace Conference} \ it he \ {\it Hague Conference}; the \ {\it Peace Conference}; the \ {\it Conference};$ 

Common-noun substitutes:

Virginia General Assembly: the assembly

California State Highway Commission: Highway Commission of California; the highway commission; the commission

Montgomery County Board of Health: the Board of Health, Montgomery County; the board of health; the board

Common Council of the City of Pittsburgh: the common council; the council Buffalo Consumers' League: the consumers' league; the league

Republican Party: the party

Southern Railroad Co.: the Southern Railroad; Southern Co.; Southern Road; the railroad company; the company

Riggs National Bank: the Riggs Bank; the bank

Metropolitan Club: the club

Yale School of Law: Yale University School of Law; School of Law, Yale University; school of law

**3.18.** The names of members and adherents of organized bodies are capitalized to distinguish them from the same words used merely in a descriptive sense.

a Representative (U.S.) a Shriner a Boy Scout

a Republican a Socialist a Knight (K.C., K.P., etc.)

an Elk an Odd Fellow a Federalist a Communist

#### Names of countries, domains, and administrative divisions

**3.19.** The official designations of countries, national domains, and their principal administrative divisions are capitalized only if used as part of proper names, as proper names, or as proper adjectives. (See Chapter 17, Principal Foreign Countries table.)

United States: the Republic; the Nation; the Union; the Government; also Federal, Federal Government; *but* republic (when not referring specifically to one such entity); republican (in general sense); a nation devoted to peace

New York State: the State, a State (a definite political subdivision of first rank); State of Veracruz; Balkan States; six States of Australia; State rights; *but* state (referring to a federal government, the body politic); foreign states; church and state; statehood; state's evidence

Territory (Canada): Yukon, Northwest Territories; the Territory(ies), Territorial; but territory of American Samoa, Guam, Virgin Islands

Dominion of Canada: the Dominion; but dominion (in general sense)

Ontario Province, Province of Ontario: the Province, Provincial; but province, provincial (in general sense)

**3.20.** The similar designations *commonwealth*, *confederation* (*federal*), *government*, *nation* (*national*), *powers*, *republic*, etc., are capitalized only if used as part of proper names, as proper names, or as proper adjectives.

British Commonwealth, Commonwealth of Virginia: the Commonwealth; *but* a commonwealth government (general sense)

Swiss Confederation: the Confederation; the Federal Council; the Federal Government; *but* confederation, federal (in general sense)

French Government: the Government; French and Italian Governments: the Governments; *but* government (in general sense); the Churchill government; European governments

Cherokee Nation: the nation; *but* Greek nation; American nations National Government (of any specific nation); *but* national customs Allied Powers, Allied in World Wars Land III), *but* our allies weak

Allied Powers, Allies (in World Wars I and II); *but* our allies, weaker allies; Central Powers (in World War I); *but* the powers; European powers Republic of South Africa: the Republic; *but* republic (in general sense)

#### Names of regions, localities, and geographic features

**3.21.** A descriptive term used to denote a definite region, locality, or geographic feature is a proper name and is therefore capitalized; also for temporary distinction a coined name of a region is capitalized.

the North Atlantic States Middle East
the Gulf States Middle Eastern
the Central States Mideast

the Pacific Coast States Mideastern (Asia)
the Lake States Near East (Balkans, etc.)
East North Central States the Promised Land

Eastern North Central States the Continent (continental Europe)

Far Western States the Western Hemisphere

Eastern United States the North Pole

the West the North and South Poles
the Midwest the Temperate Zone
the Middle West the Torrid Zone
the Far West the East Side

the Eastern Shore (Chesapeake Bay) Lower East Side (sections of

the Badlands (SD and NE) a city)

the Continental Divide Western Europe, Central Europe)

Deep South (political entities)

Midsouth

the Far East but

Far Eastern lower 48 (States) the East the Northeast corridor

**3.22.** A descriptive term used to denote mere direction or position is not a proper name and is therefore not capitalized.

north; south; east; west northerly; northern; northward eastern; oriental; occidental

east Pennsylvania
southern California
northern Virginia
west Florida; but West Florida (1763–1819)
eastern region; western region
north-central region
east coast; eastern seaboard
northern Italy
southern France
but East Germany; West Germany (former political entities)

**3.23.** The names of calendar divisions are capitalized.

January; February; March; etc. Monday; Tuesday; Wednesday; etc. but spring; summer; autumn (fall); winter

#### Names of holidays, etc.

Names of calendar divisions

**3.24.** The names of holidays and ecclesiastic feast and fast days are capitalized.

April Fools' Day Independence Day Arbor Day Labor Day Armed Forces Day Lincoln's Birthday Birthday of Martin Luther Memorial Day (also King, Jr. Decoration Day) Christmas Day, Eve Mother's Day Columbus Day New Year's Day, Eve Father's Day Presidents Day Feast of the Passover; the Passover Ramadan Rosh Hashanah Flag Day Fourth of July; the Fourth St. Valentine's Day

Fourth of July; the Fourth St. Valentine's Day
Halloween Thanksgiving Day
Hanukkah Washington's Birthday

Hogmanay Yom Kippur

Inauguration Day (Federal) but election day, primary day

#### Trade names and trademarks

**3.25.** Trade names, variety names, and names of market grades and brands are capitalized. Some trade names have come into usage as generic terms (e.g., cellophane, thermos, and aspirin); when reference is being made to the formal company or specific product name, capitalization should be used. (See Chapter 4 "Capitalization Examples" trade names and trademarks.)

Choice lamb (market grade) Xerox (the company)
Red Radiance rose (variety) but photocopy (the process)

#### Scientific names

**3.26.** The name of a phylum, class, order, family, or genus is capitalized. The name of a species is not capitalized, even though derived from a proper name. (See rule 11.9.)

Arthropoda (phylum), Crustacea (class), Hypoparia (order), Agnostidae (family), Agnostus (genus)

Agnostus canadensis; Aconitum wilsoni; Epigaea repens (genus and species)

**3.27.** In scientific descriptions coined terms derived from proper names are not capitalized.

aviculoid

menodontine

**3.28.** Any plural formed by adding *s* to a Latin generic name is capitalized.

Rhynchonellas

**Spirifers** 

**3.29.** In soil science the 12 soil orders are capitalized. (See Chapter 4 "Capitalization Examples" soil orders.)

Alfisols

Andisols

Aridisols

**3.30.** Capitalize the names of the celestial bodies as well as the planets.

Sun Earth Venus Moon Mercury Mars

Jupiter Uranus but the moons of Jupiter

Saturn Neptune

#### Historical or political events

**3.31.** Names of historical or political events used as a proper name are capitalized.

Battle of Bunker Hill	Middle Ages	Revolution, the
Christian Era	New Deal	American, 1775
D-day	New Federalism	English, 1688
Dust Bowl	New Frontier	French, 1789
Fall of Rome	Prohibition	Russian, 1917
Great Depression	Restoration, the	V–E Day
Great Society	Reformation	War of 1812
Holocaust, the	Renaissance	War on Poverty

but Korean war; cold war; Vietnam war; gulf war

#### Personification

**3.32.** A vivid personification is capitalized.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from New York;

but I spoke with the chair yesterday.

For Nature wields her scepter mercilessly.

All are architects of Fate,

Working in these walls of Time.

# Religious terms

**3.33.** Words denoting the Deity except *who*, *whose*, and *whom*; names for the Bible and other sacred writings and their parts; names of confessions of faith and of religious bodies and their adherents; and words specifically denoting Satan are all capitalized.

Heavenly Father; the Almighty; Lord; Thee; Thou; He; Him; *but* himself; You, Your; Thy, Thine; [God's] fatherhood

Mass; red Mass; Communion

Divine Father; but divine providence; divine guidance; divine service

Son of Man; Jesus' sonship; the Messiah; *but* a messiah; messiahship; messianic; messianize; christology; christological

Bible, Holy Scriptures, Scriptures, Word; Koran; *also* Biblical; Scriptural; Koranic

New Testament; Ten Commandments

Gospel (memoir of Christ); but gospel music

Apostles' Creed; Augsburg Confession; Thirty-nine Articles

Episcopal Church; an Episcopalian; Catholicism; a Protestant

Christian; also Christendom; Christianity; Christianize

Black Friars; Brother(s); King's Daughters; Daughter(s); Ursuline Sisters; Sister(s)

Satan; the Devil; but a devil; the devils; devil's advocate

#### **Titles of persons**

**3.34.** Civil, religious, military, and professional titles, as well as those of nobility, immediately preceding a name are capitalized.

President Bush Dr. Bellinger
Queen Elizabeth II Nurse Joyce Norton
Ambassador Acton Professor Leverett
Lieutenant Fowler Examiner Jones (law)

Chairman Williams Vice-Presidential candidate Smith

but baseball player Ripken; maintenance man Flow; foreman Collins

**3.35.** To indicate preeminence or distinction in certain specified instances, a common-noun title immediately following the name of a person or used alone as a substitute for it is capitalized.

Title of a head or assistant head of state:

George W. Bush, President of the United States: the President; the Presidentelect; the Executive; the Chief Magistrate; the Commander in Chief; ex-President Clinton; former President Truman; *similarly* the Vice President; the Vice-President-elect; ex-Vice-President Gore

Tim Kaine, Governor of Virginia: the Governor of Virginia; the Governor; similarly the Lieutenant Governor; but secretary of state of Idaho; attorney general of Maine

Title of a head or assistant head of an existing or a proposed National governmental unit:

Condoleezza Rice, Secretary of State: the Secretary; *similarly* the Acting Secretary; the Under Secretary; the Assistant Secretary; the Director; the Chief or Assistant Chief; the Chief Clerk; *but* Secretaries of the military departments; secretaryship

Titles of the military:

General of the Army(ies): United States only; Supreme Allied Commander; Admiral Michael Mullen, Chairman, Joint Chiefs of Staff; Joint Chiefs of Staff; Chief of Staff, U.S. Air Force; the Chief of Staff; *but* the commanding general; general (military title standing alone not capitalized)

Titles of members of diplomatic corps:

Walter S. Gifford, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary: the American Ambassador; the British Ambassador; the Ambassador; the Senior Ambassador; His Excellency; *similarly* the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary; the Envoy; the Minister; the Chargé d'Affaires; the Chargé; Ambassador at Large; Minister Without Portfolio; *but* the consul general; the consul; the attaché

Title of a ruler or prince:

Elizabeth II, Queen of England: the Queen; the Crown; Her Most Gracious Majesty; Her Majesty; *similarly* the Emperor; the Sultan

Charles, Prince of Wales: the Prince; His Royal Highness Titles not capitalized:

Charles F. Hughes, rear admiral, U.S. Navy: the rear admiral

Steven Knapp, president of The George Washington University: the president

C.H. Eckles, professor of dairy husbandry: the professor

Barbara Prophet, chairwoman of the committee; the chairman; the chairperson; the chair

- **3.36.** In formal lists of delegates and representatives of governments, all titles and descriptive designations immediately following the names should be capitalized if any one is capitalized.
- **3.37.** A title in the second person is capitalized.

Your Excellency	Mr. Chairman	<i>but</i> not salutations:
Your Highness	Madam Chairman	my dear General
Your Honor	Mr. Secretary	my dear sir

#### Titles of publications, papers, documents, acts, laws, etc.

**3.38.** In the full or short English titles of periodicals, series of publications, annual reports, historic documents, and works of art, the first word and all important words are capitalized.

Statutes at Large; Revised Statutes; District Code; Bancroft's History; Journal (House or Senate) (short titles); *but* the code; the statutes

Atlantic Charter; Balfour Declaration; but British white paper

Chicago's American; but Chicago American Publishing Co.

Reader's Digest; but New York Times Magazine; Newsweek magazine

Monograph 55; Research Paper 123; Bulletin 420; Circular A; Article 15: Uniform Code of Military Justice; Senate Document 70; House Resolution 45; Presidential Proclamation No. 24; Executive Order No. 24; Royal Decree No. 24; Public Law 89–1; Private and Union Calendars; Calendar No. 80; Calendar Wednesday; Committee Print No. 32, committee print; but Senate bill 416; House bill 61; Congressional Record

Annual Report of the Public Printer, 2007; *but* seventh annual report, 19th annual report

Declaration of Independence; the Declaration

Constitution (United States or with name of country); constitutional; *but* New York State constitution: first amendment, 12th amendment

Kellogg Pact; North Atlantic Pact; Atlantic Pact; Treaty of Versailles; Jay Treaty; but treaty of peace, the treaty (descriptive designations); treaty of 1919

United States v. Four Hundred Twenty-two Casks of Wine (law)

American Gothic, Nighthawks (paintings)

- **3.39.** All principal words are capitalized in titles of addresses, articles, books, captions, chapter and part headings, editorials, essays, headings, headlines, motion pictures and plays (including television and radio programs), papers, short poems, reports, songs, subheadings, subjects, and themes. The foregoing are also quoted.
- **3.40.** In the short or popular titles of acts (Federal, State, or foreign) the first word and all important words are capitalized.

Revenue Act; Walsh-Healey Act; Freedom of Information Act; Classification Act; *but* the act; Harrison narcotic law; Harrison narcotic bill; interstate commerce law; sunset law

**3.41.** The capitalization of the titles of books, etc., written in a foreign language is to conform to the national practice in that language.

#### First words

**3.42.** The first word of a sentence, of an independent clause or phrase, of a direct quotation, of a formally introduced series of items or phrases following a comma or colon, or of a line of poetry, is capitalized.

The question is, Shall the bill pass?

He asked, "And where are you going?"

The vote was as follows: In the affirmative, 23; in the negative, 11; not voting, 3.

Lives of great men all remind us

We can make our lives sublime.

**3.43.** The first word of a fragmentary quotation is not capitalized.

She objected "to the phraseology, not to the ideas."

**3.44.** The first word following a colon, an exclamation point, or a question mark is not capitalized if the matter following is merely a supplementary remark making the meaning clearer.

Revolutions are not made: they come.

Intelligence is not replaced by mechanism: even the televox must be guided by its master's voice.

But two months dead! nay, not so much; not two.

What is this? Your knees to me? to your corrected son?

**3.45.** The first word following *Whereas* in resolutions, contracts, etc., is not capitalized; the first word following an enacting or resolving clause is capitalized.

```
Whereas the Constitution provides * * *; and
Whereas, moreover, * * *: Therefore be it
Whereas the Senate provided for the * * *: Now, therefore, be it
Resolved, That * * *; and be it further
Resolved (jointly), That * * *
Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That * * *.
     (Concurrent resolution, Federal Government.)
Resolved by the Senate of Oklahoma (the House of Representatives concurring
     therein), That * * *. (Concurrent resolution, using name of State.)
Resolved by the senate (the house of representatives concurring therein), That * * *.
     (Concurrent resolution, not using name of State.)
Resolved by the Assembly and Senate of the State of California (jointly), That * * *.
     (Joint resolution, using name of State.)
Resolved by the Washington Board of Trade, That * * *
Provided, That * * *
Provided further, That * * *
Provided, however, That * * *
And provided further, That * * *
Ordered, That * * *
Be it enacted, That * * *
```

#### Center and side heads

- 3.46. Unless otherwise marked, centerheads are set in capitals, and side-heads are set in lowercase and only the first word and proper names are capitalized. In centerheads making two lines, wordbreaks should be avoided. The first line should be centered and set as full as possible.
- **3.47.** In heads set in caps, a small-cap *c* or *ac*, if available, is used in such names as *McLean* or *MacLeod*; otherwise a lowercase *c* or *ac* is used. In heads set in small caps, a thin space is used after the *c* or the *ac*.
- **3.48.** In such names as *LeRoy, DeHostis, LaFollette*, etc. (one-word forms only), set in caps, the second letter of the particle is made a small cap, if available; otherwise lowercase is used. In heads set in small caps, a thin space is used. (See rule 3.15.)
- **3.49.** In matter set in caps and small caps or caps and lowercase, capitalize all principal words, including parts of compounds which would

be capitalized standing alone. The articles *a*, *an*, and *the*; the prepositions *at*, *by*, *for*, *in*, *of*, *on*, *to*, and *up*; the conjunctions *and*, *as*, *but*, *if*, *or*, and *nor*; and the second element of a compound numeral are not capitalized. (See also rule 8.129.)

World en Route to All-Out War

Curfew To Be Set for 10 o'Clock

Man Hit With 2-Inch Pipe

No-Par-Value Stock for Sale

Yankees May Be Winners in Zig-Zag Race

Ex-Senator Is To Be Admitted

Notice of Filing and Order on Exemption From Requirements

but Building on Twenty-first Street (if spelled)

One Hundred Twenty-three Years (if spelled)

Only One-tenth of Shipping Was Idle

Many 35-Millimeter Films in Production

Built-Up Stockpiles Are Necessary (Up is an adverb here)

His Per Diem Was Increased (*Per Diem* is used as a noun here); Lower Taxes per Person (*per* is a preposition here)

**3.50.** If a normally lowercased short word is used in juxtaposition with a capitalized word of like significance, it should also be capitalized.

Buildings In and Near the Minneapolis Mall

**3.51.** In a heading set in caps and lowercase or in caps and small caps, a normally lowercased last word, if it is the only lowercased word in the heading, should also be capitalized.

All Returns Are In

**3.52.** The first element of an infinitive is capitalized.

Controls To Be Applied but Aid Sent to Disaster Area

**3.53.** In matter set in caps and small caps, such abbreviations as *etc.*, *et al.*, and *p.m.* are set in small caps; in matter set in caps and lowercase, these abbreviations are set in lowercase.

Planes, Guns, Ships, etc. Planes, Guns, Ships, etc.

JAMES BROS. ET AL. (no comma)

James Bros. et al.

In RE THE 8 P.M. MEETING In re the 8 p.m. Meeting

**3.54.** Paragraph series letters in parentheses appearing in heads set in caps, caps and small caps, small caps, or in caps and lowercase are to be set as in copy.

SECTION 1.580(f)(1)

# Addresses, salutations, and signatures

**3.55.** The first word and all principal words in addresses, salutations, and signatures are capitalized. See Chapter 16 "Datelines, Addresses, and Signatures."

#### Interjections

**3.56.** The interjection "O" is always capitalized. Interjections within a sentence are not capitalized.

Sail on, O Ship of State! For lo! the days are hastening on. But, oh, how fortunate!

#### Historic or documentary accuracy

**3.57.** Where historic, documentary, technical, or scientific accuracy is required, capitalization and other features of style of the original text should be followed.

# 4. Capitalization Examples

A	Administration, with name; capitalized
A-bomb	standing alone if Federal unit:
abstract B, 1, etc.	Farmers Home
Academy:	Food and Drug
Air Force; the Academy	Maritime
Andover; the academy	Transportation Security
Coast Guard; the Academy	but Bush administration;
Merchant Marine; the Academy	administration bill, policy, etc.
Military; the Academy	Administrative Law Judge Davis; Judge
National Academy of Sciences; the	Davis; an administrative law judge
Academy of Sciences; the academy	Admiralty, British, etc.
Naval; the Academy	Admiralty, Lord of the
but service academies	Adobe Acrobat Reader
accord, Paris peace (see Agreement)	Adviser, Legal (Department of State)
accords, Helsinki	Africa:
Act (Federal, State, or foreign), short or	east
popular title or with number; the act:	East Coast
Appropriations	north
Classification	South
Clear Skies	South-West (Territory of)
Economy	West Coast
Flood Control	African-American (see Black; Negro)
Military Selective Service	Agency, if part of name; capitalized
No Child Left Behind	standing alone if referring to
Organic Act of Virgin Islands	Federal unit:
Panama Canal	Central Intelligence; the Agency
PATRIOT	Chippewa (Indian); the agency
Revenue	agent orange
Sarbanes-Oxley	Age(s):
Stockpiling	Age of Discovery
Tariff	Dark Ages
Trademark	Elizabethan Age
Walsh-Healey Act; but Walsh-Healey	Golden Age (of Pericles only)
law (or bill)	Middle Ages
act, labor-management relations	but atomic age; Cambrian age; copper
Acting, if part of capitalized title	age; ice age; missile age; rocket age;
Active Duty	space age; stone age; etc.
Adjutant General, the (see The)	Agreement, with name; the agreement:
	General Agreement on Tariffs and
	Trade (GATT): the general agreemen

International Wheat Agreement; the North Atlantic Treaty Organization wheat agreement; the coffee agreement (see Organization) North American Free-Trade Western Powers Agreement (NAFTA) Allied (World Wars I and II): Status of Forces; but status-of-forces armies agreements Governments United States-Canada Free-Trade **Nations** Agreement; the free-trade agreement peoples but the Geneva agreement; the Potsdam Powers; the powers; but European agreement; Paris peace agreement powers Air Force: Supreme Allied Commander Air National Guard (see National) Allies, the (World Wars I and II); also Base (with name); Air Force base (see members of Western bloc (political entity); but our allies; weaker allies, Base; Station) Civil Air Patrol; Civil Patrol; the patrol etc. Command (see Command) Al Qaeda One (Presidential plane) Alzheimer's disease Reserve Ambassador: British, etc.; the Ambassador; the Reserve Officers' Training Corps Senior Ambassador; His Excellency Airport: La Guardia; Reagan National; the airport Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary; Al Jazeera the Ambassador; Ambassador at Large; an ambassador Alaska Native (collective term for Aleuts, Eskimos, Inuits, and Indians of amendment: Alaska): Baker amendment the Native; but Ohio native, a Social Security Amendments of 1983; native of Alaska, etc. 1983 amendments; the Social Security Alliance, Farmers', etc.; the alliance amendments; the amendments alliances and coalitions (see also powers): to the Constitution (U.S.); but First Allied Powers; the powers (World Amendment, 14th Amendment, etc.; Wars I and II) the Amendment Atlantic alliance American: Axis, the; Axis Powers; the powers Federation of Labor and Congress of Benelux (Belgium, Netherlands, Industrial Organizations (AFL-CIO); Luxembourg) the federation Big Four (European); of the Pacific Gold Star Mothers, Inc.; Gold Star Big Three Mothers; a Mother Central Powers; the powers (World Legion (see Legion) National Red Cross; the Red Cross War I) Veterans of World War II (AMVETS) Coalition of the Willing **European Economic Community** War Mothers; a Mother Fritalux (France, Italy, Benelux AmeriCorps Program countries) Amtrak (National Railroad Passenger Corporation)

Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; a Mason; a Freemason Annex, if part of name of building; the annex Antarctic Ocean (see Arctic; Ocean) appendix 1, A, II, etc.; the appendix; but Appendix II, when part of title: Appendix II: 1 Education Directory appropriation bill (see also bill): deficiency Department of Agriculture for any governmental unit independent offices aquaculture; acquiculture Arab States Arabic numerals Arboretum, National; the Arboretum Archipelago, Philippine, etc.; the archipelago Architect of the Capitol; the Architect Archivist of the United States; the Archivist Arctic: Circle Current (see Current) Ocean zone but subarctic arctic (descriptive adjective): clothing conditions fox grass night seas Area, if part of name; the area: Cape Hatteras Recreational White Pass Recreation; etc. but area 2; free trade area; Metropolitan Washington area; bay area; nonsmoking area Arlington: Memorial Amphitheater; the Memorial <sup>1</sup> The colon is preferred; a dash is permissible;

but a comma is too weak.

Amphitheater; the amphitheater Memorial Bridge (see Bridge) National Cemetery (see Cemetery) Arm, Infantry, etc. (military); the arm Armed Forces (synonym for overall Military Establishment): British Retirement Home (AFRT) of the United States armed services armistice Armory, Springfield, etc.; the armory Army, American or foreign, if part of name; capitalized standing alone only if referring to U.S. Army: Active; Active-Duty Adjutant General, the All-Volunteer Band (see Band) branches; Gordon Highlanders; Royal Guards; etc. Brigade, 1st, etc.; the brigade; Robinson's brigade Command (see Command) Command and General Staff College (see College) Company A; A Company; the company Confederate (referring to Southern Confederacy); the Confederates Continental; Continentals Corps, Reserve (see Corps) District of Washington (military); the district Division, 1st, etc.; the division Engineers (the Corps of Engineers); the Engineers; but Army engineer Establishment Field Establishment Field Forces (see Forces) Finance Department; the Department 1st, etc. General of the Army; but the general

General Staff; the Staff	Astrophysical Observatory (see
Headquarters, 1st Regiment	Observatory)
Headquarters of the; the headquarters	Atlantic (see also Pacific):
Regiment, 1st, etc.; the regiment	Charter (see Charter)
Regular Army officer; a Regular	coast
Revolutionary (American, British,	Coast States
French, etc.)	community
service	Destroyer Flotilla; the destroyer flotilla;
Surgeon General, the (see Surgeon	the flotilla
General)	Fleet (see Fleet)
Volunteer; the Volunteers; a Volunteer	mid-Atlantic
	North
army:	seaboard
Lee's army; <i>but</i> Clark's 5th Army mobile	
mule, shoe, etc.	slope South
of occupation; occupation army Red	time, standard time (see time) but cisatlantic; transatlantic
Arsenal, Rock Island, etc.; the arsenal	Attorney General (U.S. or foreign country);
article 15; <i>but</i> Article 15, when part of title:	but attorney general of Maine, etc.
Article 15; <i>but</i> Article 15, when part of title:	attorney, U.S.
Military Justice Articles:	Authority, capitalized standing alone if referring to Federal unit:
of Confederation (U.S.)	National Shipping; the Authority
of Impeachment; the articles	Port Authority of New York and New
Asian (see Orient, the; oriental)	Jersey; the port authority; the
Assembly (see United Nations)	authority
•	·
Assembly of New York; the assembly (see also Legislative Assembly)	St. Lawrence Seaway Authority of Canada; the authority
Assistant, if part of capitalized title; the	Tennessee Valley; the Authority
assistant	Auto Train (Amtrak)
***************************************	autumn
assistant, Presidential (see Presidential) Assistant Secretary (see Secretary)	Avenue, Constitution, etc.; the avenue
Associate Justice (see Supreme Court)	Award:
Association, if part of name; capitalized	
standing alone if referring to	Academy Distinguished Service
Federal unit:	Merit
American Association for the	Mother of the Year
Advancement of Science; the	
association	the award (see also decorations, etc.)
Federal National Mortgage (Fannie	Axis, the (see alliances)
Mae); the Association	Ayatollah; an ayatollah
Young Women's Christian; the	В
association	Badlands (SD and NE)
association	Balkan States (see States)
	•

Baltic States (see States) battlefield, Bull Run, etc. Band, if part of name; the band: battleground, Manassas, etc. Army, Marine, Navy Bay, San Francisco Bay area; the bay area Eastern, etc. (of Cherokee Indians) Belt, if part of name; the belt: Bank, if part of name; the bank; capitalized Bible Farm standing alone if referring to international bank: Rust Export-Import Bank of the United States; Sun Ex-Im Bank: the Bank but money belt Farm Loan Bank of Dallas; Dallas Farm Beltway, capitalized with name; the beltway Loan Bank; farm loan bank; farm loan Bench (see Supreme Bench) bank at Dallas Benelux (see alliances) Farmers & Mechanics, etc. Bible; Biblical; Scriptures; Ten Federal Land Bank of Louisville: Commandments; etc. (see also book) Louisville Federal Land Bank; land bicentennial bank at Louisville; Federal land bank bill, Kiess; Senate bill 217; House bill 31 (see Federal Reserve Bank of New York: also appropriation bill) Richmond Federal Reserve Bank: Bill of Rights (historic document); but GI but Reserve bank at Richmond: bill of rights Federal Reserve bank: Reserve Bizonia; bizonal; bizone Black (see African-American; Negro) bank; Reserve city First National, etc. Black Caucus (see Congressional) German Central; the Bank bloc (see Western) International Bank for Reconstruction block (grants) and Development; the Bank Bluegrass region, etc. but blood bank, central reserve, soil bank B'nai B'rith Bar, if part of name; Maryland (State) Bar Board, if part of name; capitalized standing Association; Maryland (State) bar; the alone only if referring to Federal or State bar: the bar association international board: Barracks, if part of name; the barracks: Employees' Compensation Appeals Carlisle Federal Reserve (see Federal) Disciplinary (Leavenworth) Military Production and Supply Marine (District of Columbia) (NATO) but A barracks; barracks A; etc. National Labor Relations Base, Andrews Air Force; Air Force base; of Directors (Federal unit); but board of the base (see also Naval); but Sandia directors (nongovernmental) Base of Health of Montgomery County; Montgomery County Board of Health; Basin (see geographic terms) Battery, the (New York City) the board of health; the board Battle, if part of name; the battle: of Regents (Smithsonian) of Gettysburg; but battle at Gettysburg; of Visitors (Military and Naval Academies) of the Bulge; of the Marne; of the on Geographic Names Wilderness; of Waterloo; etc. Railroad Retirement

bond:	Budget of the United States Government,
Government	the Budget (publication)
savings	Building, if part of name; the building:
series EE	Capitol (see Capitol Building)
Treasury	Colorado
book:	House (or Senate) Office
books of the Bible	Investment
First Book of Samuel; etc.	New House (or Senate) Office
Good Book (synonym for Bible)	Old House Office
book 1, I, etc.; but Book 1, when part of title:	Pentagon
Book 1: The Golden Legend	the National Archives; the Archives
Boolean:	Treasury; Treasury Annex
logic	Bulletin 420; Farmers' Bulletin No. 420
operator	Bureau, if part of name; capitalized
search	standing alone if referring to Federal
border, United States-Mexican	or international unit:
Borough, if part of name: Borough of the	of Customs (name changed to U.S.
Bronx; the borough	Customs and Border Protection)
Botanic Garden (National); the garden (not	of Engraving and Printing
Botanical Gardens)	of Indian Affairs
Bowl, Dust, Rose, Super, etc.; the bowl	011111111111111111111111111111111111111
Boy Scouts (the organization); a Boy Scout;	C
a Scout; Scouting; Eagle Scout;	C-SPAN
Explorer Scout	Cabinet, American or foreign, if part of
Branch, if part of name; capitalized	name or standing alone (see also
standing alone only if referring to a	foreign cabinets):
Federal unit:	British Cabinet; the Cabinet
Accounts	the President's Cabinet; the Cabinet;
	Cabinet officer, member
Public Buildings but executive, judicial, or legislative	Calendar, if part of name; the calendar:
branch	Consent; etc.
	House
Bridge, if part of name; the bridge:	No. 99; Calendars Nos. 1 and 2
Arlington Memorial; Memorial;	of Bills and Resolutions
Francis Scott Key; Key	Private
but Baltimore & Ohio Railroad bridge	Senate
Brother(s) (adherent of religious order)	Unanimous Consent
budget:	Union
department	Wednesday (legislative)
estimate	Cambrian age (see Ages)
Federal	Camp Lejeune; David, etc.; the camp
message	Canal, with name; the canal:
performance-type	Cross-Florida Barge
President's	Cross-Fiorida Darge

Isthmian the 23d and subsequent decennial Panama censuses Cape (see geographic terms) Center, if part of name; the Center Capital, Capital City, National Capital (Federal); the center (non-Federal): (Washington, DC); but the capital Agricultural Research, etc.; the Center (State) (Federal) Capitol Building (with State name); the Kennedy Center for the Performing capitol Arts; the Kennedy Center; the Capitol, the (Washington, DC): Center (Federal) the Lincoln Center; the center (non-Architect of Building Federal) central Asia, etc. caucus room Chamber Central America Cloakroom Central Europe dome Central States Grounds central time (see time) Halls (House and Senate) century, first, 21st, etc. Halls of Congress Chair, the, if personified Chairman, Chairwoman, Chair: Hill; the Hill of the Board of Directors; the Police (see Police) Power Plant Chairman (Federal); but chairman of Prayer Room the board of directors (non-Federal) Press Gallery, etc. of the Committee of the Whole House; the Chairman rotunda of the Federal Trade Commission; the Senate wing stationery room Chairman Statuary Hall Vice the well (House or Senate) chairman, chairwoman, chair west front (congressional): catch-22 of the Appropriations Committee Caucasian (see White) of the Subcommittee on Banking caucus: Republican; but Congressional but Chairman Davis, Chairwoman Landrieu Black Caucus (incorporated name); Chamber of Commerce; the chamber: Sun Belt Caucus CD-ROM of Ada; Ada Chamber of Commerce; Cemetery, if part of name: Arlington the chamber of commerce National; the cemetery of the United States; U.S. Chamber of Commerce; the chamber of Census: Twenty-third Decennial (title); commerce; national chamber Twenty-third (title); the census Chamber, the (Senate or House) 2000 census channel 3 (TV); the channel 2000 Census of Agriculture; the census Chaplain (House or Senate); but Navy of agriculture; the census chaplain

chapter 5, II, etc.; but Chapter 5, when Latin Quarter (Paris) part of title: Chapter 5: Research and North End Development; Washington chapter, Northwest Washington, etc. (District Red Cross of Columbia); the Northwest; but Chargé d'Affaires, British, etc.; the Chargé northwest (directional) d'Affaires; the Chargé the Loop (Chicago) chart 2, A, II, etc.; but Chart 2, when part of City, if part of corporate or popular name; legend: Chart 2.—Army strength the city: Charter, capitalized with name; the charter: Kansas City; the two Kansas Citys Atlantic Mexico City United Nations New York City; but city of New York cheese: Camembert, Cheddar, Parmesan, Twin Cities Provolone, Roquefort, etc. Washington City; but city of Washington Chief, if referring to head of Federal unit; Windy City (Chicago) the Chief: but Reserve city (see Bank) Clerk civil action No. 46 civil defense Forester (see Forester) Intelligence Office Civil War (see War) Clan, if part of tribal name; Clan Judge Justice (U.S. Supreme Court); but chief MacArthur; the clan justice (of a State) class 2, A, II, etc.; but Class 2 when part of Magistrate (the President) title: Class 2: Leather Products of Division of Publications Clerk, the, of the House of Representatives; of Engineers (Army) of the Supreme Court of the United of Naval Operations States clerk, the, of the Senate of Staff Christian; Christendom; Christianity; client Christianize; but christen client/server church and state coal sizes: pea, barley, buckwheat, stove, etc. church calendar: coalition; coalition force; coalition Christmas members, etc. Easter coast: Atlantic, east, gulf, west, etc. Coast Guard, U.S.; the Coast Guard; Lent Pentecost (Whitsuntide) Coastguardsman Smith; but a Church, if part of name of organization or coastguardsman; a guardsman; building Reserve Circle, if part of name; the circle: Coastal Plain (Atlantic and Gulf) Arctic Code (in shortened title of a publication); the code: Logan but great circle District Circular 420 Federal Criminal cities, sections of, official or popular names: Internal Revenue (also Tax Code) East Side International (signal) French Quarter (New Orleans) of Federal Regulations

Penal; Criminal; etc. of Fine Arts Pennsylvania State Radio Television Uniform Code of Military Justice United States ZIP Code (copyrighted) but civil code; flag code; Morse code codel (congressional delegation) collection, Brady, etc.; the collection collector of customs College, if part of name; the college: Armed Forces Staff Command and General Staff Gettysburg National War of Bishops but electoral college college degrees: bachelor of arts, master's, Colonials (American Colonial Army); but colonial times, etc. Colonies, the: Thirteen Thirteen American Thirteen Original but 13 separate Colonies colonists, the Command, capitalize with name; the command: Air Force Materiel Army Central (CENCOM) Naval Space Zone of Interior Commandant, the (Coast Guard or Marine Corps only) Commandos, the; Commando raid; a commando Commission (if part of name; capitalized standing alone if referring to Federal or international commission):

International Boundary, United States

and Canada

**Public Buildings** Commissioner, if referring to Federal or international commission; the Commissioner: Land Bank; but land bank commissioner loans of Customs and Border Protection U.S. (International Boundary Commission, etc.) but a U.S. commissioner Committee (or Subcommittee) (if part of name; the Committee, if referring to international or noncongressional Federal committee or to the Committee of the Whole, the Committee of the Whole House, or the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union): American Medical Association Committee on Education; the committee on education; the committee Appropriations, etc.; the committee; Subcommittee on Appropriations; the subcommittee; subcommittee of the Appropriations Committee Democratic National; the national committee; the committee; Democratic national committeeman Democratic policy committee; the committee Joint Committee on Printing; the Joint Committee; the committee; but a joint committee of Defense Ministers (NATO); the Committee (see also Organization, North Atlantic Treaty) of One Hundred, etc.; the committee on Finance; the committee President's Advisory Committee on Management; the Committee Republican National; the national committee; the committee;

Republican national committeeman	Conference, if referring to governmental
Republican policy committee; the	(U.S.) or international conference:
committee	Bretton Woods; the Conference
Senate policy committee	Judicial Conference of the United
Subcommittee on Immigration; the	States; U.S. Judicial Conference;
subcommittee	Judicial Conference; the Conference
but Baker committee	Tenth Annual Conference of the
ad hoc committee	United Methodist Churches; the
conference committee	conference
Committee Print No. 32; Committee Prints	Congress (convention), if part of name;
Nos. 8 and 9; committee print	capitalized standing alone if referring
Common Cause	to international congress:
Commonwealth:	Library of
British Commonwealth; the	of Industrial Organizations
Commonwealth	of Parents and Teachers, National; the
of Australia	congress
of Kentucky	Congress (legislature), if referring to
of Massachusetts	national congress:
of Pennsylvania	of Bolivia, etc.; the Congress
of Virginia	of the United States; First, Second,
Communist Party; a Communist	10th, 103d, etc.; the Congress
compact, U.S. marine fisheries, etc.; the	Congressional:
compact	Black Caucus; the Black Caucus; the
Company, if part of name; capitalized	caucus
standing alone if referring to unit of	Directory, the directory
Federal Government:	District, First, 10th, etc.; the First
Panama Canal Railway Company; the	District; the congressional district; the
Company	district
Procter & Gamble Co.; the company	Medal of Honor (see decorations)
Comptroller of the Currency; the	<i>but</i> congressional action, committee, etc.
Comptroller	Congressman; Congresswoman;
Comptroller General (U.S.); the	Congressman at Large; Member of
Comptroller	Congress; Member; membership
Comsat	Conservative Party; a Conservative
Concord	Constitution, with name of country;
Confederacy (of the South)	capitalized standing alone when
Confederate:	referring to a specific national
Army	constitution; but New York State
flag	Constitution; the constitution
Government	constitutional
soldier	consul, British, general, etc.
States	consulate, British, etc.
Confederation, Articles of	

Consumer Price Index (official title); the Chemical price index; the index; but a diplomatic consumers' price index (descriptive) Finance Continent, only if following name; Foreign Service Officer (see Foreign North American Continent; the Service) Job continent; but the Continent (continental Europe) Judge Advocate General's Continental: Marine (see Marine Corps) Army; the Army Medical Military Police Congress; the Congress Divide (see Divide) Nurse Outer Continental Shelf of Cadets (West Point) Shelf; the shelf; a continental shelf of Engineers; Army Engineers; the continental Europe, United States, etc. Engineers; but Army engineer; the Continentals (Revolutionary soldiers) corps Convention, governmental (U.S.), Ordnance international, or national political; Peace; Peace Corpsman; the corpsman the convention: Quartermaster 89th National Convention of the Reserve Officers' Training (ROTC) American Legion VII Corps, etc. Constitutional (United States, 1787); Signal the Convention Transportation Democratic National; Democratic Youth Genocide (international) but diplomatic corps on International Civil Aviation corpsman; hospital corpsman Republican National; Republican corridor, Northeast Universal Postal Union; Postal Union Council, if part of name; capitalized also International Postal; Warsaw standing alone if referring to Federal copper age (see Ages) or international unit (see also United Corporation, if part of name; the Nations): Corporation, if referring to unit of Boston City; the council Federal Government: Choctaw, etc.; the council Commodity Credit Her Majesty's Privy Council; the Privy Council; the Council Federal Deposit Insurance National Railroad Passenger (Amtrak) National Security; the Council Rand Corp.; the corporation of Foreign Ministers (NATO); the St. Lawrence Seaway Development Council Union Carbide Corp.; the corporation of the Organization of American States; the Council Virgin Islands Corps, if part of name; the corps, all other Philadelphia City; the council counsel; general counsel Adjutant General's County, Prince George's; county of Prince Army Reserve George's; County Kilkenny, etc.;

Loudoun and Fairfax Counties; the Japan county North Equatorial customhouse; customs official Court (of law) capitalized if part of name; capitalized standing alone if referring czar: czarist to the Supreme Court of the United D States, to the Court of Impeachment Dalai Lama (U.S. Senate), or to an international Dalles, The; but the Dalles region court: Dark Ages (see Ages) Circuit Court of the United States for the Daughters of the American Revolution; Tenth Circuit; Circuit Court for the a Daughter Tenth Circuit; the circuit court; the daylight saving time court: the tenth circuit Declaration, capitalized with name: Court of Appeals for the State of North of Independence; the Declaration Carolina, etc.; the Tenth Circuit Court of Panama; the declaration of Appeals; the court of appeals; the decorations, medals, etc., awarded by court United States or any foreign national Court of Claims; the court government; the medal, the cross, the Court of Impeachment, the Senate; the ribbon (see also Award): Court Air Medal District Court of the United States for Bronze Star Medal the Eastern District of Missouri: the Commendation Ribbon district court; the court Congressional Medal of Honor International Court of Justice; the Court Croix de Guerre Permanent Court of Arbitration: the Distinguished Flying Cross Court Distinguished Service Cross Superior Court of the District of Distinguished Service Medal Columbia; the superior court; the Good Conduct Medal court Legion of Merit Supreme Court of the United States (see Medal for Merit Supreme Court) Medal of Freedom Supreme Court of Virginia, etc.; the Medal of Honor supreme court; the court Mother of the Year Tax Court; the court Purple Heart U.S. Court of Appeals for the District Silver Star Medal of Columbia; the court Soldier's Medal Covenant, League of Nations; the covenant Victoria Cross Creed, Apostles'; the Creed Victory Medal Crown, if referring to a ruler; but crown but oakleaf cluster colony, lands, etc. also Carnegie Medal; Olympic Gold cruise missile Medal; but gold medal Current, if part of name; the current: Decree (see Executive); Royal Decree Arctic Deep South Humboldt

bordeaux

braille

brazil nut

brazilwood

brewer's yeast

brussel sprouts

brussels carpet

bunsen burner

bristolboard

bowie knife

bourbon whiskey

china clay

congo red

coulomb

delftware

derby hat

curie

chinese blue

collins (drink)

cordovan leather

degaussing apparatus

nelson, half nelson, etc. diesel engine, dieselize Defense Establishment (see Establishment) dixie cup neon light Deity, words denoting, capitalized dotted swiss newton epsom salt nissen hut Delegate (U.S. Congress) fedora hat norfolk jacket Delegates, Virginia House of frankfurter oriental rug french chalk oxford shoe delegate (to a conference); the delegate; the french dressing panama hat delegation french-fried potatoes parianware fuller's earth paris green Delta, Mississippi River; the delta parkerhouse roll gargantuan Democratic Party; a Democrat gauss pasteurized milk georgette crepe persian lamb Department, if part of name; capitalized petri dish german silver standing alone if referring to a Federal gilbert pharisaic glauber salt philistine or international unit: gothic type photostat of Agriculture graham cracker pitman arm herculean task pitot tube of the Treasury hessian fly plaster of paris of Veterans Affairs holland cloth prussian blue hoolamite detector quisling Yale University Department of hudson seal (fur) quixotic idea Economics; the department of india ink quonset hut india rubber economics; the department rembert wheel italic type roentgen Department of New York, American jamaica ginger roman candle japan varnish roman cement Legion jersey fabric roman type department: johnin test russia leather ioule russian bath executive knickerbocker rutherford judicial kraft paper sanforize lambert saratoga chips legislative scotch plaid, but leghorn hat Depot, if part of name; the depot (see also levant leather Scotch tape levantine silk (trademark) Station) lilliputian shanghai Depression, Great logan tent siamese twins london purple Deputy, if part of capitalized title; but the spanish omelet lyonnaise potatoes stillson wrench deputy macadamized road surah silk derivatives of proper names: mach (no period) swiss cheese number timothy grass alaska seal (fur) burley tobacco madras cloth turkey red angora wool canada balsam maginot line turkish towel angstrom unit (microscopy) (nonliteral) utopia, utopian carlsbad twins argyle wool vandyke collar manila paper artesian well (petrography) maraschino cherry vaseline astrakhan fabric cashmere shawl venetian blind mason jar babbitt metal castile soap maxwell venturi tube benday process cesarean section melba toast victoria (carriage) bologna chantilly lace mercerized fabric vienna bread chesterfield coat

dial-up

merino sheep

morris chair

murphy bed

navy blue

molotov cocktail

morocco leather

Diet, Japanese (legislative body) diplomatic corps (see also Corps; service)

virginia reel

wilton rug

zeppelin

wedgwoodware

wheatstone bridge

Mall, The National; The Mall Director, if referring to head of Federal or international unit; the Director: Mayor (when pertaining to the District District Director of Internal Revenue of Columbia only) of Fish and Wildlife Service Metropolitan Police; Metropolitan of National Geodetic Survey policeman; the police of the Mint police court Office of Management and Budget Public Library; the library but director, board of directors Reflecting Pool; the pool (nongovernmental) Tidal Basin; the basin Director General of Foreign Service; the Washington Channel; the channel Director General; the Director Divide, Continental (Rocky Mountains); diseases and related terms: the divide AIDS (acquired immunodeficiency Divine Father; but divine guidance, divine providence, divine service syndrome) Alzheimer's disease Division, Army, if part of name: 1st Cavalry cerebral palsy Division; 1st Air Cavalry Division; the Down syndrome division German measles Division, if referring to Federal HIV (human immunodeficiency virus) governmental unit; the Division: Buick Division; the division; a division Hodgkin's disease Lyme disease of General Motors Marfan's syndrome Passport; the Division Ménierè's syndrome but Trinity River division myasthenia gravis (reclamation); the division Parkinson's disease Dixie docket No. 66; dockets Nos. 76 and 77 Reye's syndrome spina bifida Doctrine, Monroe; the doctrine; but Distinguished Service Medal, etc. (see Truman, Eisenhower doctrine doctrine, fairness decorations) District, if part of name; the district: Document, if part of name; the document: Alexandria School District No. 4; Document No. 130 school district No. 4 Document Numbered One Hundred Congressional (with number) Thirty Federal (see Federal) draconian Los Angeles Water; the water district drawing II, A, 3, etc.; but Drawing 2 when but customs district No. 2; first assembly part of title: Drawing 2. district; public utility district Hydroelectric Power Development District of Columbia; the District: Dust Bowl (see Bowl) Anacostia Flats; the flats Ε Arlington Memorial Bridge; the Earth (planet) Memorial Bridge; the bridge East: Children's Hospital; the hospital Coast (Africa) District jail; the jail; DC jail Middle, Mideast (Asia) Ellipse, the

Near (Balkans)	Army Field		
Side of New York	Defense		
South Central States	Federal		
the East (section of United States)	Military		
east:	Naval; but naval establishment;		
Africa	Naval Establishments Regs		
coast (U.S.)	Navy		
Pennsylvania	Postal		
Eastern:	Regular		
Gulf States	Reserve		
Middle, Mideastern (Asia)	Shore		
North Central States	but civil establishment; legislative		
Shore (Chesapeake Bay)	establishment		
States	Estate, Girard (a foundation); the estate		
United States	estate, third (the commons); fourth		
eastern:	(the press); tax; etc.		
France	Eurodollar, euro		
seaboard	Excellency, His, Her; Their Excellencies		
Wisconsin	Exchange, New York Stock; the stock		
easterner	exchange; the exchange		
EE-bond	Executive (President of United States):		
electoral college; the electors	Chief		
Elizabethan Age (see Ages)	Decree No. 100; Decree 100; but		
email (lowercase within a sentence)	Executive decree; direction		
Email (uppercase "E" to start a sentence)	Mansion; the mansion; the White House		
Emancipation Proclamation (see	Office; the Office		
Proclamation)	Order No. 34; Order 34; but Executive		
Embassy, British, etc.; the Embassy	order		
Emperor, Japanese, etc.; the Emperor	power		
Empire, Roman; the empire	executive:		
Engine Company, Bethesda; engine	agreement		
company No. 6; No. 6 engine	branch		
company; the company	communication		
Engineer officer, etc. (of Engineer Corps);	department		
the Engineers	document		
Engineers, Chief of (Army)	paper		
Engineers, Corps of (see Corps)	privilege		
Envoy Extraordinary and Minister	exhibit 2, A, II, etc.; but Exhibit 2, when		
Plenipotentiary; the Envoy; the	part of title: Exhibit 2: Capital		
Minister	Expenditures, 1935–49		
Equator, the; equatorial	Expedition, Byrd; Lewis and Clark; the		
Establishment, if part of name; the	expedition		
establishment:	Exposition, California-Pacific		
Army	International etc: the exposition		

F	Coldwell Banker
Fair Deal	Colgate-Palmolive Co.
Fair, World's, etc.; the fair; Texas State Fair	Comcast
fall (season)	Dow Jones & Co., Inc.
Falls, Niagara; the falls	Dun & Bradstreet
Far East, Far Eastern; Far West (U.S.); but	eBay
far western	E.I. du Pont de Nemours & Co.
Farm, if part of name; the farm:	FedEx
Johnson Farm; but Johnson's farm	GlaxoSmithKline
San Diego Farm	Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co. (A&P)
Wild Tiger Farm	Hamilton Beach/Proctor Silex, Inc.
Fascist; fascism	Hartmarx Corp.
Father of his Country (Washington)	Hewlett-Packard
Fed, the (no period)	Houghton Mifflin Co.
Federal (synonym for United States or other	Ingersoll-Rand Co.
sovereign power):	Intel Corp.
Depository Library Program but Federal	J.C. Penney Co., Inc.
depository library, libraries	Johns-Manville Corp.
District (Mexico)	Kennecott Exploration Co.
Establishment	Kmart
Government (of any national	Libbey-Owens-Ford Co.
government)	Macmillan Co.
grand jury; the grand jury	Merck & Co., Inc.
land bank (see Bank)	Merrill Lynch
Register (publication); the Register	Microsoft
Reserve Board, the Board; also Federal	Pfizer Inc.
Reserve System, the System; Federal	Phelps Dodge Corp.
Reserve Board Regulation W, but	PricewaterhouseCoopers
regulation W	Procter & Gamble Co.
but a federal form of government	Rand McNally & Co.
federally	Rolls-Royce
fellow, fellowship (academic)	Sun Microsystems
Field, Byrd, Stewart, etc.; the field	3M
figure 2, A, II, etc. (illustration); but Figure	Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.
2, when part of legend: Figure 2.—	US Airways
Market scenes	Wal-Mart
firewall	Weyerhaeuser Co.
firm names:	Xerox Corp.
ACDelco	First Family (Presidential)
America Online (AOL)	First Lady (wife of President)
Bausch & Lomb Inc.	First World War (see War)
BP	flag code
Bristol-Myers Squibb	flag, U.S.:
Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.	Old Flag, Old Glory
	,

Prime Minister

Stars and Stripes Foreign Legion (French); the legion Star-Spangled Banner Foreign Service; the Service: officer flags, foreign: Tricolor (French) Officer Corps; the corps Union Jack (British) Reserve officer; the Reserve officer United Nations Reserve Officer Corps; the Reserve Fleet, if part of name; the fleet: Corps; the corps Atlantic Staff officer; the Staff officer Channel Staff Officer Corps; the Staff Corps; the Grand High Seas Forest, if part of name; the national forest; Marine Force the forest: Naval Reserve Angeles National Pacific, etc. (naval) Black 6th Fleet, etc. Coconino and Prescott National Forests U.S. but State and National forests (see flex fuel System) floor (House or Senate) Forester (Chief of Forest Service); the Chief; also Chief Forester flyway; Canadian flyway, etc. Force(s), if part of name; the force(s): form 2, A, II, etc.; but Form 2, when part of Active Forces title: Form 1040: Individual Income Active-Duty Tax Return; but withholding tax form Air (see also Air Force) Fort McHenry, etc.; the fort All-Volunteer Foundation, if part of name; capitalized Armed Forces (synonym for overall standing alone if referring to Federal U.S. Military Establishment) unit: Army Field Forces; the Field Forces Chemical; the foundation Fleet Marine Ford; the foundation Navy Battle (see Navy) National Science; the Foundation Navy Scouting (see Navy); Reserve Force Russell Sage; the foundation Rapid Deployment Founding Fathers; Founders/Founder (of Task Force 70; the task force; but task this Nation, Country) four freedoms force report Framers (of the U.S. Constitution; of the United Nations Emergency; the Emergency Force; the Force; but Bill of Rights) United Nations police force free world foreign cabinets: Frisco (for San Francisco; no apostrophe) Minister of Foreign Affairs; Foreign Fritalux (see alliances) Minister; the Minister Fund, if part of name; capitalized standing Ministry of Foreign Affairs; the Ministry alone if referring to international or United Nations fund: Office of Foreign Missions; the Office Minister Plenipotentiary Democracy (United Nations); the Fund Premier International Monetary; the Fund

but civil service retirement fund;

highway trust fund; mutual security fund; national service life insurance fund; revolving fund

### G

Gadsden Purchase

Gallery of Art, National (see National)

Gallup Poll; the poll

GAO (Government Accountability Office)

Geiger counter

General Order No. 14; General Orders No.

14; a general order

General Schedule

gentile

Geographer, the (State Department)

geographic terms (terms, such as those

listed below, <sup>2</sup> are capitalized if part of name; are lowercased in general sense (rivers of Virginia and Maryland)):

Archipelago Cave Area Cavern Arroyo Channel: but Atoll Mississippi River Bank channel(s) Cirque Basin, Upper (Lower) Coulee Colorado River, Cove etc. (legal entity); Crag but Hansen Crater flood-control basin; Creek Missouri River Crossroads basin (drainage); Current (ocean upper Colorado feature) River storage project Cut Bay Cutoff Bayou Dam Beach Delta Bench Desert Bend Divide Bight Dome (not geologic) Bluff Draw (stream) Bog Dune Borough (boro) Escarpment

Bog Dune
Borough (boro) Escarpment
Bottom Estuary
Branch (stream) Falls
Brook Fault
Butte Flat(s)
Canal; the canal (Panama) Ford

Canyon Forest
Cape Fork (stream)
Cascade Gap

<sup>2</sup> List compiled with cooperation of the U.S. Board on Geographic Names.

Geyser Park Glacier Pass Glen Passage Gorge Peak Gulch Peninsula Plain Gulf Gut Plateau Harbor Point Head Pond Hill Pool

Hogback Port (water body)
Hollow Prairie
Hook Range (mountain)

Horn Rapids
Hot Spring Ravine
Icefield Reef
Ice Shelf Reservoir
Inlet Ridge
Island River

Keys (Florida only)

Isle Roads (anchorage)
Islet Rock

Run (stream)

Knob Sea Lagoon Seaway Lake Shoal Landing Sink Slough Ledge Lowland Sound Marsh Spit Massif Spring Mesa Spur Monument Strait Moraine Stream Mound Summit Mount Swamp Mountain Terrace Narrows Thoroughfare Neck Trench Needle Trough Notch Valley Oasis Volcano Ocean Wash Oxbow Waterway Palisades Woods

Geological Survey (see Survey)

GI bill of rights

Girl Scouts (organization); a Girl Scout; a

Scout; Scouting

G-man

Gold Star Mothers (see American)

Golden Age (see Ages)

Golden Rule

Gospel, if referring to the first four books of the New Testament; *but* gospel music

Government:

British, etc.; the Government

department, officials, -owned,	Society
publications, etc. (U.S. Government)	War (see War)
National and State Governments	White Way (New York City)
Printing Office (see Office)	great circle (navigation)
U.S.; National; Federal	Greater Los Angeles, Greater New York
Government information product	gross national product (GNP)
government:	Group:
Churchill	G8 (Group of 8) (representatives of the
Communist	eight leading industrial nations)
District (of Columbia)	Helsinki Monitoring; the group
European governments	Military Advisory Group; the group
Federal, State, and municipal	Standing (see Organization)
governments	World Bank
insular; island	group 2, II, A, etc.; but Group 2, when part
military	of title: Group II: List of Counties by
seat of	States
State	Guard, National (see National)
State and Provincial governments	guardsman (see Coast Guard; National
Territorial	Guard)
governmental	Gulf:
Governor:	Coast States; but gulf coast
of Louisiana, etc.; the Governor; a	of Mexico; the gulf
Governor; State Governor(s);	States
Governors' conference	Stream; the stream
of Puerto Rico; the Governor	
of the Federal Reserve Board; the	Н
Governor	Hall (U.S. Senate or House)
Governor General of Canada; the Governor	Halls of Congress
General	H-bomb; H-hour
GPO Access	Headquarters:
grand jury (see Federal)	Alaskan Command; the command
Grange, the (National)	headquarters
grant, Pell	4th Regiment Headquarters; regimental
graph 2, A, II, etc.; but Graph 2, when part	headquarters
of title: Graph 2.—Production levels	32d Division Headquarters; the division
Great:	headquarters
Basin	hearing examiner
Depression	Heaven (religious); heaven (place)
Divide	Heimlich maneuver
Lakes; the lakes; lake(s) traffic	hell (place)
Plains; but southern Great Plains	Hells (no apostrophe) Canyon
Seal (any nation)	Hemisphere, Eastern; Western; etc.; the
	hemisphere

Hezbollah Hudson's Bay Co. High Church Hurricane Andrew, Katrina, Rita, etc. High Commissioner I High Court (see Supreme Court) ice age (see Ages) high definition imam High School, if part of name: Western; the Independent Party; an Independent high school Indians: Highway No. 40; Route 40; State Route 9; Absentee Shawnee the highway Alaska (see Native) Hill (the Capitol) Eastern (or Lower) Band of Cherokee; Hispanic the band Holocaust, the (World War II); a holocaust Five Civilized Tribes: the tribes Holy Scriptures; Holy Writ (Bible) Native Americans home page Shawnee Tribe: the tribe Hospice, if part of name Six Nations (Iroquois Confederacy) Hospital, if part of name; the hospital: Initiative, Caribbean Basin; but strategic Howard University defense initiative St. Elizabeths (no apostrophe) Inquisition, Spanish; the Inquisition but naval (marine or Army) hospital inspector general hospital corpsman (see corpsman) Institute, if part of name; capitalized House, if part of name: standing alone if referring to Federal Blair or international organization: Johnson house (private residence) National Cancer; the Cancer Institute; of Representatives; the House (U.S.) the Institute Office Building (see Building) National Institutes of Health: the Ohio (State); the house Institutes but both Houses; lower (or upper) of International Law; the Institute House (Congress) Woman's: the institute House of Representatives (U.S.), titles of Institution, if part of name; capitalized officers standing alone capitalized: standing alone if referring to Chairman (Committee of the Whole) Federal unit: Chaplain Brookings; the institution Clerk; but legislative clerk, etc. Carnegie; the institution Doorkeeper Smithsonian: the Institution Official Reporter(s) of Debates insular government; island government Parliamentarian intercoastal waterway (see waterway) Postmaster interdepartmental post office interface Sergeant at Arms International Court of Justice: the Court Speaker pro tempore international: Speaker; speakership banks (see Bank) HUD (Department of Housing and Urban boundary Development)

dateline Latter-day Saints law law, copyright law; Ohm's, etc. Morse code (see Code) League, Urban; the league Internet, Intranet Legion: Interstate 95; I-95; the interstate American; the Legion; a Legionnaire; Intracoastal Waterway; the waterway (see French Foreign; the legion Legislative Assembly, if part of name: also waterway) intrastate of New York; of Puerto Rico, etc.; the Irish potato legislative assembly; the assembly Iron Curtain; the curtain legislative branch, clerk, session, etc. Islam: Islamic Legislature: Isthmian Canal (see Canal) National Legislature (U.S. Congress); Isthmus of Panama; the isthmus the Legislature Ohio Legislature; Legislature of Ohio; the State legislature; the legislature Japan Current (see Current) Letters Patent No. 378,964; but patent No. Java (computer language) 378,964; letters patent Jersey cattle Liberal Party; a Liberal Job Corps Libertarian Party; a Libertarian Joint Chiefs of Staff; Chiefs of Staff Liberty Bell; Liberty ship Joint Committee on Printing (see Librarian of Congress; the Librarian Committee) Library: Journal clerk; the clerk Army; the library Journal (House or Senate) Harry S. Truman; the library Judge Advocate General, the of Congress; the Library judge; chief judge; circuit judge; district Hillsborough Public; the library judge; but Judge Judy Lieutenant Governor of Idaho, etc.; the judiciary, the Lieutenant Governor Justice; Justice Stevens, etc. Light, if part of name; the light: Buffalo South Pier Light 2; but light No. kaffiyeh (Arabic headdress) 2; light 2 King of England, etc.; the King but Massachusetts Bay lights Koran, the: Koranic Lighthouse (see Light Station) Krugerrand Lightship, if part of name; the lightship: Grays Reef Laboratory, if part of name; capitalized North Manitou Shoal standing alone if referring to Federal Light Station, if part of name; the light unit: Forest Products; the Laboratory; station; the station: but laboratory (non-Federal) Minots Ledge Lake: Erie, of the Woods, Great Salt; the Watch Hill lake Line(s), if part of name; the line(s): Lane, if part of name: Maiden; the lane Greyhound (bus)

Holland-America (steamship)	mariculture
Maginot (fortification)	Marine Corps; the corps:
line:	Marines (the corps); but marines
Mason-Dixon line or Mason and	(individuals)
Dixon's line	Reserve; the Reserve
State	also a marine; a woman marine; the
listserv	women marines (individuals); soldiers,
Local:	sailors, coastguardsmen, and marines
Columbia Typographical Union,	Maritime Provinces (Canada) (see Province)
Local 101	Marshal (see Supreme Court)
International Brotherhood of Electrical	marshal (U.S.)
Workers Local 180; but local No. 180	medals (see decorations)
local time, local standard time (see time)	Medicaid
locator service	MediCal
Loop, the (see cities)	Medicare Act; Medicare plan
Louisiana Purchase	Medicare Plus
Low Church	Medicare Program
Lower, if part of name:	Medigap
California (Mexico)	Member, if referring to Senator,
Colorado River Basin	Representative, Delegate, or Resident
Egypt	Commissioner of U.S. Congress; <i>also</i>
Peninsula (of Michigan)	Member at Large; Member of
lower:	Parliament, etc.; <i>but</i> membership;
48 (States)	member of U.S. congressional
House of Congress	committee
Mississippi	Memorial:
	Jefferson
M	Lincoln
Madam:	Vietnam
Chair	WWII
Chairman	Korean
Chairwoman	Franklin D. Roosevelt etc.; the memorial
Magna Carta	Merchant Marine Reserve; the Reserve;
Majesty, His, Her, Your; Their Majesties	but U.S. merchant marine; the
Majority Leader Reid; Majority Leader	merchant marine
Hoyer; <i>but</i> the majority leader (U.S.	Metroliner
Congress)	Metropolitan Washington, etc.; but
Mall, The National; The Mall (District of	Washington metropolitan area
Columbia)	midcontinent region
Mansion, Executive (see Executive)	Middle Ages (see Ages)
map 3, A, II, etc.; but Map 2, when part of	Middle Atlantic States
title: Map 2.—Railroads of Middle	Middle East; Mideast; Mideastern; Middle
Atlantic States	Eastern (Asia)
	•

Midwest (section of United States); National Museum of the American Midwestern States: but midwestern Indian farmers, etc. Ν Military Academy (see Academy) Nation (synonym for United States); but a Military Establishment (see Establishment) nation; nationwide; also French milkshed, Ohio, etc. (region) nation, Balkan nations millennium Nation, Creek; Osage; etc.; the nation Minister Plenipotentiary; the Minister; nation, in general, standing alone Minister Without Portfolio (see also National, in conjunction with capitalized foreign cabinets) name: Ministry (see foreign cabinets) Academy of Sciences (see Academy) Minority Leader McConnell; Minority and State institutions, etc. Leader Boehner; but the minority Archives and Records Administration leader (U.S. Congress) Capital (Washington); the Capital; but Mint, Philadelphia, etc.; the mint national capital area minutemen (colonial) Endowment for the Arts; the missiles: capitalize such missile names as Endowment Hellfire, Sparrow, Tomahawk, Scud, Gallery of Art; the National Gallery; Trident, etc.; but cruise missile, air-tothe gallery air missile, surface-to-air missile, etc. Grange; the Grange Mission, if part of name; the mission: Guard, Ohio, etc.; Air National; the Gospel National Guard: the Guard: a but diplomatic mission; military mission; guardsman; Reserve; but a National Jones mission Guard man; National Guardsman Monument: Institute (see Institute) Bunker Hill; the monument Legislature (see Legislature) Grounds; the grounds (Washington Muir Woods National Monument etc.: Monument) the national monument: the National (see National) monument Washington; the monument (District Museum (see Museum) of Columbia) Naval Medical Center (Bethesda, MD) Mountain States Park, Yellowstone, etc.; Yellowstone Park; mountain time, mountain standard time the national park; the park (see time) Treasury; the Treasury Moving Pictures Experts Group (MPEG) War College Mr. Chairman; Mr. Secretary; etc. Woman's Party Mujahedeen Zoological Park (see Zoological) mullah national: Museum, capitalize with name; the agency check (NAC) museum: anthem, customs, spirit, etc. Field British, Mexican, etc. National defense agencies National Air and Space; the Air Museum

stockpile Negro (see African-American; Black) water policy network New Deal; anti-New Deal Native: Alaska; American; but Ohio native, etc. (see Alaska) New England States Naval, if part of name: New Federalism New Frontier Academy (see Academy) Air Station (NAS) Patuxent River; New World; but new world order Pensacola; etc. North: Base, Guam Naval; the naval base Atlantic Establishment (see Establishment) Atlantic States Observatory (see Observatory) Atlantic Treaty (see Treaty) Reserve; the Reserve; a reservist Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) Reserve Force; the force (see Organization) Reserve officer; a Reserve officer Equatorial Current (see Current) Korea Shipyard (if preceding or following name): Pole Brooklyn Naval Shipyard; Naval Shipyard, Brooklyn; but the naval Slope (Alaska) shipyard Star (Polaris) Volunteer Naval Reserve the North (section of United States) War College; the War College; the college north: Africa naval, in general sense: command (see Command) Ohio, Virginia, etc. expenditures, maneuvers, officer, north-central region, etc. Northeast corridor service, stores, etc. petroleum reserves; but Naval northern Ohio Petroleum Reserve No. 2 (Buena Northern States Vista Hills Naval Reserve); reserve northerner No. 2 Northwest Pacific navel orange Northwest Territory (1799) Navy, American or foreign, if part of name; Northwest, the (section of the United States) capitalized standing alone only if Northwest Washington (see cities) referring to U.S. Navy: Northwestern: Admiral of the; the admiral States Battle Force; the Battle Force; the force United States Establishment; the establishment numbers capitalized if spelled out as part of Hospital Corps; hospital corpsman; the a name: corps Air Force One (Presidential plane) Charles the First Regular Seabees (construction battalion); a Committee of One Hundred Seabee Twenty-third Census (see Census) navy yard 0 Nazi; nazism Observatory, capitalized with name: Near East (Balkans, etc.) Astrophysical; the Observatory

Lick; the observatory	Operation Iraqi Freedom, Desert Storm		
(nongovernmental)	Order of Business No. 56 (congressiona		
Naval; the Observatory	calendar)		
Occident, the occidental	Ordnance:		
Ocean, if part of name; the ocean:	Corps (see Corps)		
Antarctic	Department; the Department		
Arctic	Organization, if part of name; capitalized		
Atlantic	standing alone if referring to		
	international unit:		
North Atlantic, etc. Pacific	International Labour (ILO)		
	` '		
South Pacific, etc.	North Atlantic Treaty (NATO): Chiefs of Staff		
Southwest Pacific, etc.			
Oceanographer (the Hydrographer), Navy	Committee of Defense Ministers		
Office, if referring to unit of Federal	Council		
Government; the Office:	Council of Foreign Ministers		
Executive	Defense Committee		
Foreign and Commonwealth (U.K.)	Military Committee		
Government Printing; the Printing	of American States (OAS)		
Office; the Office	Pact		
Naval Oceanographic	Regional Planning Group; the Group		
of Chief of Naval Operations	Standing Group; the Group		
of General Counsel	United Nations Educational, Scientific,		
of Management and Budget	and Cultural Organization UNESCO		
of Personnel Management	Orient, the; oriental (see Asian)		
of the Secretary (Defense); Secretary's	Osama bin Laden		
Office	Outer Continental Shelf (see Continental)		
Patent and Trademark			
but New York regional office (including	P		
branch, division, or section therein);	Pacific (see also Atlantic):		
the regional office; the office	Basin		
officer:	coast		
Army	Coast (or slope) States		
Marine; <i>but</i> naval and marine officers	Northwest		
Navy; Navy and Marine officers	rim		
Regular Army; Regular; a Regular	seaboard		
Reserve	slope		
Old Dominion (Virginia)	South		
Old South	States		
Old World	time, Pacific standard time (see time)		
Olympic Games; Olympiad; XXIX Olympic	but cispacific; transpacific		
Games	pan-American games; but Pan American		
ombudsman, Maryland (State)	Day		
online	Pan American Union (renamed; see		
Omme	Organization of American States)		

Panel, the Federal Service Impasses Plaza, Union Station (Washington, DC); (Federal), etc.; the Panel the plaza Panhandle of Texas; Texas Panhandle; the Pledge of Allegiance; the pledge panhandle; etc. Pole: North, South; the pole; subpolar papers, Woodrow Wilson, etc.; the papers; Pole Star (Polaris); polar star but white paper Police, if part of name; the police: Parish, Caddo, etc.; but parish of Caddo Capitol (Louisiana civil division); the parish Park, U.S. Park, Fairmount, etc.; the park (see also White House National) political action committee (PAC) Park Police, U.S.; park policeman political parties and adherents (see specific Park, Zoological (see Zoological) political party) Parkway, George Washington Memorial; Pool, Northwest Power, etc.; the pool the memorial parkway; the parkway Pope; but papal, patriarch, pontiff, primate Parliament, Houses of; the Parliament Port, if part of name; Port of Norfolk; Parliamentarian (U.S. Senate or House) Norfolk Port; the port (see Authority) part 2, A, II, etc.; but Part 2, when part of Post Office, Chicago, etc.; the post office title: Part 2: Iron and Steel Industry P.O. Box (with number); but post office box Party, if part of name; the party (in general sense) Pass, Brenner, capitalized if part of name; Postmaster General the pass PostScript; *but* a postscript patent (see Letters Patent) Powers, if part of name; the powers (see Peninsula Upper (Lower) (Michigan); the also alliances): Allied (World Wars I and II) peninsula Penitentiary, Atlanta, etc.; the penitentiary Axis (World War I) petrodollar Western phase 2; phase I but European powers Philippines, Republic of the precinct; first, 10th precinct Pilgrim Fathers (1620); the Pilgrims; a Premier (see foreign cabinets) Preserve, Sullys Hill, National Game Pilgrim Place, if part of name: Jefferson Place; the Presidency (office of the head of place Government) Plains (Great Plains), the President: plan: of the United States; the Executive; the Colombo Chief Magistrate; the Commander controlled materials in Chief; the President-elect; ex-President; former President; also 5-year Marshall (European Recovery Program) preceding name Planetarium, Fels, Hayden; the planetarium of any other country; the President of Plant, Picatinny Arsenal; the plant; but Federal or international unit United States Steel plant but president of the Norfolk Southern plate 2, A, II, etc.; but Plate 2, when part of Railroad; president of the Federal title: Plate 2.-Rural Structures Reserve Bank of New York

Q Presidential assistant, authority, order, proclamation, candidate, election, Quad Cities (Davenport, Rock Island, timber, year, etc. Moline, East Moline, and Bettendorf) Prime Minister (see foreign cabinets) query Prison, New Jersey State; the prison queue Privy Council, Her Majesty's (see Council) R Prize, Nobel, Pulitzer, etc.; the prize Radio Free Europe/Radio Liberty Proclamation, Emancipation; Presidential Railroad, Alaska; the Railroad Proclamation No. 24: Proclamation Ranch, King, etc.; the ranch No. 24; the proclamation; but Range, Cascade, etc. (mountains); the range Presidential proclamation Rebellion, if part of name; the rebellion: Program, if part of name: Boxer European Recovery Whisky Food for Peace Reconstruction period (post-Civil War) Fulbright Red army Head Start Red Cross, American (see American) Mutual Defense Assistance Reds, the; a Red (political) Social Security Reformatory, Michigan; the reformatory but universal military training; Refuge, Blackwater National Wildlife, etc.; government bailout Blackwater Refuge; the refuge Progressive Party; a Progressive region, north-central, etc.; first region, 10th Project: region; region 7; midcontinent Gutenberg Regular Army, Navy; a Regular (see also Manhattan officer) Vote Smart regulation: Proposition 13 greenhouse gas Prosecutor; Special Prosecutor (Federal) W (see also Federal Reserve Board) Province, Provincial, if referring to an but Veterans Entitlements Regulations administrative subdivision: Ontario religious terms: Province: Province of Ontario: Baha'i Maritime Provinces (Canada); the **Baptist** Province Brahman Proving Ground, Aberdeen, etc.; the Buddhist proving ground Catholic: Catholicism: but catholic Public Law; Public Law 110-161, etc. (universal) Public Printer: the Government Printer: the Christian Printer Christian Science public utility district (see District) Evangelical United Brethren Pueblo, Santa Clara; the pueblo Hindu: Hinduism Purchase, Gadsden, Louisiana, etc. Islam: Islamic Puritan; puritanical **Iewish** Pyrrhic victory Latter-day Saints

Muslim: Shiite; Sikh; Sunni Reservation (forest, military, or Indian), if New Thought part of name; the reservation: Protestant; Protestantism Hill Military Scientology Standing Rock Reserve, if part of name; the Reserve (see Seventh-day Adventists Seventh-Day Baptists also Air Force; Army Corps; Coast Zoroastrian Guard; Foreign Service; Marine Renaissance, the (era) Corps; Merchant Marine; Naval; Report, if part of name (with date or National Guard): number); the annual report; the report: Active 2007 Report of the Chief of the Forest Air Force Service Army 9/11 Commission Report bank (see Bank) Annual Report of the Secretary of Board, Federal (see Federal) Defense for the year ended city (see Bank) September 30, 2008 components Grace Commission report Enlisted President's Economic Report; the Establishment **Economic Report** Inactive Railroad Retirement Board Annual Naval Report, 2007; but annual report of the officer Railroad Retirement Board Officers' Training Corps Report No. 31 Ready Retired United States Reports (publication) Reporter, the (U.S. Supreme Court) Standby Representative; Representative at Large Strategic (U.S. Congress); U.N. Reserves, the; reservist Resolution, with number; the resolution: Republic, capitalized if part of name; House Joint Resolution 3 capitalized standing alone if referring to a specific government: Senate Concurrent Resolution 18 War Powers Resolution (short title) Czech French but Tonkin resolution Revised Statutes (U.S.); Supplement to the Irish of Bosnia and Herzegovina Revised Statutes; the statutes; Statutes of Panama at Large (U.S.) of the Philippines Revolution, Revolutionary (if referring to Slovak (Slovakia) the American, French, or English United States Revolution) (see also War) also the American Republics; South rim; the Pacific rim American Republics; the Latin Road, if part of name: Benning; the road Roman numerals, common nouns used American Republics; the Republics Republican Party; a Republican with, not capitalized: book II; chapter II; part II; etc.

but Book II: Modern Types (complete	of State for Foreign Affairs (British); for	
heading); Part XI: Early Thought	the Commonwealth, etc.; the	
(complete heading)	Secretary	
Route 66, State Route 9 (highways)	of the Smithsonian Institution; the	
rule 21; rule XXI; but Rule 21, when part of	Secretary	
title: Rule 21: Renewal of Motion	also the Assistant Secretary; the	
Rules:	Executive Secretary	
of the House of Representatives; but rules	Secretary General; the Secretary General:	
of the House; House rule X	Organization of American States	
Standing Rules of the Senate	United Nations	
(publication); but rules of the Senate	section 2, A, II, etc.; but Section 2, when	
also Commission rules	part of title: Section 2: Test	
	Construction Theory	
S	Selective Service (see Service; System)	
Sabbath; Sabbath Day	Senate (U.S.), titles of officers standing	
savings bond (see bond)	alone capitalized:	
schedule 2, A, II, etc.; but Schedule 2, when	Chaplain	
part of title; Schedule 2: Open and	Chief Clerk	
Prepay Stations	Doorkeeper	
School, if part of name; the school:	Official Reporter(s)	
any school of U.S. Armed Forces	Parliamentarian	
Hayes	Postmaster	
Pawnee Indian	President of the	
Public School 13; P.S. 13	President pro tempore	
school district (see District)	Presiding Officer	
Scriptures; Holy Scriptures (the Bible)	Secretary	
Seabees (see Navy)	Sergeant at Arms	
seaboard, Atlantic, eastern, etc.	Senate, Ohio (State); the senate	
seasons:	Senator (U.S. Congress); but lowercased if	
autumn (fall)	referring to a State senator, unless	
spring	preceding a name	
summer	senatorial	
winter	Sergeant at Arms (U.S. Senate or House)	
seaway (see geographic terms; Authority;	Sermon on the Mount	
Corporation)	server	
Second World War (see War)	Service, if referring to Federal unit; the	
Secretariat (see United Nations)	Service:	
Secretaries of the Army and the Navy; but	Extension	
Secretaries of the military	Federal Mediation and Conciliation	
departments; secretaryship	Fish and Wildlife	
Secretary, head of national governmental	Foreign (see Foreign Service)	
unit:	Forest	
of Defense; of State; etc.; the Secretary	Internal Revenue	

Marshals	Gelisols Oxisols Histosols Spodosols		
National Park	Inceptisols Últisols		
Natural Resources Conservation	Mollisols Vertisols		
Postal	Soldiers' Home; the soldiers' home; (see		
Secret (Homeland Security)	Armed Forces Retirement Home)		
Selective (see also System); but selective	Solicitor for the Department of Labor, etc.;		
service, in general sense; selective	the Solicitor		
service classification 1-A, 4-F, etc.	Solicitor General (Department of Justice)		
Senior Executive	Son of Man (Christ)		
service:	Sons of the American Revolution		
airmail	(organization); a Son; a Real Son		
Army	South:		
city delivery	American Republics (see Republic)		
consular	American States		
customs	Atlantic		
diplomatic	Atlantic States		
employment (State)	Deep South (U.S.)		
extension (State)	Korea		
general delivery	Midsouth (U.S.)		
naval	Pacific		
Navy	Pole		
parcel post	the South (section of United States);		
postal field	Southland		
rural free delivery; rural delivery; free	Southeast Asia		
delivery	southern California, southeastern		
special delivery	California, etc.		
star route	Southern States		
Shelf, Continental (see Continental)	Southern United States		
ship of state (unless personified)	southerner		
Sister(s) (adherent of religious order)	Southwest, the (section of United States)		
Six Nations (see Indians)	space shuttle; the shuttle		
Smithsonian Institution (see Institution)	space station		
Social Security Administration (U.S.),	Spanish-American War (see War)		
application, check, number, pension,	Speaker of the House of Representatives;		
trust fund, system, etc.	the Speaker		
Socialist Party; a Socialist	special agent		
Society, if part of name; the society:	specialist		
American Cancer Society, Inc.	Special Order No. 12; Special Orders, No.		
of the Cincinnati	12; a special order		
soil bank	Spirit of '76 (painting); <i>but</i> spirit of '76 (in		
soil orders:	general sense)		
Alfisols Aridisols	Sputnik		
Andisols Entisols	Square, Lafayette, etc.; the square		
	1 ., ., ., .,,,		

Staff, Foreign Service (see Foreign Service);	Middle Atlantic		
Air (U.K.)	Middle Western		
standard time (see time)	Midwestern		
Star of Bethlehem	Mountain		
Star-Spangled Banner (see flag)	New England		
State:	North Atlantic		
Champion	Northwestern, etc.		
government	Organization of American		
legislature (see Legislature)	Pacific		
line, Iowa; Ohio-Indiana, etc.	Pacific Coast		
New York	rights		
of Israel	South American		
of Maryland	South Atlantic		
of the Union Message/Address	Southern		
of Veracruz	the six States of Australia; a foreign state		
out-of-State (adjective); but out-of-stater	Thirteen Original; original 13 States		
prison	Western; <i>but</i> western Gulf; western		
Vatican City	farming States		
state:	Station, if part of name; the station; not		
church and	capitalized if referring to surveying		
of the art: state-of-the-art technology	or similar work:		
welfare	Air Force base		
also downstate, instate, multistate,	Grand Central		
statehood, statehouse, stateside,	Naval Air Engineering		
statewide, substate, tristate, upstate	television station WSYR-TV		
State's attorney	Union; Union Depot; the depot		
state's evidence	WAMU station; station WMAL; radio		
states' rights	station WSM; broadcasting station		
States:	WJSV		
Arab	station 9; substation A		
Balkan	Statue of Liberty; the statue		
Baltic	Statutes at Large (U.S.) (see also Revised		
East North Central	Statutes)		
East South Central	Stealth: bomber, fighter		
Eastern; but eastern industrial States	Stockpile, Strategic National		
Eastern Gulf	stone age (see Ages)		
Eastern North Central, etc.	storage facility		
Far Western	Stream, Gulf (see Gulf; geographic terms)		
Gulf; Gulf Coast	Street, if part of name; the street:		
Lake	I Street (not Eye Street)		
Latin American	110th Street		
lower 48	U Street (not You Street)		
Middle	subcommittee (see Committee)		

subtropical, subtropic(s) (see tropical) also Federal land bank system summit meeting; Earth summit Т Sun; a sun table 2, II, A, etc.; but Table 2, when part of Super Bowl title: Table 2: Degrees of Land Superfund; the fund Deterioration Superintendent, if referring to head of task force (see Force) Federal unit; the Superintendent: Team, USAREUR Technical Assistance, of Documents (Government Printing etc.: the team Office) television station (see Station) of the Naval (or Military) Academy Telnet Supplement to the Revised Statutes (see Ten Commandments Revised Statutes) Territorial, if referring to a political Supreme Bench; the Bench; also High subdivision Bench; High Tribunal Territory: Supreme Court (U.S.); the Court; also High Northwest (1799); the territory Court; titles of officers standing alone Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands; capitalized: Pacific Islands Trust Territory; the trust Associate Justice territory; the territory Chief Justice Yukon, Northwest Territories; the Clerk Territory(ies), Territorial (Canada) Marshal but territory of: American Samoa, Guam, Reporter Virgin Islands but Ohio Supreme Court; the supreme The, part of name, capitalized: court The Dalles; The Gambia; The Hague; Surgeon General, the (Air Force, Army, The Weirs: but the Dalles Dam: the Navy, and Public Health Service) Dalles region; the Federal Bulletin Survey, if part of name of Federal unit; the Board; the Hague Conference; the Survey: Geodetic; Geological Weirs streets System, if referring to Federal unit; the but the Adjutant General; the National System: Archives: the Archives: the Times: the Federal Home Loan Bank; the System Mermaid; the Federal Express Federal Reserve; the System Third World National Forest; the System Thirteen American Colonies, etc. (see National Highway; Interstate Highway; Colonies) the System Thirteen Original States National Park; the System Thruway, New York State; the thruway National Trails; the System time: National Wild and Scenic Rivers; the Alaska, Alaska standard System Atlantic, Atlantic standard Regional Metro System; Metro system central, central standard Selective Service (see also Service) eastern, eastern daylight, eastern daylight State and National forests saving (no s), eastern standard but Amtrak railway system; Amtrak Greenwich mean time (GMT) system; the system

Hawaii-Aleutian standard tropical; neotropic, neotropical, sublocal, local standard tropic(s), subtropical mountain, mountain standard Trust, Power, etc. Pacific, Pacific standard trust territory (see Territory) universal Tunnel, Lincoln, etc.; the tunnel; but title 2, II, A, etc.; but Title 2, when part of irrigation, railroad, etc., tunnel title: Title 2: General Provisions Turnpike, Pennsylvania, etc.; the turnpike Tomb: Twin Cities (Minneapolis and St. Paul) Grant's: the tomb U of the Unknowns; of the Unknown U-boat Soldier; Unknown Soldier's Tomb; Under Secretary, if referring to officer of the tomb (see also Unknown Soldier) Federal Government; the Under Tower, Eiffel, etc.; the tower Secretary: Township, Union; township of Union of Agriculture trade names and trademarks: of State Blu-Rav Coca-Cola U-Haul of the Treasury UNIX Dr Pepper Uniform Code of Military Justice (see Code) Hersheypark VISA WebTV Union (if part of proper name; capitalized iTunes Yahoo! standing alone if synonym for United MasterCard ZIP Code (Postal) States or if referring to international Trade Representative (U.S.) unit): transatlantic; transpacific; trans-Siberian, Columbia Typographical etc.; but Transjordan; Trans-Alaska European Treasurer, Assistant, of the United States; Pan American (former name: see the Assistant Treasurer; but assistant Organization of American States) treasurer at New York, etc. Station; but union passenger station; Treasurer of the United States; the Treasurer union freight station Treasury notes; Treasurys Teamsters Union: the Teamsters: the Treasury, of the United States; General; union; also the Auto Workers, etc. National: Public Universal Postal; the Postal Union Treaty, if part of name; the treaty: Western (see alliances) Jay Treaty Woman's Christian Temperance North Atlantic; North Atlantic Defense but a painters union; printers union of Versailles United Nations: but treaty of 1919 Charter: the charter triad Educational, Scientific, and Cultural tribe (see Indians) Organization (UNESCO) (see Tribunal, standing alone capitalized only in Organization) minutes and official reports of a Food and Agriculture Organization specific arbitration; also High (FAO) Tribunal; the Tribunal (Supreme General Assembly; the Assembly Court) Tropic of Cancer, of Capricorn; the Tropics

International Children's Emergency	<b>W</b>
Fund (UNICEF)	War, if part of formal name:
International Court of Justice; the Court	Between the States
Permanent Court of Arbitration (see	Civil
Court)	First World War; World War I; World
Secretariat, the	War; Great War; Second World War;
Secretary General	World War II
Security Council; the Council	for Independence (1776)
World Employment Conference	French and Indian (1754–63)
World Health Organization (WHO);	Mexican
the Organization	of 1812
universal:	of the Rebellion; the rebellion
military training (see Program)	on Crime
time (see time)	on Drugs
University, if part of name: Stanford; the	on Poverty
university	on Terrorism, Global
Unknown Soldier; Unknown of World War	Revolutionary; of the Revolution; the
II; World War II Unknown;	Revolution
Unknown of Korea; Korea	Seven Years'
Unknown; the Unknowns (see also	Six-Day (Arab-Israeli)
Tomb)	Spanish-American
Upper, if part of name:	the two World Wars
Colorado River Basin	also post-World War II
Egypt	war, descriptive or undeclared:
Peninsula (of Michigan)	cold, hot
but upper House of Congress	European
U.S.S.R. (former Union of Soviet Socialist	French and Indian wars
Republics)	Indian
	Korean
V	Persian Gulf; gulf
Valley, Shenandoah, etc.; the valley; <i>but</i> the	third world; world war III
valleys of Virginia and Maryland	Vietnam
V–E Day; V–J Day; V-chip	with Mexico
veteran, World War II; Vietnam	War College, National (see College)
Veterans Affairs, Department of (see	War Mothers (see American)
Department)	ward 1, 2, etc.; first, 11th, etc.
Vice Chairman, etc. (same as Chairman)	Washington's Farewell Address
vice consul, British, etc.	water district (see District)
Vice President (same as President)	waterway, inland, intercoastal, etc.; but
Voice of America; the Voice	Intracoastal Waterway
volume 2, A, II, etc.; <i>but</i> Volume 2, when	Web:
part of title; Volume 2: Five Rivers in America's Future	page
America's Future	site

Week, Fire Prevention; etc.	wilderness; <i>but</i> the Wilderness
welfare state	(Virginia battlefield)
West:	Wood, if part of name:
Bank (Jordan)	Belleau
Coast (Africa); but west coast (U.S.)	County
End, etc. (section of city)	Fort Leonard
Europe (political entity)	World: New, Old, Third; but free world
Far West; Far Western States	World Bank; the Bank
Florida (1763–1819)	World Series
Middle (United States); Midwest	World War (see War)
South Central States, etc.	World War II veteran
the West (section of United States; also	World Wide Web (WWW), the Web
world political entity)	
west, western Pennsylvania	X
Western:	x ray (note: no hyphen)
bloc	Y
civilization	year, calendar, fiscal
countries	Your Excellency; Your Honor; Your
Europe(an) (political entity)	Majesty; etc.
Hemisphere; the hemisphere	Youth Corps; the Corps
ideas	Touth corps, the corps
Powers	Z
States	ZIP Code number; ZIP+4
United States	Z39.50
World	Zone, if part of name; the zone:
but far western; western farming States	British (in Germany)
(U.S.)	Canal (Panama)
westerner	Eastern, Western (Germany)
Whip, Majority; Minority	Frigid
Whisky Rebellion (see Rebellion)	Hot (infectious area)
White (see Caucasian)	of Interior (see Command)
White House:	Temperate, Torrid; the zone
Blue Room	U.S. Foreign Trade; Foreign
East Room	Trade Zone; but the foreign trade
Oval Office	zone, free trade zone
Police (see Police)	zone:
Red Room	Arctic
Rose Garden	eastern standard time
State Dining Room	no-fly
white paper, British, etc.	polar
Wilderness, capitalized with name; San	tropical
Joaquin Wilderness, CA; the	Zoological Park (National); the zoo;
	the park

### 5. Spelling

(See also Chapter 7 "Compounding Examples" and Chapter 9 "Abbreviations and Letter Symbols")

5.1. GPO uses Webster's Third New International Dictionary as its guide for the spelling of words not appearing in the GPO STYLE MANUAL. Colloquial and dialect spellings are not used unless required by the subject matter or specially requested. The tendency of some producers of computer-assisted publications to rely on the limited capability of some spell-checking programs adds importance to this list.

# Preferred and difficult spellings

**5.2.** In addition to indicating the preferred forms of words with variant spellings, the list also contains other words frequently misspelled or causing uncertainty. (See also "Word Division," a supplement to the GPO STYLE MANUAL.)

Α	adjurer	all right	aqueduct
abattoir	adjuster	altogether	archaeology
aberration	ad nauseam	(completely)	arrester
abetter abettor (law)	adviser advisor (law)	all together (collectively) aluminum	artifact artisan
abridgment absorb (take in) adsorb (adhesion)	adz aegis aesthetic	ambidextrous amoeba	ascendance, -ant ascent (rise) assent (consent)
abysmal a cappella	affect (influence, v.) effect (result,	ampoule analog	assassinate athenaeum
accede (yield) exceed (surpass)	finish, n., v.) afterward(s)	analogous anemia	attester autogiro
accepter acceptor (law)	afterword aging	anesthetic aneurysm	awhile (for some time)
accessory accommodate	aid (n., v.) aide	anomalous anonymous	a while (a short time)
accordion accouter	aide-de-camp albumen (egg)	antediluvian antibiotics (n.)	ax aye
accursed acetic (acid)	albumin (chemistry)	antibiotic (adj.) anyway (adv.)	В
ascetic (austere) acknowledgment	align allottee	anywise (adv.) appall, -ed, -ing	backward baloney (nonsense)
acoustic	all ready (prepared)	appareled, -ing	bologna (sausage)
adapter	already (previous)	aquatic	bandanna

butadiene casual (informal) compliment bargainer (praise) bargainor (law) causal (cause) C confectionery catalog, -ed, -ing baritone caffeine confidant (masc., bark (boat) cataloger calcareous fem.) barreled, -ing catsup confident (sure) calcimine bastille caviar confirmer caldron bathyscaph caviled, -er, -ing confirmor (law) calendar battalion center calender (paper conjurer bazaar (event) centipede finish) connecter bizarre (strange on centrifugal caliber connector (road) absurd) cesarean caliper connoisseur behoove chairmaned calk (spike) consecrator beneficent chaise longue caulk (seal) consensus chancellor benefited, -ing calligraphy consignor bettor (wagerer) channeled, -ing callus (n.) consulter beveled, -ing chaperon callous (adj.) consummate biased, -ing chautauqua contradicter calorie blessed chauvinism control, -lable, -ling canceled, -ing chiffonier bloc (group) cancellation converter block (grants) chile con carne candor conveyor blond (masc., fem.) chili (pepper) cookie canister bluing chiseled, -ing cornetist cannot born (birth) chlorophyll corollary canoeing borne (carried) cigarette corvette cantaloupe bouillon (soup) citable councilor (of canvas (cloth) bullion (metal) cite (quote) council) canvass (solicit) boulder site (place) counselor capital (city, money) bourgeoisie clamor (adviser) capitol (building) climactic (climax) breach (gap) counseled, -ing carabao (sing., pl.) climatic (climate) breech (lower part) cozy carat (gem weight) brier cocaine crawfish caret (omission coconut briquet, -ted, -ting creneled, -ing mark) Britannia cocoon crystaled, -ing karat (gold weight) coleslaw broadax crystalline carbureted, -ing bronco colloguy crystallize carburetor brunet (masc., fem.) colossal cudgeled, -ing Caribbean combated, -ing buccaneer cyclopedia caroled, -ing buncombe commenter czar carotene commentor (law) bunion carrot bur commingle cartilage darndest burned commiserate caster (roller) debarkation bus, bused, buses, complement decaffeinated castor (oil) (complete) busing

decalogue	distill, -ed, -ing,	enameled, -ing	exhibitor
defense	-ment	encage	exhilarate
deliverer	distributor	encase	exonerate
deliveror (law)	diverter	encave	exorbitant
demagogue	divorcee	enclasp	expellant
demarcation	doctoral	enclose	exposé (n.,
dependent	doctrinaire	enclosure	exposure)
descendant (n., adj.)	doggerel	encumber	expose (v., to lay
desecrater	dossier	encumbrance	open)
desiccate	doweled, -ing	encyclopedia	exsiccate
desuetude	downward	endorse, -ment	extant (in existence)
(suspended)	dreadnought	endwise	extent (range)
destitute (bereft)	dreamed	enfeeble	extoll, -ed, -ing
detractor	drought	enforce, -ment	eying
develop, -ment	dueled, -ing	engraft	eyrie
device (contrivance)	duffelbag	enroll, -ed, -ing,	6,116
devise (convey)	dullness	-ment	F
dextrous (syllable	dumfound	enshade	fantasy
division)	dwelt	ensheathe	farther (distance)
diaeresis	dyeing (coloring)	ensnare	further (degree)
diaeretic	dying (death)	ensure (guarantee)	favor
diuretic (water pill)	E	insure (protect)	fecal
diagramed, -ing	eastward	entrench	feces
diagrammatic	ecstasy	entrepreneur	fetal
dialed, -ing	edema	entrust	fetish
dialogue	edgewise	entwine	fetus
dialysis	electronics (n.)	envelop (v.)	fiber
diaphragm	electronic (adj.)	envelope (n.)	fiche (microfiche)
diarrhea	eleemosynary	enwrap	filigree
dickey	elicit (to draw)	eon	finable
dietitian	illicit (illegal)	epaulet, -ed, -ing	finagle
diffuser	embarrass	epiglottis	financier
dike	embed	epilogue	fjord
dilettante	embellish	equaled, -ing	flammable (not
dinghy (boat)	emboweled, -ing	erysipelas	inflammable)
diphtheria	emboweler	escallop	flection
discreet (prudent)	emigrant (go from)	escapable	fledgling
discrete (distinct)	immigrant (go	esophagus	flexitime
disheveled, -ing	into)	etiology	flier
disk	emigree	evacuee	flotage
dispatch	eminent (famous)	evanescent	flotation
dissension	imminent (soon)	eviscerate	fluorescent
distention	employee	evocative	focused, -ing

folderal graveled, -ing impasse forbade gray forbear (endurance) grievous impostor forebear (ancestor) impresario groveled, -ing foresee gruesome forgettable inculcate guarantee (n., v.) forgo (relinquish) guaranty (n., law) forego (precede) guerrilla (warfare) format, formatted, gorilla (ape) formatting guesstimate forswear inferable guttural fortissimo infold gypsy forward (ahead) foreword (preface) н fricassee hallelujah innocuous fuchsia hara-kiri innuendo fueler harass inoculate fulfill, -ed, -ing, harebrained -ment healthful (for fulsome health) -ment fungus (n., adj.) healthy (with health) funneled, -ing furor heinous hemoglobin fuse (all meanings) hemorrhage fuselage fusillade heterogeneous hiccup G highfalutin gaiety hijack intern gaily homeopath intervener galosh homogeneity

> idiosyncrasy idle (inactive) idol (statue) idyll

homologue

hypocrisy

hypotenuse

hors d'oeuvre

gamboled, -ing

garrote

gazetteer

genealogy

germane

glamour

glycerin

goodbye

glamorous

generalissimo

gobbledygook

gelatin

gauge

imminent (soon) eminent (famous) impaneled, -ing

imperiled, -ing imprimatur indict (to accuse) indite (to compose) inequity (unfairness) iniquity (sin) ingenious (skillful) ingenuous (simple) inquire, inquiry install, -ed, -ing, installation instill, -ed, -ing insure (protect) ensure (guarantee) intelligentsia interceptor interment (burial) internment (jail) intervenor (law) intransigent (n., adj.) iridescent

J jalopy ialousie jerry-(built) jury-(rigged) jeweled, -ing, -er jewelry judgeship

judgment

italic

iujitsu juxtaposition

Κ karat kerneled, -ing kerosene kidnapper

kidnapped, -ing kilogram knapsack kopek kumquat

labeled, -ing lacquer landward lath (wood) lathe (machine) laureled leukemia leveled, -ing leveler liable (responsible) libel (legal) liaison libelant libeled, -ing libelee libeler license licenser (issuer) licensor (grantor) licorice likable lilliputian linage (lines) lineage (descent) liquefy liquor

liqueur

liter

livable

loath (reluctant)	mil (1/1000 inch)	novocaine	perennial
loathe (detest)	mill (1/1000 dollar)	(anesthetic)	periled, -ing
lodestar	mileage	numskull	permittee
lodestone	miliary	0	perquisite (privilege)
lodgment	(tuberculosis)	obbligato	prerequisite
logistics (n.)	milieu	obloquy	(requirement)
logistic (adj.)	milk cow	ocher	personal (individual)
louver	millenary (1,000)	octet	personnel (staff)
luster	millinery (hats)	offal	perspective (view)
lyonnaise	millennium	offense	prospective
•	minable	omelet	(expected)
M	missilery	ophthalmology	petaled, -ing
madam	misspell	opossum	pharaoh
Mafia	miter	orangutan	pharmacopeia
maim	moccasin	orbited, -ing	phoenix
maize (corn)	modeled, -ing	ordinance (law)	phlegm
maze (labyrinth)	modeler	ordnance	phony
maneuver	mold	(military)	phosphorus (n.)
manifold	mollusk	organdy	phosphorous (adj.)
manikin (dwarf)	molt	overseas or oversea	photostated
mannequin (model)	moneys	P	pickax
mantel (shelf)	monogramed, -ing	pajamas	picnicking
mantle (cloak)	monologue	paleontology	pipet
marbleize	mortise	paneled, -ing	plaque
marijuana	movable	paraffin	plastics (n.)
marshaled, -ing	mucilage	paralleled, -ing	plastic (adj.)
marshaler	mucus (n.)	parallelepiped	pledger
marveled, -ing	mucous (adj.)	parceled, -ing	pledgor (law)
marvelous	Muslim	partisan	plenitude
material (goods)	mustache	pastime	pliers
materiel (military)		patrol, -led, -ling	plow
meager	N	peccadillo	poleax
medaled, -ing	naphtha	pedant (n.)	pollination
medalist	Navajo	pedantic (adj.)	pommeled, -ing
medieval	nazism	peddler	pontoon
metaled, -ing	neophyte	penciled, -ing	porcelaneous
metalize	niacin	pendant (n.)	practice (n., v.)
meteorology	nickel	pendent (u.m.)	precedence
(weather)	niter	percent	(priority)
metrology	nonplused	peremptory	precedents (usage)
(weights and	northward	(decisive)	prerogative
measures)	Novocain	preemptory	pretense
meter	(trademark)	(preference)	preventive

sewage (waste)

sewerage (drain

principal (chief) principle (proposition) privilege proffer programmatic programmed, -mer, -ming prologue promissory pronunciation propel, -led, -ling propellant (n.) propellent (adj.) prophecy (n.) prophesy (v.) ptomaine pubic (anatomy) pulmotor pusillanimous

### Q

quarreled, -ing quartet quaternary questionnaire queue

### R

raccoon racket (all meanings) rapprochement rarefy rarity ratable rational (adj.) rationale (n.) rattan raveled, -ing reconnaissance reconnoiter recvclable referable refuse registrar

reinforce relater relator (law) remodeler renaissance reparable repellant (n.) repellent (adj.) requester requestor (law) rescission responder (electronics) responser (electronics) reveled, -er, -ing rhyme, rhythmic RIFing, RIFed, RIFs rivaled, -ing roweled, -ing ruble

### S

saccharin (n.) saccharine (adj.) sacrilegious salable sandaled, -ing savable savanna savior Saviour (Christ) scalloped, -ing schizophrenia scion (horticulture) scurrilous seismology selvage (edging) salvage (save) sentineled, -ing separate (v., adj.) sepulcher seriatim settler

settlor (law)

system) sextet Shakespearean shellacking shoveled, -ing shriveled, -ing sideward signaled, -ing siphon site (place) cite (quote) sizable skeptic skillful skulduggery sleight (deft) slight (meager) smolder sniveled, -ing snorkel soliloguy sometime (formerly) some time (some time ago) some times (at times) southward spacious (space) specious (deceptive) specter spirituous (liquor) spirochete spoliation stationary (fixed) stationery (paper) statue (sculpture) stature (height) statute (law) staunch stenciled, -ing stenciler

stifling stratagem stubbornness stultify stupefy subpoena, -ed subtlety succor sulfur (also derivatives) sulfanilamide sulfureted, -ing supererogation surfeit surreptitious surveillance swiveled, -ing sylvan synonymous syrup

### Т

taboo tactician tasseled, -ing tattoo taxied, -ing technique teetotaler tercentenary theater therefor (for it) therefore (for that reason) thiamine thralldom thrash (beat) thresh (grain) threshold tie, tied, tying timber (wood) timbre (tone) tinseled, -ing titer tonsillitis

٧

tormenter
totaled, -ing
toward
toweled, -ing
toxemia
trafficking
trammeled, -ing
tranquilize(r)
tranquillity
transcendent
transferable
transferor
transferred
transonic
transponder
(electronics)
transshipment
traveled, -ing
traveler
travelogue

triptych
trolley
troop (soldiers)
troupe (actors)
troweled, -ing
tryptophan
tularemia
tunneled, -ing
tunneler
turquoise
typify
tyrannical
tyro
U

unctuous

unwieldy

upward

uremia

usable

# vacillate valance (drape) valence (chemistry) veld veranda vermilion vicissitude victualed, -ing victualer vilify villain visa, -ed, -ing vitamin vitrify volcanism voluntarism votable vying

# wainscoting warranter warrantor (law) warranty weeviled, -ing welder westward whimsy whiskey, -s willful withe woeful woolen woolly worshiped, -er, -ing

W

# Anglicized and foreign words

**5.3.** Diacritical marks are not used with anglicized words.

Α	cafeteria	crepe de chine	elite
abaca	caique	critique	entree
aide memoire	canape	critiquing	etude
a la carte	cause celebre		_
a la king	chateau	D	F
a la mode	cliche	debacle	facade
angstrom	cloisonne	debris	faience
aperitif	comedienne	debut	faux pas
applique	comme ci	debutante	fete
apropos	comme ca	decollete	fiance (masc., fem.)
auto(s)-da-fe	communique	dejeuner	frappe
uato(o) au ie	confrere	denouement	
В	consomme	depot	G
blase	cortege	dos-a-dos	garcon
boutonniere	coulee	_	glace
brassiere	coup de grace	E	grille
	coup d'etat	eclair	gruyere
С	coupe	eclat	
cabana	creme	ecru	Н
cafe	crepe	elan	habitue

I	moire	portiere	seance
ingenue  J jardiniere	N naive naivete	pousse cafe premiere protege (masc., fem.) puree	senor smorgasbord soiree souffle
L laissez faire litterateur	<b>O</b> opera bouffe	R rale	suede <b>T</b>
<b>M</b> materiel	opera comique	recherche regime	table d'hote
matinee melange	<b>P</b> papier mache	risque role	tete-a-tete tragedienne
melee	piece de resistance	rotisserie roue	<b>V</b>
menage mesalliance	pleiade porte cochere	S	vicuna vis-a-vis
metier	porte lumiere	saute	

**5.4.** Foreign words carry the diacritical marks as an essential part of their spelling.

à l'américaine	chargé d'affaires	entrepôt	passé (masc., fem.)
attaché	congé	exposé	pâté
béton	crédit foncier	longéron	père
blessé	crédit mobilier	mañana	piña
calèche	curé	maté	précis
cañada	déjà vu	mère	raisonné
cañon	détente	nacré	résumé
chargé	doña	outré	touché

# **Plural forms**

**5.5.** Nouns ending in *o* immediately preceded by a vowel add *s* to form the plural; nouns ending in *o* preceded by a consonant add *es* to form the plural, except as indicated in the following list.

albinos	falsettos	merinos	sextodecimos
armadillos	gauchos	mestizos	sextos
avocados	ghettos	octavos	siroccos
banjos	halos	octodecimos	solos
cantos	indigos	pianos	tangelos
cascos	infernos	piccolos	tobaccos
centos	juntos	pomelos	twos
didos	kimonos	provisos	tyros
duodecimos	lassos	quartos	virtuosos
dynamos	magnetos	salvos	zeros
escudos	mementos		

**5.6.** When a noun is hyphenated with an adverb or preposition, the plural is formed on the noun.

comings-in hangers-on markers-up fillers-in listeners-in passers-by goings-on lookers-on swearers-in

**5.7.** When neither word is a noun, the plural is formed on the last word.

also-rans go-betweens run-ins come-ons higher-ups tie-ins

**5.8.** In forming the plurals of compound terms, the significant word takes the plural form.

Significant word first: rights-of-way
adjutants general secretaries general
aides-de-camp sergeants at arms
ambassadors at large sergeants major
attorneys at law solicitors general
attorneys general surgeons general

billets-doux

bills of fare Significant word in middle:
brothers-in-law assistant attorneys general
chargés d'affaires assistant chiefs of staff
chiefs of staff assistant comptrollers general
commanders in chief assistant surgeons general

comptrollers general

consuls general Significant word last:
courts-martial assistant attorneys
crepes suzette assistant commissioners
daughters-in-law assistant corporation counsels

governors general assistant directors
grants-in-aid assistant general counsels
heirs at law brigadier generals

inspectors general deputy judges
men-of-war deputy sheriffs
ministers-designate general counsels
mothers-in-law judge advocates

notaries public judge advocates
pilots-in-command lieutenant colonels
postmasters general major generals
presidents-elect prisoners of war provost marshal generals
reductions in force quartermaster generals

trade unions under secretaries vice chairmen men employees secretaries-treasurers women aviators

Both words equally significant:

Bulletin Nos. 27 and 28 *not*Bulletin Nos. 27 and 28 *but*Bulletin No. 27 or 28
coats of arms

masters at arms men buyers No word significant in itself:

forget-me-nots hand-me-downs jack-in-the-pulpits man-of-the-earths pick-me-ups will-o'-the-wisps

**5.9.** Nouns ending with *ful* form the plural by adding *s* at the end; if it is necessary to express the idea that more than one container was filled, the two elements of the solid compound are printed as separate words and the plural is formed by adding *s* to the noun.

five bucketfuls of the mixture (one bucket filled five times) five buckets full of earth (separate buckets) three cupfuls of flour (one cup filled three times) three cups full of coffee (separate cups)

**5.10.** The following list comprises other words the plurals of which may cause difficulty.

addendum, addenda adieu, adieus

agendum, agenda alga, algae

alumnus, alumni (masc.); alumna, alumnae (fem.)

antenna, antennas (antennae,

zoology)

appendix, appendixes aquarium, aquariums automaton, automatons

axis, axes

basis, bases bateau, bateaux beau, beaus cactus, cactuses calix, calices

bandeau, bandeaux

cargo, cargoes chassis (singular and plural)

cherub, cherubs cicatrix, cicatrices

Co., Cos. coccis

consortium, consortia corrigendum, corrigenda

crisis, crises criterion, criteria

curriculum, curriculums

datum (singular), data (plural, but singular in collective sense)

desideratum, desiderata dilettante, dilettanti dogma, dogmas ellipsis, ellipses

equilibrium, equilibriums (equilibria, scientific)

erratum, errata executrix, executrices flambeau, flambeaus

focus, focuses folium, folia formula, formulas forum, forums fungus, fungi genius, geniuses

genius, geniuses genus, genera

gladiolus (singular and plural)

helix, helices

hypothesis, hypotheses

index, indexes (indices, scientific)

insigne, insignia

lacuna, lacunae

italic (singular and plural) Kansas Citys

larva, larvae larynx, larynxes lens, lenses lira, lire locus. loci

madam, mesdames

Marys

matrix, matrices
maximum, maximums
medium, mediums *or* media
memorandum, memorandums
minimum, minimums

minutia, minutiae monsieur, messieurs nucleus, nuclei oasis, oases octopus, octopuses opus, opera

parenthesis, parentheses

phenomenon, phenomena

phylum, phyla plateau, plateaus podium, podiums

procès-verbal, procès-verbaux

radius, radii radix, radixes

referendum, referendums sanatorium, sanatoriums sanitarium, sanitariums

septum, septa sequela, sequelae seraph, seraphs seta, setae ski, skis

stadium, stadiums stimulus, stimuli stratum, strata stylus, styluses syllabus, syllabuses symposium, symposia synopsis, synopses tableau, tableaus taxi, taxis

terminus, termini testatrix, testatrices thesaurus, thesauri thesis, theses thorax, thoraxes

vertebra, vertebras (vertebrae,

zoology) virtuoso, virtuosos vortex, vortexes

# Endings "ible" and "able"

# **5.11.** The following words end in *ible*; other words in this class end in *able*.

abhorrible	appetible	coctible	combustible
accendible	apprehensible	coercible	comestible
accessible	audible	cognoscible	commonsensible
addible	avertible	cohesible	compactible
adducible	bipartible	collapsible	compatible
admissible	circumscriptible	collectible(s)	competible

compossible distractible impersuasible inexpressible comprehensible divertible implausible infallible divestible infeasible compressible impossible inflexible conducible divisible imprescriptible infractible conductible docible imputrescible confluxible edible inaccessible infrangible infusible congestible educible inadmissible effectible innascible contemptible inapprehensible effervescible inscriptible controvertible inaudible conversable (oral) eligible incircumscriptible insensible conversible eludible incoercible instructible insubmergible (convertible) erodible incognoscrible convertible evasible insuppressible incombustible eversible insusceptible convincible incommiscible corrigible evincible intactible incompatible intangible corrodible exemptible incomprehensible corrosible exhaustible incompressible intelligible interconvertible corruptible exigible inconcussible credible incontrovertible interruptible expansible crucible explosible inconvertible intervisible invendible cullible inconvincible expressible invertible decoctible extensible incorrigible deducible fallible incorrodible invincible deductible feasible incorruptible invisible defeasible incredible irascible fencible indefeasible irreducible defectible flexible defensible indefectible fluxible irrefrangible irremissible delible forcible indefensible deprehensible frangible indelible irreprehensible indeprehensible irrepressible depressible fungible indestructible descendible fusible irresistible destructible gullible indigestible irresponsible diffrangible horrible indiscernible irreversible indivertible legible diffusible ignitible indivisible mandible digestible illegible indocible marcescible dimensible immersible discernible immiscible inducible misicible ineffervescible negligible discerpible impartible ineligible nexible discerptible impatible ineludible omissible discussible impedible inevasible ostensible dispersible imperceptible dissectible impermissible inexhaustible partible distensible inexpansible passable (open) imperscriptible

passible (feeling)	reflectible	sensible	transmissible
1			
perceptible	reflexible	sponsible	transvertible
perfectible	refrangible	suasible	tripartible
permissible	remissible	subdivisible	unadmissible
persuasible	renascible	submergible	uncorruptible
pervertible	rendible	submersible	un exhaustible
plausible	reprehensible	subvertible	unexpressible
possible	repressible	suggestible	unintelligible
prehensible	reproducible	supersensible	unresponsible
prescriptible	resistible	suppressible	unsusceptible
producible	responsible	susceptible	vendible
productible	reversible	suspensible	vincible
protrusible	revertible	tangible	visible
putrescible	risible	tensible	vitrescible
receptible	runcible	terrible	
redemptible	sconcible	thurible	
reducible	seducible	traducible	

# Endings "ise," "ize," and "yze"

**5.12.** A large number of words have the termination *ise*, *ize*, or *yze*. The letter *l* is followed by *yze* if the word expresses an idea of loosening or separating, as *analyze*; all other words of this class, except those ending with the suffix *wise* and those in the following list, end in *ize*.

advertise	compromise	excise	prise (to force)
advise	demise	exercise	prize (to value)
affranchise	despise	exorcise	reprise
apprise (to inform)	devise	franchise	revise
apprize (to	disenfranchise	improvise	rise
appraise)	disfranchise	incise	supervise
arise	disguise	merchandise	surmise
chastise	emprise	misadvise	surprise
circumcise	enfranchise	mortise	televise
comprise	enterprise	premise	

# Endings "cede," "ceed," and "sede"

**5.13.** Only one word ends in *sede* (supersede); only three end in *ceed* (exceed, proceed, succeed); all other words of this class end in *cede* (precede, secede, etc.).

### **Doubled consonants**

**5.14.** A single consonant following a single vowel and ending in a monosyllable or a final accented syllable is doubled before a suffix beginning with a vowel.

bag, bagging red, reddish but

format, formatting rob, robbing total, totaled, totaling input, inputting transfer, transferred traveled, traveled, traveling

**5.15.** If the accent in a derivative falls upon an earlier syllable than it does in the root word, the consonant is not doubled.

refer, reference prefer, preference infer, inference

### Indefinite articles

**5.16.** The indefinite article *a* is used before a consonant and an aspirated *h*; *an* is used before a silent *h* and all vowels except *u* pronounced as in *visual* and *o* pronounced as in *one*.

a historic occasion an herbseller but
a hotel an hour an H-U-D directive
a human being an honor a HUD directive
a humble man an onion
a union an oyster

**5.17.** When a group of initials begins with *b*, *c*, *d*, *g*, *j*, *k*, *p*, *q*, *t*, *u*, *v*, *w*, *y*, or *z*, each having a consonant sound, the indefinite article *a* is used.

a BLS compilation a GAO limitation a WWW search a CIO finding a UFO sighting

**5.18.** When a group of initials begins with *a*, *e*, *f*, *h*, *i*, *l*, *m*, *n*, *o*, *r*, *s*, or *x*, each having a vowel sound, the indefinite article *an* is used.

an AEC report an NSC (en) proclamation an FCC (ef) ruling an RFC (ahr) loan

**5.19.** Use of the indefinite article *a* or *an* before a numerical expression is determined by the consonant or vowel sound of the beginning syllable.

an 11-year-old an VIII (eight) classification

a onetime winner a IV-F (four ef) category (military draft)

a III (three) group a 4-H Club

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### Geographic names

**5.20.** The spelling of geographic names must conform to the decisions of the U.S. Board on Geographic Names (BGN) (http://geonames. usgs.gov). In the absence of such a decision, the U.S. Directory of Post Offices is to be used.

**5.21.** If the decisions or the rules of the BGN permit the use of either the local official form or the conventional English form, it is the prerogative of the originating office to select the form which is most suitable for the matter in hand; therefore, in marking copy or reading proof, it is required only to verify the spelling of the particular form used. GPO's preference is for the conventional English form. Copy will be followed as to accents, but these should be consistent throughout the entire job.

### Nationalities, etc.

- **5.22.** The table on Demonyms in Chapter 17 "Useful Tables" shows forms to be used for nouns and adjectives denoting nationality.
- **5.23.** In designating the natives of the States, the following forms will be used.

Alabamian	Louisianian	Ohioan
Alaskan	Mainer	Oklahoman
Arizonan	Marylander	Oregonian
Arkansan	Massachusettsan	Pennsylvanian
Californian	Michiganian	Rhode Islander
Coloradan	Minnesotan	South Carolinian
Connecticuter	Mississippian	South Dakotan
Delawarean	Missourian	Tennessean
Floridian	Montanan	Texan
Georgian	Nebraskan	Utahn
Hawaiian	Nevadan	Vermonter
Idahoan	New Hampshirite	Virginian
Illinoisan	New Jerseyan	Washingtonian
Indianian	New Mexican	West Virginian
Iowan	New Yorker	Wisconsinite
Kansan	North Carolinian	Wyomingite
Kentuckian	North Dakotan	

## **5.24.** Observe the following forms:

African-American

Alaska Native (Aleuts, Eskimos, Indians of Alaska)

Amerindian

Native American (American Indian)

Puerto Rican

Part-Hawaiian (legal status)

but part-Japanese, etc.

#### **Native American words**

**5.25.** Words, including tribal and other proper names of Indian, Aleut, Hawaiian, and other groups, are to be followed literally as to spelling and the use of spaces, hyphens, etc.

#### **Transliteration**

**5.26.** In the spelling of nongeographic words transliterated from Chinese, Japanese, or any other language that does not have a Latin alphabet, copy is to be followed literally.

### 6. Compounding Rules

(See also Chapter 7 "Compounding Examples")

- 6.1. A compound word is a union of two or more words, either with or without a hyphen. It conveys a unit idea that is not as clearly or quickly conveyed by the component words in unconnected succession. The hyphen is a mark of punctuation that not only unites but separates the component words, and thus facilitates understanding, aids readability, and ensures correct pronunciation. When compound words must be divided at the end of a line, such division should be made leaving prefixes and combining forms of more than one syllable intact.
- **6.2.** In applying the rules in this chapter and in using the list of examples in the following chapter, "Compounding Examples," the fluid nature of our language should be kept in mind. Word forms constantly undergo modification. Two-word forms, which often acquired the hyphen first, frequently bypass the hyphen stage and instantly assume a one-word form.
- **6.3.** The rules, therefore, are somewhat flexible. Exceptions must necessarily be allowed. Current language trends continue to point to closing up certain words which, through either frequent use or widespread dissemination through modern media exposure, have become fixed in the reader's mind as units of thought. The tendency to merge two short words continues to be a natural progression toward better communication.

#### **General rules**

**6.4.** In general, omit the hyphen when words appear in regular order and the omission causes no ambiguity in sense or sound.

banking hours	eye opener	real estate
blood pressure	fellow citizen	rock candy
book value	living costs	training ship
census taker	palm oil	violin teacher
day laborer	patent right	

**6.5.** Words are usually combined to express a literal or nonliteral (figurative) unit idea that would not be as clearly expressed in unconnected succession.

afterglow forget-me-not right-of-way bookkeeping gentleman whitewash cupboard newsprint

cupotatu newsprint

**6.6.** A derivative of a compound retains the solid or hyphenated form of the original compound unless otherwise indicated.

coldbloodedness outlawry Y-shaped footnoting praiseworthiness ill-advisedly railroader

**6.7.** A hyphen is used to avoid doubling a vowel or tripling a consonant, except after the short prefixes *co*, *de*, *pre*, *pro*, and *re*, which are generally printed solid. (See also rules 6.29 and 6.32.)

anti-inflation thimble-eye co-occupant micro-organism ultra-atomic cross section

# Solid compounds

**6.8.** Print solid two nouns that form a third when the compound has only one primary accent, especially when the prefixed noun consists of only one syllable or when one of the elements loses its original accent.

airship cupboard footnote bathroom dressmaker locksmith bookseller fishmonger workman

**6.9.** Print solid a noun consisting of a short verb and an adverb as its second element, except when the use of the solid form would interfere with comprehension.

blowout builddown flareback cooldown breakdown giveaway hangover runoff but holdup setup cut-in makeready showdown phase-in markoff thowaway run-in pickup tradeoff sit-in

**6.10.** Compounds beginning with the following nouns are usually printed solid.

book mill snow eye play way horse school wood house shop work

**6.11.** Compounds ending in the following are usually printed solid, especially when the prefixed word consists of one syllable.

keeping berry room bird land shop blossom light site board like skin boat line smith book load stone borne maid store bound maker tail box making tight boy time (not clock) man brained master ward bug mate ware bush mill water cam mistress way craft wear monger field over weed fish wide owner flower wise but #ownership fly person woman girl picker wood grower picking work headed worker hearted piece plane working holder worm power hopper worthy house proof keeper roach writer

**6.12.** Print solid *any*, *every*, *no*, and *some* when combined with *body*, *thing*, and *where*. When *one* is the second element, print as two words if meaning a single or particular person or thing. To avoid mispronunciation, print *no one* as two words at all times.

everywhere anybody somebody anything everyone something anywhere nobody somewhere anyone nothing someone everybody nowhere everything no one

but any one of us may stay; every one of the pilots is responsible; every body was accounted for

**6.13.** Print compound personal pronouns as one word.

herself oneself yourself
himself ourselves yourselves
itself themselves
myself thyself

**6.14.** Print as one word compass directions consisting of two points, but use a hyphen after the first point when three points are combined.

northeast north-northeast southwest south-southwest

also north-south alignment

#### **Unit modifiers**

6.15. Print a hyphen between words, or abbreviations and words, combined to form a unit modifier immediately preceding the word modified, except as indicated in rule 6.16 and elsewhere throughout this chapter. This applies particularly to combinations in which one element is a present or past participle.

agreed-upon standards Federal-State-local cooperation Baltimore-Washington road German-English descent collective-bargaining talks guided-missile program contested-election case hearing-impaired class contract-bar rule high-speed line cost-of-living increase large-scale project drought-stricken area law-abiding citizen English-speaking nation long-term loan fire-tested material line-item veto

long-term-payment loan
low-cost housing
lump-sum payment
most-favored-nation clause
multiple-purpose uses
no-par-value stock
one-on-one situation
part-time personnel
rust-resistant covering
service-connected disability
state-of-the-art technology
supply-side economics
tool-and-die maker
up-or-down vote

U.S.-owned property; U.S.-flagship 1-inch diameter; 2-inch-diameter pipe

a 4-percent increase, the 10-percent rise

but

4 percent citric acid

4 percent interest. (Note the absence of an article: *a, an,* or *the.* The word *of* is understood here.)

**6.16.** Where meaning is clear and readability is not aided, it is not necessary to use a hyphen to form a temporary or made compound. Restraint should be exercised in forming unnecessary combinations of words used in normal sequence.

atomic energy power bituminous coal industry child welfare plan civil rights case civil service examination durable goods industry flood control study free enterprise system ground water levels high school student elementary school grade income tax form interstate commerce law land bank loan land use program life insurance company mutual security funds

natural gas company
per capita expenditure
Portland cement plant
production credit loan
public at large
public utility plant
real estate tax
small businessman
Social Security pension
soil conservation measures
special delivery mail
parcel post delivery

national defense appropriation

*but* no-hyphen rule (readability aided); *not* no hyphen rule

speech correction class

**6.17.** Print without a hyphen a compound predicate adjective or predicate noun the second element of which is a present participle.

The duties were price fixing. The effects were far reaching. The shale was oil bearing.
The area is used for beet raising.

**6.18.** Print without a hyphen a compound predicate adjective the second element of which is a past participle. Omit the hyphen in a predicate modifier of comparative or superlative degree.

The area is drought stricken. This material is fire tested.

The paper is fine grained. The cars are higher priced.

Moderately fine grained wood. The reporters are better informed.

**6.19.** Print without a hyphen a two-word modifier the first element of which is a comparative or superlative.

better drained soil but

best liked books uppercrust society
higher level decision lowercase, uppercase type

highest priced apartment upperclassman larger sized dress bestseller (noun) better paying job lighter-than-air craft lower income group higher-than-market price

**6.20.** Do not use a hyphen in a two-word unit modifier the first element of which is an adverb ending in *ly*, nor use hyphens in a three-word unit modifier the first two elements of which are adverbs.

eagerly awaited moment but
wholly owned subsidiary ever-normal granary
unusually well preserved specimen
very well defined usage still-new car
longer than usual lunch period still-lingering doubt
not too distant future well-known lawyer
most often heard phrase well-kept secret

**6.21.** Proper nouns used as unit modifiers, either in their basic or derived form, retain their original form; but the hyphen is printed when combining forms.

Latin American countries Seventh-day Adventists

North Carolina roads bu

a Mexican-American Minneapolis-St. Paul region
South American trade North American-South American

Spanish-American pride sphere

Winston-Salem festival French-English descent

African-American program Washington-Wilkes-Barre route
Anglo-Saxon period or Washington/Wilkes-Barre

Franco-Prussian War route

**6.22.** Do not confuse a modifier with the word it modifies.

elderly clothesman well-trained schoolteacher
old-clothes man elementary school teacher
competent shoemaker preschool children (kindergarten)

wooden-shoe maker pre-school children (before school)

field canning factory rezoned wastesite tomato-canning factory hazardous-waste site

brave servicemen

service men and women but

light blue hat (weight) common stockholder
light-blue hat (color) stock ownership
average taxpayer small businessman
income-tax payer working men and women
American flagship (military) steam powerplant site
American-flagship meat packinghouse owner

**6.23.** Where two or more hyphenated compounds have a common basic element and this element is omitted in all but the last term, the hyphens are retained.

2- to 3- and 4- to 5-ton trucks

2- by 4-inch boards, but boards 2 to 6 inches wide

8-, 10-, and 16-foot boards

6.4-, 3.1-, and 2-percent pay raises

moss- and ivy-covered walls, not moss and ivy-covered walls

long- and short-term money rates, *not* long and short-term money rates

but twofold or threefold, not two or threefold

goat, sheep, and calf skins, *not* goat, sheep, and calfskins intrastate and intracity, *not* intra-state and -city

American owned and managed companies preoperative and postoperative examination

**6.24.** Do not use a hyphen in a unit modifier consisting of a foreign phrase.

ante bellum days ex officio member per diem employee bona fide transaction per capita tax prima facie evidence

**6.25.** Do not print a hyphen in a unit modifier containing a letter or a numeral as its second element.

abstract B pages class II railroad point 4 program article 3 provisions grade A milk ward D beds

**6.26.** Do not use a hyphen in a unit modifier enclosed in quotation marks unless it is normally a hyphenated term, but quotation marks are not to be used in lieu of a hyphen.

"blue sky" law but

"good neighbor" policy right-to-work law "tie-in" sale line-item veto

**6.27.** Print combination color terms as separate words, but use a hyphen when such color terms are unit modifiers.

bluish green bluish-green feathers dark green iron-gray sink orange red silver-gray body

**6.28.** Do not use a hyphen between independent adjectives preceding a noun.

big gray cat a fine old southern gentleman

## Prefixes, suffixes, and combining forms

**6.29.** Print solid combining forms and prefixes, except as indicated elsewhere.

afterbirth infrared peripatetic Anglomania interview planoconvex antedate *intra*spinal polynodal antislavery introvert postscript biweekly. isometric preexist *by*law macroanalysis proconsul circumnavigation mesothorax pseudoscholastic cisalpine metagenesis reenact cooperate *micro*phone retrospect contraposition misstate *semi*official step father countercase monogram multicolor *sub*secretary *de*energize demitasse neophyte *super*market excommunicate nonneutral thermocouple extracurricular offset transonic foretell outbake transship tricolor heroicomic overactive hypersensitive ultraviolet pancosmic hypoacid paracentric unnecessary inbound underflow *parti*coated

**6.30.** Print solid combining forms and suffixes, except as indicated elsewhere.

portable geography procurement coverage manhood innermost selfish operate partnership plebiscite pumpkin lonesome twentyfold meatless homestead northward spoonful outlet kilogram wavelike clockwise

**6.31.** Print solid words ending in *like*, but use a hyphen to avoid tripling a consonant or when the first element is a proper name.

lifelike girllike Scotland-like lilylike bell-like McArtor-like

**6.32.** Use a hyphen or hyphens to prevent mispronunciation, to ensure a definite accent on each element of the compound, or to avoid ambiguity.

anti-hog-cholera serum re-cover (cover again)
co-occurrence re-creation (create again)

co-op re-lay (lay again)
mid-decade re-sorting (sort again)
multi-ply (several plies) re-treat (treat again)

non-civil-service position un-ionized non-tumor-bearing tissue un-uniformity

pre-midcourse review

pre-position (before) but
pro-choice rereferred
pro-life rereviewed

**6.33.** Use a hyphen to join duplicated prefixes.

re-redirect sub-subcommittee super-superlative

**6.34.** Print with a hyphen the prefixes *ex*, *self*, and *quasi*.

ex-governor quasi-argument ex-serviceman quasi-corporation ex-son-in-law quasi-young

ex-vice-president

self-control but self-educated selfhood quasi-academic selfsame

**6.35.** Unless usage demands otherwise, use a hyphen to join a prefix or combining form to a capitalized word. (The hyphen is retained in words of this class set in caps.)

anti-American non-Federal

pro-British

un-American but

non-Government nongovernmental neo-Nazi overanglicize post-World War II transatlantic

or post-Second World War

## **Numerical compounds**

**6.36.** Print a hyphen between the elements of compound numbers from twenty-one to ninety-nine and in adjective compounds with a numerical first element.

twenty-one three-and-twenty
twenty-first two-sided question
6-footer multimillion-dollar fund
6-foot-11-inch man 10-dollar-per-car tax
24-inch ruler thirty- (30-) day period

3-week vacation

8-hour day but

10-minute delay one hundred twenty-one

20th-century progress 100-odd 3-to-1 ratio foursome 5-to-4 vote threescore .22-caliber cartridge foursquare

2-cent-per-pound tax \$20 million airfield four-in-hand tie \$econd grade children

**6.37.** Print without a hyphen a modifier consisting of a possessive noun preceded by a numeral. (See also rule 8.14.)

1 month's layoff3 weeks' vacation1 week's pay1 minute's delay2 hours' workbut a 1-minute delay

**6.38.** Print a hyphen between the elements of a fraction, but omit it between the numerator and the denominator when the hyphen appears in either or in both.

one-thousandth twenty-three thirtieths two-thirds twenty-one thirty-seconds two one-thousandths three-fourths of an inch

**6.39.** A unit modifier following and reading back to the word or words modified takes a hyphen and is printed in the singular.

```
motor, alternating-current, 3-phase, 60-cycle, 115-volt glass jars: 5-gallon, 2-gallon, 1-quart belts: 2-inch, 1¼-inch, ½-inch, ¼-inch
```

# Civil and military titles

**6.40.** Do not hyphenate a civil or military title denoting a single office, but print a double title with a hyphen.

ambassador at large secretary-treasurer assistant attorney general sergeant at arms commander in chief treasurer-manager comptroller general under secretary

Congressman at Large but under-secretaryship

major general vice president

notary public but vice-presidency

secretary general

**6.41.** The adjectives *elect* and *designate*, as the last element of a title, require a hyphen.

President-elect (Federal)
Vice-President-elect (Federal)
Secretary of Housing and Urban
Development-designate

ambassador-designate minister-designate

#### Scientific and technical terms

**6.42.** Do not print a hyphen in scientific terms (names of chemicals, diseases, animals, insects, plants) used as unit modifiers if no hyphen appears in their original form.

carbon monoxide poisoning whooping cough remedy

guinea pig raising bi

hog cholera serum Russian-olive plantings methyl bromide solution Douglas-fir tree

stem rust control

equivalent uranium content

**6.43.** Chemical elements used in combination with figures use a hyphen, except with superior figures.

**6.44.** Note use of hyphens and closeup punctuation in chemical formulas.

9-nitroanthra(1,9,4,10)bis(1)oxathiazone-2,7-bisdioxide Cr-Ni-Mo 2,4-D

**6.45.** Print a hyphen between the elements of technical or contrived compound units of measurement.

candela-hour light-year work-year crop-year passenger-mile but kilowatthour

horsepower-hour staff-hour

# Improvised compounds

**6.46.** Print with a hyphen the elements of an improvised compound.

blue-pencil (v.) George "Pay-As-You-Go" Miller

18-year-old (n., u.m.)stick-in-the-mud (n.)know-it-all (n.)let-George-do-it attitudeknow-how (n.)how-to-be-beautiful course

lick-the-finger-and-test-the-wind hard-and-fast rule

economics penny-wise and pound-foolish policy

make-believe (n., u.m.) first-come-first-served basis one-man-one-vote principle *but* a basis of first come, first served

roll-on/roll-off ship

**6.47.** Use hyphens in a prepositional-phrase compound noun consisting of three or more words.

cat-o'-nine-tails	man-of-war	but
government-in-exile	mother-in-law	heir at law
grant-in-aid	mother-of-pearl	next of kin
jack-in-the-box	patent-in-fee	officer in charge

**6.48.** When the corresponding noun form is printed as separate words, the verb form is always hyphenated.

cold-shoulder blue-pencil cross-brace

**6.49.** Print a hyphen in a compound formed of repetitive or conflicting terms and in a compound naming the same thing under two aspects.

boogie-woogie	hanky-panky	young-old
comedy-ballet	murder-suicide	but
dead-alive	nitty-gritty	bowwow
devil-devil	pitter-patter	dillydally
even-stephen	razzle-dazzle	hubbub
farce-melodrama	walkie-talkie	nitwit
fiddle-faddle	willy-nilly	riffraff

**6.50.** Use a hyphen in a nonliteral compound expression containing an apostrophe in its first element.

asses'-eyes bull's-eye crow's-nest ass's-foot cat's-paw

**6.51.** Use a hyphen to join a single capital letter to a noun or a participle.

H-bomb C-section but
I-beam V-necked x ray
T-shaped S-iron x raying
U-boat T-square S turns
C-chip X-ed out

**6.52.** Print idiomatic phrases without hyphens.

come by insofar as nowadays

inasmuch as Monday week

# 7. Compounding Examples

- 7.1. The following examples are based on the rules for compounding found in chapter 6. Obviously, this list or any other list of compound words could not possibly be a complete reference due to sheer volume. However, an analogy of the words listed with like prefixes and suffixes together with an application of the rules will result in easier handling of those compound words not listed.
- **7.2.** In order to keep the list from becoming cumbersome, certain restrictions had to be adopted.
- **7.3.** The listing of hyphenated compounds ending in *ed* was kept to a minimum. The rationale was to provide one or two examples under a keyword rather than needless repetition.
- **7.4.** Similarly, many two-word forms which create no difficulty were omitted.
- **7.5.** Care was exercised to achieve fuller coverage of solid compounds, particularly when the adopted form is different than that of Webster's Third New International Dictionary. This dictionary is GPO's guide for spelling with the exception of those words listed in rule 5.2. It is not GPO's guide to compounding.
- **7.6.** A distinction exists between words used in a literal sense and a non-literal sense. With few exceptions, one-word forms usually express a nonliteral interpretation, while two-word forms invariably convey a literal meaning. For example, a person may have an interesting *sideline* or hobby, but be forced to sit on the *side line* during periods of inactivity.
- **7.7.** Distinction should also be made in the compounding of two words to form an adjective modifier and the use of the same words as a predicate adjective; e.g., "crystal-clear water," *but* "the water is crystal clear"; "fire-tested material," *but* "the material is fire tested."

**7.8.** Caution should be exercised when distinguishing whether a succession of words is being used as a compound or whether they simply appear together. Consider, for example, "We know *someone* should do it and who that *some one* ought to be."

- **7.9.** For better appearance, it may sometimes be necessary to treat alike words which would have different forms when they appear separately; e.g., *bumblebee* and *queen bee*, *farmhand* and *ranch hand*. In juxtaposition, these and similar words should be made uniform by being printed as two words. This is only a temporary expedient and does not supersede the list.
- **7.10.** Combining forms and prefixes are usually printed solid. For greater readability, the hyphen is sometimes used to avoid doubling a vowel (anti-inflation, naso-orbital); to facilitate a normally capitalized word (mid-April, non-European); to assure distinct pronunciation of each element of a compound or ready comprehension of intended meaning (contra-ion, un-ionized); or to join a combining form or prefix to a hyphenated compound (equi-gram-molar, pro-mother-in-law).
- **7.11.** As nouns and adjectives, *holdup*, *calldown*, *layout*, *makeup*, and similar words should be printed solid. Their *er* derivatives, (*holderup*, *caller-down*, *layer-out*, and *maker-up*) require hyphens. Such compounds as *run-in*, *run-on*, and *tie-in* resist quick comprehension when solid. They are therefore hyphenated.
- **7.12.** Words spelled alike but pronounced differently, such as *tear-dimmed* and *tearsheet*, *wind tunnel* and *windup*, are listed under the same keyword.
- **7.13.** Words printed flush in the following list combine with the words which follow to indicate solid or hyphenated compounds. A spacemark (#) appearing before an indented entry indicates a two-word form, but two-word forms appearing in the adjective position usually take a hyphen.
- **7.14.** To indicate word function, several abbreviations have been appended. They are: *adv.*, adverb; *n.*, noun; *v.*, verb; *u.m.*, unit modifier; *pref.*, prefix; *c.f.*, combining form; and *conj.*, conjunction.

A	addle	-cooled (u.m.)	-slaked (u.m.)
A	brain	course	sleeve
BC(s) (n.)	head	crew	space
-B-C (u.m.)	pate	-dried (u.m.)	speed
-bomb	add-on (n., u.m.)	-driven (u.m.)	stream
-day	adeno (c.f.)	drome	strike
-flat	all one word	drop	strip
-frame	aero (c.f.)	-dry (u.m., v.)	#time (radio and
-pole	-otitis	fare	TV)
-sharp	rest one word	-floated (u.m.)	wave
-snarp a	afore	flow	woman
borning, etc.	all one word	foil	worthy
foot	after (c.f.)	-formed (u.m.)	alder-leaved (u.m.)
while (adv.)	all one word	frame	ale
abdomino (c.f.)	agar-agar	freight	cup
all one word	age	gap	-fed (u.m.)
able	less	glow	glass
-bodied (u.m.)	long	hammer	alkali#land
, ,	-old (u.m.)	head	all
-minded (u.m.) about-face	-stricken (u.m.)	hole	-absorbing (u.m.)
about-race above	-weary (u.m.)	hose	-aged (u.m.)
	agribusiness	lane	-American
-cited (u.m.) deck	ague	lift	-clear (n., u.m.)
	-faced (u.m.)	#line (line for air)	-fired (u.m.)
-found (u.m.)	-plagued (u.m.)	line (aviation)	-flotation
-given (u.m.)	-sore (u.m.)	liner	(mining)
ground (u.m.)	aide-de-camp	link	#fours
-mentioned (u.m.)	air	locked	#in
-named (u.m.) -said (u.m.)	bag	mail	-inclusive (u.m.)
-water (u.m.)	base	mark (v.)	mark (printing)
	bill	marker	-out (u.m.)
-written (u.m.) absentminded	blast	mass	-possessed (u.m.)
	-blasted (u.m.)	minded	-round (u.m.)
ace-high (u.m.)	blown	park	spice
fast	brake	path	-star (u.m.)
-treat (v.)	brush	photo	time (u.m.)
works	burst	port (all	wise
ack-ack	cargo	meanings)	alleyway
	-clear (u.m.)	#raid	allo (c.f.)
acre -foot	coach	scoop	all one word
-inch	-condition (all	ship	almsgiver
actino (c.f.)	forms)	show	along
actino (c.i.) all one word	-cool (v.)	sick	ship
an one wora	·	I	1

shore	food	-life	arc
side	angio (c.f.)	-missile-missile	-over (n., u.m.)
alpen	all one word	(u.m.)	-weld (v.)
glow	angle	missile	arch (pref.)
stock	hook	personnel	band
alpha	meter	trust, etc.	bishop
-cellulose	wing	-New#Deal, etc.	duke
-iron	worm	rest one word	enemy
-naphthol	Anglo (c.f.)	antro (c.f.)	-Protestant
also-ran (n., u.m.)	-American, etc.	all one word	archeo (c.f.)
alto	rest one word	anvil	all one word
cumulus	anhydr(o) (c.f.)	-faced (u.m.)	archi (pref.)
relievo	all one word	-headed (u.m.)	all one word
stratus	ankle	any	archo (c.f.)
amber	bone	body	all one word
-clear (u.m.)	-deep (u.m.)	how	areo (c.f.)
-colored (u.m.)	jack	one	all one word
-tipped (u.m.)	ant	#one (one thing	aristo (c.f.)
ambi (c.f.)	eater	or one of	all one word
all one word	hill	a group)	arithmo (c.f.)
amidships	ante (pref.)	place (adv.)	all one word
amino	#bellum, etc.	aorto (c.f.)	arm
#acid	-Christian, etc.	all one word	band
as prefix, all one	#mortem	apo (pref.)	bone
word	mortem	all one word	chair
ampere	(nonliteral)	apple	hole
-foot	rest one word	cart	lift
-hour	antero (c.f.)	jack	pit
meter	all one word	#juice	plate
-minute	anthra (c.f.)	sauce	rack
-second	all one word	-scented (u.m.)	rest
amphi (pref.)	anthropo (c.f.)	April-fool (v.)	-shaped (u.m.)
all one word	all one word	aqua	armor
amylo (c.f.)	anti (pref.)	culture	-clad (u.m.)
all one word	-American, etc.	lung	-piercing (u.m.)
anchor	-choice	marine	plate
hold	christ	meter	-plated (u.m.)
#light	god	puncture	smith
plate	-hog-cholera	tint	arm's-length (u.m.)
angel	(u.m.)	tone	arrow
cake	-icer	aquo (c.f.)	head
-eyed (u.m.)	-imperial	-ion	-leaved (u.m.)
-faced (u.m.)	-inflation, etc.		1

-shaped (u.m.)	authorship	breaker	staff
shot	auto (c.f.)	cap	stage
-toothed (u.m.)	-logon	chain	stairs
arseno (c.f.)	matic#backup	charge	stamp
all one word	-objective	-country (u.m.)	stay
art-colored (u.m.)	-observation	cross	stitch
arterio (c.f.)	-omnibus	date	stop
all one word	-ophthalmoscope	down (n., u.m.)	strap
arthro (c.f.)	rest one word	drop	-streeter
all one word	awe	face	stretch (n.)
artillery	-bound (u.m.)	feed	string
man	-filled (u.m.)	fill	strip (book)
woman	-inspired (u.m.)	fire	stroke
asbestos	some	flap	-swath (v.)
-covered (u.m.)	ax	flash	swept
-packed (u.m.)	-adz	flow	swing
ash	-grinding (u.m.)	-focus (v.)	tack
bin	hammer	furrow	talk
can	head	ground	tender
-colored (u.m.)	-shaped (u.m.)	hand	tenter
-free (u.m.)	axletree	haul	-titrate (v.)
-gray (u.m.)	axo (c.f.)	-in (n., u.m.)	track (v.)
#heap	all one word	lash	trail
pan	azo (c.f.)	list (v.)	up (n., u.m.)
pile	-orange	log	wall
pit	-orchil	lotter	wash
tray	-orseilline	packer (n.)	water
assembly	rest one word	paddle (v.)	backer
#line		pay	-down
man	В	payment	-off
#room	B-flat	pedal (v.)	-up
astro (c.f.)	baby	plate	bag
all one word	#boomer	rest	boy
attorney#at#law	face (n.)	road	-cheeked (u.m.)
audio	#food	run	girl
frequency	sit (v.)	saw	pipe
gram	sitter	scatter	-shaped (u.m.)
meter	back	set	baggage
tape	ache	shift	man
visual	band	slide	#rack
auri (c.f.)	bite (v.)	space	#room
-iodide	biter	spin	#train
rest one word	bone	spread	bailout (n., u.m.)
	I	. *	1 ' '

bakepostbathherdoventendermathidepan-wound (u.m.)robehoundshopbare#toweloff (n., u.m.)bald-armed (u.m.)tubtrapfacedbackbatswing (cloth)beaterhead (n.)bonebattle-outpatefacedbattle-upballfootaxbeautyfieldhanded-fallen (u.m.)-blind (u.m.)#gameleggedfront-clad (u.m.)-likeneckedground#shoppark (nonliteral)worn-scarred (u.m.)beaverpelt#park (literal)barge-laden (u.m.)shipbedplayerbarksteadboardpoint (n., u.m.)cutterwagonchair				
pan -wound (u.m.) robe hound off (n., u.m.)  bald -armed (u.m.) tub trap  faced back batswing (cloth) beater  head (n.) bone battercake -out  pate faced ball foot ax beauty  field handed -fallen (u.m.) -blind (u.m.)  #game legged front -clad (u.m.)  -like necked ground #shop  park (nonliteral) worn -scarred (u.m.) beaverpelt  #park (literal) player bark stead board	bake	post	bath	herd
shop bald -armed (u.m.) tub trap back batswing (cloth) batter head (n.) bone battle -up ball field field handed -like park (nonliteral) player balk -armed (u.m.) tub ttrap battwartage battwartage battwartage battle -up battle -up beauty -fallen (u.m.) -fallen (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -scarred (u.m.) beaverpelt bed batty -bind (u.m.) beaverpelt bed bark  #board	oven	tender	mat	hide
bald-armed (u.m.)tubtrapfacedbackbatswing (cloth)beaterhead (n.)bonebattercake-outpatefacedbattle-upballfootaxbeautyfieldhanded-fallen (u.m.)-blind (u.m.)#gameleggedfront-clad (u.m.)-likeneckedground#shoppark (nonliteral)worn-scarred (u.m.)beaverpelt#park (literal)barge-laden (u.m.)shipbedplayerbarksteadboard	pan	-wound (u.m.)	robe	hound
faced back batswing (cloth) beater head (n.) bone battercake -out pate faced battle -up ball foot ax beauty field handed -fallen (u.m.) -blind (u.m.) #game legged front -clad (u.m.) -like necked ground #shop park (nonliteral) worn -scarred (u.m.) beaverpelt #park (literal) barge-laden (u.m.) ship bed player bark stead board	shop	bare	#towel	off (n., u.m.)
head (n.) pate faced battle -out -up ball foot ax beauty field handed -fallen (u.m.) #game -like park (nonliteral) #park (literal) player bone faced battle -up beauty -fallen (u.m.) -fallen (u.m.) -fallen (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) #shop beaverpelt beat beat board	bald	-armed (u.m.)	tub	trap
pate faced battle -up ball foot ax beauty field handed -fallen (u.m.) -blind (u.m.) #game legged front -clad (u.m.) -like necked ground #shop park (nonliteral) worn -scarred (u.m.) beaverpelt #park (literal) barge-laden (u.m.) ship bed player bark stead board	faced	back	batswing (cloth)	beater
ballfootaxbeautyfieldhanded-fallen (u.m.)-blind (u.m.)#gameleggedfront-clad (u.m.)-likeneckedground#shoppark (nonliteral)worn-scarred (u.m.)beaverpelt#park (literal)barge-laden (u.m.)shipbedplayerbarksteadboard	head (n.)	bone	battercake	-out
field handed -fallen (u.m.) -blind (u.m.)  #game legged front -clad (u.m.)  -like necked ground #shop  park (nonliteral) worn -scarred (u.m.) beaverpelt  #park (literal) barge-laden (u.m.) ship bed  player bark stead board	pate	faced	battle	-up
#game legged front -clad (u.m.) -like necked ground #shop park (nonliteral) worn -scarred (u.m.) beaverpelt #park (literal) barge-laden (u.m.) ship bed player bark stead board	ball	foot	ax	beauty
-like necked ground #shop park (nonliteral) worn -scarred (u.m.) beaverpelt #park (literal) barge-laden (u.m.) ship bed player bark stead board	field	handed	-fallen (u.m.)	-blind (u.m.)
park (nonliteral) worn -scarred (u.m.) beaverpelt #park (literal) barge-laden (u.m.) ship bed player bark stead board	#game	legged	front	-clad (u.m.)
#park (literal)barge-laden (u.m.)shipbedplayerbarksteadboard	-like	necked	ground	#shop
player bark stead board	park (nonliteral)	worn	-scarred (u.m.)	beaverpelt
1 /	#park (literal)	barge-laden (u.m.)	ship	bed
point (n., u.m.) cutter wagon chair	player	bark	stead	board
	point (n., u.m.)	cutter	wagon	chair
stock peel baud#rate chamber	stock	peel	baud#rate	chamber
ballot#box -tanned (u.m.) baybolt clothes	ballot#box	-tanned (u.m.)	baybolt	clothes
band barley beach cord	band	barley	beach	cord
aid corn comber cover	aid	corn	comber	cover
box mow head -fallen (u.m.)	box	mow	head	-fallen (u.m.)
cutter #water wagon fast	cutter	#water	wagon	fast
saw barnstormer <b>bead</b> fellow	saw	barnstormer	bead	fellow
stand barrel flush frame	stand	barrel	flush	frame
string head roll lamp	string	head	roll	lamp
-tailed (u.m.) -roll (v.) beak linen	-tailed (u.m.)	-roll (v.)	beak	linen
wagon -shaped (u.m.) head pad	wagon	-shaped (u.m.)	head	pad
width base iron pan	width	=	iron	pan
bandy ball -shaped (u.m.) plate	bandy	ball	-shaped (u.m.)	plate
ball ball#bat <b>beam</b> post	ball	ball#bat	beam	post
-legged (u.m.) line filling quilt	-legged (u.m.)	line	filling	quilt
bangup (n., u.m.) #line (surveying) -making (u.m.) rail		#line (surveying)	-making (u.m.)	rail
bank -minded (u.m.) bean #rest	bank	-minded (u.m.)	bean	#rest
book basi (c.f.) bag ridden	book	basi (c.f.)	bag	ridden
note all one word cod rock	note	all one word	cod	rock
#paper basketball -fed (u.m.) sheet	#paper	basketball	-fed (u.m.)	sheet
side (stream) bas-relief pole sick	side (stream)	bas-relief	pole	sick
bantamweight bat pot side		_	_	
bar blind setter sore	bar	blind	setter	sore
#bit -eyed (u.m.) -shaped (u.m.) space	#bit			
code fowl stalk spread	code	•	_	_
keeper wing <b>bear</b> spring			bear	_
maid batch#file baiting stand	•		baiting	

stead	wether	name (top rank)	#date
straw	belly	(n., u.m.)	day
time	ache	bill	mark
bee	band	back	place
bread	buster	beetle	right
-eater	button	broker	#year
herd	fed (u.m.)	fold	biscuit-shaped
hive	pinch	head	(u.m.)
keeper	belowstairs	hook	bismuto (c.f.)
line	belt	poster	all one word
way	-driven (u.m.)	sticker	bit
beechnut	saw	billet	stock
beef	bench	-doux	-mapped
eater	fellow	head	bitter
#extract	-hardened (u.m.)	billingsgate	-ender
-faced (u.m.)	made (u.m.)	bio (c.f.)	head
head	mark (nonliteral)	-aeration	sweet
steak	#mark (surveying)	-osmosis	-tongued (u.m.)
tongue	warmer	rest one word	black
bees	bentwing (n., u.m.)	birchbark	ball (nonliteral)
wax	benzo (c.f.)	bird	-bordered (u.m.)
	all one word	bath	-eyed (u.m.)
wing beet	berry-brown (u.m.)	bander	guard
field	best		jack
	#man	cage call	'
#sugar beetle	seller (n.)	catcher	leg list
-browed (u.m.)	beta		mail
head		#dog (literal)	mark
stock	-glucose	dog (nonliteral)	#market (n.)
before	tron between	-eyed (u.m.) -faced (u.m.)	
	decks	life	-market (u.m., v.) -marketer
-cited (u.m.) hand	whiles	lime	
			out (n., u.m.)
-mentioned (u.m.)	<b>bi</b> (pref.) -iliac	lore mouthed	plate (printing)
-named (u.m.)			print
behindhand	rest one word	seed	-robed (u.m.)
bell	big	shot	#sheep (all
-bottomed (u.m.)	-eared (u.m.)	watcher	meanings)
crank	-eyed (u.m.)	bird's	shirted
-crowned (u.m.)	head (ego)	-eye	snake
hanger	horn (sheep)	#nest (literal) (n.)	strap (n.)
hop	-horned (u.m.)	-nest (n., u.m., v.)	-tie (u.m.)
mouthed	-leaguer	birth	top
ringer	mouthed	bed	#widow

	ı	1	i
blast	-hot (u.m.)	blood	setter
hole	hound	bonnet	shop
plate	letting	book (nonliteral)	side
blasto (c.f.)	mobile	bottle	swain
all one word	-red (u.m.)	coat (n.)	wright
bleach	ripe	-eyed (u.m.)	yard
ground	shed	gill	bob
works	shot	grass	cat
blear	spiller	-gray (u.m.)	sled
eye	spot	-green (u.m.)	stay
-eyed (u.m.)	stain	-hot (u.m.)	tail
-witted (u.m.)	stock	jack	white
blepharo (c.f.)	stream	jacket	bobby
all one word	sucker	nose	pin
blight-resistant	thirsty	-pencil (v.)	-soxer
(u.m.)	-warm (u.m.)	point (oyster)	body
blind	bloody	print	bearer
-bomb (v.)	-nosed (u.m.)	stocking	bending
-flying (u.m.)	-red (u.m.)	streak (nonliteral)	builder
fold	blossom	tongue (n.)	-centered (u.m.)
-loaded (u.m.)	-bordered (u.m.)	blunder	guard
#man	-laden (u.m.)	buss	-mind
spot	blow	head	plate
stitch	back	blunt	1 1
story	by (n., u.m.)		bog
blink-eyed (u.m.)	cock	-edged (u.m.)	-eyed (u.m.) land
blithe-looking (u.m.)	down (n., u.m.)	-spoken (u.m.)	
blitz	gun	boar	man
buggy	hard (n.)	spear	trot (v.)
krieg	hole	staff	boil
block	iron	board	down (n., u.m.)
buster	lamp	#foot	off (n., u.m.)
head	off (n., u.m.)	rack	out (n., u.m.)
hole (v.)	out (n., u.m.)	walk	over (n., u.m.)
ship	pipe	boat	boiler
blood	spray	builder	-off
-alcohol (u.m.)	through (u.m.)	crew	-out
bath	torch	head	plate
beat	tube	hook	works
curdling	up (n., u.m.)	house	boiling#house
-drenched (u.m.)	blue	loader	bold
-giving (u.m.)	-annealed (u.m.)	owner	face (printing)
guilty	beard (n.)	#people	-spirited (u.m.)

bolt	mark	bow	brandy
cutter	mobile	back	-burnt (u.m.)
head	plate	bent	wine
hole	rack	grace	brass
-shaped (u.m.)	rest	head	-armed (u.m.)
strake	sale	knot	-bold (u.m.)
bomb	seller	legged	-smith
drop	shelf	-necked (u.m.)	works
fall	stack		brave
shell	stall	pin shot	hearted
sight	stamp		-looking (u.m.)
thrower	stand	sprit	-minded (u.m.)
-throwing (u.m.)	stitch	stave	brazen
bone	-stitching (u.m.)	string	-browed (u.m.)
ache	-taught (u.m.)	WOW	face
#ash	wright	box	bread
black	boom	car	basket
breaker	town	haul	crumb
-bred (u.m.)	truck	head (printing)	earner
-dry (u.m.)	boondoggling	truck	fruit
-eater	boot	boxer	#knife
-hard (u.m.)	black	-off	liner
head	hose	-up	plate
lace	jack	brachio (c.f.)	seller
meal	lace	all one word	stuff
set	last	brachy (c.f.)	#tray
shaker	leg	all one word	winner
-white (u.m.)	lick	brain	break
boobytrap	strap	cap	away (n., u.m.)
boogie-woogie	bore	child	ax
book	hole	-cracked (u.m.)	back (n., u.m.)
binder	safe	pan	bone (fever)
case	sight	sick	#circuit
dealer	bosom	-spun (u.m.)	down (n., u.m.)
#end	-deep (u.m.)	storm	-even (u.m.)
fair	-folded (u.m.)	-tired (u.m.)	fast
-fed (u.m.)	-making (u.m.)	wash	fast#room
fold	bottle	brake	front
-learned (u.m.)	-fed (u.m.)	drum	-in (n., u.m.)
-lined (u.m.)	neck	head	neck
list	-nosed (u.m.)	meter	off (n., u.m.)
lore	bottom#land	shoe	out (n., u.m.)
lover	boughpot	brandnew (u.m.)	point

	ī		
through (n., u.m.)	giver	-pointed (u.m.)	hood
up (n., u.m.)	taker	broad	-in-law
wind (n.)	bric-a-brac	acre	brow
breaker	brick	ax	beat
-down	bat	band (n., u.m.)	point
-off	-built (u.m.)	-beamed (u.m.)	post
-up	-colored (u.m.)	brim	brown
breast	kiln	cast	back
band	layer	cloth	-eyed (u.m.)
beam	liner	head	out (n., u.m.)
bone	mason	#jump	print
-deep (u.m.)	-red (u.m.)	leaf (n.)	brush
-fed (u.m.)	setter	-leaved (u.m.)	ball
feed	work	loom	#holder
-high (u.m.)	yard	minded	off (n., u.m.)
hook	bride	-mouthed (u.m.)	-treat (v.)
mark	bed	share (n., v.)	brusher
piece	bowl	sheet (n.)	-off
pin	cake	side	-up
plate	chamber	sword	buck
plow	cup	wife	eye
rail	groom	woven	-eyed (u.m.)
rope	knot	broken	horn
work	lace	-down (u.m.)	hound
breath	maiden	-legged (u.m.)	passer
-blown (u.m.)	stake	-mouthed (u.m.)	plate
-tainted (u.m.)	bridge	bromo (c.f.)	pot
taking	builder	all one word	saw
breech	head	bronchio (c.f.)	shot
block	pot	all one word	skinned
cloth	tree	broncho (c.f.)	stall
loader	#wall	all one word	stay
-loading (u.m.)	work	broncobuster	stove
lock	briefcase	bronze	tooth
pin	bright	-clad (u.m.)	wagon
plug	-colored (u.m.)	-covered (u.m.)	wash
sight	-eyed (u.m.)	-red (u.m.)	bucket-shaped
breeze	brilliant	broom	(u.m.)
-borne (u.m.)	-cut (u.m.)	#handle	buff
-lifted (u.m.)	-green (u.m.)	-leaved (u.m.)	-tipped (u.m.)
-swept (u.m.)	brine-soaked (u.m.)	-making (u.m.)	ware
way	bringer-up	stick	-yellow (u.m.)
bribe	bristle	brother	bug
-free (u.m.)	cone (u.m.)	-german	bear
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bite	kite	-weld (v.)	cabinet
-eyed (u.m.)	bung	butter	maker
build	hole	ball	making
down (n., u.m.)	start	-colored (u.m.)	cable-laid (u.m.)
up (n., u.m.)	burn	fat	caco (c.f.)
built	-in (n., u.m.)	fingers	all one word
-in (u.m.)	out (n., u.m.)	head	cage#bird
-up (u.m.)	up (n., u.m.)	milk	cake
bulb-tee (u.m.)	burned-over (u.m.)	mouth	baker
bulbo (c.f.)	burner-off	nut	bread
all one word	burnt	print	-eater
bulk	-out (u.m.)	-rigged (u.m.)	mixer
head	-up (u.m.)	scotch	-mixing (u.m.)
-pile (v.)	bus	-smooth (u.m.)	pan
weigh (v.)	boy	wife	walk
bull	#conductor	-yellow (u.m.)	calci (c.f.)
baiting	driver	button	all one word
dog	fare	-eared (u.m.)	calk-weld (v.)
doze	girl	-headed (u.m.)	call
-faced (u.m.)	line	hold	back (n., u.m.)
fight	load	hole	box
frog	bush	hook	down (n., u.m.)
head		mold	-in (n., u.m.)
-mouthed (u.m.)	beater	buzzerphone	note
neck	buck	by	-off (n., u.m.)
nose	fighter	-and-by	out (n., u.m.)
pen	-grown (u.m.)	-the-way (n.,	-over (n., u.m.)
ring	hammer	u.m.)	up (n., u.m.)
#terrier	-leaguer	-your-leave (n.,	camshaft
toad	_	u.m.)	camel
-voiced (u.m.)	ranger	rest one word	back (rubber)
whack	whacker		-backed (u.m.)
whip	wife	С	driver
bullet	bustup (n., u.m.)	С	-faced (u.m.)
head	busy	-sharp	camel's-hair (u.m.)
maker	body	-star	camp
proof	-fingered (u.m.)	-tube	fire
bull's	head	cab	ground
-eye (nonliteral)	butt	driver	stool
-foot	-joint (v.)	fare	can
bumble	saw	#owner	capper
bee	stock	stand	not
foot	strap	cabbagehead	#opener

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canalside	-mile	carpo (c.f.)	-out
candle	owner	-olecranal	castlebuilder
bomb	pool	rest one word	(nonliteral)
-foot	port	carriage-making	cat
holder	sick	(u.m.)	back
-hour	wash	carrot	beam
lighter	carbo (c.f.)	-colored (u.m.)	bird
lit	all one word	head (nonliteral)	call
-meter	carbol (c.f.)	juice	-eyed (u.m.)
power	all one word	top (nonliteral)	face (n.)
-shaped (u.m.)	carcino (c.f.)	carry	fall
stand	all one word	all (n., u.m.)	gut
stick	card	around (n., u.m.)	head
wick	case	back (n., u.m.)	hole
wright	-index (u.m., v.)	forward (n.)	hook
candystick	player	-in (n., u.m.)	-ion
cane	sharp	out (n., u.m.)	like
-backed (u.m.)	stock	over (n., u.m.)	nap
brake		cart	nip
crusher	cardio (c.f.)	load	-o'-nine-tails
cutter	-aortic	wheel (coin)	stitch
#sugar	rest one word	whip	walk
canker	care	wright	CAT scan
-eaten (u.m.)	free	case	catch
-mouthed (u.m.)	giver	bearer	all (n., u.m.)
cannonball	-laden (u.m.)	finding	-as-catch-can
canvas-covered	taker	hammer	(u.m.)
(u.m.)	-tired (u.m.)	harden	cry
cap	worn	load	penny
-flash (v.)	carpet	mated	plate
nut	bagger	worker	up (n., u.m.)
screw	beater	caser-in	weight
sheaf	#cleaner	cashflow	word
shore	-cleaning (u.m.)	cast	cater
car	-covered (u.m.)	away (n., u.m.)	corner
barn	fitter	back (n., u.m.)	wauling
break	layer	-by (u.m.)	cat's
builder	-smooth (u.m.)	off (n., u.m.)	-eye (nonliteral)
fare	-sweeping (u.m.)	out (n., u.m.)	-paw (nonliteral)
goose	weaver	-ridden (u.m.)	cattle
hop	-weaving (u.m.)	-weld (v.)	#boat
jacker	web	caster	feed
•		-off	
lot	woven	-011	-raising (u.m.)

yak	cerebro (c.f.)	chartbook	cutter
cauliflower	-ocular	chattermark	head
-eared (u.m.)	rest one word	cheapskate	lip
#ware	certificate holder	check	parer
causeway	cervico (c.f.)	bite	plate
cave	-occipital	forger	chemico (c.f.)
dweller	-orbicular	hook	all one word
-dwelling (u.m.)	rest one word	-in (n., u.m.)	chemo (c.f.)
#fish	cess	list	all one word
-in (n., u.m.)	pipe	mark	cherry
cease-fire (n., u.m.)	pit	nut	-colored (u.m.)
cedar-colored (u.m.)	pool	off (n., u.m.)	stone (nonliteral)
celi (c.f.)	chaffcutter	out (n., u.m.)	#stone (literal)
all one word	chain	passer (n.)	chestnut
celio (c.f.)	#belt	point	-colored (u.m.)
all one word	-driven (u.m.)	rack	-red (u.m.)
cell	#gang	rail	chicken
cement	stitch	rein	bill
-covered (u.m.)	chair	ring	-billed (u.m.)
mason	fast	roll	#breast
-temper (v.)	mender	rope	breasted
census	person	row	#coop
#taker	-shaped (u.m.)	sheet	#farm
-taking	warmer	strap	feed
center	chalk	string	heart
#field (sports)	cutter	up (n., u.m.)	pox
head (printing)	line	washer	#yard
line	-white (u.m.)	weigher	chief
most	chamber	writer	#justice
piece	maid	checker	-justiceship
-second	woman	-in	#mate
centi (c.f.)	changeover	-off	child
all one word	chapfallen	-out	bearing
centimeter-gram-	chapelgoing	-up	bed
second	char	cheek	birth
centri (c.f.)	broiler	bone	care
all one word	coal	strap	crowing
centro (c.f.)	pit	cheerleader	hood
all one word	woman	cheese	kind
cephalo (c.f.)	charge	burger	life
all one word	#book	cake	-minded (u.m.)
cerato (c.f.)	off (n., u.m.)	cloth	ridden
all one word	out (n., u.m.)	curd	wife
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chill-cast (u.m., v.)	chole (c.f.)	circum (pref.)	pit
chin	all one word	arctic, pacific,	works
band	chondro (c.f.)	etc.	clean
-bearded (u.m.)	-osseous	-Saturnal, etc.	-cut (u.m.)
-chin	rest one word	rest one word	handed
cloth	chop	cirro (c.f.)	out (n., u.m.)
cough	-chop	all one word	-shaved (u.m.)
-high (u.m.)	stick	cis (pref.)	-smelling (u.m.)
rest	chowchow	alpine	up (n., u.m.)
strap	Christ	atlantic	clear
china	-given (u.m.)	-trans (u.m.)	cole
-blue (u.m.)	-inspired (u.m.)	rest one word	-cut (u.m.)
#shop	like	city	cut (forestry) (n.,
ware	chromo (c.f.)	-born (u.m.)	v.)
Chinatown	all one word	-bred (u.m.)	-eyed (u.m.)
chipmunk	chrono (c.f.)	folk	headed
chiro (c.f.)	all one word	#man	-sighted (u.m.)
all one word	chuck	scape	up (n., u.m.)
chisel	hole	clam	wing
-cut (u.m.)	plate	bake	clearinghouse
-edged (u.m.)	wagon	shell	cleft
#maker	chucklehead	clampdown (n.,	-footed (u.m.)
chitchat	chunkhead	u.m.)	-graft (v.)
chitter-chatter	church	clap	client/server
chloro (c.f.)	#choir	net	cliff
all one word	goer	trap	dweller
chock	like	clasphook	-dwelling (u.m.)
ablock	work	class	hanger
-full (u.m.)	yard	book	side
chocolate	churn	-conscious (u.m.)	top
-brown (u.m.)	-butted (u.m.)	#consciousness	-worn (u.m.)
-coated (u.m.)	milk	#day	clinch-built (u.m.)
#maker	cigar	work	clink-clank
choir	case	claw	clinker-built (u.m.)
boy	cutter	bar	clip
#master	-shaped (u.m.)	-footed (u.m.)	-clop
choke	cigarette	hammer	-edged (u.m.)
bore	#holder	hatchet	sheet
chain	#maker	-tailed (u.m.)	clipper-built (u.m.)
damp	-making (u.m.)	clay	cloak
out (n., u.m.)	cine (c.f.)	bank	-and-dagger (n.,
point	all one word	-colored (u.m.)	u.m.)
strap	circuitbreaker	pan	room

clock	burst	rake	coffee
case	cap	sack (astron. only)	break
face	-hidden (u.m.)	shed	cake
-minded (u.m.)	clover	ship	-colored (u.m.)
setter	bloom	#tar	-growing (u.m.)
#speed	leaf	#truck	pot
watcher	seed	yard	room
clod	sick	coastside	cofferdam
head	club	coat	coffin-headed (u.m.)
hopping	#car	hanger	cogwheel
pate	foot	rack	coin-operated
close	hand	tailed	(u.m.)
bred	haul	cob	cold
-connected (u.m.)	mobile	head	blooded
cross	ridden	meal	-chisel (v.)
-cut (u.m.)	room	shed	cuts
down (n.)	root	web	-draw (v.)
-fertilize (v.)	-shaped (u.m.)	cock	finch
fisted	co (pref.)	bill	-flow (v.)
handed	-op	brain	-forge (v.)
-knit	exist, operate, etc.	crow	frame
minded	processor	eye	-hammer (v.)
mouthed	rest one word	fight	-hammered (u.m.)
out (n., u.m.)	coach	head	pack
up (n., u.m.)	-and-four	pit	-press (v.)
closed	builder	#robin	-roll (v.)
-circuit (u.m.)	whip	spur	-rolled (u.m.)
#end	coal	sure	-short (u.m.)
#shop	bag	-tailed (u.m.)	-shortness
cloth-backed (u.m.)	bed	up (n., u.m.)	-shoulder (v.)
clothes	bin	cockleshell	type (printing)
bag	-black (u.m.)	cockscomb	#war
basket	breaker	cod	#wave
brush	#car	bank	-work (v.)
#closet	dealer	fishing	cole
horse	digger	head	seed
pin	-faced (u.m.)	#liver	slaw
line	hole	piece	coli (c.f.)
press	-laden (u.m.)	pitchings	all one word
rack	#loader	smack	collar
#tree	#mine	code	bag
cloud	#oil	#name	band
base	pit	-named (u.m.)	bone

colo (c.f.)	speaker	coral	countdown (n., u.m.)
all one word	conference#room	-beaded (u.m.)	counter
color	Congressman#at	-red (u.m.)	#check (banking)
bearer	#Large	cork	#septum
blind	contra (pref.)	-lined (u.m.)	-off
#blindness	-acting	screw	act, propaganda,
fast	-approach	corn	top, etc.
-free (u.m.)	-ion	bin	as combining
#line	rest one word	bread	form, one
type (printing)	cook	cake	word
(n.)	book	cob	country
-washed (u.m.)	off (n., u.m.)	cracker	-born (u.m.)
comb-toothed	out (n., u.m.)	crib	-bred (u.m.)
(u.m.)	shack	crusher	folk
come	stove	cutter	people
-along (tool)	coolheaded	dodger	side
back (n., u.m.)	cooped	-fed (u.m.)	wide
-between (n.)	-in (u.m.)	husk	county
down (n.)	-up (u.m.)	loft	#seat
-off (n., u.m.)	cop	meal	wide
-on (n., u.m.)	#out (v.)	#pone	court
-out (n.)	out (n.)	stalk	bred
-outer	copper	starch	-martial
uppance	-bottomed (u.m.)	corner	ship
comic#book	-colored (u.m.)	bind	cousin
command	head	post	-german
-line	-headed (u.m.)	corpsmember	hood
#prompt	#mine	cost	-in-law
commander#in	nose	#effective (n.)	cover
#chief	plate	-effectiveness	alls
common	-plated (u.m.)	wise	let
-carrier	smith	costo (c.f.)	side
#law	works	all one word	up (n., u.m.)
place	сору	cotton	cow
#sense (n.)	cat	-clad (u.m.)	barn
sense (u.m.)	cutter	-covered (u.m.)	bell
weal	desk	-growing (u.m.)	catcher
wealth	#editor	#mill	-eyed (u.m.)
companionship	fitter	mouth (snake)	gate
compressed#file	holding	packer	hand
comptime	reader	picker, ing	herd
cone	right	seed	hide
-shaped (u.m.)	writer	sick	hitch
onapea (u.iii.)	***************************************	J. O. C. C.	1111011

lick	-colored (u.m.)	#bill (legal)	-index (u.m.)
path	creditworthiness	bind	-interrogate (v.)
pen	creek	bolt	-interrogatory
#pony	bed	bond	-invite (v.)
pox	side	bones	legged
puncher	creep	bred	legs
shed	hole	breed	-level (v.)
sucker	mouse	-bridge (v.)	-license (v.)
crab	crepe#de#chine	-brush (v.)	lift (v.)
cake	crestfallen	-carve (v.)	lock
catcher	crew	-channel (u.m.)	lots
eater	cut	-check	mark
faced	member	-claim	member
hole	cribstrap	-compound (v.)	patch
meat	crime	-connect (v.)	path
stick	fighter	-country (u.m.)	plow (v.)
crack	solver	-cultivate (v.)	-pollinate (v.)
down (n., u.m.)	wave	current	-purpose (n.)
house (slang)	crisscross	-curve (math.) (n.)	-question
jaw	crook	cut	rail
pot	all one word	-date (v.)	-reaction
-the-whip (n.,	crooked	-drain (v.)	-refer (v.)
u.m.)	-foot (n.)	-dye (v.)	-reference
up (n., u.m.) cradle	-legged (u.m.)	-dyeing (n.)	road
side	-nosed (u.m.)	-examine (v.)	row
#snatcher	crop	-eye (n., u.m.)	-service
	-bound (u.m.)	-eyed (u.m.)	-shaft
song cranio (c.f.)	-haired (u.m.)	fall	-slide
all one word	head	feed	-staff
crank	mark	-fertile (u.m.)	-sterile
case	-year	-fertilize (v.)	-stitch
-driven (u.m.)	cross	-fiber (u.m.)	-stone
pin	-appeal	file	-stratification
pit	arm	fire	-sue (v.)
shaft	band	flow	-surge (v.)
crapehanger	bar	foot	talk
crashdive (v.)	beam	-grained (u.m.)	tie
crawlup (n., u.m.)	bearer	hair	town
crazy	bedded	hand	track
bone	belt	hatch	trail
cat	bench	haul	tree
cream	-bidding	head	under (n., u.m.)
cake	bill (bird)	-immunity	-vote

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walk	back (n., u.m.)	damping-off (n.,	star
web	glass	u.m.)	-to-day (u.m.)
wind	-in (n., u.m.)	dancehall	worker
word	off (n., u.m.)	danger#line	de (pref.)
crow	out (n., u.m.)	dare	-air
bait	rate (u.m.)	-all (n., u.m.)	icer
bar	throat	devil	-ink
foot	-toothed (u.m.)	say	-ion
crownbar	-under (u.m.)	dark	centralize,
crow's	-up (n., u.m.)	-eyed (u.m.)	energize, etc.
-foot (nonliteral)	cutter	horse (nonliteral)	rest one word
-nest (nonliteral)	-built (u.m.)	room (n.)	dead
crybaby	-down	-skinned (u.m.)	-alive
crypto (c.f.)	head	dash	beat (n.)
-Christian, etc.	-off	plate	born
rest one word	-out	wheel	-burn (v.)
crystal	-rigged (u.m.)	data	#center
-clear (u.m.)	-up	bank	-cold (u.m.)
-girded (u.m.)	cuttlebone	base	-dip (v.)
-smooth (u.m.)	cyano (c.f.)	set	-drunk (u.m.)
cubbyhole	all one word	date	-ender
cumulo (c.f.)	cyber	lined	eye (n.)
all one word	cyclecar	mark	-eyed (u.m.)
cup	cyclo (c.f.)	daughter-in-law	fall
bearer	-olefin	dawn	head
cake	rest one word	-gray (u.m.)	-heated (u.m.)
ful	cysto (c.f.)	streak	-heater
head	all one word	day	-heavy (u.m.)
curb	cyto (c.f.)	beam	latch
side	all one word	bed	#load
stoner		break	lock
cure-all (n., u.m.)	D	-bright (u.m.)	pan
curly	D	care	-roast (v.)
head	-day	dawn	weight (n., u.m.)
locks (n.)	-major	dream	wood
currycomb	-plus-4-day	-fly (aviation) (v.)	death
cussword	dairy	-flying (u.m.)	bed
custom	-fed (u.m.)	going	blow
-built (u.m.)	-made (u.m.)	lighted	day
-made (u.m.)	daisy#chain	lit	-divided (u.m.)
-tailored (u.m.)	damp	long (u.m.)	-doom (v.)
cut	proofing	mark	#house
away (n., u.m.)	-stained (u.m.)	side	-struck (u.m.)
	1		1

trap	top (n., u.m.)	die	dirt
watch	dessert	-away (u.m.)	-cheap (u.m.)
-weary (u.m.)	#fork	back	fast
decisionmaking	#knife	case	-incrusted (u.m.)
deckhand			plate
	spoon <b>deutero</b> (c.f.)	-cast (u.m., v.) caster	dirty
deep	all one word		-faced (u.m.)
-affected (u.m.)		-cut (u.m., v.)	
-cut (u.m.)	devil	cutter	-minded (u.m.)
-felt (u.m.)	-devil	hard (n., u.m.)	#work
-freeze (u.m., v.)	dog (a marine)	head	dis (pref.)
-frying (u.m.)	-inspired (u.m.)	#proof (philately)	all one word
going	-ridden (u.m.)	(n.)	dish
-grown (u.m.)	dew	setter	cloth
-laid (u.m.)	beam	sinker	#cover
most	cap	-square (u.m.)	pan
mouthed	-clad (u.m.)	stock	rack
-rooted (u.m.)	claw	diesel	rag
#sea	damp	-driven (u.m.)	#towel
-seated (u.m.)	-drenched (u.m.)	-electric (u.m.)	washer
-set (u.m.)	drop	dillydally	disk
-sunk (u.m.)	fall	dim	#drive
-voiced (u.m.)	-fed (u.m.)	-lighted (u.m.)	jockey
water (u.m.)	-laden (u.m.)	lit	pack
deer	lap	out (n., u.m.)	plow
drive (n.)	point	diner-out	-shaped (u.m.)
-eyed (u.m.)	dextro (c.f.)	ding	ditch
food	all one word	bat	bank
herd	di (pref.)	dong	digger
horn	all one word	dining#room	rider
hound	dia (pref.)	dinitro (c.f.)	side
meat	all one word	#spray	dive
stalker	dialog#box	rest one word	-bomb (v.)
stand	dial-up		#bomber
tick	dian-up diamond	dip	do
dehydr(o) (c.f.)	back	-dye (v.)	-all (n., u.m.)
all one word		-grained (u.m.)	-gooder
demi (pref.)	-backed (u.m.)	head	-little (n., u.m.)
-Christian, etc.	-shaped (u.m.)	stick	-nothing (n.,
-incognito	diazo (c.f.)	dipper-in	u.m.)
rest one word	-oxide	direct	dock
dermato (c.f.)	rest one word	-connected (u.m.)	hand
all one word	dice	-indirect	head
desk	cup	direction-finding	side
#room	play	(u.m.)	worker

dog	frame	-duty (u.m.)	face
bite	head	-dye (v.)	fall
-bitten (u.m.)	jamb	-edged (u.m.)	feed
breeder	keeper	-ender	filled
cart	knob	-entendre	flow
catcher	knocker	handed	fold
#days	mat	-headed (u.m.)	grade
-drawn (u.m.)	nail	header	gradient
-ear (v.)	#opener	-jointed	growth
-eared (u.m.)	plate	-leaded (u.m.)	hanging
face (soldier)	post	-quick (u.m.)	haul
-faced (u.m.)	-shaped (u.m.)	-sided	hearted
fall	sill	#space (v.)	hill
fight	step	#take	lead
food	stop	talk	load
-headed (u.m.)	dope	tone (printing)	lock (n.)
hole	fiend	tree	look
leg	passer	-trouble	most
#owner	pusher	-up (u.m., v.)	payment
race	sheet	#work	pour
shore	dorsi (c.f.)	dough	rate
sled	all one word	boy	right
-tired (u.m.)	dorso (c.f.)	-colored (u.m.)	river
tooth	-occipital	face	rush
-toothed (u.m.)	rest one word	-faced (u.m.)	shore
trick	dot	head	side
trot	-matrix	mixer	sitting
watch	#pitch	nut	slip
-weary (u.m.)	double	down	slope
doll	-barrel (n., u.m.)	beat	-soft (u.m.)
face	-barreled (u.m.)	by	spout
-faced (u.m.)	-bitt (v.)	cast	stage
dollyhead	-breasted (u.m.)	check	stairs
donkey	-charge (v.)	coast	state
back	check (n., v.)	come	stream
-drawn (u.m.)	checked (u.m., v.)	-covered (u.m.)	street
-eared (u.m.)	-chinned (u.m.)	crier	stroke
doomsday	-click	cry	sun (adv., u.m.)
door	cross (nonliteral)	curved	swing
bed	deal (v.)	cut	take
bell	-decker	dale	throw
case	dipper	draft	thrust
check	(nonliteral)	drag	time

town	back	world	kick
trampling	bar	dredge#net	leaf (n., u.m.)
trend	beam	dressup (n., u.m.)	leg
trodden	bench	dressing#room	off (n., u.m.)
turn	bolt	drift	out (n., u.m.)
valley	bore	#boat	sonde
•		bolt	stitch
weigh	bridge		
weight wind	down (n., u.m.)	meter	-addicted (u.m.)
draft	file	-mining (u.m.)	mixer
		#net	
age (allowance)	gate	pin	passer
#age	gear	wind	pusher
-exempt (u.m.)	glove	drill	seller
drag	head	case	#user
bar	horse	-like	drum
bolt	knife	stock	beat
net	knot	drip	fire
pipe	link	cock	head
rope	loom	-drip	stick
saw	net	-dry (u.m., v.)	-up (n., u.m.)
staff	off (n., u.m.)	sheet	dry
wire	out (n., u.m.)	stick	-burnt (u.m.)
dragger	pin	drive	#cell
-down	plate	away (n., u.m.)	clean
-in	point	belt	-cure (v.)
-out	sheet	bolt	dock
-up	span	by (n., u.m.)	-dye (v.)
dragon	stop	cap	-farm (v.)
-eyed (u.m.)	string	head	farming (n.,
fly	tongs	-in (n., u.m.)	u.m.)
#piece	tube	pipe	gulch
drain	drawer	screw	(nonliteral)
cleaner	-down	#shaft	lot
pipe	-in	way	-pack (u.m., v.)
plug	-off	drop	-rotted (u.m.)
tile	-out	away (n., u.m.)	-salt (v.)
drainage	drawing	bolt	wash
#area	#board	cloth	duck
#basin	#room	-down	bill
way	dream	-forge (v.)	-billed (u.m.)
draw	-haunted (u.m.)	front	bore
-arch (n.)	land	hammer	#breast
arm	lore	head	foot (tool)
	I	1	1

C ( 1( )	l s	1 1/ )	l 1.
-footed (u.m.)	dye	-bred (u.m.)	skin
pin	mixer	fall	spear
pond	stuff	fast	egg
walk	works	-fed (u.m.)	beater (all
due	dys (pref.)	fill	meanings)
-in (n., u.m.)	all one word	grubber	cup
out (n., u.m.)	E	#house	eater
duffelbag	E-minor	kin	fruit
dug	e	lit	head (nonliteral)
out (n.)	file	mover	hot (n.)
-up (u.m.)	Government	nut	nog
dull	Library	quake	plant
-edged (u.m.)	mail	-shaking (u.m.)	-shaped (u.m.)
head	eagle	slide	shell
-looking (u.m.)	#eye	-stained (u.m.)	-white (u.m.)
-witted (u.m.)	-eyed (u.m.)	wall	eight
dumdum	ear	east	-angled (u.m.)
dumb	ache	bound	#ball
bell	cap	-central (u.m.)	fold
head	drop	going	penny (nail)
waiter	drum	-northeast	-ply (u.m.)
dump	flap	#side	score
car	guard	-sider	-wheeler
cart	hole	-southeast	elbowchair
site	lap	Eastertime	elder
dunderhead	lobe	easy	#brother
duo (c.f.)	mark	going	-leaved (u.m.)
all one word	#muff	mark (n.)	electro (c.f.)
dust	phone	-rising (u.m.)	-optics
bag	-piercing (u.m.)	-spoken (u.m.)	-osmosis
bin	plug	eavesdrop	-ultrafiltration
brush	ring	ebbtide	rest one word
cloth	screw	edge	embryo (c.f.)
-covered (u.m.)	shot	#plane	all one word
fall	sore	shot	empty
-gray (u.m.)	splitting	ways	handed
-laden (u.m.)	tab	wise	-looking (u.m.)
pan	wax	eel	en
storm	wig	cake	#banc
duty	witness	catcher	#gros
bound	earth	fare	#route
-free (u.m.)	bank	pot	encephalo (c.f.)
dwelling#house	born	pout	all one word
-	ı	i =	I

end	even	communicate	lash
-all (n., u.m.)		-Governor	lens
bell	glow handed	#libris	lid
brain	minded	#officio	
			mark
gate	-numbered (u.m.)	#post#facto	-minded (u.m.)
lap	song	#rights	#opener
long	-tempered (u.m.)	-serviceman	peep
-match (v.)	ever	-trader	pit 
matcher	-abiding (u.m.)	-vice-president	point .
-measure (v.)	bearing	extra	service
most	blooming	-alimentary	shade
-shrink (v.)	-constant (u.m.)	-American	shield
ways	-fertile (u.m.)	bold	shot
ender	glade	-Britannic	sick
-on	going	-condensed (u.m.)	sight
-up	green	curricular	sore
endo (c.f.)	lasting	-fine (u.m.)	spot
all one word	more	hazardous	-spotted (u.m.)
engine	-normal (u.m.)	judicial	stalk
#shop	-present (u.m.)	-large (u.m.)	strain
-sized (u.m.)	-ready (u.m.)	-long (u.m.)	string
work	sporting (biol.)	marginal	tooth
#worker	which	mural	wash
#yard	every	ordinary	#weariness
entero (c.f.)	day (n., u.m.)	polar	wink
all one word	#day (each day)	-strong (u.m.)	witness
entry	how	territorial	_
#book	one (all)	vascular	F
way	#one (distributive)	eye	F
envelope	#time	#appeal	-flat
#holder	evil	ball	-horn
#maker	doer	bank	-sharp
epi (pref.)	#eye	bar	fable
all one word	-eyed (u.m.)	blink	#book
equi (c.f.)	-faced (u.m.)	-blurred (u.m.)	teller
-gram-molar	-looking (u.m.)	bolt	face
rest one word	minded (u.m.)	brow	about (n., u.m., v.)
ere	sayer	-conscious (u.m.)	-arbor (v.)
long	speaker	cup	cloth
now	wishing	flap	-harden (v.)
errorproof	ex	glance	-hardened (u.m.)
erythro (c.f.)	#cathedra	glass	lifting
all one word	cathedral	hole	mark

<i>(</i> ( )	l ( 1/ )	1 1	1 1/ )
-off (n.)	-tongued (u.m.)	people	-pursued (u.m.)
-on (n., u.m.)	fame	place	-shaken (u.m.)
plate	-crowned (u.m.)	stead	feather
up (n., u.m.)	-thirsty (u.m.)	worker	bed (v.)
fact	fan	fashion	bedding
book	back	-led (u.m.)	bone
finding	bearer	#piece (naut.)	brain
sheet	#belt	#plate	edge
fade	fare	-setting (u.m.)	-footed (u.m.)
away (n., u.m.)	fold	fast	head
-in (n., u.m.)	foot	-anchored (u.m.)	-leaved (u.m.)
out (n., u.m.)	-jet	back	stitch
fail-safe	-leaved (u.m.)	-dyed (u.m.)	-stitched (u.m.)
faint	marker	going	-stitching
heart	-shaped (u.m.)	hold	-tongue (v.)
-voiced (u.m.)	-tailed (u.m.)	-moving (u.m.)	weight
fair	fancy	-read (v.)	wing (moth)
ground	-free (u.m.)	-reading (u.m.)	fed-up (u.m.)
-lead (n., u.m.)	-loose (u.m.)	#time (daylight	feeble
minded	-woven (u.m.)	saving)	-bodied (u.m.)
play	-wrought (u.m.)	fat	minded
-skinned (u.m.)	far	back	feed
#trade	-aloft (u.m.)	-bellied (u.m.)	back (n., u.m.)
fairy	away (n., u.m.)	-free (u.m.)	. ` ′ ′
folk	-borne (u.m.)	head	bag bin
hood	-distant (u.m.)	-soluble (u.m.)	box
tale	-eastern (u.m.)	father	crusher
faithbreaker	-famed (u.m.)	-confessor	
fall	fetched	-in-law	cutter
away (n., u.m.)	flung (u.m.)	land	head
back (n., u.m.)	gone	fault	lot
#guy	-off (u.m.)	finder	mixer
-in (n., u.m.)	#out	line	pipe
out (n., u.m.)	-reaching (u.m.)	slip	rack
-plow (v.)	seeing	faux#pas	store
-sow (v.)	-seen (u.m.)	fax	stuff
trap	-set (u.m.)	-and-voice#	feeder
fallow#land	sight	mailbox	-in
false	farm	#modem	-up
-bottomed (u.m.)	-bred (u.m.)	-on-demand	fellow
#face	hand	fear	craft
-faced (u.m.)	hold	-free (u.m.)	ship
hood	owner	nought	rest two words
11004	OWING	liougiit	1031 INO WOIMS

felt	field	strip	-cure (v.)
cutter	ball	-struck (u.m.)	damp
-lined (u.m.)	glass	fin	#drill
packer	goal	back	-eater
fenbank	-strip	-shaped (u.m.)	fall
fence	fierce	fine	fang
post	-eyed (u.m.)	-cut (u.m., v.)	fighter
#row	-looking (u.m.)	-draw (v.)	guard
fern	fiery	-drawn (u.m.)	-hardened (u.m.)
-clad (u.m.)	-flaming (u.m.)	-featured (u.m.)	horse
leaf	-hot (u.m.)	-looking (u.m.)	hose
-leaved (u.m.)	-red (u.m.)	-set (u.m.)	lit
ferro (c.f.)	-tempered (u.m.)	finger	pit
-carbon-titanium	fig	breadth	place
-uranium	bar	-cut (u.m.)	plow
rest one word	eater	hold	plug
ferry	leaf	hole	-polish (v.)
boat	shell	hook	power
#car	figure	mark	proof
#slip	head	nail	-red (u.m.)
fever	-of-eight (u.m.)	parted	-resistant (u.m.)
less	#work (printing)	post	safe
-stricken (u.m.)	file	print	side
trap	card	shell	spout
-warm (u.m.)	-hard (u.m.)	spin	trap
fiber	name	stall	truck
-faced (u.m.)	setter	tip	wall
glass	-soft (u.m.)	fire	warden
#optics	fill	arm	firm
stitch	-in (n., u.m.)	back (n.)	-footed (u.m.)
Fiberglas	out (n., u.m.)	ball	-set (u.m.)
(copyright)	-up (n., u.m.)	bell	-up (n., u.m.)
fibro (c.f.)	filler	bolt	first
-osteoma	cap	bomb	#aid
rest one word	-in	brand	-aider
fickleminded	-out	brat	-born (u.m.)
fiddle	-up	break	-class (u.m.)
back	film	brick	comer
-faddle	cutter	-burnt (u.m.)	hand (u.m.)
head	goer	-clad (u.m.)	-made (u.m.)
-shaped (u.m.)	going	coat	-named (u.m.)
stick	#paper	cracker	-nighter
string	slide	crest	-rate (u.m.)
	:		•

fish	-reeler	-compound (v.)	flood
back	score	fold	cock
bed	flag	foot (n.)	flow
-bellied (u.m.)	bearer	hat	gate
bolt	pole	head	lamp
bone	post	iron	lighting
bowl	-raising (u.m.)	nose	mark
cake	ship	out (n., u.m.)	#plain
eater	-signal (v.)	-rolled (u.m.)	tide
eye	staff	sawn	wall
-eyed (u.m.)	stick	top	water
fall	flame	-topped (u.m.)	floor
#farm	-colored (u.m.)	woods	beam
-fed (u.m.)	-cut (v.)	flax	cloth
food	out (n.)	drop	head
garth	proof	-leaved (u.m.)	lamp
hook	thrower	-polled (u.m.)	mat
-joint (v.)	flannelmouth	seed	mop
kill	flap	flea	#show
#ladder	cake	bite	space
meal	doodle	-bitten (u.m.)	stain
mouth	-eared (u.m.)	trap	walker
plate	jack	fleet	#wax
pond	flare	foot	-waxing (u.m.)
pool	back (n., u.m.)	-footed (u.m.)	flophouse
pot	out (n., u.m.)	wing	floppy#disk
pound	path	flesh	flour
trap	up (n., u.m.)	brush	bag
weir	flash	hook	bin
works	back (n., u.m.)	-pink (u.m.)	#mill
fisher	bulb	pot	sack
folk	card	fleur-de-lis	#sifter
man	cube	flextime	flow
people	gun	flight	chart
fishyback (n., u.m.)	lamp	crew	meter
fit	pan	-hour	off (n., u.m.)
out (n.)	point	path	sheet
strip	flat	-test (v.)	through (n.,
five	back	flimflam	u.m.)
bar	(bookbinding)	flip	flower
fold	bed (printing)	-flap	bed
-ply (u.m.)	-bottomed (u.m.)	-flop	bud
-pointed (u.m.)	car	-up (n., u.m.)	-crowned (u.m.)

#grower	sheet	foolhardy	stalk
-hung (u.m.)	speck	foolscap	stall
#piece	-specked (u.m.)	foot	step
pot	tier	-and-mouth	stick
-scented (u.m.)	trap	(u.m.)	stock
#shop	weight	ball	stool
flue-cure (v.)	wheel	band	-ton
fluid	winch	bath	walk
-compressed	flying	blower	wall
(u.m.)	#boat	board	-weary (u.m.)
extract (pharm.)	#fish	brake	worn
(n.)	foam	breadth	for (pref.)
glycerate	bow	bridge	all one word
fluo (c.f.)	-crested (u.m.)	candle	fore
all one word	-white (u.m.)	fall	-age
fluoro (c.f.)	fog	-free (u.m.)	-and-aft (n., u.m.)
all one word	bound	gear	-and-after (n.)
flush	bow	-grain	-edge
-cut (u.m.)	dog	hill	-end
-decked (u.m.)	eater	hold	-exercise
-decker	-hidden (u.m.)	lambert	word
gate	horn	licker	rest one word
fluvio (c.f.)	#light	light(s)	forest
all one word	-ridden (u.m.)	lining	-clad (u.m.)
fly	fold	locker	-covered (u.m.)
away	-in	loose	#land
back	up (n., u.m.)	mark	side
ball	folk	note	fork
-bitten (u.m.)	#dance	pad	head
blow	lore	path	lift
blown	song	pick	-pronged (u.m.)
-by-night (n.,	follow	plate	tail
u.m.)	-on	-pound	-tailed (u.m.)
catcher	through (n.,	-pound-second	form
eater	u.m.)	print	fitting
-fish (v.)	up (n., u.m.)	race	#work (printing)
-fisher	follower-up	rail	forth
-fisherman	food	rest	coming
#fishing	-fasted (u.m.)	rope	right
flap	-fasting (v.)	scald	with
-free (u.m.)	packer	-second	fortune
leaf	store	slogger	#hunter
paper	stuff	sore	teller

forty-niner	handed	stall	fundraising
foul	hold	-wheel (u.m.)	funlover
#line	lance	fronto (c.f.)	funnel
-looking (u.m.)	loader	-occipital	form
mouthed	-minded	-orbital	-shaped (u.m.)
-spoken (u.m.)	masonry	rest one word	fur
-tongued (u.m.)	#post	frost	-clad (u.m.)
up (n., u.m.)	-spoken (u.m.)	bite	coat
fountainhead	standing (u.m.)	bow	-lined (u.m.)
four	thinker	-free (u.m.)	skin
-bagger	trader	-hardy (u.m.)	-trimmed (u.m.)
-eyed (u.m.)	wheel (u.m., v.)	-heaving (u.m.)	fuse
flusher	wheeler (n.)	-killed (u.m.)	box
fold	#will (n.)	lamp	#gauge
-footed (u.m.)	will (u.m.)	line	plug
-in-hand (n.,	freedom#fighter	fruit	G
u.m.)	freeze	cake	
-masted (u.m.)	down (n., u.m.)	#fly	G
-master	out (n., u.m.)	growing	-major
penny (nail)	up (n., u.m.)	#shop	-man
-ply (u.m.)	freight	stalk	-minor
score	#house	frying#pan	-sharp
some	-mile	fuel	gabfest
square	#room	#line	gad
-wheeler	#train	#oil	about (n., u.m.)
fox	fresh	full	fly
-faced (u.m.)	-looking (u.m.)	back	gaff-topsail
hole	-painted (u.m.)	-bellied (u.m.)	gag
hound	water	blood	-check (v.)
#hunting	frog	-bound (u.m.)	#order
skinned	belly	-duplex	root
tailed	eater	face	#rule
trot	-eyed (u.m.)	-fashioned (u.m.)	gaugepin
fracto (c.f.)	face	-flowering (u.m.)	gain
all one word	mouth	-grown (u.m.)	say
frameup (n., u.m.)	nose	-handed (u.m.)	-sharing (u.m.)
free	pond	-headed (u.m.)	galact(o) (c.f.)
booter	tongue	-lined (u.m.)	all one word
born	(medicine)	#load	gallbladder
drop	front	mouth	galley#proof
-for-all (n., u.m.)	-end (u.m.)	-strength (u.m.)	(printing)
-grown (u.m.)	-focused (u.m.)	-text	galvano (c.f.)
hand (drawing)	runner	-time (u.m.)	all one word

gama.	colored (v. m.)	abost	stock
game	-colored (u.m.) #dog	-haunted (u.m.)	
bag cock	0		glycero (c.f.)  all one word
	-looking (u.m.)	write (v.)	
gang	gear	giddy brain	glyco (c.f.)  all one word
boss	box		
plank	case	head	go
saw	-driven (u.m.)	-paced (u.m.)	-ahead (n., u.m.)
gapeseed	fitter	gilt-edge (u.m.)	-around (n., u.m.)
garnet-brown	-operated (u.m.)	gin-run (u.m.)	-as-you-please
(u.m.)	set	ginger	(u.m.)
gas	shift	#ale	-back (n., u.m.)
bag	wheel	bread	-between (n.)
bomb	gelatin	-colored (u.m.)	by (n.)
-driven (u.m.)	-coated (u.m.)	snap	cart
field	-making (u.m.)	spice	-devil (n.)
-fired (u.m.)	gelatino (c.f.)	give	-getter
firing	bromide	-and-take (n.,	-getting (n., u.m.)
fitter	chloride	u.m.)	-off (n., u.m.)
-heated (u.m.)	gem	away (n., u.m.)	goal
-laden (u.m.)	cutter	glacio (c.f.)	post
lamp	-set (u.m.)	all one word	#setter
lighted	#stone	glass	goat
line (auto)	genito (c.f.)	blower	-bearded (u.m.)
#line (queue)	all one word	#ceiling	-drunk (u.m.)
lock	gentle	cutter	-eyed (u.m.)
#main	folk	-eater	herd
#mask	-looking (u.m.)	-eyed (u.m.)	goat's
meter	man	-hard (u.m.)	-hair
works	-mannered (u.m.)	house	-horn
gastro (c.f.)	mouthed	works	God
-omental	-spoken (u.m.)	glauco (c.f.)	-conscious (u.m.)
rest one word	woman	all one word	-fearing (u.m.)
gate	geo (c.f.)	glidepath	-forsaken (u.m.)
house	all one word	globetrotter	-given (u.m.)
keeper	germ-free (u.m.)	glosso (c.f.)	head
leg (u.m.)	gerrymander	all one word	-man
pin	get	glow	-ordained (u.m.)
post	-at-able	lamp	-sent (u.m.)
tender	away (n., u.m.)	meter	-sped (u.m.)
works	off (n., u.m.)	gluc(o) (c.f.)	speed
gay	-together (n.,	all one word	-taught (u.m.)
#blade	u.m.)	glue	god
cat	up (n., u.m.)	pot	child

daughter	goose	-meter	beard (n.)
father	bone	-molecular	-clad (u.m.)
head	bumps	-negative (u.m.)	coat (n.)
hood	-cackle	-positive (u.m.)	-eyed (u.m.)
less		1 -	l -
	#egg	grand	-haired (u.m.)
mother	-eyed (u.m.)	aunt	head
parent	flesh	child, etc.	-headed (u.m.)
send	-footed (u.m.)	stand	out (n., u.m.)
ship	herd	grant-in-aid	grease
son	mouth	grape	#gun
sonship	neck	fruit	#pit
goggle-eyed (u.m.)	pimples	#juice	proof
goings-on	rump	-leaved (u.m.)	great
gold	step	seed	-aunt
beater	wing	stalk	coat
brick (shirker)	gospel	vine	-eared (u.m.)
#brick (of real gold)	like	graph	-grandchild, etc.
-bright (u.m.)	-true (u.m.)	alloy	-headed (u.m.)
-brown (u.m.)	gourdhead	#paper	heart
digger	Government	grapho (c.f.)	mouthed
#dust	(U.S. or	all one word	green
-filled (u.m.)	foreign)	grass	back (n., u.m.)
foil	-in-exile	-clad (u.m.)	belt
-inlaid (u.m.)	-owned (u.m.)	-covered (u.m.)	(community)
leaf	wide	cutter	-clad (u.m.)
plate (v.)	governmentwide	flat	-eyed (u.m.)
-plated (u.m.)	(State, city, etc.)	-green (u.m.)	gage (plum)
-plating (u.m.)	grab	hop	gill
smithing	-all (n., u.m.)	nut	grocer
-wrought (u.m.)	#bag	plot	horn
golden	hook	roots (nonliteral)	keeper
-fingered (u.m.)	rope	#roots (literal)	-leaved (u.m.)
-headed (u.m.)	grade	widow	sand (geology)
good	finder	grave	sick
-bye	mark	clothes	stuff
-for-nothing (n.,	grain	digger	sward
u.m.)	-cut (u.m.)	side	town
-looker	field	stead	(community)
-looking (u.m.)	-laden (u.m.)	gravel	#wood (literal)
-natured (u.m.)	mark	-blind (u.m.)	wood (forest)
#will (kindness)	sick	stone	greyhound
will (salable	gram	gray	grid
asset)	-fast (u.m.)	back (n., u.m.)	iron
40000)	"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	"", "",	11011

1 1	l 1. ( )	l " i	
lock	-saline (n.)	#pelorus	-baked (u.m.)
griddlecake	shoe	plane, compass,	-bound (u.m.)
grillroom	gun	etc.	caste
grip	#barrel	н	-clear
sack	bearer		cock (v.)
wheel	blast	H	cocked
gross	builder	-bar	(nonliteral)
-minded (u.m.)	cotton	-beam	-dark
#weight	crew	-bomb	#day
ground	deck	-hour	deck
breaking	fight	hack	-decked (u.m.)
hog	fire	barrow	-decker
mass	flint	hammer	-feed (v.)
nut	lock	log	hearted
path	paper	saw	-hourly (u.m.)
plot	pit	hailstorm	-life
-sluicer	play	hair	#load
speed	point	band	-loaded (u.m.)
#water	powder	breadth	-mast
wave	rack	brush	-miler
work	-rivet (v.)	-check (n.)	-monthly (u.m.)
group-connect (v.)	runner	cloth	-on (n., u.m.)
grownup (n., u.m.)	shop	cut (n.)	pace
grubstake	shot	do	penny
guard	-shy (u.m.)	dresser	-ripe
house	sight	-fibered (u.m.)	-shy
plate	stock	lock	-sole (v.)
rail	wale	pin	staff
guest	gut	#ribbon	stitch
chamber	less	space (printing)	-strength (u.m.)
house	string	splitting	title
room	gutter	spring	tone (printing)
guided-missile	blood	streak	track
(u.m.)	-bred (u.m.)	stroke (printing)	-true
guidepost	snipe	#trigger	-truth
guider-in	spout	half	-weekly (u.m.)
gum	gymno (c.f.)	-and-half (n.,	wit
boil	all one word	u.m.)	-witted (u.m.)
chewer	gyneco (c.f.)	-afraid	-yearly (u.m.)
digger	all one word	-alive	hallmark
drop	gyro	-angry	ham
-gum	#horizon	back (football)	shackle
lac	#mechanism	-backed (u.m.)	string

	ı	ı	1 -
hammer	gun	tap	head
cloth	-held (u.m.)	tool	-hit (u.m.)
dress (v.)	-high (u.m.)	-tooled (u.m.)	-looking (u.m.)
-hard (u.m.)	hold	-tooling (u.m.)	mouthed
-harden (v.)	hole	truck	nose
-hardened (u.m.)	-in-hand (u.m.)	weave	pan
head	kerchief	wheel	-pressed (u.m.)
lock	-knit (v.)	worked	-set (u.m.)
#thrower	-knitter	woven	#shell (n.)
toe	laid	write (v.)	ship
-weld (v.)	-letter (v.)	written	spun
-wrought (u.m.)	lift (truck)	wrought	stand
hand	liner	hands#free	tack
bag	made	handlebar	top (auto)
ball	-me-down (n.,	hang	ware
bank (v.)	u.m.)	dog	-won (u.m.)
barrow	mix (v.)	nail	#work
bill	mold (v.)	net	-working (u.m.)
book	mower	out (n., u.m.)	wrought
-bound (u.m.)	off (n., u.m.)	up (n.)	hare
bow	out (n., u.m.)	hanger	brain
brake	pick (v.)	-back	foot
breadth	post	-on	hound
brush	press	-up	lip
-built (u.m.)	print	happy-go-lucky	-mad (u.m.)
car	rail	hara-kiri	harness-making
-carry (v.)	reading	harbor	(u.m.)
cart	saw	master	harum-scarum
-carve (v.)	scrape (v.)	side	harvesttime
clap	set	hard	has-been (n.)
clasp	shake	-and-fast (u.m.)	hashmark
-clean (v.)	spade	back (beetle)	hat
crank	spike	-baked (u.m.)	band
cuff	splice	-bitten (u.m)	box
-cut (v.)	split	-boiled (u.m.)	brim
-embroidered	spring	case	brush
(u.m.)	spun	copy (n.)	cleaner
-fed (v.)	-stamp (v.)	core	pin
fold	stand	#disk	rack
grasp	stitch	#drive	rail
grenade	stroke	fist (n.)	stand
grip	stuff	handed	#tree
guard	-tailored (u.m.)	hat (n.)	hatchback
-	La contraction of the contractio	1	1

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hatchet-faced (u.m.)	band	stall	#rash
haul	bander	stand	-resistant (u.m.)
about (n., u.m.)	block	start	stroke
away (n., u.m.)	cap	stick	treat (v.)
back (n.)	chair	stock	-treating (u.m.)
have-not (n., u.m.)	cheese	stream	#wave
haversack	chute	strong	heaven
hawk	cloth	waiter	bound
bill	count	wall	-inspired (u.m.)
-billed (u.m.)	dress	wind	-sent (u.m.)
head	-ender	header-up	heaver
-nosed (u.m.)	first	heal-all (n., u.m.)	-off
hawse	frame	heart	-out
hole	gate	ache	-over
pipe	gear	aching	heavy
hay	hunter	beat	back
band	lamp	block	-duty (u.m.)
cap	ledge	blood	-eyed (u.m.)
cart	lighting	break	-footed (u.m.)
cock	liner	burn	handed
#fever	lock	deep	-looking (u.m.)
field	long	felt	-set (u.m.)
fork	master	free (u.m.)	#water
lift	mistress	grief	weight (n., u.m.)
loft	mold	heavy	hecto (c.f.)
market	most	leaf	all one word
mow	note	-leaved (u.m.)	hedge
rack	-on (u.m.)	nut	born
rake	phone	quake	breaker
rick	plate	seed	hog
-scented (u.m.)	post	sick	hop
seed	quarters	sore	pig
stack	rail	string	row
wire	reach	struck	#trimmer
hazardous	rest	throb	heel
#waste#site	ring	-throbbing (u.m.)	ball
hazel	rope	-weary (u.m.)	band
-eyed (u.m.)	set	hearth	block
nut	shake	rug	cap
he-man	sill	warming	fast
head	space	heat	grip
ache	spin	drops	pad
achy	spring	#pump	path
		1	t .

mlata	l homos	have (nonlitonal)	l
plate	hence	brow (nonliteral)	most
post	forth	-caliber (u.m.)	quarter
print	forward	-class (u.m.)	saddle
ring	hepato (c.f.)	-density	sight
stay	all one word	flier (n.)	wing
strap	hepta (c.f.)	flying (u.m.)	hip
tap	all one word	-foreheaded	bone
helio (c.f.)	here	(u.m.)	mold
all one word	about	#frequency	shot
hell	after	handed	hippo (c.f.)
bender	at	-hat (v.)	all one word
bent	by	jinks	histo (c.f.)
born	from	lander	all one word
bound	in	#light (literal)	hit
bred	inabove	light (nonlit.)	-and-miss (u.m.)
cat	inafter	-minded (u.m.)	-and-run (u.m.)
diver	inbefore	-power (u.m.)	-or-miss (u.m.)
dog	into	-pressure (u.m., v.)	hitchhiker
fire	of	-priced (u.m.)	hoarfrost
hole	on	#proof	hoary-haired (u.m.)
hound	to	-reaching (u.m.)	hob
-red (u.m.)	tofore	-rigger (n.)	goblin
helpmeet	under	rise (building)	nail
helter-skelter	unto	road	nob
hemstitch	upon	#seas	hobbyhorse
hema (c.f.)	with	-speed (u.m.)	hockshop
all one word	herringbone	stepper	hocus-pocus
hemato (c.f.)	hetero (c.f.)	-tension (u.m.)	hod#carrier
all one word	-ousia, etc.	#tide	hodgepodge
hemi (pref.)	rest one word	-up (u.m.)	hog
all one word	hexa (c.f.)	#water	back
hemo (c.f.)	all one word	higher-up (n.)	-backed (u.m.)
all one word	hi-fi	hill	-faced (u.m.)
hemp	hide	culture	fat
seed	-and-seek (n.,	(farming)	frame
string	u.m.)	side	hide
hen	away (n., u.m.)	top	nose (machine)
bill	out (n., u.m.)	hind	-nosed (u.m.)
coop	high	brain	pen
-feathered (u.m.)	ball	cast	sty
house	binder	gut (n.)	-tie (v.)
pecked	born	head	wash
roost	bred	leg	-wild (u.m.)

hog's-back (geol.)	-fed (u.m.)	pot	blende
hogshead	felt	sucker	blower
hoistaway (n.)	folk	sweet	-eyed (u.m.)
hold	freeze (u.m., v.)	honor	pipe
all (n., u.m.)	front	bound	stay
back (n., u.m.)	furnishings (n.)	#guard	tip
-clear (n., u.m.)	going	#man	hornyhanded
down (n., u.m.)	grown	hood	horse
fast (n., u.m.)	lander	cap	back
off (n., u.m.)	life	mold	breaker
out (n., u.m.)	made	wink	car
up (n., u.m.)	maker	hoof	cloth
holder	owner	beat	dealer
-forth	#ownership	mark	fair
-on	plate	print	fight
-up	#rule	-printed (u.m.)	flesh
hole	seeker	hook	hair
#in#one	sick	ladder	head
-high (u.m.)	spun	nose	herd
-in-the-wall (n.)	stead	-nosed (u.m.)	hide
through	stretch	pin	hoof
hollow	town	up (n., u.m.)	-hour
back	woven	hooker	jockey
(bookbinding)	homeo (c.f.)	-off	laugh
-backed (u.m.)	all one word	-on	meat
-eyed (u.m.)	home#page	-out	mint
faced	homo	-over	play
-ground (u.m.)	#legalis	-up	pond
holo (c.f.)	#sapiens	hoopstick	power-hour
all one word	homo (c.f.)	hop	power-year
holy	-ousia, etc.	about (n., u.m.)	pox
#day	rest one word	off (n., u.m.)	race
stone	honey	scotch	#sense (n.)
home	-colored (u.m.)	toad	shoe
-baked (u.m.)	comb	hope#chest	thief
body	-cured (u.m.)	hopper	#trade
born	dew	burn	whip
bred	drop	dozer	hot
brew	eater	horehound	bed
builder	-laden (u.m.)	hormono (c.f.)	blood
#buyer	lipped	all one word	-blooded (u.m.)
comer	moon	horn	brain
coming	mouthed	bill	cake
Ü	I	I	I

	ı	1	1
-cold	how	text	ideo (c.f.)
dog	-do-you-do (n.)	rest one word	-unit
foot	ever	<b>hypo</b> (c.f.)	rest one word
head (n.)	soever	all one word	idle
-mix (u.m.)	hub	hystero (c.f.)	headed
pack	cap	-oophorectomy	-looking (u.m.)
patch	-deep (u.m.)	-salpingo-oopho-	-minded (u.m.)
plate	humankind	rectomy	ileo (c.f.)
-press (v.)	humble	rest one word	all one word
rod (nonliteral)	bee		ilio (c.f.)
-roll (v.)	-looking (u.m.)		all one word
-rolled (u.m.)	mouthed	I	ill
spot	-spirited (u.m.)	-bar	-advised (u.m.)
-work (v).	humdrum	-beam	-being (n.)
hotelkeeper	hump	-iron	-born (u.m.)
houndshark	back	-rail	-bred (u.m.)
hourglass	-shouldered	ice	#breeding (n.)
house	(u.m.)	berg	-doing (n., u.m.)
breaking	humpty-dumpty	blind	-fated (u.m.)
broken	hunchback	#blindness	-humored (u.m.)
builder	hundred	blink	-looking (u.m.)
#call	fold	block	-treat (v.)
cleaner	-legged (u.m.)	bone	-use (v.)
-cleaning (u.m.)	-percenter	breaker	#will
coat	-pounder	cap	-wisher
dress	weight	-clad (u.m.)	-wishing (u.m.)
father	hung-up (u.m.)	-cold (u.m.)	in
furnishing(s) (n.)	hunger	-cooled (u.m.)	-and-in (u.m.)
guest	-mad (u.m.)	-covered (u.m.)	-and-out (u.m.)
hold	-worn (u.m.)	#cream	-and-outer
husband	hurly-burly	fall	-being (u.m.)
mother	hush	#fishing	-flight (u.m.)
owner	-hush	floe (island)	-house
parent	#money	flow (current)	-law (n.)
pest	up (n., u.m.)	-free (u.m.)	asmuch, sofar
plant	hydro (c.f.)	maker	#re, #rem, #situ,
-raising (u.m.)	all one word	melt	etc.
ridden	hydro#station	pack	in (pref.)
top	hygro (c.f.)	plant	active (u.m.)
trailer	all one word	plow	breeding
wares	hyper (pref.)	quake	depth (u.m.)
warming	-Dorian, etc.	#storm	hospital (u.m.)
wife	linked	#water	migration (u.m.)

service	intra (pref.)	J	lag
(u.m.), etc.	-atomic, etc.	J-bolt	liner
inch	rest one word	jack	port
-deep (u.m.)	intro (pref.)	ass	-powered (u.m.)
-long (u.m.)	all one word	hammer	prop
meal	Irish	head	-propelled (u.m.)
-pound	-American (u.m.)	-in-the-box	#propulsion
-ton	-born (u.m.)	knife	stream
worm	iron	-of-all-trades	wash
index-digest	#age	-o'-lantern	jewel
indigo	back	-plane (v.)	-bright (u.m.)
-blue (u.m.)	-braced (u.m.)	pot	-studded (u.m.)
-carmine (u.m.)	clad	rabbit	jib
Indo (c.f.)	fisted	screw	head
chinese	-free (u.m.)	jail	-o-jib
-European, etc.	handed	bird	stay
infra (pref.)	hard	house	jig
-anal	-lined (u.m.)	jam	-a-jig
-auricular	mold	nut	back
-axillary	-red (u.m.)	packed	-drill (v.)
-esophageal	shod	Java	saw
-umbilical	shot (mineral)	#applets	job
rest one word	(u.m.)	Beans	#lot
ink	#shot (golf)	Script	seeker
-black (u.m.)	side	jaw	#shop
mixer	-willed (u.m.)	bone	site
pot	works	breaker	joggle#piece
slinger	ironer-up	-locked (u.m.)	joint#owner
spot	island	twister	joulemeter
-spotted (u.m)	-born (u.m.)	jay	joy
stain	-dotted (u.m.)	hawk	hop
stand	iso (c.f.)	walk	ride
well	-octane	jelly	stick
inner	-oleic	bean	jump
-city (u.m.)	-osmosis	roll	master
#man	rest one word	jerry	off (n., u.m.)
spring	ivory	-build (v.)	rock
ino (c.f.)	-tinted (u.m.)	builder	jungle
all one word	type (photog.)	-built (u.m.)	-clad (u.m.)
insect-borne (u.m.)	-white (u.m.)	jet	-covered (u.m.)
inter (pref.)	ivy	#airliner	#gym
-American, etc.	-clad (u.m.)	#airplane	side
rest one word	-covered (u.m.)	-black (u.m.)	junkpile

	1	1 1	1 .
jury	-in (n., u.m.)	pad	-beam
#box	off (n., u.m.)	pan	-block
-fixing (u.m.)	out (n., u.m.)	strap	-shaped
-rigged (u.m.)	up (n., u.m.)	knick	-square
just#in#time	killjoy	knack	labio (c.f.)
juxta (c.f.)	kiln	point	all one word
-ampullar	-dry (u.m., v.)	knight	laborsaving
-articular	eye	-errant	lace
rest one word	hole	head	-edged (u.m.)
V	rib	hood	#edging
K	stick	knitback	wing (insect)
K	tree	knock	-winged (u.m.)
#car	kilo (pref.)	about (n., u.m.)	worked
-ration	gram-meter	away (n., u.m.)	lackluster
-term	voltampere	down (n., u.m.)	ladder-backed
keel	watthour	-knee (n.)	(u.m.)
block	rest one word	-kneed (u.m.)	lady
fat	kindheart	off (n., u.m.)	beetle
haul	king	-on (n., u.m.)	finger
-laying (u.m.)	bolt	out (n., u.m.)	killer
#line	#crab	up (n., u.m.)	ship
keepsake	head	knocker	lake
kerato (c.f.)	hood	-off	bed
all one word	hunter	-up	front
kettle	maker	knot	lander
drum	piece	hole	shore
stitch	pin	horn	side
key	kins	know	lameduck
board	folk	-all (n., u.m.)	(nonliteral)
bolt	people	-how (n., u.m.)	(n., u.m.)
hole	kiss-off (n., u.m.)	-it-all (n., u.m.)	lamp
lock	kite	-little (n., u.m.)	black
note	flier	-nothing (n.,	-blown (u.m.)
punch	flying	u.m.)	-foot
ring	knapsack	knuckle	hole
seat	knee	bone	-hour
stone	-braced (u.m.)	buster	house
stop	brush	-deep (u.m.)	lighter
word	cap	-kneed (u.m.)	lit
worker	-deep (u.m.)		post
kick	-high (u.m.)	L	shade
about (n., u.m.)	hole	L	stand
back (n., u.m.)	-jerk (u.m.)	-bar	wick

land	weld (v.)	site	time
#base	-welded (u.m.)	laundry#room	leaden
-based (u.m.)	-welding (u.m.)	law	-eyed (u.m.)
#bird	large	-abiding (u.m.)	pated
borne	-eyed	book	-souled (u.m.)
fall	-handed (u.m.)	breaker	leader#line
fast	-minded (u.m.)	-fettered (u.m.)	leaf
fill	mouthed	giver	bud
flood	-scale (u.m.)	#office	-clad (u.m.)
form	lark	suit	-eating (u.m.)
grabber	-colored (u.m.)	lawnmower	-shaped (u.m.)
-grant (u.m.)	spur	lay	stalk
holding	laryngo (c.f.)	away (n., u.m.)	lean
lady	all one word	back (n., u.m.)	-faced (u.m.)
locked	last	-by (n.)	-looking (u.m.)
look	-born (u.m.)	down (n., u.m.)	-to (n., u.m.)
lord	-cited (u.m.)	-minded (u.m.)	leap
lubber	-ditcher	off (n., u.m.)	frog
mark	-named (u.m.)	on (n., u.m.)	#year
mass	latch	out (n., u.m.)	lease
mine	bolt	up (n., u.m.)	back (n., u.m.)
#office	key	layer	hold
owner	string	-on	leased-line
-poor (u.m.)	late	-out	leather
right	-born (u.m.)	-over	back
scape	comer	-up	-backed (u.m.)
sick	-lamented (u.m.)	lazy	-bound (u.m.)
side	-maturing (u.m.)	bones	-brown (u.m.)
slide	latero (c.f.)	boots	-covered (u.m.)
slip	all one word	#guy	head
spout	lath-backed (u.m.)	legs	neck
storm	lathe-bore (v.)	lead	side
wash	latter	-alpha	ware
wire	-day (u.m.)	-burn (v.)	leavetaking
wrack	most	-filled (u.m.)	lee-bow (v.)
lantern-jawed	lattice	-gray (u.m.)	leech
(u.m.)	#stitch	-in (n., u.m.)	eater
lap	work	line	#rope
belt	laughing	#line (medical,	left
-lap	#gas	naut. only)	-bank (v.)
robe	stock	off (n., u.m.)	#field (sports)
streak	launch	out (n., u.m.)	-hand (u.m.)
top	#pad	#pencil	-handed (u.m.)

-hander	#cycle	-year	stick
most	-cycle (u.m.)	lighter-than-air	listener-in
-sided (u.m.)	drop	(u.m.)	litho (c.f.)
wing (political)	float	like	-offset
leg	giver	-looking (u.m.)	rest one word
band	giving	-minded (u.m.)	little
puller	guard	lily	-known (u.m.)
rope (v.)	hold	handed	neck (clam)
work	jacket	-shaped (u.m.)	-used (u.m.)
lend-lease (n., u.m.)	long	-white (u.m.)	live
length	#net	lime	#load
ways	raft	#juice	long
wise	ring	kiln	stock
lepto (c.f.)	saver	lighter	#wire
all one word	-size (u.m.)	pit	wire (nonliteral)
let	-sized (u.m.)	quat	liver
down (n., u.m.)	span	stone	-brown (u.m.)
off (n., u.m.)	spring	wash	-colored (u.m.)
up (n., u.m.)	stream	water	wurst
letter	style	linch	living#room
bomb	tide	bolt	loadmeter
#carrier	time	pin	loanword
drop	vest	line	lob
drop gram	vest weary (u.m.)	line -bred (u.m.)	lob fig
*			
gram	weary (u.m.)	-bred (u.m.)	fig
gram head	weary (u.m.) lift-off (n., u.m.)	-bred (u.m.) -breed (v.)	fig lolly
gram head -perfect (u.m.)	weary (u.m.) lift-off (n., u.m.) <b>light</b>	-bred (u.m.) -breed (v.) casting	fig lolly lobster-tailed (u.m.)
gram head -perfect (u.m.) press	weary (u.m.) lift-off (n., u.m.) light -armed (u.m.)	-bred (u.m.) -breed (v.) casting crew	fig lolly lobster-tailed (u.m.) lock
gram head -perfect (u.m.) press space	weary (u.m.) lift-off (n., u.m.) light -armed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.)	-bred (u.m.) -breed (v.) casting crew cut (printing)	fig lolly lobster-tailed (u.m.) lock box
gram head -perfect (u.m.) press space writer	weary (u.m.) lift-off (n., u.m.) light -armed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -colored (u.m.)	-bred (u.m.) -breed (v.) casting crew cut (printing) finder	fig lolly lobster-tailed (u.m.) lock box fast
gram head -perfect (u.m.) press space writer leuc(o) (c.f.)	weary (u.m.) lift-off (n., u.m.) light -armed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -colored (u.m.) -drab (u.m.)	-bred (u.m.) -breed (v.) casting crew cut (printing) finder -item (u.m.)	fig lolly lobster-tailed (u.m.) lock box fast hole
gram head -perfect (u.m.) press space writer leuc(o) (c.f.) all one word	weary (u.m.) lift-off (n., u.m.) light -armed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -colored (u.m.) -drab (u.m.) -draft (u.m.)	-bred (u.m.) -breed (v.) casting crew cut (printing) finder -item (u.m.) up (n., u.m.)	fig lolly lobster-tailed (u.m.) lock box fast hole jaw
gram head -perfect (u.m.) press space writer leuc(o) (c.f.) all one word liberal-minded	weary (u.m.) lift-off (n., u.m.) light -armed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -colored (u.m.) -drab (u.m.) -draft (u.m.) face (printing)	-bred (u.m.) -breed (v.) casting crew cut (printing) finder -item (u.m.) up (n., u.m.) walker	fig lolly lobster-tailed (u.m.) lock box fast hole jaw nut
gram head -perfect (u.m.) press space writer leuc(o) (c.f.) all one word liberal-minded (u.m.)	weary (u.m.) lift-off (n., u.m.) light -armed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -colored (u.m.) -drab (u.m.) -draft (u.m.) face (printing) -footed (u.m.)	-bred (u.m.) -breed (v.) casting crew cut (printing) finder -item (u.m.) up (n., u.m.) walker	fig lolly lobster-tailed (u.m.) lock box fast hole jaw nut out (n., u.m.)
gram head -perfect (u.m.) press space writer leuc(o) (c.f.) all one word liberal-minded (u.m.) lieutenant	weary (u.m.) lift-off (n., u.m.) light -armed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -colored (u.m.) -drab (u.m.) -draft (u.m.) face (printing) -footed (u.m.) handed	-bred (u.m.) -breed (v.) casting crew cut (printing) finder -item (u.m.) up (n., u.m.) walker link up (n., u.m.)	fig lolly lobster-tailed (u.m.) lock box fast hole jaw nut out (n., u.m.) pin
gram head -perfect (u.m.) press space writer leuc(o) (c.f.) all one word liberal-minded (u.m.) lieutenant #colonel	weary (u.m.) lift-off (n., u.m.) light -armed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -colored (u.m.) -drab (u.m.) -draft (u.m.) face (printing) -footed (u.m.) handed house#keeping	-bred (u.m.) -breed (v.) casting crew cut (printing) finder -item (u.m.) up (n., u.m.) walker link up (n., u.m.)	fig lolly lobster-tailed (u.m.) lock box fast hole jaw nut out (n., u.m.) pin ring
gram head -perfect (u.m.) press space writer leuc(o) (c.f.) all one word liberal-minded (u.m.) lieutenant #colonel -colonelcy	weary (u.m.) lift-off (n., u.m.) light -armed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -colored (u.m.) -drab (u.m.) -draft (u.m.) face (printing) -footed (u.m.) handed house#keeping (nautical)	-bred (u.m.) -breed (v.) casting crew cut (printing) finder -item (u.m.) up (n., u.m.) walker link up (n., u.m.) #up (v.)	fig lolly lobster-tailed (u.m.) lock box fast hole jaw nut out (n., u.m.) pin ring step
gram head -perfect (u.m.) press space writer leuc(o) (c.f.) all one word liberal-minded (u.m.) lieutenant #colonel -colonelcy #governor	weary (u.m.) lift-off (n., u.m.) light -armed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -colored (u.m.) -drab (u.m.) -draft (u.m.) face (printing) -footed (u.m.) handed house#keeping (nautical) #housekeeping	-bred (u.m.) -breed (v.) casting crew cut (printing) finder -item (u.m.) up (n., u.m.) walker link up (n., u.m.) #up (v.) lion -bold (u.m.)	fig lolly lobster-tailed (u.m.) lock box fast hole jaw nut out (n., u.m.) pin ring step stitch
gram head -perfect (u.m.) press space writer leuc(o) (c.f.) all one word liberal-minded (u.m.) lieutenant #colonel -colonelcy #governor -governorship	weary (u.m.) lift-off (n., u.m.) light -armed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -colored (u.m.) -drab (u.m.) -draft (u.m.) face (printing) -footed (u.m.) handed house#keeping (nautical) #housekeeping (domestic)	-bred (u.m.) -breed (v.) casting crew cut (printing) finder -item (u.m.) up (n., u.m.) walker link up (n., u.m.) #up (v.) lion -bold (u.m.) -headed (u.m.)	fig lolly lobster-tailed (u.m.) lock box fast hole jaw nut out (n., u.m.) pin ring step stitch up (n., u.m.)
gram head -perfect (u.m.) press space writer leuc(o) (c.f.) all one word liberal-minded (u.m.) lieutenant #colonel -colonelcy #governor -governorship life	weary (u.m.) lift-off (n., u.m.) light -armed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -colored (u.m.) -drab (u.m.) -draft (u.m.) face (printing) -footed (u.m.) handed house#keeping (nautical) #housekeeping (domestic) mouthed	-bred (u.m.) -breed (v.) casting crew cut (printing) finder -item (u.m.) up (n., u.m.) walker link up (n., u.m.) #up (v.) lion -bold (u.m.) -headed (u.m.) hearted	fig lolly lobster-tailed (u.m.) lock box fast hole jaw nut out (n., u.m.) pin ring step stitch up (n., u.m.) washer
gram head -perfect (u.m.) press space writer leuc(o) (c.f.) all one word liberal-minded (u.m.) lieutenant #colonel -colonelcy #governor -governorship life belt	weary (u.m.) lift-off (n., u.m.) light -armed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -colored (u.m.) -drab (u.m.) -draft (u.m.) face (printing) -footed (u.m.) handed house#keeping (nautical) #housekeeping (domestic) mouthed -producing (u.m.)	-bred (u.m.) -breed (v.) casting crew cut (printing) finder -item (u.m.) up (n., u.m.) walker link up (n., u.m.) #up (v.) lion -bold (u.m.) -headed (u.m.) hearted -maned (u.m.)	fig lolly lobster-tailed (u.m.) lock box fast hole jaw nut out (n., u.m.) pin ring step stitch up (n., u.m.) washer locker#room

Shook   Shoreman   Spun   Standing (u.m.)   St	laa	l (r)	low	ah:
in spun standing (u.m.) boy bred standing (u.m.) on stitch brow (nonliteral) brow (nonliteral) sheet wave (radio) ways (nonliteral) browed wave (radio) ways down (n., u.m.) all one word look (c.f.) all one word look (box over (n., u.m.) -in (n., u.m.) -lived (u.m.) beard (n.) out (n., u.m.) -power (u.m.) sheet (u.m.) over (n., u.m.) -power (u.m.) -po	log	run (u.m.)		machine
jam on stitch of #term (n.) stitch brow (nonliteral) show (nonliteral) sheet wave (radio) ways down (n., u.m.) all one word logo (c.f.) all one word logo (c.f.) all one word logo (u.m.) beard (n.) -in (n., u.m.) out (n., u.m.) -jower (u.m.) beard (n.) -in (n., u.m.) over (n., u.m.) -power (u.m.) sheet wave (radio) ways down (n., u.m.) -power (u.m.) man (n.) -bearded (u.m.) over (n., u.m.) -power (u.m.) #money made -over (u.m.) bow through (n., d.m.) lower case (printing) -basalt olivatine basalt not optically all one word look stitch bolt nand (nonliteral) loose mark rest one word had (u.m.) hand (nonliteral) loose mark rest one word had (u.m.) handled (u.m.) mouthed hair (n.) -fongued (u.m.) loop jack servant maiden leaf mouthed leaf nouthed nouthed leaf mouthed leaf nouthed leaf nouthed nocked (u.m.) love (u.m.) box speaker (radio) legs (n.) -voiced (u.m.) love mouthed necked (u.m.) horn (cattle) born leaf (u.m.) nose (n.) -inspired (u.m.) play (records) seat M-day slot to slot nor own slot love loun.) pouch				
on off #term (n.)		1 *	'	
off roll sheet wave (radio) sheet sall one word look sall one word look long (sheep) sheet sall one word look sheet sal	,	_		
roll sheet				` ′
sheet loggerhead logo (c.f.) all one word look long down (n., u.m.) -downer long down (n., u.m.) -lived (u.m.) -awaited (u.m.) -in (n., u.m.) -lived (u.m.) -lived (u.m.) -beard (n.) out (n., u.m.) -power (u.m.) -power (u.m.) -bearded (u.m.) over (n., u.m.) -power (u.m.) -power		` '		_
loggerhead logo (c.f.) all one word look long -awaited (u.m.) -beard (n.) -bearded (u.m.) -billed (u.m.) -drawn (u.m.) -drawn (u.m.) -handed (u.m.) -handed (u.m.) -handed (u.m.) -handed (u.m.) -handed (u.m.) -handed (u.m.) -horn (cattle) -horn (cattle) -horn (cattle) -leaged (u.m.) -lived (u.m.) -leaged (		` ′	` ′	
logo (c.f.) all one wordwool (sheep) look-downer -landermadlongdown (n., u.m.) -in (n., u.m.)-lived (u.m.) -lived (u.m.)cap-awaited (u.m.) -bearded (u.m.)-in (n., u.m.) out (n., u.m.) over (n., u.m.)-power (u.m.) -power (u.m.)man (n.)-bearded (u.m.) -billed (u.m.)#over (v.) through (n., u.m.)rise -over (u.m.)-over (u.m.)-billed (u.m.) -billed (u.m.)looker-on through (n., u.m.)lower -dasalt -olivinitemagnetite-distance (u.m.) -drawn (u.m.)loop thole hole hair (n.)#knot stitch bolt -opticslug magneto (c.f.)-haired (u.m.) -handed (u.m.)#knot stitch blod -ovarian -baad (u.m.)leaf (u.m.) sail mark sail lumber jack markmaid majong maid-handed (u.m.) -horned (u.m.) johns-cover (u.m.) sidedlumber jack mouthed#of#honor servant-horned (u.m.) -leaged (u.m.) -leaged (u.m.)-eared (u.m.) speaker (radio) -voiced (u.m.)#room servantmaiden hood-leaved (u.m.) -legged (u.m.) -legged (u.m.)#speaker (orator) speaker (radio) -voiced (u.m.)box hoor -voiced (u.m.)box hoor clad clad clad -cover (u.m.) -order (u.m.) -order (u.m.) -order (u.m.)-nose (n.) -past (u.m.) play (records)-inspired (u.m.) -order (u.m.) -order (u.m.) -order (u.m.) -order (u.m.) -order (u.m.)-pouch -past (u.m.) -past (u.m.)-order (u.m.) -order (u.m.) -order (u.m.) -orde		` ′	` ′	` ′
look   down (n., u.m.)   -lived (u.m.)   -li		1 '	` ' '	
long	•	_		
-awaited (u.m.) beard (n.) beard (n.) -bearded (u.m.) -bearded (u.m.) -billed (u.m.) bow cloth -distance (u.m.) -drawn (u.m.) -banded (u.m.)				
beard (n.) -bearded (u.m.) -beilled (u.m.) -billed (u.m.) -bow cloth -distance (u.m.) -drawn (u.m.) -handled (u.m.) -handled (u.m.) -handled (u.m.) -bearded (u.m.) -drawn (u.m.) -prowr	· ·	, , , ,		1 *
-bearded (u.m.) -billed (u.m.) -billed (u.m.) -billed (u.m.) -bow through (n., cloth -distance (u.m.) -drawn (u.m.) -haired (u.m.) -haired (u.m.) -handed (u.m.) -handed (u.m.) -handled (u.m.) -handled (u.m.) -horned (u.m.) -horned (u.m.) -eared (u.m.) -e		, , , ,		1
-billed (u.m.) bow through (n., cloth u.m.) -distance (u.m.) -drawn (u.m.)  felt hair (n.) -haired (u.m.) -handled (u.m.) horn (cattle) -horned (u.m.) johns sided leaf mouthed leaf mouthed leaf mouthed leaf mouthed leaf (u.m.) -leaged (u.m.) -lea	` '	` ' '	_	,
bow cloth	, ,	, , , ,	-pressure (u.m.)	
clothu.m.)lowermagnetite-distance (u.m.)looker-onacase (printing)-basalt-drawn (u.m.)loop#deck-olivinitefeltholemost-spinellitehair (n.)#knotlugmagneto (c.f.)-haired (u.m.)stitchbolt-optics-hande (u.m.)leaf (u.m.)sailmahjong-handed (u.m.)mouthedlukewarmmaid-handled (u.m.)mouthedlukewarmmaid-handled (u.m.)-tongued (u.m.)lumber#of#honor-horned (u.m.)-eared (u.m.)#roommaiden-horned (u.m.)-eared (u.m.)#roommaiden-johnssidedlumbo (c.f.)hair#jumploud-ovarianhead-leaved (u.m.)#speaker (orator)lumen-hour#name-leaved (u.m.)speaker (radio)lumchmail-legged (u.m.)speaker (radio)lunchmail-legged (u.m.)love#hourclad-lived (u.m.)borntimeguard-nose (u.m.)-inspired (u.m.)lying-in (n., u.m.)-order (u.m.)-nose (u.m.)-inspired (u.m.)pouch-past (u.m.)lornMroomslot	-billed (u.m.)	` '	rise	` ′
-distance (u.m.) -drawn (u.m.) -drawn (u.m.) -felt -hair (n.) -haired (u.m.) -handed (u.m.) -handled (u.m.) -tongued (u.m.) -eared (u.m.) -ightharpoonum (u.m.) -ightharpoonum (u.m.) -legged (u.m.) -love -legged (u.m.) -lived (u.m.) -lived (u.m.) -lived (u.m.) -lived (u.m.) -lived (u.m.) -love -legged (u.m.) -love -legged (u.m.) -love -lovarian -lumbo (c.f.) -lumbo (u.m.) -lumbo (u.m.		through (n.,	#water	-up (u.m.)
-drawn (u.m.)  felt hair (n.) -haired (u.m.) hand (nonliteral) -handled (u.m.) head (n.) -horned (u.m.) johns  #jump leaf -leaved (u.m.) -leaged (u.m.) -lived (u.m.) -loor -leaged (u.m.) -loor -l		u.m.)	lower	magnetite
felt hair (n.) #knot stitch bolt -optics mark rest one word maiden horn (cattle) -loog loog sided leaf (u.m.) sided loog leaf (u.m.) sided leaf (u.m.) sided leaf (u.m.) speaker (radio) legs (n.) -voiced (u.m.) legs (n.) -voiced (u.m.) born (nose (n.) -inspired (u.m.) lorn spak (u.m.) spak (u.m.) lorn spak (u.m.) lorn spak (u.m.) spak (u.m.) lorn spak (u.m.) spak	-distance (u.m.)	looker-on	case (printing)	-basalt
hair (n.)  #knot stitch bolt -optics rest one word hand (nonliteral) leaf (u.m.) sail mahjong maid head (n.) -tongued (u.m.) lumber jack servant horned (u.m.) sided lumbo (c.f.) hair leaf (u.m.) sided lumbo (c.f.) hair head head (n.m.) speaker (radio) legs (n.) -voiced (u.m.) legs (n.) love mouthed lumbo (c.m.) horn (cattle) lorn spay (records) seat M-day slot	-drawn (u.m.)	loop	#deck	-olivinite
-haired (u.m.) hand (nonliteral) -handed (u.m.) -handed (u.m.) -handled (u.m.) -tongued (u.m.) -tongued (u.m.) -tongued (u.m.) -eared (u	felt	hole	most	-spinellite
hand (nonliteral) -handed (u.m.) -handled (u.m.) -tongued (u.m.) -tongued (u.m.) -tongued (u.m.) -eared (u.m.) -ea	hair (n.)	#knot	lug	magneto (c.f.)
-handed (u.m.) -handled (u.m.) head (n.) head (n.) horn (cattle) -horned (u.m.) johns leaf lumbo (c.f.) loud -leaved (u.m.) -leaved (u.m.) -legged (u.m.) legs (n.) -lived (u.m.) mouthed bird nose (n.) -nosed (u.m.) -past (u.m.) -past (u.m.) -leaf (u.m.) -tongued (u.m.)	-haired (u.m.)	stitch		-optics
-handled (u.m.) head (n.) head (n.) horn (cattle) -horned (u.m.) johns loud leaf leaf -leaved (u.m.) -legged (u.m.) legs (n.) -lived (u.m.) legs (n.) -lived (u.m.) mouthed bird mouthed -nose (n.) -nosed (u.m.) -past (u.m.) play (records)  mouthed -tongued (u.m.) lumber jack servant maiden hair leaf -ovarian head hood lumen-hour lumen-hour lumen-hour lumen-hour speaker (radio) box hour clad room clerk guard -order (u.m.) play (records)  maid lumbo (c.f.) hair legrom maiden hood lumen-hour lu	hand (nonliteral)	loose	mark	rest one word
head (n.) horn (cattle) lop lop jack servant maiden johns sided lumbo (c.f.) hair head leaf leaf leaf leaved (u.m.) legged (u.m.) legged (u.m.) legs (n.) lived (u.m.) mouthed mouthed bird mouthed mouthed mouthed love lived (u.m.) hood lumen-hour lumen-hour mail loox box bag lived (u.m.) hair head hood lumen-hour #name lunch mail box bag lived (u.m.) box bag lived (u.m.) love #hour clad mouthed nose (u.m.) horn lime guard nose (n.) -inspired (u.m.) lying-in (n., u.m.) -order (u.m.) pouch room play (records) seat M-day	-handed (u.m.)	leaf (u.m.)	sail	mahjong
horn (cattle) -horned (u.m.) johns sided lumbo (c.f.)  -eared (u.m.) leaf leaf -leaved (u.m.) -legged (u.m.) legs (n.) -lived (u.m.) mouthed mouthed hood lumen-hour	-handled (u.m.)	mouthed	lukewarm	
-horned (u.m.)  johns  sided  lumbo (c.f.)  hair  head  hood  leaf  leaf  leaf  leaf  leaged (u.m.)  legged (u.m.)  legs (n.)  lived (u.m.)  love  mouthed  bird  mouthed  box  hour  love  mouthed  hood  lumen-hour  mail  box  bag  love  #hour  clad  mouthed  nose (n.)  love  hoor  play (records)  #room  lumch  box  bag  lunch  mail  head  hood  lumen-hour  #name  play (nose (u.m.)  hoox  box  play (records)  #hour  clad  room  clerk  guard  -order (u.m.)  pouch  room  play (records)  #hour  seat  M-day  #hour  slot	head (n.)	-tongued (u.m.)	lumber	#of#honor
johns sided loud -ovarian head hood lumen-hour #name legged (u.m.) speaker (radio) legs (n.) love #hour clad mouthed room clerk nose (n.) -inspired (u.m.) #knot play (records) seat M-day slot	horn (cattle)	lop	jack	servant
#jump leaf mouthed rest one word hood hood lumen-hour #name legged (u.m.) speaker (radio) legs (n.) -voiced (u.m.) box bag lived (u.m.) love #hour clad mouthed bird room clerk mouthed hord born time guard nose (n.) -inspired (u.m.) lying-in (n., u.m.) -order (u.m.) past (u.m.) lorn play (records) seat M-day slot	-horned (u.m.)	-eared (u.m.)	#room	maiden
leaf mouthed rest one word hood lumen-hour #name legged (u.m.) speaker (radio) legs (n.) -voiced (u.m.) box bag lived (u.m.) bird room clerk mouthed bird room time guard nose (n.) -inspired (u.m.) lying-in (n., u.m.) rosed (u.m.) lorn play (records) seat M-day slot	johns	sided	lumbo (c.f.)	hair
-leaved (u.m.) -legged (u.m.) -legged (u.m.) -legs (n.) -lived (u.m.) -lived (u.m.) -love -necked (u.m.) -nose (n.) -nosed (u.m.) -past (u.m.) -past (u.m.) -leaved (u.m.) -legged (u.m.) -legged (u.m.) -speaker (radio) -voiced (u.m.) -voiced (u.m.	#jump	loud	-ovarian	head
-legged (u.m.) legs (n.) -voiced (u.m.)  love  bird -necked (u.m.)  nose (n.) -nosed (u.m.)  -past (u.m.)  play (records)  speaker (radio) -voiced (u.m.)  box  #hour room clad room time guard -order (u.m.)  play (records)  seat  M-day  speaker (radio)  box  #hour room clerk guard -order (u.m.)  pouch room slot	leaf	mouthed	rest one word	hood
legs (n.) -lived (u.m.) love #hour room clad roeked (u.m.) hose (n.) -nosed (u.m.) -past (u.m.) play (records) -voiced (u.m.) -voiced (u.m.) box #hour room time guard lying-in (n., u.m.)  bag clad room clerk guard lying-in (n., u.m.) pouch room M room	-leaved (u.m.)	#speaker (orator)	lumen-hour	#name
-lived (u.m.) mouthed bird room clad clerk -necked (u.m.) nose (n.) -nosed (u.m.) -past (u.m.) play (records)  love #hour room time guard lying-in (n., u.m.)  #knot pouch room M room M-day  #hour room play a clad clerk guard puard room playing-in (n., u.m.) pouch room slot	-legged (u.m.)	speaker (radio)	lunch	mail
mouthed bird room clerk -necked (u.m.) born time guard nose (n.) -inspired (u.m.) lying-in (n., u.m.) -order (u.m.) -nosed (u.m.) #knot pouch -past (u.m.) lorn play (records) seat M-day slot	legs (n.)	-voiced (u.m.)	box	bag
-necked (u.m.) born time guard nose (n.) -inspired (u.m.) lying-in (n., u.m.) -order (u.m.) -nosed (u.m.) #knot pouch -past (u.m.) lorn   M room play (records) seat M-day slot	-lived (u.m.)	love	#hour	clad
nose (n.) -nosed (u.m.) -past (u.m.) play (records) -inspired (u.m.) -insp	mouthed	bird	room	clerk
-nosed (u.m.) #knot pouch -past (u.m.) lorn M room play (records) seat M-day slot	-necked (u.m.)	born	time	guard
-past (u.m.) lorn M room play (records) seat M-day slot	nose (n.)	-inspired (u.m.)	lying-in (n., u.m.)	-order (u.m.)
-past (u.m.) lorn M room play (records) seat M-day slot	-nosed (u.m.)	#knot		
play (records) seat M-day slot	-past (u.m.)	lorn	M	
	_	seat	M-day	slot
range (anni)	playing (u.m.)	sick	macebearer	truck

	l 1 1	l 1	l i d
main	hole	marker	beetle
frame	-hour	-down	day (distress call)
mast	killer	-off	hap
pin	kind	-up	mealymouth
sail	made (u.m.)	marketplace	mean
sheet	-minute	marrowbone	-acting (u.m.)
spring	-of-war (ship)	marsh	-spirited (u.m.)
stay	power	buck	time
stream	servant	mallow	(meanwhile)
(nonliteral)	-size (u.m.)	(confection)	#time
top	slaughter	#mallow (plant)	(astronomical)
topmast	slayer	mass	tone (u.m.)
#yard	stealer	-minded (u.m.)	while
major	stopper	-produce (v.)	meat
-domo	trap	mast	ball
#league	-woman	-brown (u.m.)	cutter
-leaguer	-year	head	-eater
-minor	manic-depressive	master	-fed (u.m.)
make	manifold	#at#arms	hook
-believe (n., u.m.)	mantel	mind	-hungry (u.m.)
fast (n.)	piece	#of#ceremonies	packer
over	shelf	piece	works
ready (printing)	tree	ship	wrapper
shift	many	#stroke	mechanico (c.f.)
up (n., u.m.)	-colored (u.m.)	#workman	all one word
weight	-folded (u.m.)	mat-covered (u.m.)	medico (c.f.)
maker	-layered (u.m.)	match	all one word
-off	plies	book	medio (c.f.)
-up	-sided (u.m.)	head	all one word
making#up	mapreader	-lined (u.m.)	medium
mal (c.f.)	marble	mark	-brown (u.m.)
all one word	head	safe	-size(d) (u.m.)
man	-looking (u.m.)	stick	weight (n., u.m.)
back	-topped (u.m.)	maxi (n.)	meek
-child	-white (u.m.)	maxi (pref.)	-eyed (u.m.)
-created (u.m.)	mare's	all one word	hearted
-day	-nest	May	-spirited (u.m.)
eater	-tail	#Day	meetingplace
-fashion (u.m.)	mark	-day (u.m.)	megalo (c.f.)
-grown (u.m.)	down (n., u.m.)	pole	all one word
handle	off (n., u.m.)	tide	melon
hater	shot	may	grower
-high (u.m.)	up (n., u.m.)	be (adv.)	-laden (u.m.)

	ı	ı	
-shaped (u.m.)	tint	post	works
melt	micro (c.f.)	-pound	mini (n.)
down (n., u.m.)	-organism	-ton	mini (pref.)
water	rest one word	-wide (u.m.)	all one word
men	mid (c.f.)	milk	minor
folk	-American, etc.	-fed (u.m.)	#league
kind	-April	head	-leaguer
meningo (c.f.)	day	#run	minute#book
all one word	-decade	shake	mirror
menu-driven	-dish	shed	-faced (u.m.)
merry	-ice	sick	scope
-go-round	-level	sop	mis (pref.)
meeting	-1958	-white (u.m.)	all one word
-minded (u.m.)	-Pacific, etc.	mill	mischiefmaking
meshbag	-Victorian, etc.	cake	mist
meso (c.f.)	rest one word	course	bow
all one word	middle	dam	-clad (u.m.)
mess	-aged (u.m.)	feed	-covered (u.m.)
hall	breaker	hand	fall
kit	brow (nonliteral)	-headed (u.m.)	miter
room	-burst (v.)	pond	#box
tin	buster	post	-lock (v.)
-up (n., u.m.)	#ear	race	mix
meta (pref.)	#ground	ring	blood
all one word	man (nonliteral)	stock	up (n.)
metal	most	stream	mixing#room
ammonium	-of-the-roader	wright	mizzenmast
-clad (u.m.)	-sized (u.m.)	milli (c.f.)	mock
-coated (u.m.)	splitter	gram-hour	-heroic (u.m.)
-lined (u.m.)	weight	rest one word	#turtle
works	midi (n.)	mincemeat	up (n., u.m.)
meter	midi (pref.)	mind	mocker-up
-amperes	all one word	#healer	mocking
gram	mighty-handed	-healing (u.m.)	stock
-kilogram	(u.m.)	reader	-up (u.m.)
-kilogram-second	mil-foot	set (n.)	mold
-millimeter	mild	sight	made (u.m.)
metro (c.f.)	-cured (u.m.)	mine	#shop
all one word	-mannered (u.m.)	field	mole
mezzo	-spoken (u.m.)	layer	catcher
graph	mile	ship	-eyed (u.m.)
relievo	-long (u.m.)	sweeper	head
soprano	-ohm	thrower	hill

money	sail	moto (c.f.)	-colored (u.m.)
bag	set	all one word	flat
changer	shade	motor	flow
getter	shine	bike	guard
grubber	shot	bus	head
lender	sick	cab	hole
-mad (u.m.)	struck	cade	lark
maker	tide	car	sill
saver	walker	coach	slinger
monkey	-white (u.m.)	cycle	-splashed (u.m.)
-faced (u.m.)	moosecall	-driven (u.m.)	stain
nut	mop	jet	sucker
pod	head	-minded (u.m.)	track
pot	stick	#scooter	#turtle
shine	up (n., u.m.)	ship	muddlehead
#wrench	mopper-up	truck	mule
mono (c.f.)	mopping-up (u.m.)	van	back
-ideistic	morning	moundbuilder	#deer
-iodo	#sickness	mountain	skinner
-iodohydrin	#star	-high (u.m.)	multi (c.f.)
-ion	tide	side	all one word
-ousian	mosquito	top	multiple-purpose
rest one word	-free (u.m.)	-walled (u.m.)	(u.m.)
month	#net	mouse	muscle
end	moss	-brown (u.m.)	bound
long (u.m.)	back	-eared (u.m.)	power
moon	-clad (u.m.)	-eaten (u.m.)	music
beam	-green (u.m.)	hole	lover
blind	-grown (u.m.)	trap	-mad (u.m.)
#blindness	head	mouth	maker
blink	-lined (u.m.)	-filling (u.m.)	room
born	most-favored-nation	-made (u.m.)	musico (c.f.)
-bright (u.m.)	(u.m.)	piece	all one word
eye	moth	wash	musk
face	ball	muck	#deer
gazing	-eaten (u.m.)	rake (v.)	melon
glow	hole	raker	#ox
head	proof	sweat	rat
lighter	mother	muco (c.f.)	mutton
lit	board	all one word	#chop (meat)
-mad (u.m.)	hood	mud	chop (shape)
path	-in-law	bank	fist
rise	-of-pearl	bath	head

myria (c.f.)	sighted	nettle	nickel
all one word	neat's-foot (u.m.)	fire	plate (v.)
mytho (c.f.)	neck	foot	-plated (u.m.)
all one word	band	some	-plating (u.m.)
myxo (c.f.)	bone	neuro (c.f.)	type
all one word	-breaking (u.m.)	all one word	night
un one word	cloth	never	-black (u.m.)
N	-deep (u.m.)	-ending (u.m.)	#blindness
nail	fast	more	cap
bin	guard	theless	-clad (u.m.)
brush	-high (u.m.)	new	clothes
head	hole	born	club
-headed (u.m.)	lace	-car (u.m.)	dress
#hole	line	comer	fall
print	mold	-created (u.m.)	-fly (aviation) (v.)
puller	tie	fangled	-flying (u.m.)
rod	necro (c.f.)	-fashioned (u.m.)	gown
-shaped (u.m.)	all one word	-front (v.)	-grown (u.m.)
-studded (u.m.)	needle	-made (u.m.)	hawk
name	bill	-mown (u.m.)	long (u.m.)
-calling (u.m.)	case	-rich (u.m.)	mare
-dropping (u.m.)	-made (u.m.)	newlywed	#school
plate	nose (pliers)	news	shade
sake	point	boy	#shift
nano (c.f.)	-shaped (u.m.)	case	shirt
all one word	-sharp (u.m.)	cast	side
naptime	worked	clip	tide
narco (c.f.)	ne'er-do-well	dealer	walker
all one word	neo (c.f.)	#editor	nimble
narrow	-Greek, etc.	letter	-fingered (u.m.)
-mouthed (u.m.)	rest one word	paper	footed
minded	nephro (c.f.)	paper#work	nimbostratus
naso (c.f.)	all one word	photo	(clouds)
-occipital	nerve	print	nine
-orbital	ache	reader	fold
rest one word	-celled (u.m.)	reel	#holes
nationwide	-racked (u.m.)	sheet	-lived (u.m.)
native-born (u.m.)	net	stand	pin
navy-blue (u.m.)	ball	story	score
naysayer	braider	teller	nitpicker
near	-veined (u.m.)	nick	nitro (c.f.)
by	work	-eared (u.m.)	-hydro-carbon
-miss	#worth	name	rest one word
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no	east	shell	-job man
-account (n., u.m.)	going	sweet	-looking (u.m.)
-fault	most	0	man (arbiter)
-fee	-northeast		-numbered (u.m.)
-good (n., u.m.)	-sider	oak	off
-hitter (n.)	nose	-beamed (u.m.)	-and-on (u.m.)
how	bag	-clad (u.m.)	beat
#man's land	bleed	-green (u.m.)	cast
#one	bone	#leaf	center (u.m.)
-par (u.m.)	dive	-leaved (u.m.)	color (u.m.)
-par-value (u.m.)	down (n., u.m.)	oar	-colored (u.m.)
-show (n., u.m.)	gay	-footed (u.m.)	cut (printing)
-thoroughfare (n.)	guard	lock	day
whit	-high (u.m.)	oarsman	-fall (v.)
-year (funds)	hole	oat	-flavor (n., u.m.)
noble	-led (u.m.)	bin	-flow
-born (u.m.)	over (n., u.m.)	cake	-go (n.)
-featured (u.m.)	pipe	-fed (u.m.)	going
heartedness	ring	meal	grade
-looking (u.m.)	-thumbing (u.m.)	seed	hand
_	up (n., u.m.)	oathbreaker	-hours
-minded (u.m.)	wheel	object-oriented	line
nol-pros (v.)	note	oblong	loading
non	book	-elliptic (u.m.)	look
-civil-service	#paper	-leaved (u.m.)	-lying (u.m.)
(u.m.)	worthy	-linear (u.m.)	peak
-European, etc.	notwithstanding	-ovate (u.m.)	print
-interactive	novel	-shaped (u.m.)	put
-pros (v.)	-reading (u.m.)	-triangular (u.m.)	-reckoning (n.)
#sequitur, etc.	#writer	occipito (c.f.)	saddle
-tumor-bearing	-writing (u.m.)	-otic	scape
(u.m.)	nucleo (c.f.)	rest one word	scour
as prefix, one	all one word	ocean	scum
word	nut	-born (u.m.)	-season
none	breaker	borne	set
such	-brown (u.m.)	-girdled (u.m.)	shoot
theless	cake	going	shore
noon	cracker	side	side
day	hatch	-spanning (u.m.)	site
tide	hook	octo (c.f.)	-sorts (n.)
time	pecker	all one word	spring
north	pick	odd	stage
-central (u.m.)	-shaped (u.m.)	-jobber	street

take	old	-run (u.m.)	side (u.m.)
-the-record (u.m.)	-fashioned (u.m.)	one	-sided (u.m.)
type	-fogy (u.m.)	-armed (u.m.)	worked
-wheel (n.)	-growing (u.m.)	-decker	opera
-wheeler (n.)	-looking (u.m.)	-eyed (u.m.)	goer
-white (u.m.)	#maid	fold	going
#year	-maidish (u.m.)	-half	#house
office	#man	-handed (u.m.)	operating#system
#boy	-new	ness	ophthalmo (c.f.)
holder	style (printing)	-piece (u.m.)	all one word
seeker	timer	self	orange
-seeking (u.m.)	#woman	-sided (u.m.)	ade
oftentimes	-young	-sidedness	colored (u.m.)
ofttimes	oleo	signed (u.m.)	peel
ohm	#butter	-step (dance)	-red (u.m.)
-ammeter	#gear	-striper	stick
meter	#oil	time (formerly)	orchard#house
-mile	#strut	(u.m.)	orderly#room
oil	as combining	-time (one action)	organo (c.f.)
#burner	form, one word	(u.m.)	all one word
cake	olive	-two-three	ornitho (c.f.)
can	-brown (u.m.)	-way (u.m.)	all one word
cloth	-clad (u.m.)	onion	orrisroot
coat	-drab (u.m.)	peel	ortho (c.f.)
cup	-growing (u.m.)	skin	all one word
-driven (u.m.)	#oil	op-ed	osteo (c.f.)
-fed (u.m.)	-skinned (u.m.)	(newspaper)	all one word
field	wood	open	other
-forming (u.m.)	#wood (color)	-air (u.m.)	wise
-harden (v.)	omni (c.f.)	-armed (u.m.)	#world
hole	-ignorant	-back (u.m.)	worldly
meal	rest one word	-backed (u.m.)	oto (c.f.)
paper	on	band (yarn)	all one word
proofing	-and-off (n., u.m.)	cast	out
seed	board (u.m.)	cut (mining)	-and-out (u.m.)
#shale	-go (n.)	-end (u.m.)	-and-outer (n.)
skinned	going	-ended	-loud (u.m.)
-soaked (u.m.)	line#service	-faced (u.m.)	-Machiavelli, etc.
spill (n.)	site	handed	migration
stove	noun, adjective,	#house	-of-date (u.m.)
-temper (v.)	one word	minded	-of-door(s) (u.m.)
tightness	once	mouthed	-of-State (u.m.)
#well	-over (n.)	#shop	-of-the-way (u.m.)

1 ,	l 11	1 . • 4	l #1
placement	gall	paint	#box
-to-out (u.m.)	harrow	box	#carrier
as prefix, one	hide	brush	cutter
word	horn	mixer	hanger
outer	shoe	pot	shell (n., u.m.)
-city (u.m.)	tail	spray	-shelled (u.m.)
#man	#team	stained (u.m.)	-thin (u.m.)
most	oxy (c.f.)	pale	weight
wear	all one word	belly	-white (u.m.)
outward	oyster	-blue (u.m.)	papier#mache
-bound (u.m.)	bed	buck	para (c.f. or pref.)
-bounder	#crab	-cheeked (u.m.)	-analgesia
ovate	house	face (n.)	-anesthesia
-acuminate (u.m.)	root	-faced (u.m.)	legal
-oblong (u.m.)	seed	-looking (u.m.)	medic
ovato (c.f.)	shell	-reddish (u.m.)	rest one word
-oblong	-white (u.m.)	paleo (c.f.)	parcel
-orbicular		-Christian, etc.	#carrier
rest one word	P	rest one word	-plate (v.)
oven	pace	pallbearer	#post
baked	maker	palm	parchment
dried	#setter	-green (u.m.)	-covered (u.m.)
peel	-setting (u.m.)	#leaf	#maker
ware	pachy (c.f.)	#oil	-making (u.m.)
over	all one word	-shaded (u.m.)	parieto (c.f.)
age (surplus)	pack	palmi (c.f.)	-occipital
age (older) (n.,	builder	all one word	rest one word
u.m.)	cloth	pan	parimutuel
all (n., u.m.)	horse	-American, etc.	park
-the-counter	-laden (u.m.)	-broil (v.)	#forest
(u.m.)	sack	#ice	land
as combining	saddle	rest one word	way
form, one word	staff	Pan	part
owl-eyed (u.m.)	thread	#American Union	-finished (u.m.)
ox	up (n., u.m.)	hellenic	#owner
biter	packing#box	panel-lined (u.m.)	-time (u.m.)
blood (color)	padlock	panic-stricken	-timer (n.)
bow	paddlefoot	(u.m.)	#way
brake	page	panto (c.f.)	parti (c.f.)
cart	-for-page (u.m.)	all one word	all one word
cheek	#proof (printing)	panty hose	party#line
eye	painkiller	paper	parvi (c.f.)
-eyed (u.m.)	painstaking	back (n.)	all one word
· / · · · ( · · · · · · · )	. r	(21.)	,

pass	dirt	pebble	pot
back (n.)	load	-paved (u.m.)	-red (u.m.)
book	off (n., u.m.)	-strewn (u.m.)	peptalk
key	out (n., u.m.)	peeloff (n., u.m.)	per
out (n., u.m.)	#raise	peep	#annum
port	roll	eye	cent
through (n.,	sheet	hole	#centum
u.m.)	-TV	show	compound
way	pea	sight	(chemical)
word	#coal	peer-to-peer	current
passenger-mile	coat	pegleg	(botanical)
passer(s)-by	cod	pellmell	#diem
passion	-green (u.m.)	pen	salt (chemical)
-driven (u.m.)	hen	-cancel (v.)	#se
-feeding (u.m.)	jacket	head	sulfide
-filled (u.m.)	nut	knife	<b>peri</b> (pref.)
#play	pod	manship	-insular
paste	shooter	#name	rest one word
down (n., u.m.)	-sized (u.m.)	point	permafrost
pot	stick	pusher	pest
up (n., u.m.)	peace	rack	hole
pastureland	-blessed (u.m.)	script	-ridden (u.m.)
patent-in-fee	breaker	-shaped (u.m.)	petcock
path	-loving (u.m.)	stock	petit
breaker	maker	trough	grain
finder	#pipe	pencil	#jury
way	time	#box	#larceny
patho (c.f.)	peach	holder	#point
all one word	bloom	-mark (v.)	petro (c.f.)
patri (c.f.)	blow (color)	penny	-occipital
all one word	-colored (u.m.)	-a-liner	rest one word
patrol	pear-shaped (u.m.)	pincher	pharmaco (c.f.)
man	pearl	weight	-oryctology
#wagon	-eyed (u.m.)	winkle	rest one word
pattycake	fishing	worth	pharyngo (c.f.)
pawn	-pure (u.m.)	pent-up (u.m.)	-esophageal
broker	-set (u.m.)	penta (c.f.)	-oral
shop	-studded (u.m.)	-acetate	rest one word
pay	-white (u.m.)	rest one word	phase
back (n., u.m.)	peat	pepper	-in (n., u.m.)
check	-roofed (u.m.)	corn	meter
#cut	moss	#jelly	out (n., u.m.)
day	stack	mint	-wound (u.m.)

-1(-6)	l1.	l	l c
pheno (c.f.)	pole	root	fire
all one word	shaft	stick	fold
philo (c.f.)	up (n., u.m.)	sty	head
-French, etc.	picker-up	tailed	hold
rest one word	picket#line	wash	hole
phlebo (c.f.)	pickle-cured (u.m.)	pigeon	hook
all one word	picture	gram	lock
phonebook	#book	hole	paper
phono (c.f.)	#writing	-toed (u.m.)	point
all one word	pie	wing	prick
phospho (c.f.)	bald	piggyback	rail
all one word	crust	pike	setter
photo (c.f.)	-eater	-eyed (u.m.)	spot
-offset	-eyed	staff	stripe
-oxidation	marker	pile	-tailed (u.m.)
-oxidative	pan	driver	up (n., u.m.)
rest one word	plant	-driving (u.m.)	wheel
phrasemark (music)	#plate	hammer	pinch
phreno (c.f.)	-stuffed (u.m.)	up (n., u.m.)	back
all one word	#tin	#weave	bar
phyllo (c.f.)	piece	woven	beck
all one word	-dye (v.)	pill	cock
phylo (c.f.)	#goods	pusher	fist
all one word	meal	rolling	-hit (v.)
physico (c.f.)	mold	taker	-hitter
all one word	piezo (c.f.)	pillow	penny
physio (c.f.)	-oscillator	case	pine
all one word	rest one word	made	apple
phyto (c.f.)	pig	slip	-bearing (u.m.)
all one word	-back (v.)	top	-clad (u.m.)
piano	-backed (u.m.)	pilot	#cone
forte	-bellied (u.m.)	#boat	-fringed (u.m.)
graph	belly	house	#needle
#player	-eyed (u.m.)	#light	#oil
pick	face	pin	-shaded (u.m.)
aback	-faced (u.m.)	ball	#tar
ax	foot	block	pink
lock	-footed (u.m.)	bone	-blossomed (u.m.)
-me-up (n., u.m.)	headed	case	eye (n.)
off (n., u.m.)	herd	cushion	-eyed (u.m.)
over (n., u.m.)	#iron	-eyed (u.m.)	pipe
#over (v.)	out	fall	-drawn (u.m.)
pocket		feather	dream
pocket	pen	icatiici	ulcaiii

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fitter	place	bill	#tail
layer	card	book	wright
line	kick	boy	plug
-shaped (u.m.)	plague-infested	broker	-and-play
stem	(u.m.)	day	hole
walker	plain	down (n., u.m.)	-in (n., u.m.)
welder	back (fabric)	fellow	tray
pisci (c.f.)	-bodied (u.m.)	goer	-ugly (n., u.m.)
all one word	clothes (u.m.)	going	plumbline
pistol-whipped (v.)	clothesman	ground	plume-crowned
piston	-headed (u.m.)	mate	(u.m.)
head	-looking (u.m.)	off (n., u.m.)	pluri (c.f.)
#pin	-spoken (u.m.)	pen	all one word
#rod	woven (u.m.)	reader	pluto (c.f.)
#valve	plane	room	all one word
pit	#curve	script	pneumato (c.f.)
#boss	load	suit	-hydato-genetic
#bull	-mile	thing	(u.m.)
-eyed (u.m.)	-parallel (u.m.)	time	rest one word
fall	table (surveying)	wright	pneumo (c.f.)
head	plani (c.f.)	#yard	all one word
-headed (u.m.)	all one word	pleasure	pock
hole	plano (c.f.)	-bent (u.m.)	mark
mark	all one word	#boat	-marked (u.m.)
-marked (u.m.)	plant	-seeking (u.m.)	-pit (v.)
-rotted (u.m.)	#food	-tired (u.m.)	pocket
saw	life	-weary (u.m.)	book (purse)
side	site	pleo (c.f.)	#book (book)
pitch	plasterboard	all one word	-eyed (u.m.)
-black (u.m.)	plate	pleuro (c.f.)	knife
blende	cutter	all one word	-sized (u.m.)
#box	#glass	plow	-veto (v.)
-colored (u.m.)	-incased (u.m.)	back (n., u.m.)	poet
-dark (u.m.)	layer	-bred (u.m.)	-artist
#darkness	mark	hand	#laureate
fork	#proof (printing)	horse	-painter
hole	-roll (v.)	pan	pointblank
-lined (u.m.)	-rolled (u.m.)	point	Point-to-Point
man	platy (c.f.)	-shaped (u.m.)	poison-dipped
-marked (u.m.)	all one word	share	(u.m.)
out (n., u.m.)	play	shoe	pole
#pipe	-act (v.)	sole	arm
up (n., u.m.)	back (n., u.m.)	staff	-armed (u.m.)
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ax	port	latch	president
burn	cullis	lid	-elect
cat	fire	luck	#pro#tempore
-dried (u.m.)	folio	pie	press
horse	hole	pourri	#agent
-pile (v.)	hook	rack	-agentry
setter	manteau	#roast	board
-shaped (u.m.)	-mouthed (u.m.)	shot	feeder
sitter	side	potato#field	-forge (v.)
-stack (v.)	#wine	poultry	-made (u.m.)
star	post	#keeper	mark
timber	#bellum	-keeping (u.m.)	pack (v.)
trap	#boat	#raiser	plate
-vault (v.)	card	-raising (u.m.)	#proof (printing)
#vaulter	-Christian, etc.	#yard	preter (pref.)
politico (c.f.)	-cold-war (u.m.)	pound	all one word
-orthodox	#diem	cake	price
rest one word	-free (u.m.)	-foolish (u.m.)	#cutter
poll	haste	-foot	-cutting (u.m.)
book	#hospital	worth	#fixer
#parrot	(military)	powder	-fixing (u.m.)
#tax	#meridiem	-blue (u.m.)	#index
poly (c.f.)	#mortem (literal)	box	list
all one word	mortem	#house	-support (u.m.)
poor	(nonliteral)	#keg	tag
-blooded (u.m.)	#partum	#mill	prick
farm	#school (military)	#room	-eared (u.m.)
-spirited (u.m.)	audit, graduate,	-scorched (u.m.)	mark
pop	etc.	power	seam
corn	as prefix, one	boat	priesthood
eye	word	#mower	prime
gun	postal#card	-operated (u.m.)	#minister
up (n., u.m.)	pot	pack	-ministerial
poppy	ash	plant	(u.m.)
-bordered (u.m.)	bellied	praise	-ministership
cock	boil	-deserving (u.m.)	-ministry
-red (u.m.)	eye	-spoiled (u.m.)	prince
seed	hanger	worthiness	hood
pork	head	pre (pref.)	-priest
barrel (n., u.m.)	herb	-Incan, etc.	print
#chop	hole	audit, existing,	cloth
fish	hook	etc.	out
#pie	hunter	rest one word	script

		1 .	1
printing	sheet	out (n., u.m.)	pussy
-in (n., u.m.)	prop	-push (u.m.)	cat
#ink	jet	through (n.,	foot
#office	wash	u.m.)	#willow
-out (n., u.m.)	proso (c.f.)	up (n., u.m.)	put
prison	all one word	puller	back (n., u.m.)
bound	proto (c.f.)	-in	off (n., u.m.)
-free (u.m.)	-Egyptian, etc.	-out	-on (n., u.m.)
-made (u.m.)	rest one word	pulp	out (n., u.m.)
prisoner-of-war	proud	board	-put (n.)
(u.m.)	hearted	wood	-up (n., u.m.)
prize	-looking (u.m.)		putter
fighter	-minded (u.m.)	punch	-forth
#ring	psalmbook	board	-in
taker	pseudo (c.f.)	bowl	-off
winner	-Messiah, etc.	card	-on
-winning (u.m.)	-occidental	-drunk (u.m.)	-out
pro	-official	mark	-through
-Ally, etc.	-orientalism	-marked (u.m.)	-up
-choice	-orthorhombic	out (n.)	pyo (c.f.)
#football, etc.	-osteomalacia	punctureproof	all one word
#forma	-owner	pup#tent	pyro (c.f.)
-life	rest one word	pure	all one word
#rata	psycho (c.f.)	blood	
#tem	-organic	bred	Q
#tempore	rest one word	#line (biological)	Q
as prefix, one	ptero (c.f.)	purple	-boat
word	all one word	-blue (u.m.)	-fever
problem-solver	public	-clad (u.m.)	quadri (c.f.)
procto (c.f.)	hearted		-invariant
all one word	-minded (u.m.)	-colored (u.m.)	rest one word
profit	-spirited (u.m.)	heart (wood)	quarrystone
-and-loss (u.m.)	#works	purse	quarter
-sharing (u.m.)	pug	making	-angled (u.m.)
prong	nose	-proud (u.m.)	back
buck	-pile (v.)	#strings	-bloom (u.m.)
-hoe (v.)	pull	push	#boards
horn	back (n., u.m.)	button	-bound (u.m.)
-horned (u.m.)	#box	card	-breed (u.m.)
proof	down (n., u.m.)	cart	-cast (u.m.)
#press	-in (n., u.m.)	off (n., u.m.)	-cut (u.m.)
read	off (n., u.m.)	-pull (u.m.)	deck
reader	-on (n., u.m.)	up (n., u.m.)	-miler

#noto	horse	atorm	l trop
#note	horse	storm	trap
pace	track	wash	raw
-phase (u.m.)	way	water	boned
saw (v.)	radarscope	rakeoff (n., u.m.)	-edged (u.m.)
staff	radio	ram	hide
stretch	generally two	jet	-looking (u.m.)
-yearly (u.m.)	words except	rod	razor
quartermaster	the following forms	shackle	back
#general	frequency	ranch	-billed (u.m.)
-generalship		#hand	#blade
quasi	isotope	house	edge
all hyphened	telegraph	Random-access	-keen (u.m.)
queen#bee	telephone	range	-sharp (u.m.)
quick	rag	finder	strop
-change (u.m., v.)	bolt	#light	razzle-dazzle
-drawn (u.m., v.)	#doll	rider	re (pref.)
freeze (u.m., v.)	-made (u.m.)	rapid	-cover (cover
lime	sorter	#fire	again)
sand	tag	#transit	-create (create
set	time	rash	again), etc.
silver	rail	-brained (u.m.)	-cross- examination
step	bird	-headed (u.m.)	-ice
#time	car	-hearted (u.m.)	-ink
-witted (u.m.)	guard	-minded (u.m.)	-redirect
quin (c.f.)	head	rat	evaluate, process,
all one word	-ridden (u.m.)	bite	etc.
quit	road	catcher	rest one word
claim	setter	hole	reading#room
rent	splitter	-infested (u.m.)	read
_	#train	#race	out (n.)
R	way#maker	-tailed (u.m.)	through (n., u.m.)
rabbit	wayman	-tight (u.m.)	README
-backed (u.m.)	rain	trap	ready
-eared (u.m.)	band	rate	-built (u.m.)
#fever	-beaten (u.m.)	#cutter	-handed (u.m.)
#foot	bow	-cutting (u.m.)	made (u.m.)
mouth	check	-fixing (u.m.)	-mix (u.m.)
-mouthed (u.m.)	coat	payer	#reference
skin	drop	-raising (u.m.)	room
race	fall	setting	-witted (u.m.)
about (n., u.m.)	#forest	rattle	rear
course	-soft (u.m.)	brain	#end
goer	spout	snake	guard

		l 1 1	1 •
most	resino (c.f.)	-hander	river
view (u.m.)	all one word	-headed (u.m.)	bank
ward	retro (c.f.)	most	bed
reception#room	-ocular	-of-way	#bottom
recordbreaker	-omental	wing (political)	flow
recti (c.f.)	-operative	rim	-formed (u.m.)
all one word	-oral	-deep (u.m.)	front
recto (c.f.)	rest one word	fire	head
all one word	rheo (c.f.)	lock	scape
red	all one word	rock	side
bait (v.)	rhino (c.f.)	ring	wash
-billed (u.m.)	all one word	-adorned (u.m.)	-worn (u.m.)
-blooded (u.m.)	rhizo (c.f.)	-banded (u.m.)	road
bone	all one word	-billed (u.m.)	bank
buck	rhod(o) (c.f.)	bolt	bed
cap (porter)	all one word	giver	block
coat (n.)	rhomb(o) (c.f.)	head	builder
eye (n.)	all one word	-in (n., u.m.)	head
-eyed (u.m.)	rice	lead (v.)	hog
-faced (u.m.)	growing	leader	kill
-haired (u.m.)	#water	-necked (u.m.)	map
handed	rich	-off (n., u.m.)	#runner (bird)
head (n.)	-bound (u.m.)	pin	#show
-hot (u.m.)	-clad (u.m.)	-porous (u.m.)	side
-legged (u.m.)	-looking (u.m.)	-shaped (u.m.)	-test (v.)
#line (literal)	rickrack	side	way
#man	ridge		-weary (u.m.)
out (n., u.m.)	band	sight stand	rock
-skinned (u.m.)	pole		abye
tape (nonliteral)	top	stick	bottom
#tape (literal)	riffraff	-tailed (u.m.)	(nonliteral)
-throated (u.m.)	rifleshot	-up (n., u.m.)	#climber
-yellow (u.m.)	rig	worm	-climbing (u.m.)
reformat	out (n., u.m.)	rip	fall (n.)
regionwide	-up (n., u.m.)	cord	-fallen (u.m.)
religio (c.f.)	right	-off (n., u.m.)	fill
all one word	about	rap	firm
remote-access	about-face	roaring	pile
repair#shop	-angle (u.m., v.)	sack	-ribbed (u.m.)
representative	-angled (u.m.)	saw	#salt
#at#large	#away	snorter	shaft
-elect	#field (sports)	tide	slide
research#worker	-handed (u.m.)	-up (n., u.m.)	rod-shaped (u.m.)

	I #	l	1 -4
roe	#rot	shod	-stamped (u.m.)
buck	stalk	-sketch (v.)	ruby
#deer	stock	stuff	-hued (u.m.)
roentgeno (c.f.)	rope	tailed	-red (u.m.)
all one word	dance	#work (n.)	-set (u.m.)
roll	layer	work (v.)	-throated (u.m.)
about (n., u.m.)	stitch	wrought	rudder
back (n., u.m.)	walk	rougher	head
call	rose	-down	hole
-fed (v.)	-bright (u.m.)	-out	post
film	bud	-up	stock
off (n., u.m.)	bush	roughing-in (u.m.)	rule#of#thumb
-on (n., u.m.)	head	round	rum
out (n., u.m.)	-headed (u.m.)	about (n., u.m.)	-crazed (u.m.)
over (n., u.m.)	-scented (u.m.)	about-face	runner
top	-sweet (u.m.)	-faced (u.m.)	seller
up (n., u.m.)	tan	head	rumpus#room
roller	#water	-made (u.m.)	run
#blade	rotor	mouthed	about (n., u.m.)
#coaster	craft	nose (tool)	around (n., u.m.)
-made (u.m.)	ship	out (n., u.m.)	away (n., u.m.)
-milled (u.m.)	rotten	robin (petition)	back (n., u.m.)
#skate	-dry (u.m.)	seam	by (n.)
Romano (c.f.)	-minded (u.m.)	table (panel)	down (n., u.m.)
-canonical, etc.	rough	-tailed (u.m.)	-in (n., u.m.)
-Gallic, etc.	-and-ready (u.m.)	-topped (u.m.)	off (n., u.m.)
roof	-and-tumble (n.,	#trip	-on (n., u.m.)
garden	u.m.)	-tripper	out (n., u.m.)
line	cast (u.m., v.)	up (n., u.m.)	over (n., u.m.)
top	-coat (v.)	rub	through (n., u.m.)
tree	-cut (u.m.)	-a-dub	_
room	draw (v.)	down (n., u.m.)	up (n., u.m.)
#clerk	dress (v.)	rubber	runner-up
keeper	dry (u.m., v.)	band	Russo (c.f.)
mate	-face (v.)	-down	-Chinese, etc.
roominghouse	-faced (u.m.)	-lined (u.m.)	rest one word
root	hew	neck	rust
bound	house	-off	-brown (u.m.)
cap	-legged (u.m.)	-set (u.m.)	-eaten (u.m.)
-cutting (u.m.)	-looking (u.m.)	stamp	proofing
fast	neck	(nonliteral) (n.,	-resistant (u.m.)
hold	rider	u.m., v.)	-stained (u.m.)
#mean#square	setter	#stamp (n.)	rye#field

s	-stitched (u.m.)	peter	pit
	tree	1 *	_
S		pit	-pump (u.m., v.) shoe
-bend	-wire (u.m.)	pond shaker	
-brake	blower		spit
-iron	cracker	spoon	storm table
-ray		sprinkler	10010
-shaped	-deposit (u.m.)	water	weld (v.)
-trap	guard hold	works	-welded (u.m.)
-wrench	11016	salver	-welding (u.m.)
saber	#house	form	sandy-bottomed
-legged (u.m.)	#site	-shaped (u.m.)	(u.m.)
tooth	sage	sample	sangfroid
-toothed (u.m.)	brush	#book	sans
sable-cloaked (u.m.)	leaf	#box	#serif
Sabrejet	-leaved (u.m.)	maker	#souci
saccharo (c.f.)	sail	-making (u.m.)	sapphire
all one word	cloth	sand	-blue (u.m.)
sack	-dotted (u.m.)	bag	-colored (u.m.)
bearer	flying	bank	sarco (c.f.)
cloth	saintlike	bar	all one word
#coat	sales	bath	sashcord
-coated (u.m.)	book	bin	satin
-making (u.m.)	clerk	blast	#cloth
-shaped (u.m.)	manship	blown	-lined (u.m.)
sacro (c.f.)	people	box	-smooth (u.m.)
all one word	person	-built (u.m.)	sauce
sad	salmon	-buried (u.m.)	dish
-eyed (u.m.)	-colored (u.m.)	-cast (u.m., v.)	pan
iron	-red (u.m.)	culture	sauer
#sack	salpingo (c.f.)	#dune	braten
-voiced (u.m.)	-oophorectomy	fill	kraut
saddle	-oophoritis	flea	save-all (n., u.m.)
back	-ovariotomy	glass	saw
-backed (u.m.)	-ovaritis	heat	back
bag	rest one word	hill	belly
bow	salt	-hiller	bill (bird)
cloth	box	hog	-billed (u.m.)
-graft (v.)	cellar	hole	bones (n.)
#horse	-cured (u.m.)	lapper	buck
-making (u.m.)	#lick	lot	dust
nose	mouth	paper	-edged (u.m.)
-nosed (u.m.)	pack	pile	horse
sore	pan	pipe	setter
	*	* *	

timber	school	book	#bird
tooth	bag	#paper	-blue (u.m.)
-toothed (u.m.)	#board	works	board
sax	book	scratch	#boat
cornet	bus	brush	-born (u.m.)
horn	children	-brusher	borne
tuba	day	-coated (u.m.)	bound
say	-made (u.m.)	#pad	-bred (u.m.)
-nothing (n., u.m.)	mate	#test	coast
-so (n.)	ship	screen	-deep (u.m.)
scale	teacher	out (n., u.m.)	dog
bark	-trained (u.m.)	play	-driven (u.m.)
down (n., u.m.)	#year	screw	drome
pan	scientifico (c.f.)	ball	-encircled (u.m.)
-reading (u.m.)	all one word	bolt	fare (food)
scapegoat	scissor	cap	fighter
scapulo (c.f.)	bill	down (u.m.)	#floor
all one word	-tailed (u.m.)	drive (v.)	folk
	-winged (u.m.)	-driven (u.m.)	food
scar	scissors	driver	front
-clad (u.m.)	hold	head	girt
face	-shaped (u.m.)	hook	goer
-faced (u.m.)	#smith	jack	going
#tissue	sclero (c.f.)	-lifted (u.m.)	hound
scare	-oophoritis	nut	lane
crow	-optic	ship	#level
head	rest one word	#thread	lift
scarfpin	score	-threaded (u.m.)	#lion
scarlet	board	-turned (u.m.)	mark
-breasted (u.m.)	book	scroll	port
#fever	card	-back	quake
-red (u.m.)	sheet	head	#room
scatter	scot-free	work	scape
brain	Scoto (c.f.)	scuttlebutt	#scout
good	-Britannic, etc.	scythe-shaped	scouting
#rug	Scotsman	(u.m.)	shell
scene	scout	sea	shine
shifter	#badge	#base	shore
wright	#car	-based (u.m.)	sick
schisto (c.f.)	hood	-bathed (u.m.)	side
all one word	master	beach	stroke
schizo (c.f.)	scrap	-beaten (u.m.)	#time (clock)
all one word	basket	bed	wall

1	I		I
weed	seer	-dentate (u.m.)	-up
wing	band	server-based	seven
worn	hand	service	-branched (u.m.)
worthiness	sucker	-connected (u.m.)	fold
-wrecked (u.m.)	seesaw	man	penny (nail)
seam	seismo (c.f.)	#man#and	score
blasting	all one word	#woman	-shooter
rend (v.)	self	member	-up (n.)
stitch	dom	person	severalfold
weld (v.)	-extracting	wide	shade
-welded (u.m.)	hood	woman	-giving (u.m.)
search	less	servo	-grown (u.m.)
#engine	ness	accelerometer	shadow
light	same	amplifier	boxing
plane	reflexive prefix,	control	gram
seat	use hyphen	mechanism	graph
belt	sell	motor	#line
#cover	off (n., u.m.)	system	shag
-mile	out (n., u.m.)	sesqui (c.f.)	bark
second	semi (pref.)	all one word	-haired (u.m.)
-class (u.m.)	-armor-piercing	set	#rug
-degree (u.m.)	(u.m.)	-aside (n., u.m.)	shake
-foot	-Christian, etc.	back (n., u.m.)	down (n., u.m.)
-guess (v.)	-idleness	bolt	
hand (adv., u.m.)	-indirect, etc.	down (n., u.m.)	out (n., u.m.)
#hand (n.)	annual, arid, etc.	-fair (n.)	up (n., u.m.)
#in#command	rest one word	head	shallow
-rate (u.m.)	send	-in (n., u.m.)	-draft (u.m.)
#sight	off (n., u.m.)	off (n., u.m.)	-headed (u.m.)
-sighted (u.m.)	out (n., u.m.)	-on (n., u.m.)	shame
Secret Service	senso (c.f.)	out (n., u.m.)	-crushed (u.m.)
secretary	all one word	over (n., u.m.)	faced
#general	septi (c.f.)	pin	shank
-generalcy	all one word	screw	bone
-generalship	septo (c.f.)	-stitched (u.m.)	#mill
section#man	all one word	-to (n., u.m.)	shapeup (n., u.m.)
seed	sergeant#at#arms	up (n., u.m.)	share
bed	serio (c.f.)	setter	bone
cake	all one word	-forth	broker
case	sero (c.f.)	-in	cropper
coat	all one word	-on	holder
kin	serrate	-out	out (n., u.m.)
stalk	-ciliate (u.m.)	-to	ware

sharp	sheet	waist	cut (n., u.m., v.)
-angled (u.m.)	block	shock	fall (n.)
-cut (u.m.)	flood	#therapy	-fed (u.m.)
-edged (u.m.)	#glass	#troops	hand (writing)
-freeze (u.m., v.)	rock	#wave	-handed (u.m.)
-freezer	ways	shoe	head (whale)
-looking (u.m.)	shell	black	horn (n., u.m.)
naysayer	back	brush	-horned (u.m.)
-set (u.m.)	burst	horn	-lasting (u.m.)
shod	fire	lace	leaf (u.m.)
shooter	fishery	pack	-lived (u.m.)
-tailed (u.m.)	#game	scraper	rib
-witted (u.m.)	hole	shine	run (u.m.)
shavetail	-like	store	sighted
shear	shocked	string	staff
pin	shelterbelt	tree	stop
waters	shield-shaped	shootoff (n., u.m.)	#term
shedhand	(u.m.)	shop	-term (u.m.)
sheep	shilly-shally	folk	wave (radio)
biter	shin	lifter	shot
crook	bone	-made (u.m.)	gun
dip	guard	mark	hole
#dog	plaster	owner	put
faced	shiner-up	-soiled (u.m.)	star
#farm	ship	talk	shoulder
fold	breaker	walker	#belt
gate	broken	window	#blade
herder	broker	shore	-high (u.m.)
hook	builder	#bird	#strap
kill	lap	#boat	show
-kneed (u.m.)	mast	fast	boat
nose (apple)	owning	going	card
pen	-rigged (u.m.)	#leave	case
shank	shape	side	down (n., u.m.)
shear (v.)	side	short	off (n., u.m.)
shearer (n.)	wreck	-armed (u.m.)	piece
shed	shipping	bread	place
stealer	#master	cake	room
walk	#room	change (v.)	through
-white (u.m.)	shirt	changer	(printing) (n.,
sheer	band	#circuit	u.m.)
off (n., u.m.)	#sleeve	-circuited (u.m.)	up (n., u.m.)
up (n., u.m.)	tail	coming	shredout (n., u.m.)

shroud	l plata	plata (v.)	sit
	plate	plate (v.)	
-laid (u.m.)	play saddle	-plated (u.m.)	down (n., u.m.)
plate		point (drawing)	-downer
shut	show	print	fast (n., u.m.)
away (n., u.m.)	slip	tip	-in
down (n., u.m.)	splitting	-tongued (u.m.)	up (n., u.m.)
eye (n., u.m.)	step	top	sitter
-in (n., u.m.)	stitch	simon-pure (u.m.)	-by
-mouthed (u.m.)	-stitched (u.m.)	simple	-in
off (n., u.m.)	sway	-headed (u.m.)	-out
out (n., u.m.)	swipe	-minded (u.m.)	sitting#room
up (u.m.)	track	-rooted (u.m.)	sitz
shuttlecock	walk	-witted (u.m.)	#bath
sick	wall	simulcast	mark
bay	-wheeler	sin	six
bed	winder	-born (u.m.)	-cylinder (u.m.)
#call	sight	-bred (u.m.)	fold
#leave	hole	sine#die	penny (nail)
list	read	single	-ply (u.m.)
room	saver	bar	-shooter
sickle-cell (u.m.)	seeing	-breasted (u.m.)	-wheeler
side	setter		sizeup (n., u.m.)
arms	sign	-decker	ski
band	off (n., u.m.)	-edged (u.m.)	#jump
board	-on (n., u.m.)	handed	#lift
bone	post	hood	plane
burns	up (n., u.m.)	-loader	#suit
car	silico (c.f.)	-minded (u.m.)	skid
check	all one word	-phase (u.m.)	lift (truck)
-cut (u.m.)	silk	-seater	road
dress (v.)	#screen	stick	#row
flash	-stockinged (u.m.)	#stitch	skin
head (printing)	works	tree	-clad (u.m.)
hill	siltpan	singsong	deep
hook	silver	sink	diver
kick	-backed (u.m.)	head	flint
lap	beater	hole	-graft (v.)
#light (literal)	-bright (u.m.)	Sino (c.f.)	skipjack
light (nonliteral)	fish	-Japanese, etc.	skirtmarker
#line (literal)	-gray (u.m.)	sister	skullcap
line (nonliteral)	-haired (u.m.)	-german	skunk
long	-lead (u.m.)	hood	head
note	-leaved (u.m.)	-in-law	top
note	-1cavca (u.111.)	-111-1CLVV	юр

sky	Slavo (c.f.)	slit	-tongued (u.m.)
-blue (u.m.)	-Hungarian, etc.	-eyed (u.m.)	smashup (n., u.m.)
gazer	sledge	shell	smearcase
-high (u.m.)	#hammer	#skirt	smoke
jacker	-hammered (u.m.)	slop	-blinded (u.m.)
lift	meter	-molded (u.m.)	bomb
look (v.)	sleep	seller	chaser
rocket	-filled (u.m.)	slopeways	-dried (u.m.)
sail	talker	slow	-dry (v.)
scape	walker	belly	-dyed (u.m.)
scraper	sleepy	down (n., u.m.)	-filled (u.m.)
shine	-eyed (u.m.)	-footed (u.m.)	house
writer	head	going	jack
slab-sided (u.m.)	-looking (u.m.)	-motion (u.m.)	jumper
slack	sleetstorm	mouthed	-laden (u.m.)
-bake (v.)	sleeveband	poke	pot
-filled (u.m.)	sleuthhound	#time	screen
#water	slide	up (n., u.m.)	stack
slambang	film	-witted (u.m.)	smoking#room
slant-eyed (u.m.)	knot	sluice	smooth
slap	#rule	box	bore
bang	sling	#gate	-browed (u.m.)
dab	ball	slum	-cast (u.m.)
dash	shot	dweller	-mouthed (u.m.)
down (n., u.m.)	slip	gullion	-tongued (u.m.)
happy	along (u.m.)	gum	-working (u.m.)
jack	band	lord	snackbar
stick	case	slumber-bound	snail
-up (n., u.m.)	cover	(u.m.)	-paced (u.m.)
slate	knot	small	-slow (u.m.)
-blue (u.m.)	#law	#arms	snail's#pace
-colored (u.m.)	-on (n., u.m.)	#businessman	snake
works	#proof (printing)	pox	bite
slaughter	proof	-scale (u.m.)	-bitten (u.m.)
house	ring	sword	-eater
pen	sheet	talk	-eyed (u.m.)
slave	shod	-time (u.m.)	head
-born (u.m.)	sole	town (u.m.)	hole
-deserted (u.m.)	step	smart	pit
holding	stitch	#aleck	snap
#market	stream	-alecky (u.m.)	dragon
owner	-up (n., u.m.)	-looking (u.m.)	head
pen	washer	#set	hook

-on (n., u.m.)	scape	culture	what
out (n.)	shade	#house	son-in-law
ring	shed	soda	song
roll	shine	jerk	bird
shooter	shoe	#pop	fest
shot	sled	#water	writer
-up (u.m.)	slide	sofa	sonobuoy
snapper	slip	#bed	sooth
-back	storm	#maker	fast
-up	suit	-making (u.m.)	sayer
snipe	-topped (u.m.)	-ridden (u.m.)	sore
bill	#water	soft	-eyed (u.m.)
#eel	-white (u.m.)	ball	foot (n.)
-nosed (u.m.)	snuffbox	-boiled (u.m.)	footed (u.m.)
sniperscope	so	#coal	head (n., u.m.)
snooperscope	-and-so	#copy	sorry-looking (u.m.)
snow	beit (n., conj.)	#drink	soul
ball	-called (u.m.)	#goods	-deep (u.m.)
bank	-seeming (u.m.)	head	mate
berg	-so	-pedal (v.)	-searching (u.m.)
blind	soap	-shelled (u.m.)	sick
#blindness	box	-soap (nonliteral)	
blink	bubble	(v.)	sound
block	dish	-soaper	-absorbing (u.m.)
-blocked (u.m.)	flakes	(nonliteral) (n.)	#field
blower	#opera	-spoken (u.m.)	film
break	rock	tack	-minded (u.m.)
capped	stock	ware	off (n., u.m.)
-choked (u.m.)	suds	wood	track
clad (u.m.)	sob	sole	#wave
#cover	#sister	cutter	soup
-covered (u.m.)	#story	plate	bone
drift	sober	somato (c.f.)	#bowl
fall	-minded (u.m.)	all one word	#kitchen
field	sides	some	#plate
flake	social	day	spoon
line	#work	how	sour
melt	#worker	one (anyone)	belly
-melting (u.m.)	socio (c.f.)	#one (distributive)	bread
mobile	-official	place (adv.)	dough (n.)
pack	economic, etc.	time (adv., u.m.)	faced
pit	sod	#time (some time	-natured (u.m.)
plow	buster	ago)	-sweet
•		č	

			1:4
source book	speakeasy (n.)	spike	split
	spear	horn	finger
#file	cast	-kill (v.)	(crustacean)
south	head	-pitch (v.)	fruit
-born (u.m.)	-high (u.m.)	spill	mouth
bound	-shaped (u.m.)	over (n., u.m.)	saw
-central (u.m.)	spectro (c.f.)	way	#second
east	all one word	spin	-tongued (u.m.)
going	speech	back	up (n., u.m.)
lander	-bereft (u.m.)	#doctor (slang)	spoilsport
paw	-read (v.)	off	spondylo (c.f.)
#side	speed	spindle	all one word
-sider	boating	-formed (u.m.)	sponge
-southeast	letter	head	#bath
west	trap	-legged (u.m.)	cake
soybean	up (n., u.m.)	legs	diver
sow	spell	shanks	-diving (u.m.)
back	binding	spine	-shaped (u.m.)
belly	check	bone	spongio (c.f.)
space	down (n., u.m.)	-broken (u.m.)	all one word
bar	-free (u.m.)	-pointed (u.m.)	spoolwinder
craft	spend	spino (c.f.)	spoon
-cramped (u.m.)	-all (n.)	-olivary	-beaked (u.m.)
#key	thrift	rest one word	-billed (u.m.)
mark	spermato (c.f.)	spirit	bread
ship	all one word	-born (u.m.)	-fed (u.m.)
#time	spermo (c.f.)	-broken (u.m.)	-shaped (u.m.)
spade	all one word	#writing	ways
-dug (u.m.)	spheno (c.f.)	spit	sporeformer
foot	-occipital	ball	sporo (c.f.)
-footed (u.m.)	rest one word	fire	all one word
-shaped (u.m.)	sphygmo (c.f.)	stick	sports
Spanish	all one word	splanchno (c.f.)	#editor
-American	spice	all one word	person
-born (u.m.)	-burnt (u.m.)	splay	wear
-speaking (u.m.)	cake	footed	writer
spare	-laden (u.m.)	mouthed	spot
-bodied (u.m.)	spider	spleen	#check
rib	#crab	-born (u.m.)	-checked (u.m.)
#room	-legged	sick	-face (v.)
spark	-spun (u.m.)	-swollen (u.m.)	light
#plug (literal)	#web (n.)	spleno (c.f.)	weld (v.)
plug (nonliteral)	web (u.m., v.)	all one word	welded (u.m.)
10 ()		1	1

		ı	ı
-welding (u.m.)	#mile	down (n., u.m.)	start-stop
spray-washed (u.m.)	-rigged (u.m.)	fast (n., u.m.)	startup (n., u.m.)
spread	#root	-in (n., u.m.)	stat (pref.)
-eagle (u.m., v.)	-set (u.m.)	off (n., u.m.)	all one word
head	shooter	offish	State
out (n., u.m.)	squeeze	out (n., u.m.)	-aided (u.m.)
over (n., u.m.)	-in (n., u.m.)	pat	#line
-set (v.)	out (n., u.m.)	pipe	-owned (u.m.)
spring	up (n., u.m.)	point	state
back	squirrel-headed	post	hood
(bookbinding)	(u.m.)	still (n., u.m.)	-of-the-art (u.m.)
bok	stackup (n., u.m.)	up (n., u.m.)	quake
-born (u.m.)	staff	standard	room
buck	-herd (v.)	#bearer	side
-clean (v.)	-hour	bred	station#house
#fever	time	#gauge	stato (c.f.)
finger	stag	#time	all one word
-grown (u.m.)	-handled (u.m.)	staphylo (c.f.)	statute
halt	head	all one word	-barred (u.m.)
head	-headed (u.m.)	star	#book
-plow (v.)	horn	blind	stay
-plowed (u.m.)	-horned (u.m.)	bright	-at-home (n., u.m.)
tide (season)	hound	dust	bar
time	hunter	gazer	bolt
trap	stage	-led (u.m.)	boom
spritsail	coach	light	lace
spur	hand	lit	log
-clad (u.m.)	#set	lite (gem)	pin
-driven (u.m.)	-struck (u.m.)	nose (mole)	plow
gall	stair	shake	sail
-galled (u.m.)	case	shine	wire
-heeled (u.m.)	head	shoot	steam
spy	step	-spangled (u.m.)	boating
glass	#well	stroke	car
hole	stake	-studded (u.m.)	-cooked (u.m.)
tower	head	#time	-driven (u.m.)
square	out (n.)	starchworks	fitter
-bottomed (u.m.)	stale-worn (u.m.)	stark	pipe
-built (u.m.)	stall	-blind (u.m.)	plant
-faced (u.m.)	-fed (u.m.)	-mad (u.m.)	-pocket (v.)
flipper	-feed (v.)	-naked (u.m.)	power (n.)
head	stand	-raving (u.m.)	#powerplant
-headed	by (n., u.m.)	starter-off	-propelled (u.m.)
		I	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

roll(v)	11.4.3	1 ,	I	l an ( )
ship table         stepping         -burn (v.)         -shaped (u.m.)           tightness         -off (u.m.)         -fish (v.)         -sick (u.m.)           steamer#line         stone         #life         stomato (c.f.)           -blue (u.m.)         all one word         stand         stome word           -bright (u.m.)         stern         stink         biter           -cased (u.m.)         -faced (u.m.)         bomb         brash           -framed (u.m.)         -heavy (u.m.)         bull         blind           -framed (u.m.)         -heavy (u.m.)         bug         breaker           -framed (u.m.)         -heavy (u.m.)         bug         breaker           -framed (u.m.)         -heavy (u.m.)         damp         broke           -framed (u.m.)         -heavy (u.m.)         damp         broke           -framed (u.m.)         -heavy (u.m.)         damp         broke           plate         post         stir         cast           works         #wheel         about (n., u.m.)         -cold (u.m.)           -to (u.m.)         sterno (c.f.)         down (n., u.m.)         -dead (u.m.)           -walled (u.m.)         stetho (c.f.)         down (n., u.m.)         -dead (u.m.) <td>roll (v.)</td> <td>over (n., u.m.)</td> <td>birth</td> <td>-filling (u.m.)</td>	roll (v.)	over (n., u.m.)	birth	-filling (u.m.)
table         -off (u.m.)         -fish (v.)         -sick (u.m.)           tightness         -out (u.m.)         -hunt (v.)         -weary (u.m.)           steel         stereo (c.f.)         -recurring (u.m.)         all one word           -blue (u.m.)         stereo (c.f.)         -recurring (u.m.)         all one word           -bright (u.m.)         stern         stink         biter           -cased (u.m.)         -faced (u.m.)         ball         blind           -framed (u.m.)         -heavy (u.m.)         bug         breaker           -hard (u.m.)         -heavy (u.m.)         bug         breaker           -hard (u.m.)         -looking (u.m.)         damp         broke           pot         pot         broke         cast           works         #wheel         about (n., u.m.)         -cold (u.m.)           steep         -rising (u.m.)         stifc         cutter           -rising (u.m.)         sterno (c.f.)         -up (n., u.m.)         -dead (u.m.) </td <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>1 * *</td>		_		1 * *
tightness         -out (u.m.)         -hunt (v.)         -weary (u.m.)           sted         stereo (c.f.)         -recurring (u.m.)         stomato (c.f.)           -blue (u.m.)         all one word         stand         stone           -bright (u.m.)         stern         stink         biter           -cased (u.m.)         -faced (u.m.)         bomb         brash           -framed (u.m.)         -heavy (u.m.)         bug         broske           -head         most         pot         broke           plate         post         stir         cast           works         #wheel         about (n., u.m.)         -cold (u.m.)           plate         post         stir         cast           works         #wheel         about (n., u.m.)         -cold (u.m.)           steep         -wheeler         fry         #crab           -rising (u.m.)         sterno (c.f.)         down (n., u.m.)         crusher           stered         sterno (c.f.)         down (n., u.m.)         -dead (u.m.)           -walled (u.m.)         stetho (c.f.)         down (n., u.m.)         -dead (u.m.)           -walled (u.m.)         stex         stock         -eyed (u.m.)           step <td>=</td> <td></td> <td>` '</td> <td>1 *</td>	=		` '	1 *
steamer#line         stone         #life         -recurring (u.m.)         all one word           -blue (u.m.)         all one word         stand         stone           -bright (u.m.)         stern         stink         biter           -cased (u.m.)         castle         ball         blind           clad         -faced (u.m.)         bomb         breaker           -hard (u.m.)         -heavy (u.m.)         bug         breaker           -hard (u.m.)         -heavy (u.m.)         damp         broke           -head         most         pot         broke           plate         post         stir         cast           works         #wheel         about (n., u.m.)         -cold (u.m.)           steep         -wheeler         fry         #crab           -rising (u.m.)         sterno (c.f.)         -up (n., u.m.)         crusher           -to (u.m.)         sterno (c.f.)         down (n., u.m.)         -dead (u.m.)           -walled (u.m.)         sterno (c.f.)         down (n., u.m.)         -dead (u.m.)           -walled (u.m.)         stew         stock         -eyed (u.m.)           step         stick         #car         lifter           -high (u.m		` ′	1 1	` ′
steel         stereo (c.f.)         -recurring (u.m.)         all one word           -bright (u.m.)         stern         stink         biter           -cased (u.m.)         castle         ball         blind           -framed (u.m.)         -heavy (u.m.)         bomb         breaker           -hard (u.m.)         -heavy (u.m.)         damp         broke           -hard (u.m.)         -looking (u.m.)         damp         broke           plate         post         stir         cast           works         #wheel         about (n., u.m.)         -cold (u.m.)           steep         -wheeler         fry         #crab           -rising (u.m.)         sterno (c.f.)         -up (n., u.m.)         -crold (u.m.)           -to (u.m.)         sterno (c.f.)         -up (n., u.m.)         -crold (u.m.)           -to (u.m.)         sterno (c.f.)         down (n., u.m.)         -cold (u.m.)           -walled (u.m.)         stetho (c.f.)         down (n., u.m.)         -dead (u.m.)           -walled (u.m.)         stew         stock         -eyed (u.m.)           chase         pan         breeder         head           -high (u.m.)         pot         broker         layer		-out (u.m.)	-hunt (v.)	-weary (u.m.)
Stone	steamer#line	stone		stomato (c.f.)
Stephage   Stephage   Stink   Stony   Steash   Stony   Steash   Stony   Steash   Stony   Stony   Steash   Stony   Stony   Stony   Stony   Stink   Stony   St	steel	stereo (c.f.)	-recurring (u.m.)	all one word
-cased (u.m.)         castle         ball         blind           -framed (u.m.)         -heavy (u.m.)         bomb         brash           -hard (u.m.)         -heavy (u.m.)         bug         breaker           -hard (u.m.)         -looking (u.m.)         damp         broke           broke         broke         broke         broke           pot         brood         brood         stir           works         #wheel         about (n., u.m.)         -cold (u.m.)           -rising (u.m.)         sterno (c.f.)         -up (n., u.m.)         crusher           -to (u.m.)         all one word         stitch         cutter           -to (u.m.)         all one word         stitch         cutter           -to (u.m.)         all one word         stitch         cutter           -dead (u.m.)         -dead (u.m.)         -dead (u.m.)           -walled (u.m.)         all one word         stock         -eyed (u.m.)           steeple         stew         stock         -eyed (u.m.)           chase         pan         broker         layer           jack         stick         #car         lifter           top         -a-i-it (n., u.m.)         feeder <t< td=""><td>-blue (u.m.)</td><td>all one word</td><td>stand</td><td>stone</td></t<>	-blue (u.m.)	all one word	stand	stone
clad         -faced (u.m.)         bomb         brash           -framed (u.m.)         -heavy (u.m.)         bug         breaker           -hard (u.m.)         -looking (u.m.)         damp         broke           head         most         pot         brood           plate         post         stir         cast           works         #wheel         about (n., u.m.)         -cold (u.m.)           steep         -wheeler         fry         #crab           -to (u.m.)         all one word         -up (n., u.m.)         crusher           stetho (c.f.)         down (n., u.m.)         -dead (u.m.)           -walled (u.m.)         all one word         stock         -eyed (u.m.)           steeple         stew         stock         -eyed (u.m.)           chase         pan         breeder         head           -high (u.m.)         pot         broker         layer           jack         stick         #car         lifter           top         -at-it (n., u.m.)         feeder         mason           stem         fast (n.)         holding         shot           post         u.m.)         judging         wall (u.m., v.) <t< td=""><td>-bright (u.m.)</td><td>stern</td><td>stink</td><td>biter</td></t<>	-bright (u.m.)	stern	stink	biter
-framed (u.m.) -hard (u.m.) -hard (u.m.) head	-cased (u.m.)	castle	ball	blind
-hard (u.m.)         -looking (u.m.)         damp         broke           head         post         stir         cast           works         #wheel         about (n., u.m.)         -cold (u.m.)           steep         -wheeler         fry         #crab           -rising (u.m.)         sterno (c.f.)         -up (n., u.m.)         crusher           -to (u.m.)         all one word         stitch         cutter           -up (u.m.)         stetho (c.f.)         down (n., u.m.)         -dead (u.m.)           -walled (u.m.)         all one word         up (n., u.m.)         -dead (u.m.)           -walled (u.m.)         all one word         up (n., u.m.)         -dead (u.m.)           steeple         stew         stock         -eyed (u.m.)           chase         pan         breeder         head           -high (u.m.)         pot         broker         layer           jack         stick         #car         lifter           top         -at-it (n., u.m.)         feeder         mason           stem         fast (n.)         holding         shot           post         u.m.)         judging         wall (u.m., v.)           sickness         out (n., u.m.) <td>clad</td> <td>-faced (u.m.)</td> <td>bomb</td> <td>brash</td>	clad	-faced (u.m.)	bomb	brash
head         most         pot         brood           plate         post         stir         cast           works         #wheel         about (n., u.m.)         -cold (u.m.)           steep         -wheeler         fry         #crab           -rising (u.m.)         sterno (c.f.)         -up (n., u.m.)         crusher           -to (u.m.)         all one word         stitch         cutter           -up (u.m.)         stetho (c.f.)         down (n., u.m.)         -dead (u.m.)           -walled (u.m.)         all one word         up (n., u.m.)         -dead (u.m.)           -walled (u.m.)         all one word         up (n., u.m.)         -dead (u.m.)           steeple         stew         stock         -eyed (u.m.)           chase         pan         breeder         head           -high (u.m.)         pot         proker         layer           jack         stick         #car         lifter           top         -at-it (n., u.m.)         feeder         mason           stem         fast (n.)         holding         shot           sickness         out (n., u.m.)         judging         wall (u.m., v.)           steno (c.f.)         up (n., u.m.)	-framed (u.m.)	-heavy (u.m.)	bug	breaker
plate         post         stir         cast           works         #wheel         about (n., u.m.)         -cold (u.m.)           steep         -wheeler         fry         #crab           -rising (u.m.)         sterno (c.f.)         -up (n., u.m.)         crusher           -to (u.m.)         all one word         stich         cutter           -up (u.m.)         stetho (c.f.)         down (n., u.m.)         -dead (u.m.)           -walled (u.m.)         stetho (c.f.)         down (n., u.m.)         -dead (u.m.)           -walled (u.m.)         stetho (c.f.)         down (n., u.m.)         -dead (u.m.)           steeple         stew         stock         -eyed (u.m.)           chase         pan         breeder         head           -high (u.m.)         pot         broker         layer           jack         stick         #car         lifter           top         -at-it (n., u.m.)         feeder         mason           stem         fast (n.)         holding         shot           sickness         out (n., u.m.)         judging         wall (u.m., v.)           stenoil-cutting (u.m.)         -to-it-it-iveness (n.)         pot         -eyed (u.m.)           s	-hard (u.m.)	-looking (u.m.)	damp	broke
works         #wheel         about (n., u.m.)         -cold (u.m.)           steep         -wheeler         fry         #crab           -rising (u.m.)         sterno (c.f.)         -up (n., u.m.)         crusher           -to (u.m.)         all one word         stitch         cutter           -up (u.m.)         stetho (c.f.)         down (n., u.m.)         -dead (u.m.)           -walled (u.m.)         all one word         up (n., u.m.)         -dead (u.m.)           steeple         stew         stock         -eyed (u.m.)           chase         pan         breeder         head           -high (u.m.)         pot         broker         layer           jack         stick         #car         lifter           top         -at-it (n., u.m.)         feeder         mason           stem         fast (n.)         holding         shot           stem         fast (n.)         judging         wall (u.m.)           sickness         out (n., u.m.)         judging         wall (u.m., v.)           stencil-cutting (u.m.)         -to-it-iveness (n.)         pot         -eyed (u.m.)           steno (c.f.)         up (n., u.m.)         rack         #land           step	head	most	pot	brood
steep         -wheeler         fry         #crab           -rising (u.m.)         sterno (c.f.)         -up (n., u.m.)         crusher           -to (u.m.)         all one word         stitch         cutter           -up (u.m.)         stetho (c.f.)         down (n., u.m.)         -dead (u.m.)           -walled (u.m.)         all one word         up (n., u.m.)         -deaf (u.m.)           steeple         stew         stock         -eyed (u.m.)           chase         pan         breeder         head           -high (u.m.)         pot         broker         layer           jack         stick         #car         lifter           top         -at-it (n., u.m.)         feeder         mason           stem         fast (n.)         holding         shot           post         u.m.)         judging         wall (u.m., v.)           sickness         out (n., u.m.)         list         #writing           winder         pin         pile         stony           stencil-cutting (u.m.)         -to-it-iveness (n.)         pot         -eyed (u.m.)           steno (c.f.)         up (n., u.m.)         rack         #land           step         -in	plate	post	stir	cast
-rising (u.m.) -to (u.m.) -to (u.m.) -up (u.m.) -walled (u.m.) -walled (u.m.)  stetho (c.f.) -walled (u.m.)  stetho (c.f.) -walled (u.m.)  stetho (c.f.) -walled (u.m.) -walled (u.m.)  stetho (c.f.) -walled (u.m.) -dead (u.m.) -deaf (u.m.)	works	#wheel	about (n., u.m.)	-cold (u.m.)
-to (u.m.)         all one word         stitch         cutter           -up (u.m.)         stetho (c.f.)         down (n., u.m.)         -dead (u.m.)           -walled (u.m.)         all one word         up (n., u.m.)         -deaf (u.m.)           steeple         stew         stock         -eyed (u.m.)           chase         pan         breeder         head           -high (u.m.)         pot         broker         layer           jack         stick         #car         lifter           top         -at-it (n., u.m.)         feeder         mason           stem         fast (n.)         holding         shot           head         -in-the-mud (n.,         jobber         #wall (n.)           post         u.m.)         judging         wall (u.m., v.)           sickness         out (n., u.m.)         pile         stony           stencil-cutting (u.m.)         -to-it-iveness (n.)         pot         -eyed (u.m.)           steno (c.f.)         up (n., u.m.)         rack         #land           steno (c.f.)         up (n., u.m.)         rack         stop           steno (c.f.)         up (n., u.m.)         back (n.)           aunt         -on         truck	steep	-wheeler	fry	#crab
-up (u.m.)         stetho (c.f.)         down (n., u.m.)         -dead (u.m.)           steeple         stew         stock         -eyed (u.m.)           chase         pan         breeder         head           -high (u.m.)         pot         broker         layer           jack         stick         #car         lifter           top         -at-it (n., u.m.)         feeder         mason           stem         fast (n.)         holding         shot           head         -in-the-mud (n.,         jobber         #wall (n.)           post         u.m.)         judging         wall (u.m., v.)           sickness         out (n., u.m.)         list         #writing           winder         pin         pot         -eyed (u.m.)           stencil-cutting (u.m.)         -to-it-iveness (n.)         pot         -eyed (u.m.)           steno (c.f.)         up (n., u.m.)         rack         #land           steno (c.f.)         up (n., u.m.)         rack         #land           steno (c.f.)         up (n., u.m.)         rack         #land           steno (c.f.)         up (n., u.m.)         taker         stop           step         -in         -still (u.	-rising (u.m.)	sterno (c.f.)	-up (n., u.m.)	crusher
-walled (u.m.)  steeple chase -high (u.m.)  steick top -at-it (n., u.m.) sickness out (n., u.m.)  stencil-cutting (u.m.)  steno (c.f.) all one word  stick  stop  stencil-cutting (u.m.)  steno child, etc. child, etc. child, etc. chase chase stew pan broker broker broker layer lifter mason stead head broker  feeder mason shot holding shot holding shot  pobber #wall (n.) pobber #wall (u.m., v.) sickness out (n., u.m.) pile stony stenoil-cutting (u.m.) sticker step -in aunt child, etc. dance down (n., u.m.) -backed (u.m.) -backed (u.m.) -in (n., u.m.) -in (n., u.m.) -exek block child c	-to (u.m.)	all one word	stitch	cutter
steeplestewstock-eyed (u.m.)chasepanbreederhead-high (u.m.)potbrokerlayerjackstick#carliftertop-at-it (n., u.m.)feedermasonstemfast (n.)holdingshothead-in-the-mud (n.,jobber#wall (n.)postu.m.)judgingwall (u.m., v.)sicknessout (n., u.m.)list#writingwinderpinpilestonystencil-cutting (u.m.)-to-it-iveness (n.)pot-eyed (u.m.)steno (c.f.)up (n., u.m.)rack#landall one wordstickerraiserstopstep-in-still (u.m.)back (n.)aunt-ontakerblockchild, etcuptruckclockdancestiffwrightcockdown (n., u.m.)-backed (u.m.)stokegap-in (n., u.m.)neckholdhoundladder-necked (u.m.)holelistoff (n., u.m.)stillstomachlog	-up (u.m.)	stetho (c.f.)	down (n., u.m.)	-dead (u.m.)
chase -high (u.m.) jack stick top -at-it (n., u.m.) feeder head -high (u.m.) jack stick top -at-it (n., u.m.) feeder holding head -in-the-mud (n., post u.m.) sickness out (n., u.m.) sickness winder stencil-cutting (u.m.) steno (c.f.) all one word step -in -on child, etc. dance down (n., u.m.) -in (n., u.m.) ladder -necked (u.m.) still store ster bread  head layer	-walled (u.m.)	all one word	up (n., u.m.)	-deaf (u.m.)
-high (u.m.)         pot         broker         layer           jack         stick         #car         lifter           top         -at-it (n., u.m.)         feeder         mason           stem         fast (n.)         holding         shot           head         -in-the-mud (n.,         jobber         #wall (n.)           post         u.m.)         judging         wall (u.m., v.)           sickness         out (n., u.m.)         list         #writing           winder         pin         pile         stony           stencil-cutting (u.m.)         -to-it-iveness (n.)         pot         -eyed (u.m.)           steno (c.f.)         up (n., u.m.)         rack         #land           stind one word         sticker         raiser         stop           step         -in         -still (u.m.)         back (n.)           aunt         -on         taker         block           child, etc.         -up         truck         clock           down (n., u.m.)         -backed (u.m.)         stoke         gap           -in (n., u.m.)         neck         hold         hound           ladder         -necked (u.m.)         hole         list     <	steeple	stew	stock	-eyed (u.m.)
jack         stick         #car         lifter           top         -at-it (n., u.m.)         feeder         mason           stem         fast (n.)         holding         shot           head         -in-the-mud (n.,         jobber         #wall (n.)           post         u.m.)         judging         wall (u.m., v.)           sickness         out (n., u.m.)         list         #writing           winder         pin         pile         stony           stencil-cutting (u.m.)         -to-it-iveness (n.)         pot         -eyed (u.m.)           steno (c.f.)         up (n., u.m.)         rack         #land           all one word         sticker         raiser         stop           step         -in         -still (u.m.)         back (n.)           aunt         -on         taker         block           child, etc.         -up         truck         clock           down (n., u.m.)         -backed (u.m.)         stoke         gap           -in (n., u.m.)         neck         hold         hound           ladder         -necked (u.m.)         hole         list           off (n., u.m.)         still         stomach         log	chase	pan	breeder	head
top         -at-it (n., u.m.)         feeder         mason           stem         fast (n.)         holding         shot           head         -in-the-mud (n.,         jobber         #wall (n.)           post         u.m.)         judging         wall (u.m., v.)           sickness         out (n., u.m.)         list         #writing           winder         pin         pile         stony           stencil-cutting (u.m.)         -to-it-iveness (n.)         pot         -eyed (u.m.)           steno (c.f.)         up (n., u.m.)         rack         #land           all one word         sticker         raiser         stop           step         -in         -still (u.m.)         back (n.)           aunt         -on         taker         block           child, etc.         -up         truck         clock           dance         stiff         wright         cock           down (n., u.m.)         -backed (u.m.)         stoke         gap           -in (n., u.m.)         neck         hold         hound           ladder         -necked (u.m.)         hole         list	-high (u.m.)	pot	broker	layer
stem         fast (n.)         holding         shot           head         -in-the-mud (n.,         jobber         #wall (n.)           post         u.m.)         judging         wall (u.m., v.)           sickness         out (n., u.m.)         list         #writing           winder         pin         pile         stony           stenoil-cutting (u.m.)         -to-it-iveness (n.)         pot         -eyed (u.m.)           steno (c.f.)         up (n., u.m.)         rack         #land           all one word         sticker         raiser         stop           step         -in         -still (u.m.)         back (n.)           aunt         -on         taker         block           child, etc.         -up         truck         clock           dance         stiff         wright         cock           down (n., u.m.)         -backed (u.m.)         stoke         gap           -in (n., u.m.)         neck         hold         hound           ladder         -necked (u.m.)         hole         list           off (n., u.m.)         still         stomach         log	jack	stick	#car	lifter
head         -in-the-mud (n., post         jobber         #wall (n.)           post         u.m.)         judging         wall (u.m., v.)           sickness         out (n., u.m.)         list         #writing           winder         pin         pile         stony           stencil-cutting (u.m.)         -to-it-iveness (n.)         pot         -eyed (u.m.)           steno (c.f.)         up (n., u.m.)         rack         #land           all one word         sticker         raiser         stop           step         -in         -still (u.m.)         back (n.)           aunt         -on         taker         block           child, etc.         -up         truck         clock           dance         stiff         wright         cock           down (n., u.m.)         -backed (u.m.)         stoke         gap           -in (n., u.m.)         neck         hold         hound           ladder         -necked (u.m.)         hole         list           off (n., u.m.)         still         stomach         log	top	-at-it (n., u.m.)	feeder	mason
post         u.m.)         judging         wall (u.m., v.)           sickness         out (n., u.m.)         list         #writing           winder         pin         pile         stony           stencil-cutting (u.m.)         -to-it-iveness (n.)         pot         -eyed (u.m.)           steno (c.f.)         up (n., u.m.)         rack         #land           all one word         sticker         raiser         stop           step         -in         -still (u.m.)         back (n.)           aunt         -on         taker         block           child, etc.         -up         truck         clock           dance         stiff         wright         cock           down (n., u.m.)         -backed (u.m.)         stoke         gap           -in (n., u.m.)         neck         hold         hound           ladder         -necked (u.m.)         hole         list           off (n., u.m.)         still         stomach         log	stem	fast (n.)	holding	shot
sickness         out (n., u.m.)         list         #writing           winder         pin         pile         stony           stencil-cutting (u.m.)         -to-it-iveness (n.)         pot         -eyed (u.m.)           steno (c.f.)         up (n., u.m.)         rack         #land           all one word         sticker         raiser         stop           step         -in         -still (u.m.)         back (n.)           aunt         -on         taker         block           child, etc.         -up         truck         clock           dance         stiff         wright         cock           down (n., u.m.)         -backed (u.m.)         stoke         gap           -in (n., u.m.)         neck         hold         hound           ladder         -necked (u.m.)         hole         list           off (n., u.m.)         still         stomach         log	head	-in-the-mud (n.,	jobber	#wall (n.)
winder         pin         pile         stony           stencil-cutting (u.m.)         -to-it-iveness (n.)         pot         -eyed (u.m.)           steno (c.f.)         up (n., u.m.)         rack         #land           all one word         sticker         raiser         stop           step         -in         -still (u.m.)         back (n.)           aunt         -on         taker         block           child, etc.         -up         truck         clock           dance         stiff         wright         cock           down (n., u.m.)         -backed (u.m.)         stoke         gap           -in (n., u.m.)         neck         hold         hound           ladder         -necked (u.m.)         hole         list           off (n., u.m.)         still         stomach         log	post	u.m.)	judging	wall (u.m., v.)
stencil-cutting (u.m.)         -to-it-iveness (n.)         pot         -eyed (u.m.)           steno (c.f.)         up (n., u.m.)         rack         #land           all one word         sticker         raiser         stop           step         -in         -still (u.m.)         back (n.)           aunt         -on         taker         block           child, etc.         -up         truck         clock           dance         stiff         wright         cock           down (n., u.m.)         -backed (u.m.)         stoke         gap           -in (n., u.m.)         neck         hold         hound           ladder         -necked (u.m.)         hole         list           off (n., u.m.)         still         stomach         log	sickness	out (n., u.m.)	list	#writing
steno (c.f.)         up (n., u.m.)         rack         #land           step         -in         -still (u.m.)         back (n.)           aunt         -on         taker         block           child, etc.         -up         truck         clock           dance         stiff         wright         cock           down (n., u.m.)         -backed (u.m.)         stoke         gap           -in (n., u.m.)         neck         hold         hound           ladder         -necked (u.m.)         hole         list           off (n., u.m.)         still         stomach         log	winder	pin	pile	stony
all one word         sticker         raiser         stop           step         -in         -still (u.m.)         back (n.)           aunt         -on         taker         block           child, etc.         -up         truck         clock           dance         stiff         wright         cock           down (n., u.m.)         -backed (u.m.)         stoke         gap           -in (n., u.m.)         neck         hold         hound           ladder         -necked (u.m.)         hole         list           off (n., u.m.)         still         stomach         log	stencil-cutting (u.m.)	-to-it-iveness (n.)	pot	-eyed (u.m.)
step         -in         -still (u.m.)         back (n.)           aunt         -on         taker         block           child, etc.         -up         truck         clock           dance         stiff         wright         cock           down (n., u.m.)         -backed (u.m.)         stoke         gap           -in (n., u.m.)         neck         hold         hound           ladder         -necked (u.m.)         hole         list           off (n., u.m.)         still         stomach         log	steno (c.f.)	up (n., u.m.)	rack	#land
aunt -on taker block child, etcup truck clock dance stiff wright cock down (n., u.m.) -backed (u.m.) stoke gap -in (n., u.m.) neck hold hound ladder -necked (u.m.) hole list off (n., u.m.) still stomach log	all one word	sticker	raiser	stop
child, etc. dance down (n., u.m.) -in (n., u.m.) ladder off (n., u.m.) -still  -up truck wright cock gap hold hound list stomach log	step	-in	-still (u.m.)	back (n.)
dance         stiff         wright         cock           down (n., u.m.)         -backed (u.m.)         stoke         gap           -in (n., u.m.)         neck         hold         hound           ladder         -necked (u.m.)         hole         list           off (n., u.m.)         still         stomach         log	aunt	-on	taker	block
down (n., u.m.)         -backed (u.m.)         stoke         gap           -in (n., u.m.)         neck         hold         hound           ladder         -necked (u.m.)         hole         list           off (n., u.m.)         still         stomach         log	child, etc.	-up	truck	clock
-in (n., u.m.) neck hold hound ladder -necked (u.m.) hole list off (n., u.m.) still stomach log	dance	stiff	wright	cock
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	down (n., u.m.)	-backed (u.m.)	stoke	gap
off (n., u.m.) still stomach log	-in (n., u.m.)	neck	hold	hound
	ladder	-necked (u.m.)	hole	list
-on (n., u.m.) -admired (u.m.) #ache -loss (u.m.)	off (n., u.m.)	still	stomach	log
	-on (n., u.m.)	-admired (u.m.)	#ache	-loss (u.m.)

off (n., u.m.)	#line	lined	wing
watch	-lined (u.m.)	side	stubble
storage#room	-out (n., u.m.)	street	#field
store	-spoken (u.m.)	-bred (u.m.)	-mulch (u.m.)
front	#time	car	stubbornminded
house	-up (u.m.)	cleaner	stucco-fronted
storm	-up-and-down	-cleaning (u.m.)	(u.m.)
-beaten (u.m.)	(u.m.)	sweeper	stuck
cock	strainslip	walker	up (n., u.m.)
flow	strait	strepto (c.f.)	-upper
-laden (u.m.)	-chested (u.m.)	all one word	-uppish (u.m.)
-swept (u.m.)	jacket	stretchout (n., u.m.)	stud
-tossed (u.m.)	laced	strike	bolt
#trooper	stranglehold	breaker	horse
wind	strap	-in (n., u.m.)	mare
#window	-bolt (v.)	out (n., u.m.)	stuntman
storyteller	hanger	-over (n., u.m.)	stupid
stout	head	striker	head
-armed (u.m.)	-shaped (u.m.)	-in	-headed (u.m.)
heartedness	watch	-out	-looking (u.m.)
-minded (u.m.)	strato (c.f.)	-over	sturdy-limbed (u.m.)
stove	all one word	string	
brush	straw	course	stylebook
-heated (u.m.)	berry#field	halt	stylo (c.f.)
pipe	boss	#proof (density)	all one word
stow	-built (u.m.)	ways	sub (pref.)
away (n., u.m.)	hat	strip	-Himalayan, etc.
down (n., u.m.)	-roofed (u.m.)	cropping	machinegun
straddle	splitting	#mine	#rosa, #specie, etc.
back	stack	tease	-subcommittee
-face (v.)	-stuffed (u.m.)	strong	polar, standard,
-legged (u.m.)	#vote	-arm (u.m., v.)	etc.
straight	walker	back (nautical)	rest one word
away	-yellow (u.m.)	-backed (u.m.)	subject
-backed (u.m.)	stray	box	-object
-cut (u.m.)	away (n., u.m.)	hold	-objectivity
edge	#line	#man (literal)	subter (pref.)
-edged (u.m.)	mark	man (nonliteral)	all one word
#face	stream	-minded (u.m.)	such-and-such
-faced (u.m.)	bank	point (n.)	suck
forward	bed	stub	-egg (n., u.m.)
head	flow	runner	hole
-legged (u.m.)	head	-toed (u.m.)	-in (n., u.m.)

sugar	burst	Super Bowl	-brace (v.)
#beet	-cured (u.m.)	supra (pref.)	swearer-in
#bowl	dial	-abdominal	sweat
cake	dog	-acromial	band
cane	down	-aerial	#gland
-coat (v.)	dress	anal	#shirt
-coated (u.m.)	-dried (u.m.)	-angular	shop
-cured (u.m.)	-dry (v.)	-arytenoid	sweep
loaf	fall	-auditory	back (aviation)
plum	fast	-auricular	(n., u.m.)
spoon	glade	-axillary	forward
sweet	glare	-Christian, etc.	(aviation) (n.,
#water	glow	rest one word	u.m.)
works	#hat	sur (pref.)	stake
sulfa (c.f.)	lamp	all one word	through (n., u.m.)
all one word	lit	sure	washer
sulfo (c.f.)	quake	-fire (u.m.)	sweet
all one word	ray	-footed (u.m.)	bread
sulfon (c.f.)	rise	-slow	-breathed (u.m.)
all one word	scald	surf	brier
sullen	set	-battered (u.m.)	faced
hearted	shade	board	heart
-natured (u.m.)	shine	#fish	meat
summer	-shot (u.m.)	-swept (u.m.)	mouthed
-clad (u.m.)	shower	swallow	-pickle (v.)
-dried (u.m.)	spot	pipe	-sour
-fallow (v.)	stricken	-tailed (u.m.)	-sweet
-made (u.m.)	stroke	swampside	swell
tide	struck	swampside	-butted (u.m.)
time (season)	tan	-bosomed (u.m.)	head
#time (daylight	#time (measure)	dive	toad
saving)	time (dawn)	herd	swelled-headed
sun	` ´	mark	(u.m.)
-baked (u.m.)	up <b>sunny</b>	neck	swept
bath	-looking (u.m.)		back (n., u.m.)
-bathed (u.m.)	-natured (u.m.)	song swansdown	forward (n.,
beam		swansdown swash	. ` ′
blind	super (pref.)	buckler	u.m.)
#blindness	-Christian, etc.		wing (n., u.m.) swift
_	#high frequency	plate	foot
bonnet	-superlative	sway	
bow	highway, market,	back (n., u.m.)	-footed (u.m.)
break	etc.	-backed (u.m.)	-handed (u.m.)
burn	rest one word	bar	-running (u.m.)

bowl tub stick tag -in -shaped (u.m.) stick tag -in swinsuit syn (pref.) all one word lock -over -over -backed (u.m.) synchro rag -up sore tale bearer band carrier pox tron sty Syro (c.f.) -Arabian, etc. phenician bar dingle #gate #chiff to beard tag gate #chiff to beard tag gate #chiff to beard tag gate tag down -in -odown -in	swill	l	tachy (c.f.)	taker
tub stick syn (pref.) -affixing (u.m.) -off  swine all one word lock -over  -backed (u.m.) synchro rag -up  bread cyclotron flash tail bearer  head flash mesh band carrier  pox tron #coat teller  sty Syro (c.f.) -cropped (u.m.)  swing -Arabian, etc. phenician bar dingle #gate  #gate #chiff  #gate #chiff  **coat talk bearer  -cropped (u.m.) talkfest  tall boy (n.)  -built (u.m.)  -looking (u.m.)		play	1	
swimsuit swine -backed (u.m.) bread head herd pox sty Syro (c.f.) swing -Arabian, etc. back (n., u.m.) bar dingle #gate #chiff swine -affixing (u.m.) -off -over -affixing (u.m.) -off -over -tale back (n.m.) -off -over -tale -tail -coat -cropped (u.m.) -c		_		
swineall one wordlock-over-backed (u.m.)synchrorag-upbreadcyclotronsoretaleheadflashtailbearerherdmeshbandcarrierpoxtron#coattellerstySyro (c.f.)-cropped (u.m.)talkfestswing-Arabian, etc.#endtalking-to (n.)back (n., u.m.)phenician-endertallbarfirstboy (n.)dingleTforemost-built (u.m.)#gateThead-looking (u.m.)				
-backed (u.m.) bread cyclotron head head herd pox sty Syro (c.f.) back (n., u.m.) bar dingle #gate #chift  rag -up tale bearer carrier teller -cropped (u.m.) #gate #chift  rag beare  -up tale bearer tall bearer teller talkfest talking-to (n.) tall boy (n.) -built (u.m.) -looking (u.m.)		' -	_	
bread head head herd pox tron symbol symbol symbol head herd pox tron sty Syro (c.f.) -Arabian, etc. back (n., u.m.) bar dingle #gate #chift  cyclotron flash tail beare carrier teller talkfest talking-to (n.) tall boy (n.) -built (u.m.) -built (u.m.) bead				
head flash tail bearer  herd mesh tron #coat teller  sty Syro (c.f.) -cropped (u.m.)  swing -Arabian, etc. phenician bar dingle #gate #chift		·		1 *
herd mesh band carrier  pox tron #coat teller  sty Syro (c.f.) -cropped (u.m.)  swing -Arabian, etc. phenician bar dingle #gate #shift  #gate T gate band carrier  teller  talkfest talking-to (n.)  tall boy (n.)  -built (u.m.)  -looking (u.m.)		· ·		
pox tron #coat teller sty Syro (c.f.) -cropped (u.m.) talkfest swing -Arabian, etc. phenician first bar dingle #gate #chift foremost #gate #chift foremost phenician phenici				
sty sty swing back (n., u.m.) bar dingle #gate #chiff  syro (c.f.) -Arabian, etc. phenician -cropped (u.m.) #end -ender first first boy (n.) -built (u.m.) -looking (u.m.)		mesh		
swing back (n., u.m.) bar dingle #gate #chift  T  Sylv (c.h.) -Arabian, etc. phenician -ender first foremost gate  T  gate  #end talking-to (n.) tall boy (n.) -built (u.m.) -looking (u.m.)	*	tron		
back (n., u.m.) bar dingle  #gate  #chift  -Arabian, etc. phenician  -ender first boy (n.) -built (u.m.) -looking (u.m.)	•	Syro (c.f.)	1 1	talkfest
bar dingle T first boy (n.)  #gate T gate -looking (u.m.)		-Arabian, etc.		talking-to (n.)
dingle  T  foremost  #gate  T  gate  -looking (u.m.)  -looking (u.m.)	_	phenician		tall
#gate T gate -looking (u.m.		_		boy (n.)
#shift head	-	Т		-built (u.m.)
#shift   -ball   head   tallow	-	Т		-looking (u.m.)
tullow		-ball		tallow
stock -bandage -heavy (u.m.) -faced (u.m.)	stock	-bandage	'	-faced (u.m.)
-swang hook -pale (u.m.)	-swang			
tree -boat lamp tally	tree	-boat	<u> </u>	1 *
swingle pin #board	swingle	-bone	pin	'
bar pipe #clerk	bar		pipe	
tree race ho			race	
switch spin #room	switch		spin	
back stock #sheet	back	-	stock	
blade   -tied (u.m.)	blade		-tied (u.m.)	
box twister	box		twister	
gear -shape -up (n., u.m.) -grown (u.m.)	gear	_	-up (n., u.m.)	1
plate   which	plate	1	wheel	-looking (u.m.)
plug -shirt wind tan	plug		wind	
rail -square tailor bark	rail	_	tailor	
tender table -cut (u.m.) works	tender		-cut (u.m.)	
swivel cloth made (u.m.) tangent	swivel		made (u.m.)	
#chair -cut (u.m.) -suited (u.m.) -cut (v.)	#chair	-cut (u.m.)	-suited (u.m.)	
eye cutter take -saw (v.)	eye		take	` ′
-eyed (u.m.) -cutting (u.m.) -all (n.) tangle	-eyed (u.m.)	-cutting (u.m.)	-all (n.)	tangle
-hooked (u.m.) -formed (u.m.) down (n., u.m.) foot	-hooked (u.m.)		down (n., u.m.)	foot
sword #linen -home (n., u.m.) -haired (u.m.)	sword	#linen	-home (n., u.m.)	-haired (u.m.)
-armed (u.m.) -shaped (u.m.) -in (n., u.m.) tank	-armed (u.m.)	-shaped (u.m.)	-in (n., u.m.)	tank
bearer spoon off (n., u.m.) #car	bearer	spoon	off (n., u.m.)	#car
#belt talk out (n., u.m.) farm	#belt	talk	out (n., u.m.)	farm
bill top over (n., u.m.) ship	bill	top	over (n., u.m.)	ship
fishing ware up (n., u.m.) town	fishing	ware		town

		i	
tap	tarso (c.f.)	-dimmed (u.m.)	tent
bolt	all one word	down (n., u.m.)	-dotted (u.m.)
dance	task	drop	pole
hole	#force	#gas	-sheltered (u.m.)
net	setter	-off (n., u.m.)	#show
off (n., u.m.)	tattletale	-out (n., u.m.)	terra
-riveted (u.m.)	tauro (c.f.)	pit	#cotta
room	all one word	sheet	#firma
root	tax	stain	mara
-tap	-burdened (u.m.)	-stained (u.m.)	terrace-fashion
water	#collector	teen	(u.m.)
tape	eater	age (u.m.)	test-fly (v.)
#deck	-exempt (u.m.)	ager	tetra (c.f.)
#drive	-free (u.m.)	teeter-totter	all one word
#measure	gatherer	tele (c.f.)	thanksgiving
string	-laden (u.m.)	all one word	thatch-roofed
-tied (u.m.)	paid	teleo (c.f.)	(u.m.)
taper	payer	all one word	text
bearer	#roll	tell	-based
-fashion (u.m.)	-supported (u.m.)	tale	#file
-headed (u.m.)	taxi	truth	#mode
tapestry	auto	telo (c.f.)	theater
-covered (u.m.)	bus	all one word	goer
#maker	cab	tempest-rocked	going
-making (u.m.)	meter	(u.m.)	thenceforth
#work	stand	temporo (c.f.)	theo (c.f.)
tapper-out	tea	-occipital	all one word
tar	ball	rest one word	theologico (c.f.)
-brand (v.)	cake	ten	all one word
brush	cart	fold	there
-coal (u.m.)	-colored (u.m.)	penny (nail)	about(s)
-dipped (u.m.)	cup	pins	above
#paper	dish	tender	across
-paved (u.m.)	kettle	#boat	after
pot	#party	-faced (u.m.)	against
-roofed (u.m.)	pot	foot	among
works	room	-footed (u.m.)	around
tariff-protected	-scented (u.m.)	footish	at
(u.m.)	spoon	-handed (u.m.)	away
tarpaulin	taster	heart	before
-covered (u.m.)	teamplay	loin	between
#maker	tear	-looking (u.m.)	by
-making (u.m.)	bomb	tenement#house	for

fore	-rate (u.m.)	fold	string
from	-rater	-in-hand	sucker
in	thistledown	-master	tack
inafter	thoraco (c.f.)	penny (nail)	worn
inbefore	all one word	-piece (u.m.)	thunder
into	thorn	-ply (u.m.)	bearer
on	back	score	blast
over	bill	some	bolt
through	-covered (u.m.)	-spot	clap
tofore	-set (u.m.)	-square	cloud
under	-strewn (u.m.)	-striper	head
until	tail	throat	peal
unto		band	shower
	thorough -bind (v.)	cutter	storm
upon with	bred	latch	struck
thermo (c.f.)			thymo (c.f.)
all one word	-dried (u.m.) fare	strap thrombo (c.f.)	all one word
thick		all one word	thyro (c.f.)
	going		all one word
-blooded (u.m.) head	-made (u.m.)	through	
	paced .	out	tibio (c.f.) all one word
-looking (u.m.)	pin	put #1	tick
pated	thought	#road	
set (n., u.m.)	-free (u.m.)	way	#feed
skinned	-out (u.m.)	throw	seed
skull (n.)	-provoking (u.m.)	away (n., u.m.)	tacktoe
skulled	thousand	back (n., u.m.)	tick
-tongued (u.m.)	fold	-in (n., u.m.)	tock
wit	-headed (u.m.)	#line	ticket
-witted (u.m.)	-legged (u.m.)	off (n., u.m.)	#seller
-wooded (u.m.)	legs (worm)	-on (n., u.m.)	-selling (u.m.)
-woven (u.m.)	thrall	out (n., u.m.)	#writer
thin	born	over (n., u.m.)	tidal#wave
-clad (u.m.)	dom	-weight	tiddlywink
down (n., u.m.)	-less	thrust-pound	tide
set (u.m.)	thread	thumb	flat
-voiced (u.m.)	bare	#hole	head
thio (c.f.)	-leaved (u.m.)	-made (u.m.)	mark
all one word	worn	mark	-marked (u.m.)
third	three	-marked (u.m.)	race
-class (u.m.)	-bagger	nail	table
-degree (u.m.)	-cornered (u.m.)	print	-tossed (u.m.)
hand (adv., u.m.)	-dimensional	screw	waiter
#house	(u.m.)	stall	-worn (u.m.)

	1 1 1/	l 1 441	1
tie	-headed (u.m.)	kettle	tit
back (n.)	jack	-lined (u.m.)	bit
#bar	line	man	#for#tat
#beam	-propped (u.m.)	pan	mouse
down (n., u.m.)	#wolf	plate	titano (c.f.)
-in (n., u.m.)	wright	-plated (u.m.)	all one word
-on (n., u.m.)	time	pot	tithe
-out (n., u.m.)	bomb	-roofed (u.m.)	book
pin	born	type	-free (u.m.)
-plater	card	-white (u.m.)	payer
#rod	clerk	tinsel	right
#tack	clock	-bright (u.m.)	title
up (n., u.m.)	-consuming (u.m.)	-clad (u.m.)	holder
tierlift (truck)	frame	-covered (u.m.)	-holding (u.m.)
tiger	-honored (u.m.)	#town	#page
eye	keeper	tintblock (printing)	winner
#lily	killer	tip	-winning (u.m.)
#shark	lag	burn	to
-striped (u.m.)	lock	cart	-and-fro
tight	outs (n., u.m.)	-curled (u.m.)	-do (n.)
-belted (u.m.)	piece	, , ,	#wit
fisted	pleaser	head	toad
-fitting (u.m.)	saver	-in (n., u.m.)	back
lipped	server	most	-bellied (u.m.)
rope	sheet	off (n., u.m.)	blind
-set (u.m.)	slip	over (n., u.m.)	fish
-tie (v.)	slot	staff	-green (u.m.)
wad	span	stock	stool
wire	-stamp (v.)	tank	tobacco
tile	study	-tap	#grower
-clad (u.m.)	table	toe	-growing (u.m.)
#drain	taker	top	#shop
-red (u.m.)	waster	-up (u.m.)	toe
setter	worn	tire	cap
works	tin	changer	#dance
wright	-bearing (u.m.)	dresser	hold
tilt	#can	fitter	-in (n., u.m.)
hammer	-capped (u.m.)	#gauge	-mark (v.)
rotor	-clad (u.m.)	#iron	nail
up (n.)	cup	-mile	plate
timber	#fish (torpedo)	#rack	print
-built (u.m.)	foil	shaper	toil
head	horn	some	-beaten (u.m.)
	-		

some	shot	-set (u.m.)	torpedo
-stained (u.m.)	sore	-shaped (u.m.)	#boat
-weary (u.m.)	tack	some	#room
worn	tied	wash	torquemeter
toilet#room	tip	top	toss
toll	#twister	#brass	pot
bar	-twisting (u.m.)	cap (n.)	up (n., u.m.)
#bridge	tool	coat	touch
#call	bag	cutter	#and#go
gate	#belt	#dog	back (n., u.m.)
gatherer	box	-drain (v.)	down (n., u.m.)
house	builder	#drawer	hole
#line	#chest	dress (v.)	-me-not (n., u.m.)
payer	crib	flight (u.m.)	pan
road	dresser	full	reader
taker	fitter	gallant (n., u.m.)	stone
tom	#grinder	-graft (v.)	up (n., u.m.)
boy	-grinding (u.m.)	hat	tough
cat	head	-hatted (u.m.)	-headed (u.m.)
foolery	holding	heavy	-looking (u.m.)
-tom	kit	kick	-skinned (u.m.)
tommy	mark	knot	tow
gun	plate	liner	away
rot	post	mark	boat
ton	rack	mast	head
-hour	setter	milk	line
-kilometer	shed	most	mast
-mile	slide	notch (nonliteral)	#net
-mileage	stock	rail	-netter
-mile-day	tooth	rope	path
tone	ache	sail	rope
-deaf (u.m.)	#and#nail	-secret (u.m.)	#truck
down (n., u.m.)	-billed (u.m.)	-shaped (u.m.)	tower
-producing (u.m.)	brush	side (naut.)	-high (u.m.)
up (n., u.m.)	drawer	soil	-shaped (u.m.)
tongue	mark	topo (c.f.)	town
-baited (u.m.)	-marked (u.m.)	all one word	-bred (u.m.)
-bound (u.m.)	paste	topsy-turvy	#clerk
-free (u.m.)	pick	torch	#crier
-lash (v.)	plate	bearer	-dotted (u.m.)
#lashing	powder	#holder	folk
play	puller	lighted	gate
-shaped (u.m.)	-pulling (u.m.)	lit	going

1 11		#1 l	l
hall	-marked (u.m.)	#house	hammer
lot	side	-laden (u.m.)	wire
ship	sight	treaty	triple
side	-weary (u.m.)	breaker	-acting (u.m.)
site	train	-sealed (u.m.)	back (sofa)
talk	bearer	tree	branched (u.m.)
-weary (u.m.)	bolt	#belt	-edged (u.m.)
towns	crew	-clad (u.m.)	fold
fellow	line	#line	#play
people	-mile	-lined (u.m.)	-tailed (u.m.)
toy	shed	nail	tree (n.)
#dog	sick	-ripe (u.m.)	trolley#line
-sized (u.m.)	stop	scape	troop
town	tram	top	ship
tracheo (c.f.)	-borne (u.m.)	#trunk	#train
all one word	car	trellis-covered	tropho (c.f.)
trachy (c.f.)	rail	(u.m.)	all one word
all one word	road	trench	tropo (c.f.)
track	way	back	all one word
barrow	trans (pref.)	coat	trouble
hound	alpine	foot	-free (u.m.)
layer	atlantic	#knife	-haunted (u.m.)
mark	-Canadian, etc.	mouth	maker
-mile	, ,		shooter
side	pacific	#plow	some
walker	uranic	-plowed (u.m.)	truce
tractor-trailer	rest one word	tri (c.f.)	breaker
trade	transit#time	-iodide	
#board	trap	-ply (u.m.)	-seeking (u.m.)
-in (n., u.m.)	door	state, etc.	truck
-laden (u.m.)	fall	rest one word	driver
-made (u.m.)	shoot	tribespeople	#farm
mark	trashrack	tribo (c.f.)	-mile
#name	travel	all one word	stop
off	-bent (u.m.)	tricho (c.f.)	true
#union	time	all one word	-aimed (u.m.)
#wind	-tired (u.m.)	trim	-blue (u.m.)
tradespeople	-worn (u.m.)	-cut (u.m.)	born
traffic-mile	trawlnet	-dressed (u.m.)	bred
tragico (c.f.)	tread	-looking (u.m.)	-eyed (u.m.)
all one word	mill	trinitro (c.f.)	-false
trail	wheel	all one word	love (n., u.m.)
blazer	treasure	trip	penny (n.)
breaker	-filled (u.m.)	-free (u.m.)	#time

trunk	turbo (c.f.)	table	-decker
back	-ramjet (u.m.)	tail	-faced (u.m.)
nose	rest one word	-to (n.)	fold
trust	turf	under (n., u.m.)	-handed (u.m.)
breaking	-built (u.m.)	up (n., u.m.)	penny (nail)
buster	-clad (u.m.)	turned	-piece (u.m.)
-controlled (u.m.)	-covered (u.m.)	-back (u.m.)	-ply (u.m.)
-ridden (u.m.)	#war	-down (u.m.)	score
worthy	turkey	-in (u.m.)	-seater
truth	back	-on (u.m.)	some
-filled (u.m.)	#buzzard	-out (u.m.)	-spot
lover	#gobbler	-over (u.m.)	-step (dance)
seeker	#trot	turner-off	-striper
-seeking (u.m.)	Turko (c.f.)	turtle	-suiter
teller	-Greek, etc.	back	-up (n., u.m.)
try	rest one word	dove	-way (u.m.)
-on (n., u.m.)	turn	-footed (u.m.)	-wheeler
out (n., u.m.)	about (n., u.m.)	neck (u.m.)	tympano (c.f.)
square	about-face	#shell	all one word
works	again (n., u.m.)	twelve	type
tube	around (n., u.m.)	fold	case
-eyed (u.m.)	back (n., u.m.)	penny (nail)	cast
-eyed (u.m.)	buckle	score	cutter
head	cap	twenty	face
-nosed (u.m.)	coat	-first	foundry
works	cock	fold	script
tuberculo (c.f.)	down (n., u.m.)	-one	set
all one word		twice	write (v.)
tubo (c.f.)	gate -in (n., u.m.)	-born (u.m.)	` ′
-ovarian	, , ,	-reviewed (u.m.)	typho (c.f.) all one word
rest one word	key	-told (u.m.)	typo (c.f.)
	off (n., u.m.) out (n., u.m.)	twin	all one word
tug			
boat #of#war	over (n., u.m.)	#boat	tyro (c.f.) all one word
,, O1,, 1, 41	pike	born	all one wora
tumbledown (n.,	pin	-engined (u.m.)	U
u.m.)	plate	fold	**
tune	round (n., u.m.)	-jet (u.m.)	U
out (n., u.m.)	screw	-motor (u.m.)	-boat
up (n., u.m.)	sheet	-screw (u.m.)	-cut
tunnel	sole	two	-magnet
-boring (u.m.)	spit	-a-day (u.m.)	-rail
-shaped (u.m.)	stile	-along (n.)	-shaped
vision	stitch	(bookbinding)	-tube

ultra (pref.)	coast	user	vellum
-ambitious,	country	#default	-bound (u.m.)
-atomic, etc.	dip	-defined	-covered (u.m.)
-English, etc.	end (v.)	-friendly	velvet
high#frequency	front (n., u.m.)	#group	-crimson (u.m.)
-high-speed (u.m.)	grade	#interface	-draped (u.m.)
#valorem, etc.	gradient	utero (c.f.)	-green (u.m.)
rest one word	keep	all one word	-pile (u.m.)
un (pref.)	lift	v	venthole
-American, etc.	load	•	ventri (c.f.)
called-for (u.m.)	-over (u.m.)	V	all one word
heard-of (u.m.)	rate	-connection	ventro (c.f.)
-ionized (u.m.)	river	-curve	all one word
self-conscious	stairs	-engine	vertebro (c.f.)
sent-for (u.m.)	state	-neck	all one word
thought-of (u.m.)	stream	-shaped	vesico (c.f.)
rest one word	swing	-type	all one word
under	take	vacant	vibro (c.f.)
age (deficit)	tight (n., u.m.)	-eyed (u.m.)	all one word
age (younger)	#tight (v.)	-looking (u.m.)	vice
(n., u.m.)	-to-date (u.m.)	-minded (u.m.)	#admiral
#cultivation	#to#date	vagino (c.f.)	-admiralty
(tillage)	town	all one word	#consul
cultivation	trend	vainglorious	-consulate
(insufficient)	turn	valve	#governor
#secretary	wind	-grinding (u.m.)	-governorship
-secretaryship	upper	-in-head (u.m.)	#minister
way	case (printing)	van	-ministry
as prefix, one	#class	driver	-presidency
word	classman	guard	#president
uni (c.f.)	crust (n., u.m.)	pool	-president-elect
-univalent	cut	vapor	-presidential
rest one word	#deck	-filled (u.m.)	#rector
union	most	-heating (u.m.)	-rectorship
-made (u.m.)	urano (c.f.)	#lock	regal
#shop	all one word	vase-shaped (u.m.)	-regency
unit-set (u.m.)	uretero (c.f.)	vaso (c.f.)	#regent
up	all one word	all one word	royal
-anchor (u.m., v.)	urethro (c.f.)	vegeto (c.f.)	#squad
-and-coming	all one word	all one word	#versa
(u.m.)	uro (c.f.)	vein	#warden
#and#up	all one word	-mining (u.m.)	videotape
beat	used-car (u.m.)	-streaked (u.m.)	Vietcong

	ı		ı
view	meter	-on (n., u.m.)	warpsetter
finder	ohmmeter	out (n., u.m.)	wash
point	-second	over (n., u.m.)	basin
vile-natured (u.m.)	volta (c.f.)	up (n., u.m.)	basket
vine	all one word	way	board
-clad (u.m.)	vote	walkie-talkie	bowl
-covered (u.m.)	-casting (u.m.)	wall	cloth
dresser	getter	board	-colored (u.m.)
growing	-getting (u.m.)	eyed	day
stalk	vow	flower	down (n., u.m.)
vinegar	-bound (u.m.)	-like	-in (n., u.m.)
-flavored (u.m.)	breaker	-painting (u.m.)	off (n., u.m.)
-hearted (u.m.)	-pledged (u.m.)	paper	out (n., u.m.)
-making (u.m.)	vulvo (c.f.)	plate	pot
-tart (u.m.)	all one word	-sided (u.m.)	rag
violet		walled	#sale
-blue (u.m.)`	W	-in (u.m.)	stand
-colored (u.m.)	W	-up (u.m.)	tray
-eared (u.m.)	-engine	war	trough
#ray	-shaped	#dance	tub
-rayed (u.m.)	-surface	-disabled (u.m.)	up (n., u.m.)
#water	-type	-famed (u.m.)	washed
violin-shaped (u.m.)	wage	fare	-out (u.m.)
vis-a-vis	#earner	head	-up (u.m.)
viscero (c.f.)	-earning (u.m.)	horse (nonliteral)	waste
all one word	#scale	like	basket
vitreo (c.f.)	worker	monger	land
all one word	waist	-made (u.m.)	leaf
vitro (c.f.)	band	path	(bookbinding)
-clarain	belt	plane	paper
-di-trina	cloth	ship	site
rest one word	coat	-swept (u.m.)	word
vivi (c.f.)	-deep (u.m.)	#time (clock)	watch
all one word	-high (u.m.)	time (duration)	band
voice	line	ward	case
-capable	waiting	heeler	#chain
#mail	#list	robe	cry
over (n.)	#man	ship	dog
volleyball	#room	warm	-free (u.m.)
volt	#woman	blooded	glass
ammeter	walk	-clad (u.m.)	tower
-ampere	around (n., u.m.)	up (n., u.m.)	water
-coulomb	away (n., u.m.)	warmed-over (u.m.)	bag

bank	pot	#paper	web
bearer	power	#stone	-fingered (u.m.)
-bearing (u.m.)	proofing	-yellow (u.m.)	foot
-beaten (u.m.)	quake	way	-footed (u.m.)
-bind (v.)	-rot (v.)	back (n., u.m.)	master
#blister	scape	beam	#press
bloom	shed	bill	Web#site
buck	shoot	down (n., u.m.)	wedge
color	side	farer	-billed (u.m.)
-colored (u.m.)	-soak (v.)	fellow	-shaped (u.m.)
-cool (v.)	-soaked (u.m.)	going	weed
-cooled (u.m.)	-soluble (u.m.)	laid	-choked (u.m.)
#cooler	spout	lay	-hidden (u.m.)
course	stain	mark	hook
craft	#table	post	killer
dog	tight	side	week
-drinking (u.m.)	wall	-sore (u.m.)	day
drop	works	-up (n., u.m.)	end
fall	worn	worn	-ender
-filled (u.m.)	watt	weak	-ending (u.m.)
finder	-hour	-backed (u.m.)	long (u.m.)
flood	meter	-eyed (u.m.)	-old (u.m.)
flow	-second	handed	weigh
fog	wave	-kneed (u.m.)	bridge
-free (u.m.)	-cut (u.m.)	minded	-in (n., u.m.)
front	form	mouthed	lock
gate	guide	weather	out (n., u.m.)
head	-lashed (u.m.)	beaten	shaft
hole	length	blown	well
horse	mark	-borne (u.m.)	-being (n.)
-inch	meter	break	-beloved (u.m.)
-laden (u.m.)	-moist (u.m.)	cock	-born (u.m.)
lane	-on (n., u.m.)	glass	-bound (u.m.)
leaf	off (n., u.m.)	going	-bred (u.m.)
#line	-swept (u.m.)	-hardened (u.m.)	-clad (u.m.)
-lined (u.m.)	-worn (u.m.)	#house	-deserving (u.m.)
locked	wax	-marked (u.m.)	-doer
log	bill	most	-doing (n., u.m.)
#main	-billed (u.m.)	proofing	-drained (u.m.)
mark	chandler	-stain (v.)	-drilling (u.m.)
melon	cloth	strip	#field
meter	-coated (u.m.)	-stripped (u.m.)	-grown (u.m.)
plant	-headed (u.m.)	worn	head

-headed (u.m.)	whale	stitch	-shaped (u.m.)
hole	back	-worn (u.m.)	socket
-informed (u.m.)	-backed (u.m.)	wright	staff
-known (u.m.)	bone	when	stalk
-looking (u.m.)	-built (u.m.)	ever	stall
-meaner	-headed (u.m.)	-issued (u.m.)	stick
-nigh (u.m.)	-mouthed (u.m.)	soever	stitch
-off (u.m.)	ship	where	stock
-read (u.m.)	wharf	abouts	-tailed (u.m.)
-set-up (u.m.)	#boat	after	whipper
-settled (u.m.)	hand	as	-in
side	head	at	snapper
-spoken (u.m.)	side	by	whirl
spring	what	for	about (n., u.m.)
stead	abouts (n.)	fore	blast
-thought-of (u.m.)	ever	from	pool
-thought-out	-is-it (n.)	in	-shaped (u.m.)
(u.m.)	not (n.)	insoever	wind
-to-do (u.m.)	soever	into	whirlybird
-wisher	-you-may-call-it	of	whisk
	(n.)	on	broom
-wishing (u.m.)	wheat	over	#tail
-worn (u.m.)	cake	soever	whistle
welterweight	-colored (u.m.)	through	blower
werewolf	ear	to	(nonliteral)
west	-fed (u.m.)	under	#blower (literal)
bound	field	upon	stop
-central (u.m.)	grower	with	white
#end	-rich (u.m.)	withal	back
-faced (u.m.)	stalk	wherever	beard (n.)
going	wheel	which	#book
most	band	ever	(diplomatic)
-northwest	barrow	soever	cap (n.)
#side	base	whiffletree	coat (n.)
-sider	chair	whip	-collar (u.m.)
wet	-cut (u.m.)	cord	comb (n.)
#bar	going	crack	corn
-cheeked (u.m.)	horse (nonliteral)	-graft (v.)	-eared (u.m.)
-clean (v.)	#load	#hand	-eyed (u.m.)
land	-made (u.m.)	lash	face
-nurse (v.)	plate	-marked (u.m.)	-faced (u.m.)
pack	race	post	foot (n.)
wash	spin	saw	-footed (u.m.)

handed	killer	-pollinated (u.m.)	taster
-hard (u.m.)	-ridden (u.m.)	-rode (u.m.)	tester
head	wigwag	row	vat
-headed (u.m.)	wild	screen	wing
-hot (u.m.)	cat (n.)	-shaken (u.m.)	band
#line	-eyed (u.m.)	-shear (u.m.)	bar
out (u.m., v.)	fire	shield	beat
pot	#land	shock	bolt
tail	life	side	bone
-tailed (u.m.)	#man	sleeve	borne
-throated (u.m.)	wind	sock	borne
top (n.)	will	speed	cut
vein	-less	stop	#flap
wash	-o'-the-wisp	storm	-footed (u.m.)
who	power	stream	handed
	wilt-resistant (u.m.)	swept	-heavy (u.m.)
ever soever	wind (v.)	#tunnel	-loading (u.m.)
whole	down (n., u.m.)	worn	-loose (u.m.)
-headed (u.m.)	up (n., u.m.)	window	nut
	bag	breaker	over (n., u.m.)
#hog	ball	-breaking (u.m.)	-shaped (u.m.)
-hogger sale	blown	#cleaner	-shot (u.m.)
	brace	-cleaning (u.m.)	span
some	breaker	#dresser	-swift (u.m.)
whomsoever	burn	-dressing (u.m.)	
whooping#cough wicker-woven(u.m.)	catcher		tip
wicket	-chapped (u.m.)	pane	top wall
keeper	chill	peeper #shade	-weary (u.m.)
keeping	fall	-shop (v.)	winter
wide	fast	-shopping (u.m.)	-beaten (u.m.)
-angle (u.m.)	-fertilized (u.m.)	sill	-clad (u.m.)
-awake (u.m.)	firm	#work	-fallow (v.)
-handed (u.m.)	flow	wine	-fed (u.m.)
mouthed	#force	bag	feed (d.iii.)
-open (u.m.)	gall	-black (u.m.)	#green (color)
spread	-galled (u.m.)	-drinking (u.m.)	green (plant, etc.)
-spreading (u.m.)	#gauge	glass	-hardy (u.m.)
widow	#gauge hole	_	kill
#bird	-hungry (u.m.)	growing -hardy (u.m.)	-made (u.m.)
hood		-	
wife	jammer lass	pot #press	-sown (u.m.) tide
	mill	-red (u.m.)	time
beater hood		seller	
nood	pipe	seller	-worn (u.m.)

	l •41 •	l • ,	l 1	
wire	within	print catcher		
bar	-bound (u.m.)	pulp	-clad (u.m.)	
-caged (u.m.)	-named (u.m.)	ranger	-deaf (u.m.)	
-cut (u.m.)	woe	rock	flow	
cutter	begone	#rot	jobber	
dancer	worn	shed	list	
draw (v.)	wolf	side	-perfect (u.m.)	
-edged (u.m.)	-eyed (u.m.)	stock	play	
#gauge	#fish	turner	seller	
hair (dog)	hound	-turning (u.m.)	smith	
-haired (u.m.)	pack	-walled (u.m.)	work	
less	woman	wind (music)	aday (n., u.m.)	
#line	folk	working (u.m.)	-and-turn (u.m.)	
photo	hood	wooden	away (n., u.m.)	
puller	kind	head (n.)	bag	
#rope	womenfolk	-hulled (u.m.)	basket	
spun	wonder	wool	bench	
stitch	land	fell	book	
-stitched (u.m.)	strong	gatherer	card	
-tailed (u.m.)	-struck (u.m.)	grader	day	
tap	wood	growing	-driven (u.m.)	
walker	bark (color)	head	fare	
works	bin	-laden (u.m.)	flow	
-wound (u.m.)	bined	-lined (u.m.)	folk	
wise	block	pack	force	
acre	-built (u.m.)	press	group	
crack	-cased (u.m.)	shearer	hand	
guy	chipper	shed	-hardened (u.m.)	
head (n.)	chopper	sorter	horse	
-headed (u.m.)	chuck	stock	-hour (u.m.)	
-spoken (u.m.)	craft	washer	housed	
wishbone	cut	wheel	life	
witch	grub	-white (u.m.)	load	
craft	hole	winder	manship	
#hazel	horse	woolly	out (n., u.m.)	
#hunt	hung (u.m.)	-coated (u.m.)	pace	
-hunting (u.m.)	land	-headed (u.m.)	pan	
with	-lined (u.m.)	-looking (u.m.)	paper	
draw	lot	-white (u.m.)	people	
hold	-paneled (u.m.)	word	place	
in	pecker	-blind (u.m.)	room	
out	pile	book	saving	
stand	-planing (u.m.)	builder	sheet	
	1 0 ()	1	1	

shoe	out (u.m.)	-faced (u.m.)	yaw
shop	outness	-looking (u.m.)	meter
-shy (n., u.m.)	worrywart	-mouthed (u.m.)	-sighted (u.m.)
-shyness	worth	neck	year
site	less	-set (u.m.)	book
slip	while (n., u.m.)		day
space	whileness (n.)	X	end
-stained (u.m.)	wrap	X	-hour (u.m.)
stand	around (n., u.m.)	-body	long (u.m.)
station	-up (n., u.m.)	-chromosome	-old (u.m.)
stream	wreath-crowned	-disease	-round (u.m.)
study	(u.m.)	#rated	yellow
table	wreck-free (u.m.)	-shaped	back
time	wring	-virus	-backed (u.m.)
up (n., u.m.)	bolt	x	-bellied (u.m.)
ways	staff	-axis	belly
-weary (u.m.)	wrist	#ray (n.)	-billed (u.m.)
week	band	-ray (u.m.)	brush
worn	bone	xantho (c.f.)	#fever
working	drop	all one word	-headed (u.m.)
#capital	fall	xeno (c.f.)	-tailed (u.m.)
#load	lock	all one word	-throated (u.m.)
#room	#pin	xero (c.f.)	top
world	plate	all one word	yes
beater	watch	xylo (c.f.)	-man
-conscious (u.m.)	write	all one word	-no
#consciousness	back (n., u.m.)		yester
#line	-in (n., u.m.)	Υ	day
#power	off (n., u.m.)	Y	year
-shaking (u.m.)	-protect	-chromosome	yoke
-weary (u.m.)	up (n., u.m.)	-joint	fellow
worm	writing#room	-level	mating
-eaten (u.m.)	wrong	-potential	-toed (u.m.)
-eating (u.m.)	doer	-shaped	young
hole	-ended (u.m.)	-track	eyed (u.m.)
-riddled (u.m.)	-minded (u.m.)	-tube	-headed (u.m.)
-ripe (u.m.)	-thinking (u.m.)	Yankee-Doodle	-ladylike
seed	wrought	yard	-looking (u.m.)
shaft	#iron	arm	-manlike
wood	-up (u.m.)	-deep (u.m.)	-old
worn	wry	-long (u.m.)	-womanhood
#away	bill	stick	youthtide
down (u.m.)	-billed (u.m.)	-wide (u.m.)	yuletide
		1	,

Z	zigzag	<b>zoo</b> (c.f.)	zymo (c.f.)
Z	zinc	all one word	all one word
-bar	-coated (u.m.)	zoologico (c.f.)	
zero	-white (u.m.)	all one word	
axial	zip	zygo (c.f.)	
-dimensional	#gun	all one word	
(u.m.)	line	zygomatico (c.f.)	
gravity	-lipped (u.m.)	-orbital	
#hour	lock	rest one word	

## 8. Punctuation

- 8.1. Punctuation is used to clarify the meaning of written or printed language. Well-planned word order requires a minimum of punctuation. The trend toward less punctuation calls for skillful phrasing to avoid ambiguity and to ensure exact interpretation. The GPO STYLE MANUAL can only offer general rules of text treatment. A rigid design or pattern of punctuation cannot be laid down, except in broad terms. The adopted style, however, must be consistent and based on sentence structure.
- **8.2.** The general principles governing the use of punctuation are: If it does not clarify the text it should be omitted; and, in the choice and placing of punctuation marks, the sole aim should be to bring out more clearly the author's thought. Punctuation should aid reading and prevent misreading.

# **Apostrophes and possessives**

**8.3.** The possessive case of a singular or plural noun not ending in *s* is formed by adding an apostrophe and *s*. The possessive case of a singular or plural noun ending in *s* or with an *s* sound is formed by adding an apostrophe only. Some irregular plurals require both an apostrophe and an *s*. (For possessives of italicized nouns, see rule 11.6.)

boss', bosses' man's, men's child's, children's medium's, media's people's, peoples' citizen's, citizens' Essex's, Essexes' Congress', Congresses' criterion's, criteria's Jones', Joneses' Co.'s, Cos.' Iesus' erratum's, errata's Mars' hostess', hostesses' Dumas' lady's, ladies' Schmitz'

**8.4.** In compound nouns, the 's is added to the element nearest the object possessed.

comptroller general's decision attorney at law's fee
attorneys general's appointments
Mr. Brown of New York's motion

attorney at law's fee
John White, Jr.'s (no comma) account

8.5. Joint possession is indicated by placing an apostrophe on the last element of a series, while individual or alternative possession requires the use of an apostrophe on each element of a series.

> soldiers and sailors' home Brown & Nelson's store men's, women's, and children's clothing St. Michael's Men's Club

editor's or proofreader's opinion Clinton's or Bush's administration Mrs. Smith's and Mrs. Allen's children the Army's and the Navy's work master's and doctor's degrees

8.6. In the use of an apostrophe in firm names, the names of organizations and institutions, the titles of books, and geographic names, the authentic form is to be followed. (Note use of "St.")

> Masters, Mates & Pilots' Association Dentists' Supply Co. of New York International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union Court of St. James's St. Peter's Church St. Elizabeths Hospital

Johns Hopkins University Hinds' Precedents Harpers Ferry Hells Canyon Reader's Digest Actor's Equity Association

but Martha's Vineyard

8.7. Generally, the apostrophe should not be used after names of countries and other organized bodies ending in s, or after words more descriptive than possessive (not indicating personal possession), except when plural does not end in s.

> United States control United Nations meeting Southern States industries Massachusetts laws

Bureau of Ships report

House of Representatives session

Teamsters Union editors handbook

syrup producers manual technicians guide

teachers college merchants exchange children's hospital

Young Men's Christian Association

but

Veterans' Administration (now Department of Veterans

Affairs) Congress' attitude

8.8. Possessive pronouns do not take an apostrophe.

> ite yours ours hers theirs whose

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**8.9.** Possessive indefinite or impersonal pronouns require an apostrophe.

each other's books another's idea

some others' plans someone's guesstimate

one's home is his castle

**8.10.** The singular possessive case is used in such general terms as the following:

arm's length
attorney's fees
miner's inch
author's alterations
confectioner's sugar
cow's milk
distiller's grain

fuller's earth
miner's inch
printer's ink
traveler's checks
writer's cramp

**8.11.** While an apostrophe is used to indicate possession and contractions, it is not generally necessary to use an apostrophe simply to show the plural form of most acronyms, initialisms, or abbreviations, except where clarity and sense demand such inclusion.

49ers e'er (ever)

TVers class of '08 (2008)
OKs spirit of '76 (1776)

**MCing** 

RIFing not in her '70s (age)

RIFs better: in her seventies

RIFed

YWCAs not during the '90s

ABCs better: during the 1990s or

1920s during the twenties

**IOUs** 

10s (thread) but

4½s (bonds) he never crosses his t's 3s (golf) she fails to dot her i's

2 by 4s a's, &'s, 7's

IQswatch your p's and q'sdon't (do not)are they l's or 1'sI've (I have)the Oakland A'sit's (it is/it has)a number of s's

ne'er (never) his résumé had too many I's

When the plural form of an acronym appears in parentheses, a lower case *s* is included within the parentheses.

(MPDs) (IPOs) (SUVs)

(JPEGs)

**8.12.** The apostrophe is omitted in abbreviations, and also in shortened forms of certain other words.

Danl., not Dan'l Halloween, not Hallowe'en

phone, not 'phone copter, not 'copter

coon, not 'coon

possum, not 'possum but ma'am

**8.13.** The plural of spelled-out numbers, of words referred to as words, and of words containing an apostrophe is formed by adding *s* or *es*; but 's is added to indicate the plural of words used as words if omission of the apostrophe would cause difficulty in reading.

twos, threes, sevens yeses and noes ands, ifs, and buts yeas and nays

ins and outs

the haves and have-nots but

ups and downs do's and don'ts whereases and wherefores which's and that's

pros and cons

**8.14.** The possessive case is often used in lieu of an objective phrase even though ownership is not involved.

1 day's labor (labor for 1 day) for charity's sake 12 days' labor for pity's sake

2 hours' traveltime several billion dollars' worth

a stone's throw

2 weeks' pay but \$10 billion worth

**8.15.** The possessive case is not used in such expressions as the following, in which one noun modifies another.

day labor (labor by the day) State prison quartermaster stores State rights

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**8.16.** For euphony, nouns ending in *s* or *ce* and followed by a word beginning with *s* form the possessive by adding an apostrophe only.

for goodness' sake for acquaintance' sake Mr. Hughes' service for conscience' sake

for old times' sake

**8.17.** A possessive noun used in an adjective sense requires the addition of 's.

He is a friend of John's. Stern's is running a sale.

**8.18.** A noun preceding a gerund should be in the possessive case.

in the event of Mary's leaving the ship's hovering nearby

### **Brackets**

Brackets, in pairs, are used—

**8.19.** In transcripts, congressional hearings, the Congressional Record, testimony in courtwork, etc., to enclose interpolations that are not specifically a part of the original quotation, corrections, explanations, omissions, editorial comments, or a caution that an error is reproduced literally.

We found this to be true at the Government Printing Office [GPO].

He came on the 3d [2d] of July.

Our conference [lasted] 2 hours.

The general [Washington] ordered him to leave.

The paper was as follows [reads]:

I do not know. [Continues reading:]

[Chorus of "Mr. Chairman."]

They fooled only themselves. [Laughter.]

Our party will always serve the people [applause] in spite of the opposition [loud applause]. (If more than one bracketed interpolation, both are included within the sentence.)

The Witness. He did it that way [indicating].

Q. Do you know these men [handing witness a list]?

The bill had *not* been paid. [Italic added.] *or* [Emphasis added.]

The statue [sic] was on the statute books.

The Witness. This matter is classified. [Deleted.]

[Deleted.]

Mr. Jones. Hold up your hands. [Show of hands.]

Answer [after examining list]. Yes; I do.

Q. [Continuing.]

A. [Reads:]

A. [Interrupting.]

[Discussion off the record.]

[Pause.]

The WITNESS [interrupting]. It is known—

Mr. Jones [continuing]. Now let us take the next item.

Mr. Sмітн [presiding]. Do you mean that literally?

Mr. Jones [interposing]. Absolutely.

[The matter referred to is as follows:]

The Chairman [to Mr. Smith].

The CHAIRMAN [reading]:

Mr. Kelley [to the chairman]. From 15 to 25 percent.

[Objected to.]

[Mr. Smith nods.]

[Mr. Smith aside.]

[Mr. Smith makes further statement off the record.]

Mr. Jones [for Mr. Smith].

A Voice From Audience. Speak up.

SEVERAL VOICES. Quiet!

- **8.20.** In bills, contracts, laws, etc., to indicate matter that is to be omitted.
- **8.21.** In mathematics, to denote that enclosed matter is to be treated as a unit.
- **8.22.** When matter in brackets makes more than one paragraph, start each paragraph with a bracket and place the closing bracket at end of last paragraph.

### Colon

The colon is used—

**8.23.** Before a final clause that extends or amplifies preceding matter.

Give up conveniences; do not demand special privileges; do not stop work: these are necessary while we are at war.

Railroading is not a variety of outdoor sport: it is service.

**8.24.** To introduce formally any matter that forms a complete sentence, question, or quotation.

The following question came up for discussion: What policy should be adopted? She said: "I believe the time is now or never." [When a direct quotation follows that has more than a few words.]

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There are three factors, as follows: First, military preparation; second, industrial mobilization; and third, manpower.

**8.25.** After a salutation.

My Dear Sir:

Ladies and Gentlemen:

To Whom It May Concern:

**8.26.** In expressing clock time.

2:40 p.m.

**8.27.** After introductory lines in lists, tables, and leaderwork, if subentries follow.

Seward Peninsula:

Council district:

Northern Light Mining Co.

Wild Goose Trading Co.

Fairhaven district: Alaska Dredging Association (single subitem runs in). Seward Peninsula: Council district (single subitem runs in):

Northern Light Mining Co.

Wild Goose Trading Co.

**8.28.** In Biblical and other citations.

Luke 4:3.

I Corinthians 13:13.

Journal of Education 3:342-358.

**8.29.** In bibliographic references, between place of publication and name of publisher.

Congressional Directory. Washington: U.S. Government Printing Office.

**8.30.** To separate book titles and subtitles.

Financial Aid for College Students: Graduate Germany Revisited: Education in the Federal Republic

**8.31.** In imprints before the year (en space each side of colon).

U.S. Government Printing Office Washington: 2008

**8.32.** In proportions.

Concrete mixed 5:3:1

but 5-2-1 or 5-2-1 (when so in copy)

**8.33.** In double colon as ratio sign.

1:2::3:6

#### Comma

The comma is used—

**8.34.** To separate two words or figures that might otherwise be misunderstood.

Instead of hundreds, thousands came.

Instead of 20, 50 came.

December 7, 1941.

In 2003, 400 men were dismissed.

To John, Smith was very kind.

What the difficulty is, is not known.

but He suggested that that committee be appointed.

**8.35.** Before a direct quotation of only a few words following an introductory phrase.

He said, "Now or never."

**8.36.** To indicate the omission of a word or words.

Then we had much; now, nothing.

**8.37.** After each of a series of coordinate qualifying words.

short, swift streams; but short tributary streams

**8.38.** Between an introductory modifying phrase and the subject modified.

Beset by the enemy, they retreated.

**8.39.** Before and after *Jr.*, *Sr.*, *Esq.*, *Ph.D.*, *F.R.S.*, *Inc.*, etc., within a sentence except where possession is indicated.

Henry Smith, Jr., chairman

Peter Johns, F.R.S., London

Washington, DC, schools

Motorola, Inc., factory

Brown, A.H., Jr. (not Brown, Jr., A.H.)

but

John Smith 2d (or II); Smith, John, II

Mr. Smith, Junior, also spoke

(where only last name is used)

Alexandria, VA's waterfront

**8.40.** To set off parenthetic words, phrases, or clauses.

Mr. Jefferson, who was then Secretary of State, favored the location of the National Capital at Washington.

It must be remembered, however, that the Government had no guarantee.

It is obvious, therefore, that this office cannot function.

The atom bomb, which was developed at the Manhattan project, was first used in World War II.

Their high morale might, he suggested, have caused them to put success of the team above the reputation of the college.

The restriction is laid down in title IX, chapter 8, section 15, of the code.

but The man who fell [restrictive clause] broke his back.

The dam that gave way [restrictive clause] was poorly constructed.

He therefore gave up the search.

**8.41.** To set off words or phrases in apposition or in contrast.

Mr. Green, the lawyer, spoke for the defense.

Mr. Jones, attorney for the plaintiff, signed the petition.

Mr. Smith, not Mr. Black, was elected.

James Roosevelt, Democrat, of California.

Jean's sister, Joyce, was the eldest. (Jean had one sister.)

but Jonathan's brother Moses Taylor was appointed. (Jonathan had more than one brother.)

**8.42.** After each member within a series of three or more words, phrases, letters, or figures used with *and*, *or*, or *nor*.

red, white, and blue

horses, mules, and cattle; but horses and mules and cattle

by the bolt, by the yard, or in remnants

a, b, and c

neither snow, rain, nor heat

2 days, 3 hours, and 4 minutes (series); but 70 years 11 months 6 days (age)

**8.43.** Before the conjunction in a compound sentence containing two or more independent clauses, each of which could have been written as a simple sentence.

Fish, mollusks, and crustaceans were plentiful in the lakes, and turtles frequented the shores.

The boy went home alone, and his sister remained with the crowd.

**8.44.** After a noun or phrase in direct address.

Senator, will the measure be defeated?

Mr. Chairman, I will reply to the gentleman later.

but Yes, sir; he did see it.

No, ma'am; I do not recall.

**8.45.** After an interrogative clause, followed by a direct question.

You are sure, are you not?

You will go, will you not?

**8.46.** Between the title of a person and the name of an organization in the absence of the words *of* or *of the*.

Chief, Division of Finance chairman, Committee on

colonel, 12th Cavalry Regiment president, University of Virginia

Appropriations

**8.47.** Inside closing quotation mark.

He said "four," not "five."

"Freedom is an inherent right," he insisted.

Items marked "A," "B," and "C," inclusive, were listed.

**8.48.** To separate thousands, millions, etc., in numbers of four or more digits.

4,230 50,491 but 1,000,000,000 is more clearly illustrated as 1 billion

1,250,000

**8.49.** After the year in complete dates (month, day, year) within a sentence.

The dates of September 11, 1993, to June 12, 1994, were erroneous.

This was reflected in the June 13, 2007, report.

but Production for June 2008 was normal.

The 10 February 2008 deadline passed.

The comma is omitted—

**8.50.** Between superior figures or letters in footnote references.

Numerous instances may be cited.12

Data are based on October production. a b

**8.51.** Before ZIP (Zone Improvement Plan) Code postal-delivery number.

Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20401–0003 East Rochester, OH 44625–9701

**8.52.** Between month, holiday, or season and year in dates.

June 2008 150 B.C.
22d of May 2008 Labor Day 2006
February and March 2008 Easter Sunday 2006

January, February, and March 2008 5 January 2006 (military usage)

January 24 A.D. 2008; 15th of June spring 2007 A.D. 2008 autumn 2007

**8.53.** Between the name and number of an organization.

Columbia Typographical Union No. 101–12 American Legion Post No. 33

**8.54.** In fractions, in decimals, and in serial numbers, except patent numbers.

 $\frac{1}{2500}$ 

1.0947

page 2632

202-275-2303 (telephone number)

1721-1727 St. Clair Avenue

Executive Order 11242

motor No. 189463

1450 kilocycles; 1100 meters

**8.55.** Between two nouns one of which identifies the other.

The Children's Bureau's booklet "Infant Care" continues to be a bestseller.

**8.56.** Before an ampersand (&).

Brown, Wilson & Co.

Mine, Mill & Smelter Workers

**8.57.** Before abbreviations of compass directions.

6430 Princeton Dr. SW.

**8.58.** In bibliographies, between name of the publication and volume or similar number.

American Library Association Bulletin 34:238, April 1940.

**8.59.** Wherever possible without danger of ambiguity.

\$2 gold

Executive Order No. 21

General Order No. 12; but General Orders, No. 12

Public Law 85-1

He graduates in the year 2010 (not the year 2,010)

My age is 30 years 6 months 12 days.

John Lewis 2d (or II)

Murphy of Illinois; Murphy of New York (where only last name is used)

Carroll of Carrollton; Henry of Navarre (person closely identified with place);

but Clyde Leo Downs, of Maryland; President Levin, of Yale University

Large President Levin (Person President Country)

James Bros. et al.; but James Bros., Nelson Co., et al. (last element of series)

#### Dash

A 1-em dash is used—

**8.60.** To mark a sudden break or abrupt change in thought.

He said—and no one contradicted him—"The battle is lost."

If the bill should pass—which God forbid!—the service will be wrecked.

The auditor—shall we call him a knave or a fool?—approved an inaccurate statement.

**8.61.** To indicate an interruption or an unfinished word or sentence. A 2-em dash is used when the interruption is by a person other than the speaker, and a 1-em dash will show self-interruption. Note that extracts must begin with a true paragraph. Following extracts, colloquy must start as a paragraph.

```
"Such an idea can scarcely be—"
"The word 'donation'—"
"The word 'dona'—"
He said: "Give me lib—"
The bill reads "repeal," not "am—"
Q. Did you see—A. No, sir.
```

Mr. Brown [reading]: "The report goes on to say that"—Observe this closely—"during the fiscal year \* \* \*."

**8.62.** Instead of commas or parentheses, if the meaning may thus be clarified.

These are shore deposits—gravel, sand, and clay—but marine sediments underlie them.

**8.63.** Before a final clause that summarizes a series of ideas.

Freedom of speech, freedom of worship, freedom from want, freedom from fear—these are the fundamentals of moral world order.

**8.64.** After an introductory phrase reading into the following lines and indicating repetition of such phrase.

I recommend—

That we submit them for review and corrections;

That we then accept them as corrected; and

That we also publish them.

**8.65.** With a preceding question mark, in lieu of a colon.

How can you explain this?—"Fee paid, \$5."

**8.66.** To precede a credit line or a run-in credit or signature.

Lay the proud usurpers low! Tyrants fall in every foe! Liberty's in every blow! Let us do or die!

-Robert Burns.

Every man's work shall be made manifest.—I Corinthians 3:13. This statement is open to question.—GERALD H. FORSYTHE.

- **8.67.** After a run-in sidehead.
- **8.68.** To separate run-in questions and answers in testimony.

Q. Did he go?—A. No.

A 1-em dash is not used—

- **8.69.** At the beginning of any line of type, except as shown in rule 8.66.
- **8.70.** Immediately after a comma, colon, or semicolon.

A 3-em dash is used—

**8.71.** In bibliographies to indicate repetition.

Powell, James W., Jr., Hunting in Virginia's lowlands. 1972. 200 pp.

——Fishing off Delmarva. 1972. 28 pp.

### An en dash is used—

**8.72.** In a combination of (1) figures, (2) capital letters, or (3) figures and capital letters. An en dash, not a hyphen, is used, even when such terms are adjectival modifiers.

```
figures:
```

5-20 (bonds)

85-1—85-20 (Public laws. Note em dash between two elements with en dashes)

1-703-765-6593 (telephone number)

230-20-8030 (Social Security number)

\$15-\$25 (range)

capital letters:

WTOP-AM-FM-TV (radio and television stations)

CBS-TV

AFL-CIO (union merger)

C-SPAN (satellite television)

figures and capitals:

6-A (exhibit identification)

DC-14 (airplane)

I-95 (interstate roadway)

4-H (Club)

LK-66-A(2)-74 (serial number)

but Rule 13e-4

section 12(a)-(b) (en dash used for the word "to")

ACF-Brill Motors Co. (hyphen with capital letters and a word)

loran-C (hyphen with lowercase word and capital letter)

MiG-25 (hyphen with mixed letters with figure)

ALL-AMERICAN ESSAY CONTEST (hyphen in capitalized heading)

Four Corners Monument, AZ-NM-UT-CO (hyphen with two-letter state abbreviations)

**8.73.** In the absence of the word *to* when denoting a span of time.

2005-2008

January-June

Monday-Friday

An en dash is not used—

**8.74.** For *to* when the word *from* precedes the first of two related figures or expressions.

From June 1 to July 30, 2005; not from June 1-July 30, 2005

**8.75.** For *and* when the word *between* precedes the first of two related figures or expressions.

Between 2000 and 2008; not between 2000-08

# **Ellipses**

8.76. Three asterisks (preferred form) or three periods, separated by en spaces, are used to denote an ellipsis within a sentence, at the beginning or end of a sentence, or in two or more consecutive sentences. To achieve faithful reproduction of excerpt material, editors using period ellipses should indicate placement of the terminal period in relation to an ellipsis at the end of a sentence. Note, in the following examples, the additional spacing necessary to clearly define commas and the terminal period when period ellipses are employed.

The Senate having tried Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, upon articles of impeachment exhibited against him by the House of Representatives, and two-thirds of the Senators present not having found him guilty of the charges contained in the second, third, and eleventh articles of impeachment, it is therefore

Ordered and adjudged. That the said Andrew Johnson, President of the United States be, and he is, acquitted of the charges in said articles made and set forth.

The Senate having tried Andrew Johnson \* \* \* upon articles of impeachment \* \* \* and two-thirds of the Senators present not having found him guilty of the charges \* \* \*, it is therefore

*Ordered and adjudged.* That the said Andrew Johnson, President of the United States be \* \* \* acquitted of the charges \* \* \*.

The Senate having tried Andrew Johnson . . . upon articles of impeachment . . . and two-thirds of the Senators present not having found him guilty of the charges . . . , it is therefore

*Ordered and adjudged.* That the said Andrew Johnson, President of the United States be . . . acquitted of the charges. . . .

- **8.77.** Ellipses are not overrun alone at the end of a paragraph.
- **8.78.** When periods are not specifically requested for ellipses in copy that has both periods and asterisks, asterisks will be used.
- 8.79. A line of asterisks indicates an omission of one or more entire paragraphs. In 26½-pica or wider measure, a line of "stars" means seven asterisks indented 2 ems at each end of the line, with the remaining space divided evenly between the asterisks. In measures less than 26½ picas, five asterisks are used. Quotation marks are not used on a line of asterisks in quoted matter. Where an ellipsis line ends a complete quotation, no closing quote is used.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \*

**8.80.** Indented matter in 26½-pica or wider measure also requires a seven-asterisk line to indicate the omission of one or more entire paragraphs.

- **8.81.** If an omission occurs in the last part of a paragraph immediately before a line of asterisks, three asterisks are used, in addition to the line of asterisks, to indicate such an omission.
- **8.82.** Equalize spacing above and below an ellipsis line.

### **Exclamation point**

**8.83.** The exclamation point is used to mark surprise, incredulity, admiration, appeal, or other strong emotion which may be expressed even in a declarative or interrogative sentence.

Who shouted, "All aboard!" [Note omission of question mark.]

"Great!" he shouted. [Note omission of comma.]

He acknowledged the fatal error!

How breathtakingly beautiful!

Timber!

Mayday! Mayday!

**8.84.** In direct address, either to a person or a personified object, *O* is used without an exclamation point, or other punctuation; but if strong feeling is expressed, an exclamation point is placed at the end of the statement.

O my friend, let us consider this subject impartially.

O Lord, save Thy people!

**8.85.** In exclamations without direct address or appeal, *oh* is used instead of *O*, and the exclamation point is omitted.

Oh, but the gentleman is mistaken.

Oh dear; the time is so short.

# Hyphen

The hyphen (a punctuation mark, not an element in the spelling of words) is used—

**8.86.** To connect the elements of certain compound words. (See Chapter 6 "Compounding Rules.")

**8.87.** To indicate continuation of a word divided at the end of a line. (See Word Division, supplement to the STYLE MANUAL.)

**8.88.** Between the letters of a spelled word.

The Style Board changed New Jerseyite to New J-e-r-s-e-y-a-n.

A native of Halifax is a H-a-l-i-g-o-n-i-a-n.

The Chinese repressive action took place in T-i-a-n-a-n-m-e-n Square.

**8.89.** To separate elements of chemical formulas.

The hyphen, as an element, may be used—

**8.90.** To represent letters deleted or illegible words in copy.

Oakland's - - bonic plague

Richard Emory H - - - -

#### **Parentheses**

Parentheses are used—

**8.91.** To set off matter not intended to be part of the main statement or not a grammatical element of the sentence, yet important enough to be included. In colloquy, brackets must be substituted.

This case (124 U.S. 329) is not relevant.

The result (see fig. 2) is most surprising.

The United States is the principal purchaser (by value) of these exports (23 percent in 1995 and 19 percent in 1996).

**8.92.** To enclose a parenthetic clause where the interruption is too great to be indicated by commas.

You can find it neither in French dictionaries (at any rate, not in Littré) nor in English dictionaries.

**8.93.** To enclose an explanatory word not part of a written or printed statement.

the Winchester (VA) Star; *but* the Star of Winchester, VA Portland (OR) Chamber of Commerce; *but* Athens, GA, schools

**8.94.** To enclose letters or numbers designating items in a series, either at the beginning of paragraphs or within a paragraph.

The order of delivery will be: (a) Food, (b) clothing, and (c) tents and other housing equipment.

You will observe that the sword is (1) old fashioned, (2) still sharp, and (3) unusually light for its size.

Paragraph 7(B)(1)(*a*) will be found on page 6. (Note parentheses closed up.)

**8.95.** To enclose a figure inserted to confirm a written or printed statement given in words if double form is specifically requested.

This contract shall be completed in sixty (60) days.

**8.96.** A reference in parentheses at the end of a sentence is placed before the period, unless it is a complete sentence in itself.

The specimen exhibits both phases (pl. 14, *A*, *B*). The individual cavities show great variation. (See pl. 4.)

**8.97.** If a sentence contains more than one parenthetic reference, the one at the end is placed before the period.

This sandstone (see pl. 6) is in every county of the State (see pl. 1).

**8.98.** When a figure is followed by a letter in parentheses, no space is used between the figure and the opening parenthesis; but if the letter is not in parentheses and the figure is repeated with each letter, the letter is closed up with the figure.

15(a). Classes, grades, and sizes.

15a. Classes, grades, and sizes.

- **8.99.** If both a figure and a letter in parentheses are used before each paragraph, a period and an en space are used after the closing parenthesis. If the figure is not repeated before each letter in parentheses but is used only before the first letter, the period is placed after the figure. However, if the figure is not repeated before each letter in parentheses and no period is used, space is inserted after the number if at least one other lettered subsection appears.
  - 15(a). When the figure is used before the letter in each paragraph—
  - 15(b). The period is placed after the closing parenthesis.
  - 15. (*a*) When the figure is used before the letter in the first paragraph but not repeated with subsequent letters—
  - (b) The period is used after the figure only.
  - Sec. 12 (a) When no period is used and a letter in parentheses appears after a numbered item—
  - (b) Space must be used after the number if at least one other lettered subsection is shown.
- **8.100.** Note position of the period relative to closing parenthesis:

The vending stand sells a variety of items (sandwiches, beverages, cakes, etc.). The vending stand sells a variety of items (sandwiches, beverages, cakes, etc. (sometimes ice cream)).

The vending stand sells a variety of items. (These include sandwiches, beverages, cakes, etc. (6).)

**8.101.** To enclose bylines in congressional work.

(By Harvey Hagman, archeological correspondent)

**8.102.** When matter in parentheses makes more than one paragraph, start each paragraph with a parenthesis and place the closing parenthesis at the end of the last paragraph.

### **Period**

The period is used—

**8.103.** After a declarative sentence that is not exclamatory or after an imperative sentence.

Stars are suns.

He was employed by Sampson & Co.

Do not be late.

On with the dance.

**8.104.** After an indirect question or after a question intended as a suggestion and not requiring an answer.

Tell me how he did it.

May we hear from you.

May we ask prompt payment.

**8.105.** In place of a closing parenthesis after a letter or number denoting a series.

a. Bread well baked
b. Meat cooked rare
c. Cubed apples stewed
d. Punctuate freely
d. Compound sparingly
d. Index thoroughly

- **8.106.** Sometimes to indicate ellipsis.
- **8.107.** After a run-in sidehead.

Conditional subjunctive.—The conditional subjunctive is required for all unreal and doubtful conditions.

- **2. Peacetime preparation.**—*a*. The Chairman of the National Security Resources Board, etc.
- 2. Peacetime preparation—Industrial mobilization plans.—The Chairman of the National Security Resources Board, etc.
- **2. Peacetime preparation.**—*Industrial mobilization.*—The Chairman of the National Security Resources Board, etc.

62. Determination of types.—a. Statement of characteristics.—Before types of equipment, etc.

**Steps in planning for procurement.**—(1) *Determination of needs.*—To plan for the procurement of such arms, etc.

62. Determination of types.—(a) Statement of characteristics.—Before, etc.

**DETERMINATION OF TYPES.—Statement of characteristics.—**Before types of, etc.

Note.—The source material was furnished.

but Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

- **8.108.** Paragraphs and subparagraphs may be arranged according to the following scheme. The sequence is not fixed, and variations, in addition to the use of center and side heads or indented paragraphs, may be adopted, depending on the number of parts.
  - I. Outlines can begin with a capital Roman numeral.
    - A. The number of levels and the width of the column determine alignment and indention.
      - 1. A set space (en space) following the identifier aids alignment.
        - a. Usually, typefaces and sizes are chosen to agree with the hierarchy of the head breakdowns.
          - Aligning runover lines with the first word which follows the number or letter aids readability.
            - (a) It is important to vary (alternate) the use of letters and numbers in any outline.
              - (i) The lowercase Roman numerals (i), (ii), etc. may be used as parts of the outline or to identify subparts of any previous parts.
                - (*aa*) When absolutely necessary, double (or triple) lowercase letters may be used.
  - II. Where not needed, the capital Roman numerals may be discarded and the outline can begin with the letter A. As in any composition, consistency in indentions and order is essential.
- **8.109.** To separate integers from decimals in a single expression.

13.75 percent 1.25 meters \$3.50 0.08 mile

**8.110.** In continental European languages, to indicate thousands.

1.317 72.190.175

**8.111.** After abbreviations, unless otherwise specified. (See Chapter 9, "Abbreviations and Letter Symbols.")

 $\begin{array}{lll} & & & & & & RR. \\ & & & & but \\ & Ph.D. & & m \ (meter) \\ & NE. \ (Northeast) & & kc \ (kilocycle) \\ & SSE. \ (South-Southeast) & & NY \ (New York) \end{array}$ 

**8.112.** After legends and explanatory matter beneath illustrations. Legends without descriptive language do not receive periods.

FIGURE 1.—Schematic drawing.

FIGURE 1.—Continued.

but FIGURE 1 (without legend, no period)

**8.113.** After *Article 1*, *Section 1*, etc., at the beginning of paragraphs.

A center period is sometimes used—

**8.114.** To indicate multiplication. (Use of a multiplication sign is preferable.)

 $a \cdot b$   $a \times b$ 

The period is omitted—

**8.115.** After—

Lines in title pages

Center, side, and running heads; *but* is not omitted after run-in sideheads

Continued lines

Boxheads of tables

Scientific, chemical, or other symbols

This rule does not apply to abbreviation periods.

**8.116.** After a quotation mark that is preceded by a period.

She said: "I believe the time is now or never."

**8.117.** After letters used as names without specific designation.

Officer B, Subject A, Brand X, etc.

A said to B that all is well.

Mr. A told Mr. B that the case was closed.

Mr. X (for unknown or censored name).

but Mr. A. [for Mr. Andrews]. I do not want to go. Mr. K. [for Mr. King]. The meeting is adjourned.

**8.118.** After a middle initial which is merely a letter and not an abbreviation of a name.

Daniel D Tompkins

Ross T McIntire

but Harry S. Truman (President Truman's preference)

**8.119.** After a short name which is not an abbreviation of the longer form.

Alex Mac Ed Sam

**8.120.** After Roman numerals used as ordinals.

King George V

Super Bowl XLII

Apollo XII insigne

- **8.121.** After words and incomplete statements listed in columns. Full-measure matter is not to be regarded as a column.
- **8.122.** Explanatory matter should be set in 6 point type under leaders or rules.

•••••	•••••	•••••
(Name)	(Address)	(Position)

**8.123.** Immediately before leaders, even if an abbreviation precedes the leaders.

### **Question mark**

The question mark is used—

**8.124.** To indicate a direct query, even if not in the form of a question.

Did he do it?

He did what?

Can the money be raised? is the question.

Who asked, "Why?" [Note single question mark.]

"Did you hurt yourself, my son?" she asked.

**8.125.** To express more than one query in the same sentence.

Can he do it? or you? or anyone?

### **8.126.** To express doubt.

He said the boy was 8(?) feet tall. (No space before question mark.)

The statue(?) was on the statute books.

The scientific identification *Dorothia*? was noted. (Roman "?".)

#### Quotation marks

Quotation marks are used—

**8.127.** To enclose direct quotations. (Each part of an interrupted quotation begins and ends with quotation marks.)

The answer is "No."

He said, "John said, 'No.'" (Note thin space between single and double closing quotes.)

"John," asked Henry, "why do you go?"

**8.128.** To enclose any matter following such terms as *entitled*, *the word*, *the term*, *marked*, *designated*, *classified*, *named*, *endorsed*, *cited as*, *referred to as*, or *signed*; but are not used to enclose expressions following the terms *known as*, *called*, *so-called*, etc., unless such expressions are misnomers or slang.

Congress passed the act entitled "An act \* \* \*."

After the word "treaty", insert a comma.

Of what does the item "Miscellaneous debts" consist?

The column "Imports from foreign countries" was not \* \* \*.

The document will be marked "Exhibit No. 21"; *but* The document may be made exhibit No. 2.

The check was endorsed "John Adamson."

It was signed "John."

but Beryllium is known as glucinium in some European countries.

It was called profit and loss.

The so-called investigating body.

**8.129.** To enclose titles of addresses, articles, awards, books, captions, editorials, essays, headings, subheadings, headlines, hearings, motion pictures and plays (including television and radio programs), operas, papers, short poems, reports, songs, studies, subjects, and themes. All principal words are to be capitalized.

An address on "Uranium-235 in the Atomic Age"

The article "Germany Revisited" appeared in the last issue.

He received the "Man of the Year" award.

"The Conquest of Mexico," a published work (book)

Under the caption "Long-Term Treasurys Rise"

The subject was discussed in "Punctuation." (chapter heading)

It will be found in "Part XI: Early Thought."

The editorial "Haphazard Budgeting"

"Compensation," by Emerson (essay)

"United States To Appoint Representative to U.N." (heading for headline)

In "Search for Paradise" (motion picture); "South Pacific" (play)

A paper on "Constant-Pressure Combustion" was read.

"O Captain! My Captain!" (short poem)

The report "Atomic Energy: What It Means to the Nation"; *but* annual report of the Public Printer

This was followed by the singing of "The Star-Spangled Banner."

Under the subhead "Sixty Days of Turmoil" will be found \* \* \*.

The subject (or theme) of the conference is "Peaceful Uses of Atomic Energy." *also* Account 5, "Management fees."

Under the heading "Management and Operation."

Under the appropriation "Building of ships, Navy."

- **8.130.** At the beginning of each paragraph of a quotation, but at the end of the last paragraph only.
- **8.131.** To enclose a letter or communication, which bears both date and signature, within a letter.
- **8.132.** To enclose misnomers, slang expressions, sobriquets, coined words, or ordinary words used in an arbitrary way.

His report was "bunk."

It was a "gentlemen's agreement."

The "invisible government" is responsible.

George Herman "Babe" Ruth.

but He voted for the lameduck amendment.

**8.133.** Quotation marks close up to adjacent characters except when they precede a fraction or an apostrophe or precede or follow a superior figure or letter, in which case a thin space is used. A thin space is used to separate double and single quotation marks.

Quotation marks are not used—

**8.134.** In poetry. The lines of a poem should align on the left, those that rhyme taking the same indention.

Why seek to scale Mount Everest,

Queen of the air?

Why strive to crown that cruel crest

And deathward dare?

Said Mallory of dauntless quest: "Because it's there."

- **8.135.** To enclose titles of works of art: paintings, statuary, etc.
- **8.136.** To enclose names of newspapers or magazines.
- **8.137.** To enclose complete letters having date and signature.
- **8.138.** To enclose extracts that are indented or set in smaller type, or solid extracts in leaded matter; but indented matter in text that is already quoted carries quotation marks.
- **8.139.** In indirect quotations.

Tell her yes.

He could not say no.

- **8.140.** Before a display initial which begins a quoted paragraph.
- **8.141.** The comma and the final period will be placed inside the quotation marks. Other punctuation marks should be placed inside the quotation marks only if they are a part of the matter quoted.

Ruth said, "I think so."

"The President," he said, "will veto the bill."

The trainman shouted, "All aboard!"

Who asked, "Why?"

The President suggests that "an early occasion be sought \* \* \*."

Why call it a "gentlemen's agreement"?

**8.142.** In congressional and certain other classes of work showing amendments, and in courtwork with quoted language, punctuation marks are printed after the quotation marks when not a part of the quoted matter.

Insert the words "growth", "production", and "manufacture".

To be inserted after the words "cadets, U.S. Coast Guard;".

Change "February 1, 1983", to "June 30, 2008".

"Insert in lieu thereof 'July 1, 1983,'."

**8.143.** When occurring together, quotation marks should precede footnote reference numbers.

The commissioner claimed that the award was "unjustified." 1

Kelly's exact words were: "The facts in the case prove otherwise." 2

**8.144.** Quotation marks should be limited, if possible, to three sets (double, single, double).

"The question in the report is, 'Can a person who obtains his certificate of naturalization by fraud be considered a "bona fide" citizen of the United States?'"

#### Semicolon

The semicolon is used—

**8.145.** To separate clauses containing commas.

Donald A. Peters, Jr., president of the First National Bank, was also a director of New York Central; Harvey D. Jones was a director of Oregon Steel Co. and New York Central; Thomas W. Harrison, chairman of the board of McBride & Co., was also on the board of Oregon Steel Co.

Reptiles, amphibians, and predatory mammals swallow their prey whole or in large pieces, bones included; waterfowl habitually take shellfish entire; and gallinaceous birds are provided with gizzards that grind up the hardest seeds.

Yes, sir; he did see it.

No, sir; I do not recall.

**8.146.** To separate statements that are too closely related in meaning to be written as separate sentences, and also statements of contrast.

Yes; that is right.

No; we received one-third.

It is true in peace; it is true in war.

War is destructive; peace, constructive.

**8.147.** To set off explanatory abbreviations or words which summarize or explain preceding matter.

The industry is related to groups that produce finished goods; i.e., electrical machinery and transportation equipment.

There were three metal producers involved; namely, Jones & Laughlin, Armco, and Kennecott.

The semicolon is not used—

**8.148.** Where a comma will suffice.

Offices are located in New York, NY, Chicago, IL, and Dallas, TX.

# Single punctuation

**8.149.** Single punctuation should be used wherever possible without ambiguity.

```
124 U.S. 321 (no comma)
Sir: (no dash)
Joseph replied, "It is a worthwhile effort." (no outside period)
```

# **Type**

**8.150.** All punctuation marks, including parentheses, brackets, and superior reference figures, are set to match the type of the words which they adjoin. A lightface dash is used after a run-in boldface sidehead followed by lightface matter. Lightface brackets, parentheses, or quotation marks shall be used when both boldface and lightface matter are enclosed.

Charts: C&GS 5101 (N.O. 18320), page 282 (see above); N.O. 93491 (Plan); page 271.

# 9. Abbreviations and Letter Symbols

- **9.1.** Abbreviations and letter symbols are used to save space and to avoid distracting the reader by use of repetitious words or phrases.
- **9.2.** The nature of the publication governs the extent to which abbreviations are used. In text of technical and legal publications, and in parentheses, brackets, footnotes, sidenotes, tables, leaderwork, and bibliographies, many words are frequently abbreviated. Heads, legends, tables of contents, and indexes follow the style of the text.
- **9.3.** Internal and terminal punctuation in symbols representing units of measure are to be omitted to conform with practice adopted by scientific, technical, and industrial groups. Where omission of terminal punctuation causes confusion; e.g., the symbol *in* (inch) mistaken for the preposition *in*, the symbol should be spelled out.
- **9.4.** Standard and easily understood forms are preferable, and they should be uniform throughout a job. Abbreviations not generally known should be followed in the text by the spelled-out forms in parentheses the first time they occur; in tables and leaderwork such explanatory matter should be supplied in a footnote. As the printer cannot rewrite the copy, the author should supply these explanatory forms.
- **9.5.** In technical matter, symbols for units of measure should be used only with figures; similarly, many other abbreviations and symbols should not appear in isolation. For example, energy is measured in foot-pounds, *not* energy is measured in ft•lbs.

# Capitals, hyphens, periods (points), and spacing

**9.6.** In general, an abbreviation follows the capitalization and hyphenation of the word or words abbreviated. It is followed by a period unless otherwise indicated.

c.o.d. St. but ft•lb

**9.7.** Abbreviations and initials of a personal name with points are set without spaces. Abbreviations composed of contractions and initials or numbers, will retain space.

H.S.T. B.S., LL.D., Ph.D., B.Sc. I.F.K. H.R. 116 (but S. 116, S. Con. L.B.J. Res. 116) U.S. C.A.D.C. (but App. D.C.) U.N. A.B. Secrest, D.D.S. U.S.C. (but Rev. Stat.) A.F. of L.-CIO (AFL-CIO preferred) but A.D., B.C. AT&T Texas A&M e.s.t. i.e., e.g. (but op. cit.) R&D

**9.8.** Except as otherwise designated, points and spaces are omitted after initials used as shortened names of governmental agencies and of other organized bodies. "Other organized bodies" shall be interpreted to mean organized bodies that have become popularly identified with a symbol, such as MIT (Massachusetts Institute of Technology), GM (General Motors), GMAC (General Motors Acceptance Corp.), etc. (See "List of Abbreviations.") Symbols, when they appear in copy, may be used for acts of Congress. Example: ARA (Area Redevelopment Act).

VFW TVA ARC NLRB AFL-CIO ASTM

# Geographic terms

**9.9.** *United States* must be spelled out when appearing in a sentence containing the name of another country. The abbreviation *U.S.* will be used when preceding the word *Government* or the name of a Government organization, except in formal writing (treaties, Executive orders, proclamations, etc.); congressional bills; legal citations and courtwork; and covers and title pages.

U.S. Government

U.S. Congress

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

U.S. district court

U.S. Supreme Court (but Supreme Court of the United States)

U.S. Army (but Army of the United States)

U.S. monitor Nantucket

U.S.-NATO assistance

U.S. Government efforts to control inflation must be successful if the United States is to have a stable economy.

but British, French, and United States Governments; United States-British talks

**9.10.** With the exceptions in the preceding rule, the abbreviation *U.S.* is used in the adjective position, but is spelled out when used as a noun.

U.S. foreign policy
U.S. farm-support program
U.S. attorney
U.S. citizen
United States Steel Corp.
(legal title)
Foreign policy of the
United States

United States Code (official title) *not* Temperatures vary in the U.S.

- **9.11.** The names of foreign countries are not abbreviated, with the exception of the former U.S.S.R., which is abbreviated due to its length.
- **9.12.** In other than formal usage as defined in rule 9.9, all States of the United States, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands are abbreviated immediately following any capitalized geographic term, including armory, arsenal, airbase, airport, barracks, depot, fort, Indian agency, military camp, national cemetery (also forest, historic site, memorial, seashore, monument, park), naval shipyard, proving ground, reservation (forest, Indian, or military), and reserve or station (military or naval).

Prince George's County, MD Arlington National Cemetery, VA Mount Rainier National Forest, Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD WA Baltimore-Washington Stone Mountain, GA International Airport, MD National Naval Medical Center, Redstone Arsenal, AL Bethesda, MD Mark Twain National Wildlife but Refuge, IL-IA-MO (note use of Leavenworth freight yards, hyphens here) Kansas

Richmond, VA Altoona sidetrack, Wisconsin

**9.13.** The Postal Service style of two-letter State, Province, and Freely Associated State abbreviations is to be used.

# United States [Including freely associated States]

	[Including freely decodated etatos]	
AlabamaAL	KentuckyKY	OhioOH
AlaskaAK	LouisianaLA	OklahomaOK
American Samoa AS	MaineME	OregonOR
ArizonaAZ	Marshall Islands MH	PalauPW
ArkansasAR	MarylandMD	PennsylvaniaPA
CaliforniaCA	Massachusetts MA	Puerto RicoPR
ColoradoCO	MichiganMI	Rhode IslandRI
ConnecticutCT	MinnesotaMN	South CarolinaSC
DelawareDE	MississippiMS	South DakotaSD
District of Columbia DC	Missouri MO	TennesseeTN
Federated States of	MontanaMT	TexasTX
MicronesiaFM	NebraskaNE	UtahUT
FloridaFL	NevadaNV	VermontVT
GeorgiaGA	New HampshireNH	Virgin IslandsVI
GuamGU	New JerseyNJ	VirginiaVA
HawaiiHI	New MexicoNM	WashingtonWA
IdahoID	New YorkNY	West VirginiaWV
IllinoisIL	North CarolinaNC	WisconsinWI
IndianaIN	North DakotaND	WyomingWY
IowaIA	Northern Mariana	
KansasKS	IslandsMP	
	Canada	
AlbertaAB	Northwest TerritoriesNT	Prince Edward IslandPE
British ColumbiaBC	Nova ScotiaNS	QuebecQC
ManitobaMB	NunavutNU	Saskatchewan SK
New BrunswickNB	OntarioON	YukonYT
Newfoundland and LabradorNL	OlitarioUN	1 UKU11 I 1
New louridiand and LabradorIVL		

- **9.14.** The names of other insular possessions, trust territories, and *Long Island*, *Staten Island*, etc., are not abbreviated.
- **9.15.** The names of Canadian Provinces and other foreign political subdivisions are not abbreviated except as noted in rule 9.13.

# **Addresses**

- **9.16.** Words such as *Street, Avenue, Place, Road, Square, Boulevard, Terrace, Drive, Court,* and *Building,* following a name or number, are abbreviated in footnotes, sidenotes, tables, leaderwork, and lists.
- **9.17.** In addresses, a single period is used with the abbreviations *NW*., *SW*., *NE*., *SE*. (indicating sectional divisions of cities) following name or number. *North*, *South*, *East*, and *West* are spelled out at all times.

**9.18.** The word *Street* or *Avenue* as part of a name is not abbreviated even in parentheses, footnotes, sidenotes, tables, lists, and leaderwork.

14th Street Bridge

Ninth Avenue Bldg.

**9.19.** The words *County, Fort, Mount, Point*, and *Port* are not abbreviated. *Saint (St.)* and *Sainte (Ste.)* should be abbreviated.

# **Descriptions of tracts of land**

**9.20.** If fractions are spelled out in land descriptions, *half* and *quarter* are used (not *one-half* nor *one-quarter*).

south half of T. 47 N., R. 64 E.

**9.21.** In the description of tracts of public land the following abbreviations are used (periods are omitted after abbreviated compass directions that immediately precede and close up on figures):

SE¼NW¼ sec. 4, T. 12 S., R. 15 E., of the Boise Meridian

lot 6, NE1/4 sec. 4, T. 6 N., R. 1 W.

N½ sec. 20, T. 7 N., R. 2 W., sixth principal meridian

Tps. 9, 10, 11, and 12 S., Rs. 12 and 13 W.

T. 2 S., Rs. 8, 9, and 10 E., sec. 26

T. 3 S., R. 1 E., sec. 34, W½E½, W½, and W½SE¼SE¼

sec. 32 (with or without a township number)

**9.22.** In case of an unavoidable break in a land-description symbol group at end of a line, use no hyphen and break after fraction.

#### Names and titles

**9.23.** The following forms are not always abbreviations, and copy should be followed as to periods:

Al Ben Fred Walt Alex Ed Sam Will

**9.24.** In signatures, an effort should be made to retain the exact form used by the signer.

George Wythe

Geo. Taylor

**9.25.** In company and other formal names, if it is not necessary to preserve the full legal title, such forms as *Bro.*, *Bros.*, *Co.*, *Corp.*, *Inc.*, *Ltd.*, and & are used. *Association* and *Manufacturing* are not abbreviated.

Radio Corp. of America
Aluminum Co. of America
Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey
H.J. Baker & Bro.
Jones Bros. & Co.
American Telephone &
Telegraph Co.
Norton Enterprises, Inc.
Maryland Steamship Co., Ltd.

Electronics Manufacturing Co.
Texas College of Arts & Industries
Robert Wilson & Associates, Inc.
U.S. News & World Report
Baltimore & Ohio Railroad
Mine, Mill & Smelter Workers

but

Chesapeake & Delaware Canal Little Theater Company
Fairmount Building & Loan Senate Banking, Housing and
Association Urban Affairs Committee

**9.26.** *Company* and *Corporation* are not abbreviated in names of Federal Government units.

Commodity Credit Corporation Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation

- **9.27.** In parentheses, footnotes, sidenotes, tables, and leaderwork, abbreviate the words *railroad* and *railway* (*RR*. and *Ry*.), except in such names as "Washington Railway & Electric Co." and "Florida Railroad & Navigation Corp." SS for *steamship*, *MS* for *motorship*, etc., preceding name are used at all times.
- **9.28.** In the names of informal companionships the word *and* is spelled out.

Gilbert and Sullivan

Currier and Ives

**9.29.** In other than formal usage, a civil, military, or naval title preceding a name is abbreviated if followed by first or given name or initial; but *Mr.*, *Mrs.*, *Miss*, *Ms.*, *M.*, *MM.*, *Messrs.*, *Mlle.*, *Mme.*, and *Dr.* are abbreviated with or without first or given name or initial.

# **United States military titles and abbreviations**

#### Officer rank

Officer ranks in the United States military consist of commissioned officers and warrant officers. The commissioned ranks are the highest in the military. These officers hold presidential commissions and are confirmed at their ranks by the Senate. Army, Air Force, and Marine Corps officers are called company grade officers in the pay grades of O–1 to O–3, field grade

officers in pay grades O-4 to O-6, and general officers in pay grades O-7 and higher. The equivalent officer groupings in the Navy are called junior grade, mid-grade, and flag.

Warrant officers hold warrants from their service secretary and are specialists and experts in certain military technologies or capabilities. The lowest ranking warrant officers serve under a warrant, but they receive commissions from the President upon promotion to chief warrant officer 2. These commissioned warrant officers are direct representatives of the President of the United States. They derive their authority from the same source as commissioned officers but remain specialists, in contrast to commissioned officers, who are generalists. There are no warrant officers in the Air Force.

	Army	Navy Coast Guard	Marines	Air Force
	General of the Army (Reserved for wartime only)	Fleet Admiral (Reserved for wartime only)		General of the Air Force (Reserved for wartime only)
O10	General GEN Army Chief of Staff	Admiral ADM Chief of Naval Operations and Commandant of the Coast Guard	General Gen. Commandant of the Marine Corps	General Gen. Air Force Chief of Staff
O9	Lieutenant General LTG	Vice Admiral VADM	Lieutenant General Lt. Gen.	Lieutenant General Lt. Gen.
O8	Major General MG	Rear Admiral Upper Half RADM	Major General Maj. Gen.	Major General Maj. Gen.
O7	Brigadier General BG	Rear Admiral Lower Half RDML	Brigadier General Brig. Gen.	Brigadier General Brig. Gen.
O6	Colonel COL	Captain CAPT	Colonel Col.	Colonel Col.
O5	Lieutenant Colonel LTC	Commander CDR	Lieutenant Colonel Lt. Col.	Lieutenant Colonel Lt. Col.
04	Major MAJ	Lieutenant Commander LCDR	Major Maj.	Major Maj.
О3	Captain CPT	Lieutenant LT	Captain Capt.	Captain Capt.

	Army	Navy Coast Guard	Marines	Air Force
O2	First Lieutenant 1LT	Lieutenant Junior Grade LTJG	First Lieutenant 1st Lt.	First Lieutenant 1st Lt.
01	Second Lieutenant 2LT	Ensign ENS	Second Lieutenant 2nd Lt.	Second Lieutenant 2nd Lt.
W5	Chief Warrant Officer CW5	Chief Warrant Officer CWO5	Chief Warrant Officer 5 CWO5	NO WARRANT
W4	Chief Warrant Officer 4 CW4	Chief Warrant Officer 4 CWO4	Chief Warrant Officer 4 CWO4	NO WARRANT
W3	Chief Warrant Officer 3 CW3	Chief Warrant Officer 3 CWO3	Chief Warrant Officer 3 CWO3	NO WARRANT
W2	Chief Warrant Officer 2 CW2	Chief Warrant Officer 2 CWO2	Chief Warrant Officer 2 CWO2	NO WARRANT
W1	Warrant Officer 1 WO1	Warrant Officer 1 WO1	Warrant Officer 1 WO	NO WARRANT

Source: http://www.defenselink.mil/specials/insignias/officers.html.

#### Enlisted rank

Service members in pay grades E-1 through E-3 are usually either in some kind of training status or on their initial assignment. The training includes the basic training phase where recruits are immersed in military culture and values and are taught the core skills required by their service component.

Basic training is followed by a specialized or advanced training phase that provides recruits with a specific area of expertise or concentration. In the Army and Marines, this area is called a military occupational specialty; in the Navy it is known as a rate; and in the Air Force it is simply called an Air Force specialty.

Leadership responsibility significantly increases in the mid-level enlisted ranks. This responsibility is given formal recognition by use of the terms noncommissioned officer and petty officer. An Army sergeant, an Air Force staff sergeant, and a Marine corporal are considered NCO ranks. The Navy NCO equivalent, petty officer, is achieved at the rank of petty officer third class.

At the E–8 level, the Army, Marines, and Air Force have two positions at the same pay grade. Whether one is, for example, a senior master sergeant or a first sergeant in the Air Force depends on the person's job. The same is true for the positions at the E–9 level. Marine Corps master gunnery sergeants and sergeants major receive the same pay but have different responsibilities. All told, E–8s and E–9s have 15 to 30 years on the job, and are commanders' senior advisers for enlisted matters.

A third E–9 element is the senior enlisted person of each service. The sergeant major of the Army, the sergeant major of the Marine Corps, the master chief petty officer of the Navy, and the chief master sergeant of the Air Force are the spokespersons of the enlisted force at the highest levels of their services.

	Ar	Army Navy Coast Guard		Marines		Air Force			
E9	Sergeant Major of the Army (SMA)		Master Chief Petty Officer of the Navy (MCPON) and Coast Guard (MCPOCG)		Sergeant Major of the Marine Corps (SgtMajMC)			Master Se the Air Fo (CMSAF)	orce
E9	Sergeant Major (SGM)	Command Sergeant Major (CSM)	Master Chief Petty Officer (MCPO)	Fleet/ Command Master Chief Petty Officer	Sergeant Major (SgtMaj)	Master Gunnery Sergeant (MGySgt)	Chief Master Sergeant (CMSgt)	First Sergeant	Command Chief Master Sergeant (CCM)
E8	Master Sergeant (MSG)	First Sergeant (1SG)	Senior Chief Petty Officer (SCPO)		Master Sergeant (MSgt)	First Sergeant	Senior Master Sergeant (SMSgt)	First S	ergeant
E7	Sergeant l (SI	First Class FC)	Chief Petty Officer (CPO)		Gunnery (Gy	Sergeant Sgt)	Master Sergeant (MSgt)	First S	ergeant
E6		ergeant GG)	Petty Officer First Class (PO1)		Staff Sergeant (SSgt)		Technical Sergeant (TSgt)		
E5		eant GT)	Petty Officer Second Class (PO2)		Sergeant (Sgt)		Staff Sergeant (SSgt)		int
E4	Corporal (CPL)	Specialist (SPC)	Petty Officer Third Class (PO3)		Corporal (Cpl)		Senior Airman (SrA)		

	Army	Navy Coast Guard	Marines	Air Force
E3	Private First Class	Seaman	Lance Corporal	Airman First Class
	(PFC)	(SN)	(LCpl)	(A1C)
E2	Private E–2	Seaman Apprentice	Private First Class	Airman
	(PV2)	(SA)	(PFC)	(Amn)
E1	Private	Seaman Recruit (SR)	Private	Airman Basic

Source: http://www.defenselink.mil/specials/insignias/enlisted.html.

- **9.30.** Spell out *Senator*, *Representative*, and *commandant*.
- **9.31.** Unless preceded by *the*, abbreviate *Honorable*, *Reverend*, and *Monsignor* when followed by the first name, initials, or title.

Hon. Elihu Root; the Honorable Elihu Root; the Honorable Mr. Root the Honorables John Roberts, John Paul Stevens, and Ruth Bader Ginsberg Rev. Martin Luther King, Jr.; the Reverend Dr. King; Rev. Dr. King; Reverend King (not Rev. King, nor the Reverend King)

Rt. Rev. James E. Freeman; the Right Reverend James E. Freeman; Very Rev. Henry Boyd; the Very Reverend Henry Boyd

Rt. Rev. Msgr. John Bird; the Right Reverend Monsignor John Bird

**9.32.** The following and similar forms are used after a name:

Esq., Jr., Sr.

2d, 3d (or II, III) (not preceded by comma)

Degrees: LL.D., M.A., Ph.D., etc.

Fellowships, orders, etc.: FSA Scot, F.R.S., K.C.B., C.P.A., etc.

**9.33.** The abbreviation *Esq.* and other titles such as *Mr.*, *Mrs.*, and *Dr.*, should not appear with any other title or with abbreviations indicating scholastic degrees.

John L. Smith, Esq., not Mr. John L. Smith, Esq., nor John L. Smith, Esq., A.M.; but James A. Jones, Jr., Esq.

Ford Maddox, A.B., Ph.D., not Mr. Ford Maddox, A.B., Ph.D.

George Gray, M.D., *not* Mr. George Gray, M.D., *nor* Dr. George Gray, M.D. Dwight A. Bellinger, D.V.M.

**9.34.** *Sr.* and *Jr.* should not be used without first or given name or initials, but may be used in combination with any title.

A.K. Jones, Jr., or Mr. Jones, Junior, *not* Jones, Jr., *nor* Jones, Junior President J. B. Nelson, Jr.

9.35. When name is followed by abbreviations designating religious and fraternal orders and scholastic and honorary degrees, their sequence is as follows: Orders, religious first; theological degrees; academic degrees earned in course; and honorary degrees in order of bestowal.

```
Henry L. Brown, D.D., A.M., D.Lit.
T.E. Holt, C.S.C., S.T.Lr., LL.D., Ph.D.
Samuel J. Deckelbaum, P.M.
```

**9.36.** Academic degrees standing alone may be abbreviated.

John was graduated with a B.A. degree; *but* bachelor of arts degree (lowercase when spelled out).

She earned her Ph.D. by hard work.

**9.37.** In addresses, signatures, lists of names, and leaderwork but not in tables nor in centerheads, *Mr.*, *Mrs.*, and other titles preceding a name, and *Esq.*, *Jr.*, *Sr.*, *2d*, and *3d* following a name, are set in roman caps and lowercase if the name is in caps and small caps. If the name is in caps, they are set in caps and small caps, if small caps are available—otherwise in caps and lowercase.

# Parts of publications

**9.38.** The following abbreviations are used for parts of publications mentioned in parentheses, brackets, footnotes, sidenotes, list of references, tables, and leaderwork, when followed by figures, letters, or Roman numerals.

```
app., apps. (appendix, appendixes)
art., arts. (article, articles)
bull., bulls. (bulletin, bulletins)
ch., chs. (chapter, chapters)
col., cols. (column, columns)
ed., eds. (edition, editions)
fig., figs. (figure, figures)
No., Nos. (number, numbers)
p., pp. (page, pages)
par., pars. (paragraph,
paragraphs)
```

```
pl., pls. (plate, plates)
pt., pts. (part, parts)
sec., secs. (section, sections)
subch., subchs. (subchapter,
subchapters)
subpar., subpars. (subparagraph,
subparagraphs)
subpt., subpts. (subpart, subparts)
subsec., subsecs. (subsection,
subsections)
supp., supps. (supplement,
supplements)
vol., vols. (volume, volumes)
```

**9.39.** The word *article* and the word *section* are abbreviated when appearing at the beginning of a paragraph and set in caps and small caps followed by a period and an en space, except that the first of a series is spelled out.

```
ART. 2; SEC. 2; etc.; but ARTICLE 1; SECTION 1
ART. II; SEC. II; etc.; but ARTICLE I; SECTION I
```

**9.40.** At the beginning of a legend, the word *figure* preceding the legend number is not abbreviated.

FIGURE 4.—Landscape.

# **Terms relating to Congress**

**9.41.** The words *Congress* and *session*, when accompanied by a numerical reference, are abbreviated in parentheses, brackets, and text footnotes. In sidenotes, lists of references, tables, leaderwork, and footnotes to tables and leaderwork, the following abbreviations are used:

106th Cong., 1st sess. Public Law 84, 102d Cong. 1st sess., 106th Cong. Private Law 68, 102d Cong.

**9.42.** In references to bills, resolutions, documents and reports in parentheses, brackets, footnotes, sidenotes, tables, and leaderwork, the following abbreviations are used:

H.R. 416 (House bill) S. 116 (Senate bill) The examples above may be

abbreviated or spelled out in text.

H. Res. 5 (House resolution)

H. Con. Res. 10 (House concurrent resolution)

H.J. Res. 21 (House joint resolution)

S. Res. 50 (Senate resolution)

S. Con. Res. 17 (Senate concurrent resolution)

S.J. Res. 45 (Senate joint resolution)

H. Conf. Rept. 10 (House conference report)

H. Doc. 35 (House document)

S. Doc. 62 (Senate document)

H. Rept. 214 (House report)

S. Rept. 410 (Senate report)

Ex. Doc. B (Executive document) Ex. F (92d Cong., 2d sess.)

Ex. Rept. 9 (92d Cong., 1st sess.)

Misc. Doc. 16 (miscellaneous

document) Public Res. 47 **9.43.** References to statutes in parentheses, footnotes, sidenotes, tables, leaderwork, and congressional work are abbreviated.

Rev. Stat. (Revised Statutes); 43 Rev. Stat. 801; 18 U.S.C. 38 Supp. Rev. Stat. (Supplement to the Revised Statutes) Stat. L. (Statutes at Large) but Public Law 85–1; Private Law 68

#### Calendar divisions

**9.44.** Names of months followed by the day, or day and year, are abbreviated in footnotes, tables, leaderwork, sidenotes, and in bibliographies. (See examples, rule 9.45.) *May, June*, and *July* are always spelled out. In narrow columns in tables, however, the names of months may be abbreviated even if standing alone. Preferred forms follow:

Jan.Apr.Oct.Feb.Aug.Nov.Mar.Sept.Dec.

**9.45.** In text only, dates as part of a citation or reference within parentheses or brackets are also abbreviated.

(Op. Atty. Gen., Dec. 4, 2005)

(Congressional Record, Sept. 25, 2007)

[From the New York Times, Mar. 4, 2008]

[From the Mar. 4 issue]

On Jan. 25 (we had commenced on Dec. 26, 2005) the work was finished. (In footnotes, tables, leaderwork, and sidenotes)

On January 25, a decision was reached (Op. Atty. Gen., Dec. 4, 2006). (Text, but with citation in parentheses)

*but* On January 25 (we had commenced on December 26, 2008) the work was finished. (Not a citation or reference in text)

**9.46.** Weekdays are not abbreviated, but the following forms are used, if necessary, in lists or in narrow columns in tables:

Sun. Wed. Fri.
Mon. Thurs. Sat.
Tues.

#### Time zones

9.47. The following forms are to be used when abbreviating names of time zones:

> AKDT—Alaska daylight time GMAT—Greenwich mean AKST-Alaska standard time astronomical time AKT—Alaska time (implies GMT—Greenwich mean time standard or daylight time) HDT—Hawaii-Aleutian daylight time

AST—Atlantic standard time

AT—Atlantic time

CDT—central daylight time CST-central standard time

CT-central time

DST—daylight saving (no "s") time EDT-eastern daylight time EST—eastern standard time

ET-eastern time

GCT-Greenwich civil time

(not observed in HI)

HST—Hawaii-Aleutian standard time

LST—local standard time MDT-mountain daylight time MST-mountain standard time

MT— mountain time PDT—Pacific daylight time PST-Pacific standard time

PT—Pacific time

UTC-coordinated universal time

# Acronyms and coined words

To obtain uniform treatment in the formation of acronyms and 9.48. coined words, apply the formulas that follow:

> Use all capital letters when only the first letter of each word or selected words is used to make up the symbol:

APPR (Army package power reactor)

EPCOT (Experimental Prototype Community of Tomorrow)

MAG (Military Advisory Group)

MIRV (multiple independently targetable reentry vehicle)

SALT (strategic arms limitation talks); (avoid SALT talks)

STEP (supplemental training and employment program)

Use all capital letters where first letters of prefixes and/or suffixes are utilized as part of established expressions:

CPR (cardiopulmonary resuscitation)

ESP (extrasensory perception)

FLIR (forward-looking infrared)

Copy must be followed where an acronym or abbreviated form is copyrighted or established by law:

ACTION (agency of Government; not an acronym)

MarAd (*Mar*itime *Ad*ministration)

NACo (National Association of Counties)

MEDLARS (Medical Literature Analysis and Retrieval System)

Use caps and lowercase when proper names are used in shortened form, any word

of which uses more than the first letter of each word:

Conrail (Consolidated Rail Corporation)

Pepco (Potomac Electric Power Co.)

Inco (International Nickel Co.)

Aramco (Arabian-American Oil Co.)

Unprofor (United Nations Protection Force)

Use lowercase in common-noun combinations made up of more than the first letter of lowercased words:

loran (long-range navigation) sonar (sound navigation ranging) secant (separation control of aircraft by nonsynchronous techniques)

**9.49.** The words *infra* and *supra* are not abbreviated.

### Terms of measure

**9.50.** Compass directions are abbreviated as follows:

N.	S.	ESE.
NE.	NNW.	10° N. 25° W.
E.	W.	NW. by N. ¼ W.
SW		

**9.51.** The words *latitude* and *longitude*, followed by figures, are abbreviated in parentheses, brackets, footnotes, sidenotes, tables, and leaderwork, and the figures are always closed up.

- **9.52.** Avoid breaking latitude and longitude figures at end of line; space out line instead. In case of an unavoidable break at end of line, use hyphen.
- **9.53.** Temperature and gravity are expressed in figures. When the degree mark is used, it must appear closed up to the capital letter, not against the figures. Note the following related abbreviations and letter symbols and their usages:

abs, absolute	API, American Petroleum
Bé, Baumé	Institute
°C,¹ degree Celsius²	Twad, Twaddell
°F, degree Fahrenheit	100 °C
°R, degree Rankine	212 °F¹
K, kelvin	671.67 °R
273.15 K	18 °API
°A PI	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Without figures preceding it, \*C or \*F should be used only in boxhead and over figure columns in tables.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Preferred form (superseding Centigrade).

**9.54.** References to meridian in statements of time are abbreviated as follows:

```
10 a.m. (not 10:00 a.m.) 12 p.m. (12 noon) 2:30 p.m. 12 a.m. (12 midnight)
```

- **9.55.** The word *o'clock* is not used with abbreviations of time. *not* 10 o'clock p.m.
- **9.56.** Metric unit letter symbols are set lowercase roman unless the unit name has been derived from a proper name, in which case the first letter of the symbol is capitalized (for example Pa for pascal and W for watt). The exception is the letter L for liter. The same form is used for singular and plural. The preferred symbol for *cubic centimeter* is  $cm^3$ ; use cc only when requested.

A space is used between a figure and a unit symbol except in the case of the symbols for degree, minute, and second of plane angle.

3 m		45 mi	45 mm		C.	but 33°15'21"
Prefixes for multiples and submultiples					Metric units	
E	exa (10 <sup>18</sup> )	d	deci (10 <sup>-1</sup> )		m	meter (for length)
P	peta (10 <sup>15</sup> )	С	centi (10 <sup>-2</sup> )		g	gram (for weight or mass)
T	tera (10 <sup>12</sup> )	m	$milli (10^{-3})$		L	liter (for capacity)
G	giga (10°)	μ	$micro (10^{-6})$			
M	mega (10 <sup>6</sup> )	n	nano (10 <sup>-9</sup> )			
k	kilo (10³)	p	pico (10 <sup>-12</sup> )			
h	hecto (10 <sup>2</sup> )	f	femto (10 <sup>-15</sup> )			
da	deka (10)	a	atto $(10^{-18})$			
	Length		Area			Volume
km	kilometer	$km^2$	square kilometer	.	$km^3$	cubic kilometer
hm	hectometer	$hm^2$	square hectomet	er	$hm^3$	cubic hectometer
dam	decameter	dam²	square decamete	r	$dam^3$	cubic dekameter
m	meter	$m^2$	square meter		$m^3$	cubic meter
dm	decimeter	$dm^2$	square decimeter	r	$dm^3$	cubic decimeter
cm	centimeter	$cm^2$	square centimete	er	$cm^3$	cubic centimeter
mm	millimeter	$mm^2$	square millimete	er	$mm^3$	cubic millimeter

	Weight		Land area		Capacity of containers
kg	kilogram	ha	hectare	kL	kiloliter
hg	hectogram	a	acre	hL	hectoliter
dag	dekagram			daL	dekaliter
g	gram			L	liter
dg	decigram			dL	deciliter
cg	centigram			cL	centiliter
mg	milligram			mL	milliliter
μg	microgram				

**9.57.** A similar form of abbreviation applies to any unit of the metric system.

A	amper	V	volt	mF	millifarad
VA	voltampere	W	watt	mH	millihenry
F	farad	kc	kilocycle	μF	microfarad (one-
Н	Henry	kV	kilovolt		millionth of a farad)
Hz	Hertz	kVA	kilovoltampere		
I	ioule	kW	kilowatt		

**9.58.** The following forms are used when units of English weight and measure and units of time are abbreviated, the same form of abbreviation being used for both singular and plural:

	Length		Area and volume
in	inch	in <sup>2</sup>	square inch
ft	foot	in <sup>3</sup>	square inch cubic inch
yd	yard	mi <sup>2</sup>	square mile
mi	mile (statute)	ft <sup>3</sup>	cubic foot
Time	Weight		Capac

	Time		Weight		Capacity
yr	year	gr	grain	gill	(not abbreviated)
mo	month	dr	dram	pt	pint
d	day	oz	ounce	qt	quart
h	hour	lb	pound	gal	gallon
min	minute	cwt	hundredweight	pk	peck
S	second	dwt	pennyweight	bu	bushel
		ton(s)	(not abbreviated)	bbl	barrel
		but t	metric ton (tonne)		

**9.59.** In astrophysical and similar scientific matter, magnitudes and units of time may be expressed as follows, if so written in copy.

 $5^{h}3^{m}9^{s}$  4.5<sup>h</sup>

## Money

**9.60.** The following are some of the abbreviations and symbols used for indicating money:

(For the abbreviations of other terms indicating currency, see the table "Currency" in Chapter 17 "Useful Tables.")

Use "USD" if omission would result in confusion.

### Standard word abbreviations

**9.61.** If abbreviations are required, use these forms:

2,4D (insecticide) AFL-CIO-American Federation 3d-third of Labor and Congress of 4°-quarto Industrial Organizations 8°-octavo AID—Agency for International A1 (rating) Development A.A.—Alcoholics Anonymous AIDS—acquired immuno-AARP-American Association of deficiency syndrome Retired Persons a.k.a.-also known as abbr.—abbreviation A.L.R.—American Law Reports abs.—abstract AM-amplitude modulation (no acct.-account periods) ACDA—Arms Control and A.M.—(anno mundi) in the year of the world Disarmament Agency ACTH—adrenocorticotropic A.M. or M.A.—master of arts hormone a.m.—(ante meridiem) before noon A.D.—(anno Domini) in the year Am. Repts.—American Reports of our Lord (A.D. 937) Amtrak—National Railroad ADDH-attention deficit disorder Passenger Corporation with hyperactivity AMVETS—American Veterans of ADHD—attention deficit hyper-World War II; Amvet(s) activity disorder (individual) AEF—American Expeditionary antilog—antilogarithm (no period) Forces AOA—Administration on Aging AF—audiofrequency API-American Petroleum AFB-Air Force Base Institute

APO—Army post office (no periods) App. D.C.—District of Columbia Appeal Cases App. Div.—Appellate Division APPR—Army package power reactor approx.—approximately ARC-American Red Cross ARS—Agricultural Research Service ASCS—Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service ASME—American Society of Mechanical Engineers A.S.N.—Army service number ASTM—American Society for Testing and Materials ATM—automatic teller machine Atl.—Atlantic Reporter; A.2d, Atlantic Reporter, second series AUS—Army of the United States Ave.—avenue AWACS—airborne warning and control system AWOL—absent without leave B.A. or A.B.—bachelor of arts BBB-Better Business Bureau B.C.—before Christ (1200 B.C.) B.C.E.—Before Common Era BCG—(bacillus Calmette-Guerin) antituberculosis vaccine bf.-boldface BGN—Board on (not of) Geographic Names BIA—Bureau of Indian Affairs BIS—Bank for International Settlements Blatch. Pr. Cas.—Blatchford's Prize Cases Bldg.—building B. Lit(t). or Lit(t).B.—bachelor of literature

BLM-Bureau of Land Management BLS—Bureau of Labor Statistics Blvd.-boulevard b.o.—buyer's option B.S. or B.Sc.—bachelor of science c. and s.c.—caps and small caps ca.—(circa) about ca-centiare CACM—Central American Common Market CAD—computer-aided design CAP—Civil Air Patrol CARE—Cooperative for American Remittances to Everywhere, Inc. CAT scan—computerized axial tomography C.C.A.—Circuit Court of Appeals CCC—Commodity Credit Corporation CCITT—Consultative Committee for International Telegraphy and Telephony C.Cls.—Court of Claims C.Cls.R.—Court of Claims Reports C.C.P.A.—Court of Customs and Patents Appeals CCR—Commission on Civil Rights CDC—Centers for Disease Control and Prevention C.E.—Common Era CEA—Council of Economic Advisers cf.—(confer) compare or see CFR—Code of Federal Regulations CFR Supp.—Code of Federal Regulations Supplement CHAMPUS—Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services CIA—Central Intelligence Agency CIC—Counterintelligence Corps C.J.—(corpus juris) body of law;

Chief Justice

CNN—Cable News Network	DHS—Department of Homeland
CO—commanding officer	Security
Co.—company (commercial)	Dist. Ct.—District Court
c.o.d.—cash on delivery	D.Lit(t). or Lit(t).D.—doctor of
COLA—cost-of-living adjustment	literature
Comp. Dec.—Comptroller's	DNC—Domestic Names
Decisions (Treasury)	Committee (BGN)
Comp. Gen.—Comptroller	do.—(ditto) the same
General Decisions	DOC—Department of Commerce
con.—continued	DOD—Department of Defense
conelrad—control of	DOE—Department of Energy
electromagnetic radiation	DOJ—Department of Justice
(civil defense)	DOL—Department of Labor
Conus—continental United States	DOS—Department of State
Corp.—corporation (commercial)	DOT—Department of
cos—cosine (no period)	Transportation
cosh—hyperbolic cosine (no	DP—displaced person (no period)
period)	D.P.H.—doctor of public health
cot—cotangent (no period)	D.P.Hy.—doctor of public hygiene
coth—hyperbolic cotangent (no	DPT—diphtheria, pertussis,
period)	tetanus innoculation
c.p.—chemically pure	dr.—debit; debtor
C.P.A.—certified public	Dr.—doctor; drive
accountant	d.s.t.—daylight saving (no "s") time
CPI—Consumer Price Index	D.V.M.—doctor of veterinary
CPR—cardiopulmonary	medicine
resuscitation	E.—east
cr.—credit; creditor	EDGAR—Electronic Data
C-SPAN—Cable Satellite Public	Gathering, Analysis and
Affairs Network	Retrieval (SEC)
csc—cosecant (no period)	EEOC—Equal Employment
csch—hyperbolic cosecant (no	Opportunity Commission
period)	EFTA—European Free Trade
Ct.—court	Association
Dall.—Dallas (U.S. Supreme	EFTS—electronic funds transfer
Court Reports)	system
DAR—Daughters of the American	e.g.—(exempli gratia) for example
Revolution	EHF—extremely high frequency
d.b.a.—doing business as	emcee—master of ceremony
d.b.h.—diameter at breast height	e.o.m.—end of month
D.D.—doctor of divinity	EOP—Executive Office of the
D.D.S.—doctor of dental surgery	President
DDT—dichlorodiphenyl-	EPA—Environmental Protection
trichloroethane	
ti icilioi detilalie	Agency

Operations Fund

et al.—(et alii) and others FHA—Federal Housing et seq.—(et sequentia) and the Administration FmHA—Farmers Home following etc.—(et cetera) and so forth Administration EU—European Union FHLBB—Federal Home Loan Euratom—European Atomic Bank Board **Energy Community** FHWA—Federal Highway Euro—currency (common) Administration Eurodollars—U.S. dollars used to FICA—Federal Insurance finance foreign trade Contributions Act Ex. Doc. (with letter)—executive FLSA—Fair Labor Standards Act document FM—frequency modulation Ex-Im Bank—Export-Import FMC—Federal Maritime Bank of the United States Commission FMCS-Federal Mediation and f., ff.—and following page (pages) FAA—Federal Aviation Conciliation Service Administration FNMA—Federal National FACS—Faculty of the American Mortgage Association College of Surgeons (Fannie Mae) FNS-Food and Nutrition Service FAO-Food and Agriculture f°-folio Organization f.a.s.—free alongside ship f.o.b.—free on board FPC—Federal Power Commission FAS—Foreign Agricultural Service FPO—fleet post office (no periods) FBI—Federal Bureau of FR—Federal Register Investigation (publication) FCA-Farm Credit FRG—Federal Republic of Administration Germany FCC-Federal Communications FRS—Federal Reserve System Commission FS-Forest Service FCIC—Federal Crop Insurance FSLIC—Federal Savings and Loan Corporation **Insurance Corporation** FCSC—Foreign Claims FSS—Federal Supply Service Settlement Commission F.Supp.—Federal Supplement FTC—Federal Trade Commission FDA—Food and Drug Administration FWS—Fish and Wildlife Service FDIC—Federal Deposit Insurance GAO-Government Corporation Accountability Office FDLP—Federal Depository GATT—General Agreement on Library Program Tariffs and Trade GDR-German Democratic Fed.—Federal Reporter; F.3d, Federal Reporter, third series Republic FEOF—Foreign Exchange GI-general issue; Government

issue

IADB—Inter-American Defense

Board

GIS—Geographic Information

System

G.M.&S.—general, medical, and IAEA—International Atomic surgical Energy Agency GNMA—Government National ibid.—(ibidem) in the same place Mortgage Association ICBM—intercontinental ballistic (Ginnie Mae) missile GNP—gross national product id.—(idem) the same Gov.—Governor IDA—International Development GPO—Government Printing Association Office IDE—integrated drive electronics GPS—Global Positioning System i.e.—(id est) that is gr. wt.-gross weight IEEE—Institute of Electrical and GSA—General Services **Electronic Engineers** IF—intermediate frequency (no Administration GSE—Government-Sponsored periods) Enterprise IFC—International Finance H.C.—House of Commons Corporation H. Con. Res. (with number)— IMCO—Intergovernmental House concurrent resolution Maritime Consultative H. Doc. (with number)—House Organization document IMF—International Monetary hazmat-hazardous material Fund HDTV—high definition television Insp. Gen. (also IG)—inspector HE—high explosive (no periods) general HF—high frequency (no periods) Interpol—International Criminal HHS-Health and Human Police Organization Services (Department of) IOU-I owe you HIV—human immunodeficiency IQ—intelligence quotient IRA—individual retirement H.J. Res. (with number)—House account joint resolution IRBM—intermediate range HMO—health-maintenance ballistic missile IRE—Institute of Radio Engineers organization HOV—high-occupancy vehicle IRO—International Refugee How.—Howard (U.S. Supreme Organization Court Reports) IRS—Internal Revenue Service H.R. (with number)—House bill ISO—International Standards H. Rept. (with number)—House Organization report ITO—International Trade H. Res. (with number)—House Organization resolution ITU—International HUD—Housing and Urban Telecommunications Union Development (Department of) JAG—Judge Advocate General

jato—jet-assisted takeoff

M.D.—doctor of medicine

J.D.—(jurum or juris doctor) MDAP-Mutual Defense doctor of laws Assistance Program JOBS—Job Opportunities in the MediCal—Medicaid California memo-memorandum **Business Sector** JIT—just in time MF—medium frequency; Jpn.—Japan or Japanese where microfiche necessary to abbreviate MFN-most favored nation Jr.—junior MIA—missing in action (plural Judge Adv. Gen.-Judge Advocate MIA's) General MIRV—multiple independently LAFTA—Latin American Free targetable reentry vehicle Trade Association Misc. Doc. (with number) lat.—latitude miscellaneous document Mlle.-mademoiselle LC—Library of Congress LCD—liquid crystal display Mme.-madam lc.—lowercase Mmes.—mesdames L.Ed.—Lawyer's edition (U.S. mo.-month Supreme Court Reports) MOS—military occupational liq.—liquid specialty lf.—lightface M.P.—Member of Parliament LF—low frequency MP—military police LL.B.—bachelor of laws Mr.—mister (plural Messrs.) LL.D.—doctor of laws MRI-magnetic resonance loc. cit.—(loco citato) in the place imaging cited Mrs.-mistress log (no period)—logarithm Ms.—feminine title (plural Mses.) M.S.—master of science long.—longitude loran (no periods)—long-range MS.—MSS., manuscript, navigation manuscripts lox (no periods)—liquid oxygen MSC—Military Sealift Command LPG—liquefied petroleum gas Msgr.-monsignor Ltd.—limited m.s.l.-mean sea level MSNBC-Microsoft National Lt. Gov.—lieutenant governor M—money supply: M1, M2, etc. Broadcasting Co. M.—monsieur; MM., messieurs MTN-multilateral trade m.—(meridies) noon negotiations M-more N.—north NA—not available; not applicable MAC—Military Airlift Command MAG—Military Advisory Group NACo.—National Association of Counties MarAd—Maritime Administration NAFTA—North American Free MC—Member of Congress Trade Agreement (emcee, master of ceremonies)

n.s.p.f.—not specifically provided

NAS—National Academy of

Sciences for NW.-northwest NASA—National Aeronautics and Space Administration OAPEC—Organization of Arab NATO—North Atlantic Treaty Petroleum Exporting Organization Countries NCUA—National Credit Union OAS—Organization of American Administration States NE.—northeast OASDHI—Old-Age, Survivors, n.e.c.-not elsewhere classified Disability, and Health n.e.s.-not elsewhere specified Insurance Program OASI—Old-Age and Survivors net wt.—net weight N.F.—National Formulary Insurance NFAH—National Foundation on OCD—Office of Civil Defense the Arts and the Humanities OD—officer of the day NIH—National Institutes of OD—overdose; Odd, overdosed Health O.D.—doctor of optometry NIST—National Institute of OECD—Organization for Standards and Technology Economic Cooperation and n.l.—natural log or logarithm Development NLRB—National Labor Relations OK—Oked, Oking, Oks Board OMB—Office of Management and NNTP—Network News Transfer Budget Protocol Op. Atty. Gen.—Opinions of the No.—Nos., number, numbers Attorney General op. cit.—(opere citato) in the work NOAA—National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration cited n.o.i.b.n.—not otherwise indexed OPEC—Organization of Petroleum Exporting by name n.o.p.—not otherwise provided Countries (for) OSD—Office of the Secretary of n.o.s.-not otherwise specified Defense NOVS-National Office of Vital OTC—Organization for Trade Statistics Cooperation NPS—National Park Service PA—public address system NRC—Nuclear Regulatory Pac.—Pacific Reporter; P.2d, Pacific Reporter, second Commission NS—nuclear ship series NSA—National Shipping PAC—political action committee Authority (plural PAC's) NSC—National Security Council Passed Asst. Surg.—passed NSF-National Science assistant surgeon Foundation PBS—Public Building Service n.s.k.-not specified by kind PCV—Peace Corps Volunteer

Pet.—Peters (U.S. Supreme Court

Rev.—reverend

Reports) Rev. Stat.—Revised Statutes Ph-phenyl RF—radiofrequency Phar.D.—doctor of pharmacy R.F.D.—rural free delivery Ph.B. or B.Ph.—bachelor of Rh—Rhesus (blood factor) philosophy RIF—reduction(s) in force; RIFed, Ph.D. or D.Ph.—doctor of RIFing, RIFs philosophy R.N.—registered nurse Ph.G.—graduate in pharmacy ROTC—Reserve Officers' PHS—Public Health Service Training Corps PIN—personal identification RR.—railroad number RRB-Railroad Retirement Board Pl.—place Rt. Rev.—right reverend p.m.—(post meridiem) after noon Ry.—railway P.O. Box (with number)—but post S.—south; Senate bill (with office box (in general sense) number) POP-Point of Presence; Post SAC—Strategic Air Command Office Protocol SAE—Society of Automotive POW-prisoner of war (plural Engineers POWs) S&L(s)—savings and loan(s) PTSD—post-traumatic-stress SALT—strategic arms limitation disorder talks Private Res. (with number)— SAR—Sons of the American Revolution private resolution Prof.—professor SBA—Small Business pro tem—(pro tempore) Administration temporarily sc.—(scilicet) namely (see also ss) P.S.—(post scriptum) postscript; s.c.—small caps public school (with number) S. Con. Res. (with number)— PTA—parent-teachers' association Senate concurrent resolution Public Res. (with number)—public s.d.—(sine die) without date resolution SDI—Strategic Defense Initiative PX—post exchange S. Doc. (with number)—Senate QT—on the quiet document racon-radar beacon SE.—southeast SEATO—Southeast Asia Treaty radar-radio detection and Organization ranging R&D—research and development SEC—Securities and Exchange rato-rocket-assisted takeoff Commission Rd.—road sec-secant RDT&E—research, development, sech—hyperbolic secant testing, and evaluation 2d-second REA—Rural Electrification SHF—superhigh frequency Administration shoran—short range (radio)

SI—Systeme International d'Unités	SWAT—special weapons and
sic—thus	tactics (team)
sin—sine	T.—Tps., township, townships
sinh—hyperbolic sine	tan—tangent
S.J. Res. (with number)—Senate	tann—hyperbolic tangent
joint resolution	TB—tuberculosis
sonar—sound, navigation, and	T.D.—Treasury Decisions
ranging (no period)	TDY—temporary duty
SOP—standard operating	Ter.—terrace
procedure	t.m.—true mean
SOS—wireless distress signal	TNT—trinitrotoluol
SP—shore patrol	TV—television
SPAR—Coast Guard Women's	TVA—Tennessee Valley Authority
Reserve (semper paratus—	uc.—uppercase
always ready)	UHF—ultrahigh frequency
sp. gr.—specific gravity	UMTA—Urban Mass
Sq.—square (street)	Transportation
Sr.—senior	Administration
S. Rept. (with number)—Senate	U.N.—United Nations
report	UNESCO—United Nations
S. Res. (with number)—Senate	Educational, Scientific, and
resolution	Cultural Organization
SS—steamship	UNICEF—United Nations
ss—(scilicet) namely (in law) (see	Children's Fund
also sc.)	U.S.—U.S. Supreme Court Reports
SSA—Social Security	U.S.A.—United States of America
Administration	USA—U.S. Army
SSS—Selective Service System	USAF—U.S. Air Force
St.—Ste., SS., Saint, Sainte, Saints	U.S.C.—United States Code
St.—street	U.S.C.A.—United States Code
Stat.—Statutes at Large	Annotated
STP—standard temperature and	U.S.C. Supp.—United States Code
pressure	Supplement
Sup. Ct.—Supreme Court	USCG—U.S. Coast Guard
Reporter	USDA—U.S. Department of
Supp. Rev. Stat.—Supplement to	Agriculture
the Revised Statutes	USES—U.S. Employment Service
Supt.—superintendent	U.S. 40—U.S. No. 40, U.S.
Surg.—surgeon	Highway No. 40
Surg. Gen.—Surgeon General	USGS—U.S. Geological Survey
SW.—southwest	USIA—U.S. Information Agency
S.W.2d—Southwestern Reporter,	USMC—U.S. Marine Corps
second series	USN—U.S. Navy
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USNR-U.S. Naval Reserve w.a.e.—when actually employed U.S.P.—United States Wall.—Wallace (U.S. Supreme Pharmacopeia Court Reports) USPS-U.S. Postal Service wf-wrong font U.S.S.-U.S. Senate Wheat.—Wheaton (U.S. Supreme v. or vs.—(versus) against Court Reports) VA—Department of Veterans WHO-World Health Affairs Organization VAT-value added tax WIPO—World Intellectual VCR-video cassette recorder Property Organization WMAL-WRC, etc., radio stations VHF—very high frequency VIP—very important person w.o.p.-without pay viz—(videlicet) namely Yale L.J.—Yale Law Journal VLF—very low frequency ZIP Code—Zone Improvement VTR—video tape recording Plan Code (Postal Service) W.-west ZIP+4-9-digit ZIP Code

## Standard letter symbols for units of measure

**9.62.** The same form is used for singular and plural senses.

Bd—baud A—ampere Å—angstrom bd. ft.-board foot (obsolete); use fbm a—are Bé—Baumé a—atto (prefix, one-quintillionth) Bev (obsolete); see GeV Bhn—Brinell hardness number aA-attoampere abs—absolute (temperature and bhp—brake horsepower gravity) bm-board measure ac-alternating current bp—boiling point Btu-British thermal unit AF—audiofrequency Ah-ampere-hour bu-bushel A/m—ampere per meter c—¢, ct; cent(s) AM—amplitude modulation c—centi (prefix, one-hundredth) asb-apostilb C-coulomb °C—degree Celsius At-ampere-turn at-atmosphere, technical cal—calorie (also: cal,,, International atm-atmosphere Table; cal, —thermochemical) at wt-atomic weight cd/in<sup>2</sup>—candela per square inch au-astronomical units cd/m<sup>2</sup>—candela per square meter avdp—avoirdupois cg-centigram b-barn cd•h-candela-hour B-bel Ci-curie b-bit cL-centiliter bbl-barrel cm-centimeter bbl/d-barrel per day c/m-cycles per minute

cm<sup>2</sup>—square centimeter FM—frequency modulation cm3—cubic centimeter ft-foot cmil—circular mil ft2-square foot cp—candlepower ft3—cubic foot cP-centipoise ftH<sub>2</sub>O—conventional foot of water cSt—centistokes ft•lb—foot-pound cwt-hundredweight ft•lbf—foot-pound force D—darcy ft/min-foot per minute d-day ft2/min-square foot per minute d—deci (prefix, one-tenth) ft<sup>3</sup>/min—cubic foot per minute d—pence ft-pdl—foot poundal da—deka (prefix, 10) ft/s—foot per second dag-dekagram ft2/s-square foot per second daL—dekaliter ft3/s-cubic foot per second dam-dekameter ft/s<sup>2</sup>—foot per second squared dam<sup>2</sup>—square dekameter ft/s3—foot per second cubed dam3—cubic dekameter G—gauss dB-decibel G—giga (prefix, 1 billion) dBu-decibel unit g-gram; acceleration of gravity dc-direct current Gal—gal cm/s2 dg—decigram gal—gallon dL—deciliter gal/min—gallons per minute dm-decimeter gal/s—gallons per second dm<sup>2</sup>—square decimeter GB—gigabyte dm3-cubic decimeter Gb—gilbert dol-dollar g/cm3-gram per cubic centimeter doz-dozen GeV—gigaelectronvolt dr-dram GHz—gigahertz (gigacycle per second) dwt-deadweight tons gr-grain; gross dwt-pennyweight h—hecto (prefix, 100) dyn-dyne H—henry EHF—extremely high frequency h-hour ha-hectare emf-electromotive force emu-electromagnetic unit HF—high frequency hg-hectogram erg-erg esu-electrostatic unit hL-hectoliter eV-electronvolt hm-hectometer °F—degree Fahrenheit hm<sup>2</sup>—square hectometer F—farad hm3—cubic hectometer f—femto (prefix, one-quadrillionth) hp-horsepower fbm-board foot; board foot measure hph—horsepower-hour fc-footcandle Hz—hertz (cycles per second) fL-footlambert id-inside diameter fm-fentometer ihp-indicated horsepower

lbf/ft2-pound-force per square foot

in-inch lbf/ft<sup>3</sup>—pound-force per cubic foot in2-square inch lbf/in<sup>2</sup>—pound-force per square inch in3—cubic inch (see psi) in/h—inch per hour lb/ft—pound per foot inH,O—conventional inch of water lb/ft2—pound per square foot inHg-conventional inch of mercury lb/ft3—pound per cubic foot in-lb-inch-pound lct—long calcined ton in/s-inch per second ldt-long dry ton J—joule LF—low frequency lin ft-linear foot J/K—joule per kelvin K—kayser l/m—lines per minute lm-lumen K—kelvin (use without degree symbol) lm/ft2-lumen per square foot k-kilo (prefix, 1,000) k-thousand (7k=7,000) lm/m<sup>2</sup>—lumen per square meter kc-kilocycle; see also kHz (kilohertz), lm•s—lumen second kilocycles per second lm/W-lumen per watt kcal-kilocalory l/s—lines per second keV-kiloelectronvolt L/s—liter per second kG-kilogauss lx-lux kg-kilogram M—mega (prefix, 1 million) kgf—kilogram-force M—million (3 M=3 million) kHz-kilohertz (kilocycles per second) m-meter kL-kiloliter m-milli (prefix, one-thousandth) klbf-kilopound-force M1—monetary aggregate km-kilometer m2-square meter km2-square kilometer m3-cubic meter km3-cubic kilometer μ—micro (prefix, one-millionth) km/h—kilometer per hour μm-micrometer kn—knot (speed) mA—milliampere kΩ-kilohm μA—microampere kt-kiloton; carat MB-megabyte kV-kilovolt mbar—millibar kVA-kilovoltampere ubar-microbar Mc-megacycle; see also MHz kvar-kilovar kW-kilowatt (megahertz), megacycles per kWh-kilowatthour second L-lambert mc—millicycle; see also mHz L-liter (millihertz), millicycles per lb—pound second mD-millidarcy lb ap—apothecary pound lb—avdp, avoirdupois pound meq-milliquivalent lbf-pound-force MeV-megaelectronvolts mF-millifarad lbf/ft—pound-force foot

μF—microfarad

mG—milligauss	n—nano (prefix, one-billionth)
mg—milligram	N—newton
μg—microgram	nA—nanoampere
Mgal/d—million gallons per day	nF—nanofarad
mH—millihenry	N•m—newton meter
μH—microhenry	N/m <sup>2</sup> —newton per square meter
MHz—megahertz	nmi—nautical mile
mHz—millihertz	Np—neper
mi—mile (statute)	ns—nanosecond
mi²—square mile	N•s/m²—newton second per square
mi/gal—mile(s) per gallon	meter
mi/h—mile(s) per hour	nt—nit
mil—mil	od—outside diameter
min—minute (time)	Oe—oersted (use of A/m, amperes per
μin—microinch	meter, preferred)
mL—milliliter	oz—ounce (avoirdupois)
mm—millimeter	p—pico (prefix, one-trillionth)
mm <sup>2</sup> —square millimeter	P—poise
mm³—cubic millimeter	Pa—pascal
μm²—square micrometer	pA—picoampere
μm³—cubic micrometer	pct—percent
μμ—micromicron (use of compound	pdl—poundal
prefixes obsolete; use pm,	pF—picofarad (micromicrofarad,
picometer)	obsolete)
μμf—micromicrofarad (use of	pF—water-holding energy
compound prefixes obsolete; use	pH—hydrogen-ion concentration
pF)	ph—phot; phase
mmHg—conventional millimeter of	pk—peck,
mercury	p/m—parts per million
mΩ—megohm	ps—picosecond
mo—month	psi—pounds per square inch
mol—mole (unit of substance)	pt—pint
mol wt—molecular weight	pW—picowatt
mp—melting point	qt—quart
ms—millisecond	quad—quadrillion (10 <sup>15</sup> )
μs—microsecond	°R—rankine
Mt—megaton	°R—roentgen
mV—millivolt	R—degree rankine
μV—microvolt	R—degree reaumur
MW—megawatt	rad—radian
mW—milliwatt	rd—rad
μW—microwatt	rem—roentgen equivalent man
MWd/t—megawatt-days per ton	r/min—revolutions per minute
Mx—maxwell	rms—root mean square

r/s—revolutions per second tsp-teaspoonful s-second (time) Twad-twaddell s—shilling u-(unified) atomic mass unit S-siemens UHF—ultrahigh frequency sb-stilb V-volt scp—spherical candlepower VA—voltampere soft-second-foot var—var shp—shaft horsepower VHF—very high frequency slug-slug V/m—volt per meter W-watt sr-steradian Wb-weber sSf-standard saybolt fural sSu-standard saybolt universal Wh-watthour stdft3—standard cubic foot (feet) W/(m•K)—watt per meter kelvin Sus—saybolt universal second(s) W/sr-watt per steradian T-tera (prefix, 1 trillion) W/(sr•m²)—watt per steradian square Tft3-trillion cubic feet meter T-tesla *x*—unknown quantity (italic) yd-yard t-tonne (metric ton) tbsp-tablespoonful yd2-square yard thm-therm yd3-cubic yard ton-ton yr-year

### Standard Latin abbreviations

### **9.63.** When Latin abbreviations are used, follow this list.

a.—annus, year; ante, before ad inf.—ad infinitum, to infinity A.A.C.—anno ante Christum in the ad init.—ad initium, at the beginning year before Christ ad int.—ad interim, in the meantime A.A.S.—Academiae Americanae ad lib.—ad libitum, at pleasure Socius, Fellow of the American ad loc.—ad locum, at the place Academy [Academy of Arts and ad val .- ad valorem, according to Sciences A.I.—anno inventionis, in the year of A.B.—artium baccalaureus, bachelor the discovery al.-alia, alii, other things, other ab init.—ab initio, from the beginning persons abs. re.-absente reo, the defendant A.M.—anno mundi, in the year of the being absent world; Annus mirabilis, the A.C.—ante Christum, before Christ wonderful year [1666]; a.m., ante A.D.—anno Domini, in the year of our meridiem, before noon Lord an.—anno, in the year; ante, before a.d.—ante diem, before the day ann.-annales, annals; anni, years ad fin.-ad finem, at the end, to one end A.R.S.S.—Antiquariorum Regiae ad h.l.—ad hunc locum, to this place, Societatis Socius, Fellow of the Royal Society of Antiquaries on this passage

- A.U.C.—anno urbis conditae, ab urbe conolita, in [the year from] the building of the City [Rome], 753 B.C.
- B.A.—baccalaureus artium, bachelor of arts
- B. Sc.—baccalaureus scientiae, bachelor of science
- C.—centum, a hundred; condemno, I condemn, find guilty
- c.-circa, about
- cent.—centum, a hundred
- cf.—confer, compare
- C.M.—chirurgiae magister, master of surgery
- coch.-cochlear, a spoon, spoonful
- coch. amp.—cochlear amplum, a tablespoonful
- coch. mag.—cochlear magnum, a large spoonful
- coch. med.—cochlear medium, a dessert spoonful
- coch. parv.—cochlear parvum, a teaspoonful
- con.—contra, against; conjunx, wife
- C.P.S.—custos privati sigilli, keeper of the privy seal
- C.S.—custos sigilli, keeper of the seal
- cwt.—c. for centum, wt. for weight, hundredweight
- D.—Deus, God; Dominus, Lord; d., decretum, a decree; denarius, a penny; da, give
- D.D.—divinitatis doctor, doctor of divinity
- D.G.—Dei gratia, by the grace of God; Deo gratias, thanks to God
- D.N.—Dominus noster, our Lord
- D. Sc.—doctor scientiae, doctor of science
- d.s.p.—decessit sine prole, died without issue
- D.V.—Deo volente, God willing

dwt.—d. for denarius, wt. for weight pennyweight

- e.g.-exempli gratia, for example
- et al.—et alibi, and elsewhere; et alii, or aliae, and others
- etc.-et cetera, and others, and so forth
- et seq.—et sequentes, and those that follow
- et ux.-et uxor, and wife
- F.—filius, son
- f.—fiat, let it be made; forte, strong
- fac.—factum similis, facsimile, an exact copy
- fasc.—fasciculus, a bundle
- fl.—flores, flowers; floruit, flourished; fluidus, fluid
- f.r.—folio recto, right-hand page
- F.R.S.—Fraternitatis Regiae Socius, Fellow of the Royal Society
- f.v.—folio verso, on the back of the leaf guttat.—guttatim, by drops
- H.—hora, hour
- h.a.—hoc anno, in this year; hujus anni, this year's
- hab. corp.—habeas corpus, have the body—a writ
- h.e.—hic est, this is; hoc est, that is
- h.m.—hoc mense, in this month; huius mensis, this month's
- h.q.—hoc quaere, look for this
- H.R.I.P.—hic requiescat in pace, here rests in peace
- H.S.—hic sepultus, here is buried; hic situs, here lies; h.s., hoc sensu, in this sense
- H.S.S.—Historiae Societatis Socius, Fellow of the Historical Society
- h.t.—hoc tempore, at this time; hoc titulo, in or under this title
- I—Idus, the Ides; i., id, that; immortalis, immortal
- ib. or ibid.—ibidem, in the same place
- id.—idem, the same
- i.e.—id est, that is

- imp.—imprimatur, sanction, let it be printed
- I.N.D.—in nomine Dei, in the name of God
- in f.—in fine, at the end
- inf.-infra, below
- init.—initio, in the beginning
- in lim.—in limine, on the threshold, at the outset
- in loc.—in loco, in its place
- in loc. cit.—in loco citato, in the place cited
- in pr.—in principio, in the beginning in trans.—in transitu, on the way
- i.q.—idem quod, the same as
- i.q.e.d.—id quod erat demonstrandum, what was to be proved
- J.—judex, judge
- J.C.D.—juris civilis doctor, doctor of civil law
- J.D.—jurum or juris doctor, doctor of laws
- J.U.D.—juris utriusque doctor, doctor of both civil and canon law
- L.—liber, a book; locus, a place
- £—libra, pound; placed before figures thus £10; if l., to be placed after, as 401.
- L.A.M.—liberalium artium magister, master of the liberal arts
- L.B.—baccalaureus literarum, bachelor of letters
- lb.—libra, pound (singular and plural)
- L.H.D.—literarum humaniorum doctor, doctor of the more humane letters
- Litt. D.—literarum doctor, doctor of letters
- LL.B.—legum baccalaureus, bachelor of laws
- LL.D.—legum doctor, doctor of laws
- LL.M.—legum magister, master of laws
- loc. cit.—loco citato, in the place cited

- loq.—loquitur, he, or she, speaks
- L.S.—locus sigilli, the place of the seal
- l.s.c.—loco supra citato, in the place above cited
- £ s. d.—librae, solidi, denarii, pounds, shillings, pence
- M.—magister, master; manipulus, handful; medicinae, of medicine; m., meridies, noon
- M.A.—magister artium, master of arts
- M.B.—medicinae baccalaureus, bachelor of medicine
- M. Ch.—magister chirurgiae, master of surgery
- M.D.—medicinae doctor, doctor of medicine
- m.m.—mutatis mutandis, with the necessary changes
- m.n.—mutato nomine, the name being changed
- MS.—manuscriptum, manuscript; MSS., manuscripta, manuscripts
- Mus. B.—musicae baccalaureus, bachelor of music
- Mus. D.—musicae doctor, doctor of music
- Mus. M.—musicae magister, master of music
- N.—Nepos, grandson; nomen, name; nomina, names; noster, our; n., natus, born; nocte, at night
- N.B.—nota bene, mark well
- ni. pri.-nisi prius, unless before
- nob.—nobis, for (or on) our part
- nol. pros.—nolle prosequi, will not prosecute
- non cul.-non culpabilis, not guilty
- n.l.—non licet, it is not permitted; non liquet, it is not clear; non longe, not far
- non obs.—non obstante,
  - notwithstanding
- non pros.—non prosequitur, he does not prosecute

- non seq.—non sequitur, it does not follow logically
- O.—octarius, a pint
- ob.—obiit, he, or she, died; obiter, incidentally
- ob. s.p.—obiit sine prole, died without
- o.c.—opere citato, in the work cited
- op.—opus, work; opera, works
- op. cit.—opere citato, in the work cited
- P.—papa, pope; pater, father; pontifex, bishop; populus, people; p., partim, in part; per, by, for; pius, holy; pondere, by weight; post, after; primus, first; pro, for
- p.a.—or per ann., per annum, yearly; pro anno, for the year
- p. ae.-partes aequales, equal parts
- pass.—passim, everywhere
- percent.—per centum, by the hundred pil.—pilula, pill
- Ph. B.—philosophiae baccalaureus, bachelor of philosophy
- P.M.—post mortem, after death
- p.m.-post meridiem, afternoon
- pro tem.—pro tempore, for the time being
- prox.—proximo, in or of the next [month]
- P.S.—postscriptum, postscript; P.SS., postscripta, postscripts
- q.d.—quasi dicat, as if one should say; quasi dictum, as if said; quasi dixisset, as if he had said
- q.e.-quod est, which is
- Q.E.D.—quod erat demonstrandum, which was to be demonstrated
- Q.E.F.—quod erat faciendum, which was to be done
- Q.E.I.—quod erat inveniendum, which was to be found out
- q.l.—quantum libet, as much as you please

- q. pl.—quantum placet, as much as seems good
- q.s.—quantum sufficit, sufficient quantity
- q.v.—quantum vis, as much as you will; quem, quam, quod vide, which see; qq. v., quos, quas, or quae vide, which see (plural)
- R.—regina, queen; recto, right-hand page; respublica, commonwealth
- R∕—recipe, take
- R.I.P.—requiescat, or requiescant, in pace, may he, she, or they, rest in peace
- R.P.D.—rerum politicarum doctor, doctor of political science
- R.S.S.—Regiae Societatis Sodalis, Fellow of the Royal Society
- S.—sepultus, buried; situs, lies; societas, society; socius or sodalis, fellow; s., semi, half; solidus, shilling
- s.a.—sine anno, without date; secundum artem, according to art
- S.A.S.—Societatis Antiquariorum Socius, Fellow of the Society of Antiquaries
- sc.—scilicet, namely; sculpsit, he, or she, carved or engraved it
- Sc. B.—scientiae baccalaureus, bachelor of science
- Sc. D.—scientiae doctor, doctor of science
- S.D.—salutem dicit, sends greetings
- s.d.—sine die, indefinitely
- sec.—secundum, according to
- sec. leg.—secundum legem, according to law
- sec. nat.—secundum naturam, according to nature, or naturally
- sec. reg.—secundum regulam, according to rule

seq.—sequens, sequentes, sequentia, the following S.H.S.—Societatis Historiae Socius,

S.H.S.—Societatis Historiae Socius, Fellow of the Historical Society

s.h.v.—sub hac voce or sub hoc verbo, under this word

s.l.a.n.—sine loco, anno, vel nomine, without place, date, or name

s.l.p.—sine legitima prole, without lawful issue

s.m.p.—sine mascula prole, without male issue

s.n.—sine nomine, without name

s.p.—sine prole, without issue

S.P.A.S.—Societatis Philosophiae Americanae Socius, Fellow of the American Philosophical Society

s.p.s.—sine prole superstite, without surviving issue

S.R.S.—Societatis Regiae Socius or Sodalis, Fellow of the Royal Society

ss-scilicet, namely (in law)

S.S.C.—Societas Sanctae Crucis, Society of the Holy Cross

stat.—statim, immediately

S.T.B.—sacrae theologiae baccalaureus, bachelor of sacred theology S.T.D.—sacrae theologiae doctor, doctor of sacred theology

S.T.P.—sacrae theologiae professor, professor of sacred theology

sub.—subaudi, understand, supply

sup.—supra, above

t. or temp.—tempore, in the time of

tal. qual.—talis qualis, just as they come; average quality

U.J.D.—utriusque juris doctor, doctor of both civil and canon law

ult.—ultimo, last month (may be abbreviated in writing but should be spelled out in printing)

ung.-unguentum, ointment

u.s.—ubi supra, in the place above mentioned

ut dict.—ut dictum, as directed

ut sup.—ut supra, as above

ux.—uxor, wife

v.—versus, against; vide, see; voce, voice, word

v. ——a., vixit ——annos—lived [so many] years

verb. sap.—verbum [satis] sapienti, a word to the wise suffices

v.g.-verbi gratia, for example

viz-videlicet, namely

v.s.—vide supra, see above

# Information technology acronyms and initialisms

**9.64.** If abbreviations are required, use these forms:

AARP—Apple Address Resolution Protocol

ABLS—Automated Bid List System

ABM—asynchronous balanced mode

ACES—access certificates for electronic services

ACP—Access Content Package

ACS—Access Content Storage

ACSIS—Acquisition, Classification, and Shipment Information
System

AES—advanced encryption standard

AIFF—audio interchange file format

AIP—Archival Information Package

AIS—Archival Information Storage

ANSI—American National Standards
Institute

AP—access processor

ARK—archival resource key

ARP—address resolution protocol

ASCII—American Standard Code for Information Interchange

ACD 1: (* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	EAC C 1
ASP—application service provider	EAC—estimate at completion
BAC—billing address code	EAP—enterprise application platform
BBS—bulletin board service	EBCDIC—Extended Binary Coded
BPEL—business process execution	Decimal Interchange Code
language	ePub—Electronic Publishing Section
BPI—business process information	FAQ—frequently asked question
BPS—business process storage	FBCA—Federal Bridge Certificate
CA—certification authority	Authority
CCSDS—Consultative Committee for	FDDI—fiber distributed data interface
Space Data Systems	FDLP—Federal Depository Library
CD—compact disk	Program
CDN—content delivery network	FDsys—Federal Digital System
CDR—critical design review	FICC—Federal Identity Credentialing
CD-ROM—compact disk read only	Committee
memory	FIFO—first in first out
CE—content evaluator	FIPS—Federal Information Processing
CFR—Code of Federal Regulations	Standard
CGP—Catalog of U.S. Government	FOB—free on board
Publications	FOSI—format output specification
CMS—content management system	instance
CMYK—cyan, magenta, yellow, black	FTP—file transfer protocol
CO—content originator	GAP—GPO Access Package
COOP—continuity of operations plan	GDI—graphical device interface
CP—content processor	GFE—government furnished
CPI—content packet information	equipment
CRC—cyclic redundancy checks	GFI—government furnished
CSV—comma separated variable	information
DBMS—database management system	GGP—gateway-to-gateway protocol
DES—data encryption standard	GIF—graphics interchange format
DIP—Dissemination Information	GILS—Government Information
Package	Locator Service
DMI—desktop management interface	GUI—graphical user interface
DNS—domain name system	HDTV—high definition television
DO—digital objects	HMAC—key hashed message
DOI—Digital Object Identifier	authentication code
DoS—denial of service	HSM—hardware security module
DPI—dots per inch	HTML—hypertext markup language
DSR—deployment system review	HTTP—hypertext transfer protocol
DSSL—document style and semantics	Hz—Hertz
language	ICMP—internet control message
DVD—digital versatile disc	protocol
EA—enterprise architecture	ID—Information Dissemination
EAD—encoded archival description	IDD—interface design description

Preservation Program

IEEE-Institute of Electronics and NFC-National Finance Center **Electrical Engineers** NIST-National Institute of IETF-Internet Engineering Task Standards and Technology NNTP-network news transfer Force ILS—Integrated Library System protocol IP—internet protocol OAI—Open Archives Initiative IPR—internal progress review OAI-PMH—Open Archives Initiative IPSEC—internet protocol security Protocol for Metadata Harvesting ISO-International Organization for OAIS—Open Archival Information Standardization Systems ISP—internet service provider OCLC—Online Computer Library ISSN—International Standard Serial Center Number OCR—optical character recognition IT—information technology OLTP—online transaction processing ITU—International PRONOM—Practical Online Telecommunications Union Compendium of File Formats JDF—Job Definition Format PTR—program tracking report JPEG—Joint Photographic Experts PURL—persistent uniform resource Group locator LAN-local area network RAID—redundant array of LDAP—lightweight directory access inexpensive disks protocol RAM—random access memory LPI—lines per inch RFC—request for comments MAC—message authentication code RGB-red, green, blue MARC—Machine Readable RI—representation information RMA—reliability, maintainability, Cataloging METS-Metadata Encoding and availability Transmission Standard RPC—remote procedure call RSA-Rivest, Shamir, Adleman MHz-megahertz MIME—multipurpose internet mail (public key decryption algorithm) RTF-rich text format extensions MIPS—millions of instructions per RVTM—requirements verification traceability matrix MMAR-Materials Management SAML—security assertion markup Procurement Regulation language MODS—Metadata Object Descriptive SDLC—software/system development Schema life cycle MPCF—marginally punched SDR—system design review Section 508—Section 508 of the continuous forms NAT—network address translation Rehabilitation Act NDIIPP—National Digital SGML—standard generalized markup Information Infrastructure and language

SHA—secure hash algorithm

SIP—Submission Information Package SLIP—serial line internet protocol SMP—storage management processor SMS—storage management system SMTP—simple mail transfer protocol SNMP—simple network management protocol SPA—simplified purchase agreement SSL—secure sockets layer SSP—system security plan SSR—software specification review TDES—Triple Data Encryption Standard TIFF—tagged image file format TLS—transport layer security UDP—user datagram protocol URL—uniform resource locator URN—uniform resource name/ number

VLAN—virtual local area network VPN—virtual private network VRML—virtual reality modeling language W3C—World Wide Web Consortium WAIS—wide area information service WAN—wide area network WAP—wireless application protocol WAV—waveform audio format WIP—work in process WML—wireless markup language WMS—workflow management system WWW—World Wide Web WYSIWYG-what you see is what you get XML—extensible markup language XMLDsig-xml signature XMLENC-xml encryption

## 10. Signs and Symbols

- **10.1.** The increased use of signs and symbols and their importance in technical and scientific work have emphasized the necessity of standardization on a national basis and of the consistent use of the standard forms.
- **10.2.** Certain symbols are standardized—number symbols (the digits, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9); letter symbols (the letters of the alphabet, a, b, c, d, etc.); and graphic symbols (the mathematical signs +, -,  $\pm$ ,  $\times$ ,  $\div$ ).
- **10.3.** The signs +, -, ±, ×, and ÷, etc., are closed against accompanying figures and symbols. When the × is used to indicate "crossed with" (in plant or animal breeding) or magnification, it will be separated from the accompanying words by a space.

i–vii + 1–288 pages The equation A+B The result is  $4\times4$  $20,000\pm5,000$  Early June × Bright (crossed with) × 4 (magnification) miles ÷ gallons

## Symbols with figures

- **10.4.** In technical publications the degree mark is used in lieu of the word *degree* following a figure denoting measurement.
- **10.5.** Following a figure, the spelled form is preferred. The percent symbol is used in areas where space will not allow the word *percent* to be used.

In that period the price rose 12, 15, and 19 percent. *not* In that period the price rose 12 percent, 15 percent, and 19 percent.

**10.6.** Any symbol set close up to figures, such as the degree mark, number mark, dollar mark, or cent mark, is used before or after each figure in a group or series.

### Letter symbols

**10.7.** Letter symbols are set in italic (see rule 10.8) or in roman (see rule 9.56) without periods and are capitalized only if so shown in copy, since the capitalized form may have an entirely different meaning.

## **Equations**

- 10.8. In mathematical equations, use italic for all letter symbols—capitals, lowercase, small capitals, and superiors and inferiors (exponents and subscripts); use roman for figures, including superiors and inferiors.
- **10.9.** If an equation or a mathematical expression needs to be divided, break before +, -, =, etc. However, the equal sign is to clear on the left of other beginning mathematical signs.
- **10.10.** A short equation in text should not be broken at the end of a line. Space out the line so that the equation will begin on the next line; or better, center the equation on a line by itself.
- **10.11.** An equation too long for one line is set flush left, the second half of the equation is set flush right, and the two parts are balanced as nearly as possible.
- **10.12.** Two or more equations in a series are aligned on the equal signs and centered on the longest equation in the group.
- **10.13.** Connecting words of explanation, such as *hence*, *therefore*, and *similarly*, are set flush left either on the same line with the equation or on a separate line.
- **10.14.** Parentheses, braces, brackets, integral signs, and summation signs should be of the same height as the mathematical expressions they include.
- **10.15.** Inferiors precede superiors if they appear together; but if either inferior or superior is too long, the two are aligned on the left.

## **Chemical symbols**

**10.16.** The names and symbols listed below are approved by the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry. They are set in roman without periods.

Actinium         Ac         89         Mendelevium         Md           Aluminum         Al         13         Mercury         Hg           Americium         Am         95         Molybdenum         Mo           Antimony         Sb         51         Neodymium         Nd           Art         18         Necon         Ne           Arsenic         As         33         Neptunium         Np           Astatine         At         85         Nickel         Ni           Barium         Ba         56         Nickel         Ni           Berkelium         Bk         97         Nitrogen         N           Berkelium         Be         4         Nobelium         No           Bismuth         Bi         83         Osmium         Os           Bohrium         Bh         107         Oxygen         O           Boron         B         5         Palladium         Pd           Bromine         Br         35         Phosphorus         P           Caditiom         Ca         20         Plutonium         Pt           Calcium         Ca         20         Plutonium         Pt<	101 80 42 60 10 93 28 41 7 102 76 8 46
Americium         Am         95         Molybdénum         Mo           Antimony         Sb         51         Neodymium         Nd           Argon         Ar         18         Neodymium         Nd           Arsenic         As         33         Neptunium         Np           Astatine         At         85         Neptunium         Np           Astatine         At         85         Niobium         Nb           Barium         Ba         56         Niobium         Nb           Berkelium         Bk         97         Nitrogen         N           Berspillium         Be         4         Nobelium         No           Bismuth         Bi         83         Osmium         Os           Bohrium         Bh         107         Oxygen         O           Bromine         Br         35         Palladium         Pd           Bromine         Br         35         Phosphorus         P           Caditium         Cd         48         Plotatinum         Pt           Calcium         Ca         20         Plutonium         Pt           Carbon         C         6 <td< td=""><td>42 60 10 93 28 41 7 102 76 8 46</td></td<>	42 60 10 93 28 41 7 102 76 8 46
Antimony         Sb         51         Neodymium         Nd           Argon         Ar         18         Neon         Ne           Arsenic         As         33         Neptunium         Np           Astatine         At         85         Nickel         Ni           Barium         Ba         56         Niobium         Nb           Berselium         Bk         97         Nitrogen         N           Bersellium         Be         4         Nobelium         No           Bersellium         Be         4         Nobelium         No           Bersellium         Bh         107         Oxygen         O           Oxygen         O         Oygen         O         O           Boron         B         5         Desphorus         P           Bromine         Br         35         Phosphorus         P           Cadmium         Cd         48         Platinum         Pt           Calcium         Ca         20         Plutonium         Pt           Carium         Cf         98         Polonium         Po           Carium         Cc         55         Promethium	60 10 93 28 41 7 102 76 8 46
Argon	10 93 28 41 7 102 76 8 46
Arsenic         As         33         Neptunium         Np           Astatine         At         85         Nickel         Ni           Barium         Ba         56         Niobium         Nb           Berkelium         Bk         97         Nitrogen         N           Berkelium         Be         4         Nobelium         No           Bismuth         Bi         83         Osmium         Os           Bohrium         Bh         107         Oxygen         O           Bromine         Br         35         Palladium         Pd           Bromine         Br         35         Phosphorus         P           Cadmium         Cd         48         Platinum         Pt           Californium         Cf         98         Polonium         Pt           Californium         Cf         98         Polonium         Po           Carbon         C         6         Praseodymium         Pr           Cesium         Cs         55         Promethium         Pm           Chlorine         Cl         17         Radium         Ra           Cobalt         Co         27         Ra	93 28 41 7 102 76 8 46
Astatine         At         85         Nickel         Ni           Barium         Ba         56         Niobium         Nb           Berkelium         Bk         97         Nitrogen         N           Beryllium         Be         4         Nobelium         No           Bismuth         Bi         83         Osmium         Os           Boron         Bh         107         Oxygen         O           Bromine         Br         35         Palladium         Pd           Cadmium         Cd         48         Platinum         Pt           Calcium         Ca         20         Platinum         Pt           Calcium         Ca         20         Plutonium         Pt           Calcium         Ca         20         Plutonium         Pt           Calcium         Ca         20         Ploonium         Po           Carium         Ce         58         Praseodymium         Pr           Cerium         Cs         55         Promethium         Pm           Chlorine         Cl         17         Protactinium         Pa           Cobalt         Co         27         Rado	28 41 7 102 76 8 46
Barium         Ba         56         Niobium         Nb           Berkelium         Bk         97         Nitrogen         N           Beryllium         Be         4         Nobelium         No           Bismuth         Bi         83         Osmum         Os           Bohrium         Bh         107         Oxygen         O           Bromine         Br         35         Phosphorus         P           Cadmium         Cd         48         Platinum         Pt           Calcium         Ca         20         Plutonium         Pu           Californium         Cf         98         Polonium         Pu           Californium         Cf         98         Polonium         Po           Carium         Ce         58         Praseodymium         Pr           Cerium         Ce         58         Praseodymium         Pr           Chlorine         Cl         17         Promethium         Pr           Chromium         Cr         24         Radium         Ra           Cobalt         Co         27         Radon         Rn           Corpper         Cu         29 <td< td=""><td>41 7 102 76 8 46</td></td<>	41 7 102 76 8 46
Berkelium         Bk         97         Nitrogen         N           Beryllium         Be         4         Nobelium         No           Bismuth         Bi         83         Osmium         Os           Bohrium         Bh         107         Oxygen         O           Boron         B         5         Palladium         Pd           Bromine         Br         35         Phosphorus         P           Cadmium         Cd         48         Platinum         Pt           Calcium         Ca         20         Plutonium         Pt           Calcium         Ca         20         Plutonium         Pt           Californium         Cf         98         Polonium         Po           Carbon         C         6         Potassium         K           Cerium         Ce         58         Praseodymium         Pr           Crosium         Cs         55         Promethium         Pm           Chlorine         Cl         17         Protactinium         Pa           Cabalt         Co         27         Radium         Ra           Radon         Rn         Rn         Rn </td <td>7 102 76 8 46</td>	7 102 76 8 46
Beryllium         Be         4         Nobelium         No           Bismuth         Bi         83         Osmium         Os           Bohrium         Bh         107         Oxygen         O           Boron         B         5         Palladium         Pd           Bromine         Br         35         Phosphorus         P           Cadmium         Cd         48         Platinum         Pt           Cadmium         Cd         48         Platinum         Pt           Californium         Ca         20         Plutonium         Pt           Californium         Cf         98         Polonium         Po           Carbon         C         6         Potassium         K           Cerium         Ce         58         Praseodymium         Pr           Cesium         Cs         55         Promethium         Pm           Protactinium         Pa         Protactinium         Pa           Chromium         Cr         24         Radium         Ra           Cabalt         Co         27         Radon         Rn           Copper         Cu         29         Rhenium	102 76 8 46
Bismuth         Bi         83         Osmium         Os           Bohrium         Bh         107         Oxygen         O           Boron         B         5         Palladium         Pd           Bromine         Br         35         Phosphorus         P           Cadmium         Cd         48         Platinum         Pt           Cadmium         Cd         48         Platinum         Pt           Californium         Ca         20         Plutonium         Pt           Californium         Cf         98         Polonium         Po           Carbon         C         6         Potassium         K           Cerium         Ce         58         Praseodymium         Pr           Cesium         Cs         55         Promethium         Pm           Potassium         K         Cerium         Pr         Promethium         Pr           Chlorine         Cl         17         Promethium         Pm         Pr           Chromium         Cr         24         Radium         Ra           Cabalt         Co         27         Radon         Rn           Copper	76 8 46
Bohrium         Bh         107         Oxygen         O           Boron         B         5         Palladium         Pd           Bromine         Br         35         Phosphorus         P           Cadmium         Cd         48         Platinum         Pt           Calcium         Ca         20         Plutonium         Pu           Calcium         Cf         98         Polonium         Po           Californium         Cf         98         Polonium         Po           Carbon         C         6         Potassium         K           Cerium         Ce         58         Praseodymium         Pr           Cesium         CS         55         Promethium         Pm           Chlorine         Cl         17         Protactinium         Pm           Chlorine         Cl         17         Protactinium         Pm           Chromium         Cr         24         Radium         Ra           Ra         Cobalt         Co         27         Radon         Rn           Copper         Cu         29         Rhenium         Re           Curium         Ds         110<	8 46
Boron         B         5         Palladium         Pd           Bromine         Br         35         Phosphorus         P           Cadmium         Cd         48         Platinum         Pt           Calcium         Ca         20         Plutonium         Pu           Californium         Cf         98         Plotonium         Pu           Carbon         C         6         Potassium         K           Cerium         Ce         58         Prascodymium         Pr           Cesium         Cs         55         Promethium         Pm           Chlorine         Cl         17         Protactinium         Pa           Chromium         Cr         24         Radium         Ra           Cobalt         Co         27         Radon         Rn           Copper         Cu         29         Rhenium         Re           Curium         Ds         110         Roentgenium         Rg           Dubnium         Db         105         Rutheilum         Rb           Dysprosium         Dy         66         Rutherfordium         Rf           Erbium         Er         68	46
Bromine         Br         35         Phosphorus         P           Cadmium         Cd         48         Platinum         Pt           Calcium         Ca         20         Plutonium         Pu           Californium         Cf         98         Polonium         Po           Carbon         C         6         Potassium         K           Cerium         Ce         58         Prascodymium         Pr           Cesium         Cs         55         Promethium         Pm           Chlorine         Cl         17         Protactinium         Pa           Chromium         Cr         24         Radium         Ra           Cobalt         Co         27         Radium         Ra           Copper         Cu         29         Rhenium         Re           Curium         Cm         96         Rhodium         Rh           Darmstadtium         Ds         110         Roentgenium         Rg           Dubnium         Db         105         Rutheilum         Ru           Einsteinium         Es         99         Rutherfordium         Rf           Erbium         Er         68 <td></td>	
Cadmium         Cd         48         Platinum         Pt           Calcium         Ca         20         Plutonium         Pu           Californium         Cf         98         Polonium         Po           Carbon         C         6         Potassium         K           Cerium         Ce         58         Praseodymium         Pr           Cesium         Cs         55         Promethium         Pm           Chroine         Cl         17         Protactinium         Pa           Chromium         Cr         24         Radium         Ra           Cobalt         Co         27         Radon         Rn           Copper         Cu         29         Rhenium         Re           Rurium         Ds         110         Roentgenium         Rg           Dubnium         Db         105         Rubidium         Rb           Dysprosium         Dy         66         Ruthenium         Rt           Erbium         Es         99         Ruthenium         Rf           Erbium         Er         68         Samarium         Sm           Europium         Eu         63         <	1.5
Calcium         Ca         20         Plutonium         Pu           Californium         Cf         98         Polonium         Po           Carbon         C         6         Potassium         K           Cerium         Ce         58         Praseodymium         Pr           Cesium         Cs         55         Promethium         Pm           Chlorine         Cl         17         Protactinium         Pm           Chromium         Cr         24         Radium         Ra           Cobalt         Co         27         Radon         Rn           Copper         Cu         29         Rhodium         Re           Curium         Ds         110         Roentgenium         Rg           Dubnium         Db         105         Rubidium         Rb           Dysprosium         Dy         66         Ruthenium         Ru           Einsteinium         Es         99         Ruthenium         Rf           Erbium         Er         68         Samarium         Sm           Europium         Eu         63         Scandium         Sc           Fermium         Fm         100	
Californium         Cf         98         Polonium         Po           Carbon         C         6         Potassium         K           Cerium         Ce         58         Praseodymium         Pr           Cesium         Cs         55         Promethium         Pm           Chlorine         Cl         17         Protactinium         Pa           Chromium         Cr         24         Radium         Ra           Cobalt         Co         27         Radon         Rn           Copper         Cu         29         Rhenium         Re           Curium         Cm         96         Rhodium         Rh           Darmstadtium         Ds         110         Roentgenium         Rg           Dubnium         Db         105         Rutheilum         Rb           Dysprosium         Dy         66         Rutheriordium         Rf           Einsteinium         Es         99         Rutherfordium         Rf           Erbium         Er         68         Sanarium         Sm           Europium         Eu         63         Scandium         Sc           Fermium         Fm <td< td=""><td>78</td></td<>	78
Carbon         C         6         Potassium         K           Cerium         Ce         58         Praseodymium         Pr           Cesium         Cs         55         Promethium         Pr           Chlorine         Cl         17         Protactinium         Pa           Chromium         Cr         24         Radium         Ra           Cobalt         Co         27         Radon         Rn           Copper         Cu         29         Rhenium         Re           Curium         Cm         96         Rhodium         Rh           Darmstadtium         Ds         110         Roentgenium         Rg           Dubnium         Db         105         Rubidium         Rb           Dysprosium         Dy         66         Ruthenium         Ru           Einsteinium         Es         99         Rutherfordium         Rf           Erbium         Er         68         Samarium         Sm           Europium         Eu         63         Scandium         Sc           Fermium         Fm         100         Seaborgium         Sg           Fluorine         F         9 <td>94</td>	94
Cerium         Ce         58         Praseodymium         Pr           Cesium         Cs         55         Promethium         Pm           Chlorine         Cl         17         Protactinium         Pa           Chromium         Cr         24         Radium         Ra           Cobalt         Co         27         Radon         Rn           Copper         Cu         29         Rhenium         Re           Curium         Cm         96         Rhodium         Rh           Darmstadtium         Ds         110         Roentgenium         Rg           Dysprosium         Db         105         Rubidium         Rb           Dysprosium         Dy         66         Ruthenium         Ru           Einsteinium         Es         99         Rutherfordium         Rf           Erbium         Er         68         Samarium         Sm           Europium         Eu         63         Scandium         Sc           Fermium         Fm         100         Seaborgium         Sg           Fluorine         Fr         9         Selenium         Se           Francium         Fr <t< td=""><td>84</td></t<>	84
Cesium         Cs         55         Promethium         Pm           Chlorine         Cl         17         Protactinium         Pa           Chromium         Cr         24         Radium         Ra           Cobalt         Co         27         Radon         Rn           Copper         Cu         29         Rhenium         Re           Curium         Cm         96         Rhodium         Rh           Darmstadtium         Ds         110         Roentgenium         Rg           Dubnium         Db         105         Rubidium         Rb           Dysprosium         Dy         66         Ruthenium         Ru           Einsteinium         Es         99         Ruthenium         Rf           Erbium         Er         68         Samarium         Sm           Europium         Eu         63         Scandium         Sc           Fermium         Fm         100         Seaborgium         Sg           Fluorine         Fr         87         Silicon         Si           Gadolinium         Gd         64         Silver         Ag	19
Chlorine         Cl         17         Protactinium         Pa           Chromium         Cr         24         Radium         Ra           Cobalt         Co         27         Radon         Rn           Copper         Cu         29         Rhenium         Re           Curium         Cm         96         Rhodium         Rh           Darmstadtium         Ds         110         Roentgenium         Rg           Dubnium         Db         105         Rubidium         Rb           Dysprosium         Dy         66         Ruthenium         Ru           Einsteinium         Es         99         Rutherfordium         Rf           Erbium         Er         68         Samarium         Sm           Europium         Eu         63         Scandium         Sc           Fermium         Fm         100         Seaborgium         Sg           Fluorine         F         9         Selenium         Se           Francium         Fr         87         Silicon         Si           Gadolinium         Gd         64         Silver         Ag	59
Chromium.         Cr         24         Radium.         Ra           Cobalt.         Co         27         Radon.         Rn           Copper.         Cu         29         Rhenium.         Re           Curium.         Cm         96         Rhenium.         Rh           Darmstadtium.         Ds         110         Roentgenium.         Rg           Dubnium.         Db         105         Rubidium.         Rb           Dysprosium.         Dy         66         Ruthenium.         Ru           Einsteinium.         Es         99         Rutherfordium.         Rf           Erbium.         Er         68         Samarium.         Sm           Europium.         Eu         63         Scandium.         Sc           Fermium.         Fm         100         Seaborgium.         Sg           Fluorine.         F         9         Selenium.         Se           Francium.         Fr         87         Silicon.         Si           Gadolinium.         Gd         64         Silver.         Ag	61
Cobalt         Co         27         Radon         Rn           Copper         Cu         29         Rhenium         Re           Curium         Cm         96         Rhodium         Rh           Darmstadtium         Ds         110         Roentgenium         Rg           Dubnium         Db         105         Rubidium         Rb           Dysprosium         Dy         66         Ruthenium         Ru           Einsteinium         Es         99         Rutherfordium         Rf           Erbium         Er         68         Samarium         Sm           Europium         Eu         63         Scandium         Sc           Fermium         Fm         100         Seaborgium         Sg           Fluorine         F         9         Selenium         Se           Francium         Fr         87         Silicon         Si           Gadolinium         Gd         64         Silver         Ag	91
Copper         Cu         29         Rhenium         Re           Curium         Cm         96         Rhodium         Rh           Darmstadtium         Ds         110         Roentgenium         Rg           Dubnium         Db         105         Rubidium         Rb           Dysprosium         Dy         66         Ruthenium         Ru           Einsteinium         Es         99         Rutherfordium         Rf           Erbium         Er         68         Samarium         Sm           Europium         Eu         63         Scandium         Sc           Fermium         Fm         100         Seaborgium         Sg           Fluorine         F         9         Selenium         Se           Francium         Fr         87         Silicon         Si           Gadolinium         Gd         64         Silver         Ag	88
Curium.         Cm         96         Rhodium.         Rh           Darmstadtium         Ds         110         Roentgenium.         Rg           Dubnium         Db         105         Rubidium.         Rb           Dysprosium.         Dy         66         Ruthenium.         Ru           Einsteinium.         Es         99         Rutherfordium.         Rf           Erbium.         Er         68         Samarium.         Sm           Europium.         Eu         63         Scandium.         Sc           Fermium.         Fm         100         Seaborgium.         Sg           Fluorine.         F         9         Selenium.         Se           Francium.         Fr         87         Silicon.         Si           Gadolinium.         Gd         64         Silver.         Ag	86
Darmstadtium         Ds         110         Roentgenium         Rg           Dubnium         Db         105         Rubidium         Rb           Dysprosium         Dy         66         Rutheidium         Ru           Einsteinium         Es         99         Rutherfordium         Rf           Erbium         Er         68         Samarium         Sm           Europium         Eu         63         Scandium         Sc           Fermium         Fm         100         Seaborgium         Sg           Fluorine         F         9         Selenium         Se           Francium         Fr         87         Silicon         Si           Gadolinium         Gd         64         Silver         Ag	75
Dubnium         Db         105         Rubidium         Rb           Dysprosium         Dy         66         Ruthenium         Ru           Einsteinium         Es         99         Rutherfordium         Rf           Erbium         Er         68         Samarium         Sm           Europium         Eu         63         Scandium         Sc           Fermium         Fm         100         Seaborgium         Sg           Fluorine         F         9         Selenium         Se           Francium         Fr         87         Silicon         Si           Gadolinium         Gd         64         Silver         Ag	45
Dysprosium         Dy         66 Einsteinium         Rutherium         Ru           Einsteinium         Es         99 Erbium         Rutherfordium         Rf           Erbium         Er         68 Samarium         Sm           Europium         Eu         63 Scandium         Sc           Fermium         Fm         100 Seaborgium         Sg           Fluorine         F         9 Selenium         Se           Francium         Fr         87 Silicon         Si           Gadolinium         Gd         64 Silver         Ag	111
Einsteinium         Es         99         Rutherfordium         Rf           Erbium         Er         68         Samarium         Sm           Europium         Eu         63         Scandium         Sc           Fermium         Fm         100         Seaborgium         Sg           Fluorine         F         9         Selenium         Se           Francium         Fr         87         Silicon         Si           Gadolinium         Gd         64         Silver         Ag	37
Erbium         Er         68         Samarium         Sm           Europium         Eu         63         Scandium         Sc           Fermium         Fm         100         Seaborgium         Sg           Fluorine         F         9         Selenium         Se           Francium         Fr         87         Silicon         Si           Gadolinium         Gd         64         Silver         Ag	44
Europium         Eu         63         Scandium         Sc           Fermium         Fm         100         Seaborgium         Sg           Fluorine         F         9         Selenium         Se           Francium         Fr         87         Silicon         Si           Gadolinium         Gd         64         Silver         Ag	104
Fermium         Fm         100         Seaborgium         Sg           Fluorine         F         9         Selenium         Se           Francium         Fr         87         Silicon         Si           Gadolinium         Gd         64         Silver         Ag	62
Fluorine	21
Fluorine	106
Gadolinium	34
	14
Gallium	47
	11
Germanium	38
Gold   Au   79   Sulfur   S	16
Hafnium   Hf   72   Tantalum   Ta	73
Hassium   Hs   108   Technetium   Tc	43
Helium   He   2   Tellurium   Te	52
Holmium   Ho   67   Terbium   Tb	65
Hydrogen   H   1     Thallium   Tl	81
Indium In 49   Thorium Th	90
Iodine I 53    Thulium   Tm	69
Iridium	50
Iron Fe 26 Titanium Ti	22
Krypton   Kr   36   Tungsten   W	74
Lanthanum La 57    Uranium U	92
Lawrencium Lr 103    Vanadium V	23
Lead	54
Lithium	70
Lutetium   Lu   71   Yttrium   Y	39
Magnesium Mg 12   Zinc Zn	30
Manganese   Mn   25   Zirconium   Zr	40
Meitnerium Mt 109	10

## Standardized symbols

10.17. Symbols duly standardized by any national scientific, professional, or technical group are accepted as preferred forms within the field of the group. The issuing office desiring or requiring the use of such standardized symbols should see that copy is prepared accordingly.

## Signs and symbols

10.18. The following list contains some signs and symbols frequently used in printing. The forms and style of many symbols vary with the method of reproduction employed. It is important that editors and writers clearly identify signs and symbols when they appear within a manuscript.

#### ACCENTS

- acute
- breve
- cedilla
- circumflex
- · dieresis
- grave
- macron
- ~ tilde

#### ARROWS

- → direction
- direction
- direction
- direction
- direction
- 🗲 bold arrow open arrow
- reversible reaction

#### BULLETS

- solid circle: bullet
- bold center dot
- movable accent

### **CHEMICAL**

- % salinity
- m minim
- # exchange
- 1 gas

### CIRCLED SYMBOLS

- O angle in circle
- © circle with parallel rule
- A triangle in circle
- O dot in circle

- A dot in triangle in circle
- Cross in circle
- © copyright
- Ceres
- Pallas
- Juno
- Westa

#### CODE

- · No. 1 6 pt. code dot
- No. 28 pt. code dot No. 3 10 pt. code dot
- No. 4 8 pt. code dot
- No. 4 10 pt. code dot No. 1 6 pt. code dash
- No. 28 pt. code dash
- No. 3 10 pt. code dash
- No. 4 8 pt. code dash
- No. 4 10 pt. code dash

### COMPASS

- ° degree
- degree with period
- minute
- ' minute with period
- " second
- " second with period
- " canceled second

#### DECORATIVE

- bold cross
- ross patte
- cross patte
- cross patte

- (184 N)
- ⇒ kev (206 N)
- ¶ paragraph

#### ELECTRICAL

- R reluctance
- → reaction goes both right and left
  - reaction goes both up and down
- 1 reversible
- direction of flow;
  - yields
- → direct current
- = electrical current
- = reversible reaction

- alternating current
- = reversible reaction
  - beginning at left
- = reversible reaction beginning at right
- $\Omega$  ohm; omega
- $M\Omega$  megohm; omega microohm; mu
- omega
- ω angular frequency, solid angle; omega
- magnetic flux; phi
- Ψ dielectric flux: electrostatic flux;
- γ conductivity: gamma

#### MATHEMATICAL-Con. ELECTRICAL-Con. MATHEMATICAL-Con. || double bond ρ resistivity; rho ✓ equal angles 🔪 double bond A equivalent conductivity // double bond $\neq$ not equal to **IP** horsepower identical with benzene ring ≠ not identical with $\partial$ or $\delta$ differential; variation MATHEMATICAL M score ∂ Italian differential ≈ or = nearly equal to vinculum (above → approaches limit of = equal to letters) ~ cycle sine ~ difference horizontal integral -: difference, excess ~ perspective to f contour integral ≈ congruent to approxiparallel mately equal s parallels △ difference between □ product ≠ not parallels geometrically equivasummation of; | absclute value lent to sum; sigma multiplied by ! or \( \subseteq \text{factorial product} \) included in is to; ratio ) excluded from + divided by MEASURE ⊂ is contained in : therefore; hence U logical sum or union pound ∩ logical product or in-3 dram :: proportion; as tersection f3 fluid dram ≪ is dominated by √ radical > greater than ounce 3 √ root regreater than f f fluid ounce ≥ greater than or equal O pint cube root √ fourth root ≥ greater than or equal **MISCELLANEOUS** fifth root √ sixth root ≥ greater than or less section than dagger > is not greater than double dagger base (2.718) of natural < less than of % account of system logarithms; epsilon less than % care of $\epsilon$ is a member of; di-M score ≤ less than or greater electric constant; than paragraph mean error; epsilon ∢ is not less than Anglo-Saxon + plus ≼ smaller than center line + bold plus < less than or equal to ď conjunction – minus ≤ less than or equal to perpendicular to bold minus $\begin{array}{c} \text{or} \, \geq \, \text{greater than or} \\ \text{equal to} \end{array}$ or "ditto / shill(ing); slash; ∝ variation virgule equal to or less than R recipe ± plus or minus equal to or less than ☐ move right # minus or plus

× multiplied by

bold equal

number

integral

single bond

single bond

single bond

per per

% percent

equal to or less than

equal to or greater

to or greater than

than

assertion sign

⊥ perpendicular to

[ move left

€ element of

3 scruple f function

⊙ ⊙ or ② biennial

! exclamation mark

# plus in square

2 perennial

O or O or 1 annual

1	MISCELLANEOUS—Con.	PLANETS-Con.	
φ	diameter	eclipse of Moon	J Jurassic
•	mean value of c	□ lunar halo	₹ Triassic
ŭ	mathmodifier	₩ lunar corona	P Permian
_	mathmodifier	2 Ceres	P Pennsylvanian
	dot in square	g Juno	M Mississippian
	dot in triangle	* Odiio	D Devonian
	station mark	PUNCTUATION	S Silurian
	at		O Ordovician
w		{ } braces	€ Cambrian
	MONEY	[ ] brackets	-
¢	cent	() parentheses	p€ Precambrian
¥	yen	square parentheses;	C Carboniferous
£	pound sterling	angle brackets	VERTICAL
nή	mills	; Spanish open quote	VERTICAL
•		¿ Spanish open quote	5 unit vertical
	MUSIC		8 point vertical
L	notional .	SEX	9 unit vertical
<u>ب</u>	natural	o or 5 male	
b	flat	<del>-</del>	WEATHER
#	sharp	male, in charts	T thunder
	PLANETS	9 female	
	PLANEIS	O female, in charts	sheet lightning
₿	Mercury	♀ hermaphrodite	sheet lightning
Ŷ	Venus		↓ precipitate
$\oplus$	Earth	SHAPES	• rain
o⊓	Mars	solid diamond	← floating ice crystals
24	Jupiter	♦ open diamond	↔ ice needles
þ	Saturn	open diamend	▲ hail
ô	Uranus	▲ solid triangle	⊗ sleet
Ψ	Neptune	△ triangle	∞ glazed frost
ė	Pluto	square	□ hoarfrost
Ω	dragon's head, as-	square solid square	∨ frostwork
•	cending node	□ parallelogram	* snow or sextile
છ	dragon's tail, de-		⊠ snow on ground
	scending node	□ rectangle □ double rectangle	→ drifting snow (low)
ď	conjunction	★ solid star	= fog
æ	opposition		∞ haze
0	or ② Sun	☆ open star	△ Aurora
Q	Sun's lower limb	∟ right angle	a nuioia
ಠ	Sun's upper limb	∠ angle	ZODIAC
Ф	solar corona	√ check	
$\Theta$	solar halo	√ check	Υ Aries; Ram
•	Moon	ß German ss	8 Taurus; Bull
	new Moon	ß italic German ss	II Gemini; Twins
7	first quarter	solid index	∽ Cancer; Crab
_		solid index	Ω Leo; Lion
	first quarter	index	呗 Virgo; Virgin
0	*****	index	
•	•	GEOLOGIC SYSTEMS 1	m Scorpio; Scorpion
C	. •		1 Sagittarius; Archer
0	last quarter	Q Quaternary	り Capricornus; Goat
_	full Moon	T Tertiary	Aquarius; Water bearer
1	full Moon	K Cretaceous	★ Pisces; Fishes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Standard letter symbols used by the Geological Survey on geologic maps. Capital letter indicates the system and one or more lowercased letters designate the formation and member where used.

### 11. Italic

(See also Chapter 9 "Abbreviations and Letter Symbols" and Chapter 16 "Datelines, Addresses, and Signatures")

**11.1.** Italic is sometimes used to differentiate or to give greater prominence to words, phrases, etc. However, an excessive amount of italic defeats this purpose and should be restricted.

## Emphasis, foreign words, and titles of publications

- **11.2.** Italic is not used for mere emphasis, foreign words, or the titles of publications.
- **11.3.** In nonlegal work, *ante*, *post*, *infra*, and *supra* are italicized only when part of a legal citation. Otherwise these terms, as well as the abbreviations *id.*, *ibid.*, *op. cit.*, *et seq.*, and other foreign words, phrases, and their abbreviations, are printed in roman.
- 11.4. When "emphasis in original," "emphasis supplied," "emphasis added," or "emphasis ours" appears in copy, it should not be changed; but "underscore supplied" should be changed to "italic supplied." Therefore, when emphasis in quoted or extracted text is referred to by the foregoing terms, such emphasized text must be reflected and set in italic.
- **11.5.** When copy is submitted with instructions to set "all roman (no italic)," these instructions will not apply to *Ordered*, *Resolved*, *Be it enacted*, etc.; titles following signatures or addresses; or the parts of datelines which are always set in italic.

## Names of aircraft, vessels, and spacecraft

11.6. The names of aircraft, vessels, and manned spacecraft are italicized unless otherwise indicated. In lists set in columns and in stubs and reading columns of tables consisting entirely of such names they will be set in roman. Missiles and rockets will be set in caps and lowercase and will not be italicized.

SS America; the liner America MV (motor vessel) Havtroll
the Bermuda Clipper Apollo 13, Atlantis (U.S. spaceships)
USS Los Angeles (submarine) West Virginia class or type
USS Wisconsin the Missouri's (roman "s") turret

ex-USS Savannah the U-7's (roman "s") deck

USCGS (U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey) ship *Pathfinder* but

C.S.N. Virginia Air Force One (President's plane)

CG cutter *Thetus* B–50 (type of plane)

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{the $U$-7$} & \text{DD-882} \\ \text{destroyer $31$} & \text{LST-1155} \\ \text{H.M.S. $Hornet$} & \text{MiG; MiG-35} \\ \text{HS (hydrofoil ship) $Denison$} & \text{PT-109} \\ \end{array}$ 

MS (motorship) *Richard* F-22 Raptor GTS (gas turbine ship) *Alexander* F-117 Nighthawk (Stealth fighter)

NS (nuclear ship) Savannah A–10 Thunderbolt

**11.7.** Names of vessels are quoted in matter printed in other than lowercase roman, even if there is italic type available in the series.

Sinking of the "Lusitania" SINKING OF THE "LUSITANIA"

Sinking of the "Lusitania" SINKING OF THE "LUSITANIA"

## Names of legal cases

**11.8.** The names of legal cases are italicized, except for the  $\nu$ , which is always set in lowercase. When requested, the names of such cases may be set in roman with an italic  $\nu$ . In matter set in italic, legal cases are set in roman with the  $\nu$ , being set roman.

"The Hornet" and "The Hood," SMITH v. BROWN ET AL. (heading)
124 F.2d 45 SMITH v. BROWN ET AL.

Smith v. Brown et al. (heading)
Smith Bros. case (172 App. Durham rule
Div. 149)
Brown decision

Smith Bros. case, supra

John Doe v. Richard Roe

Smith Bros. case

but John Doe against Richard Roe,

As cited in *Smith Bros*. the *Cement* case.

Italic 267

### Scientific names

**11.9.** The scientific names of genera, subgenera, species, and subspecies (varieties) are italicized, but are set in roman in italic matter; the names of groups of higher rank than genera (phyla, classes, orders, families, tribes, etc.) are printed in roman.

A.s. perpallidus
Dorothia? sp. (roman "?")
Tsuga canadensis
Cypripedium parviflorum var. pubescens
the genera Quercus and Liriodendron
the family Leguminosae; the family Nessiteras rhombopteryx
Measurements of specimens of Cyanoderma erythroptera neocara

**11.10.** Quotation marks should be used in place of italic for scientific names appearing in lines set in caps, caps and small caps, or boldface, even if there is italic type available in the series.

### Words and letters

**11.11.** The words *Resolved*, *Resolved further*, *Provided*, *Provided*, *however*, *Provided further*, *And provided further*, and *ordered*, in bills, acts, resolutions, and formal contracts and agreements are italicized; also the words *To be continued*, *Continued on p.* —, *Continued from p.* —, and *See* and *see also* (in indexes and tables of contents only).

Resolved, That (resolution)

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That

[To be continued] (centered; no period)

[Continued from p. 3] (centered; no period)

see also Mechanical data (index entry)

**11.12.** All letters (caps, small caps, lowercase, superiors, and inferiors) used as symbols are italicized. In italic matter roman letters are used. Chemical symbols (even in italic matter) and certain other standardized symbols are set in roman.

*n*th degree; *x* dollars  $D \div 0.025 V_m^{2.7} = 0.042/G - 1 V_m^{2.7}$  5Cu<sub>2</sub>S.2(Cu<sub>2</sub>Fe<sub>2</sub>Zn)S.2Sb<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>

**11.13.** Letter designations in mathematical and scientific matter, except chemical symbols, are italicized.

- **11.14.** Letter symbols used in legends to illustrations, drawings, etc., or in text as references to such material, are set in italic without periods and are capitalized if so shown in copy.
- **11.15.** Letters (*a*), (*b*), (*c*), etc., and *a*, *b*, *c*, etc., used to indicate sections or paragraphs, are italicized in general work but not in laws and other legal documents.
- **11.16.** Internet Web sites and email addresses should be set in roman.

- **12.1.** Most rules for the use of numerals are based on the general principle that the reader comprehends numerals more readily than numerical word expressions, particularly in technical, scientific, or statistical matter. However, for special reasons, numbers are spelled out in certain instances, except in FIC & punc. and Fol. Lit. matter.
- **12.2.** The following rules cover the most common conditions that require a choice between the use of numerals and words. Some of them, however, are based on typographic appearance rather than on the general principle stated above.
- **12.3.** Arabic numerals are preferable to Roman numerals.

## **Numbers expressed in figures**

**12.4.** A figure is used for a single number of *10* or more with the exception of the first word of the sentence. (See also rules 12.9 and 12.23.)

50 ballots	24 horses	nearly 13 buckets
10 guns	about 40 men	10 times as large

### Numbers and numbers in series

**12.5.** When 2 or more numbers appear in a sentence and 1 of them is 10 or larger, figures are used for each number. (See supporting rule 12.6.)

Each of 15 major commodities (9 metal and 6 nonmetal) was in supply. but Each of nine major commodities (five metal and four nonmetal) was in supply. Petroleum came from 16 fields, of which 8 were discovered in 1956.

but Petroleum came from nine fields, of which eight were discovered in 1956.

That man has 3 suits, 2 pairs of shoes, and 12 pairs of socks.

but That man has three suits, two pairs of shoes, and four hats.

Of the 13 engine producers, 6 were farm equipment manufacturers, 6 were principally engaged in the production of other types of machinery, and 1 was not classified in the machinery industry.

but Only nine of these were among the large manufacturing companies, and only three were among the largest concerns.

There were three 6-room houses, five 4-room houses, and three 2-room cottages, and they were built by 20 carpenters. (See rule 12.21.)

There were three six-room houses, five four-room houses, and three two-room cottages, and they were built by nine carpenters.

but If two columns of sums of money add or subtract one into the other and one carries points and ciphers, the other should also carry points and ciphers.

At the hearing, only one Senator and one Congressman testified.

There are four or five things which can be done.

**12.6.** A unit of measurement, time, or money (as defined in rule 12.9), which is always expressed in figures, does not affect the use of figures for other numerical expressions within a sentence.

Each of the five girls earned 75 cents an hour.

Each of the 15 girls earned 75 cents an hour.

A team of four men ran the 1-mile relay in 3 minutes 20 seconds.

This usually requires from two to five washes and a total time of 2 to 4 hours.

This usually requires 9 to 12 washes and a total time of 2 to 4 hours.

The contractor, one engineer, and one surveyor inspected the 1-mile road.

but There were two six-room houses, three four-room houses, and four two-room cottages, and they were built by nine workers in thirty 5-day weeks. (See rule 12.21.)

**12.7.** Figures are used for serial numbers.

Bulletin 725 290 U.S. 325 Document 71 Genesis 39:20

pages 352–357 202–512–0724 (telephone number)

lines 5 and 6 the year 2001

paragraph 1 1721–1727 St. Clair Avenue chapter 2 but Letters Patent No. 2,189,463

**12.8.** A colon preceding figures does not affect their use.

The result was as follows: 12 voted yea, 4 dissented.

The result was as follows: nine voted yea, seven dissented.

### Measurement and time

- **12.9.** Units of measurement and time, actual or implied, are expressed in figures.
  - a. Age:

6 years old a 3-year-old

52 years 10 months 6 days at the age of 3 (years implied)

Numerals 271

## b. Clock time (see also Time):

```
4:30 p.m.; half past 4
10 o'clock or 10 p.m. (not 10 o'clock p.m.; 2 p.m. in the afternoon; 10:00 p.m.)
12 p.m. (12 noon)
12 a.m. (12 midnight)
4<sup>h</sup>30<sup>m</sup> or 4.5<sup>h</sup>, in scientific work, if so written in copy
0025, 2359 (astronomical and military time)
08:31:04 (stopwatch reading)
```

### c. Dates:

```
9/11 (referring to the attack on the United States that occurred on September 11, 2001)

June 1985 (not June, 1985); June 29, 1985 (not June 29th, 1985)

March 6 to April 15, 1990 (not March 6, 1990, to April 15, 1990)

May, June, and July 1965 (but June and July 1965)

15 April 1951; 15–17 April 1951 (military)

4th of July (but Fourth of July, meaning the holiday)

the 1st [day] of the month (but the last of April or the first [part] of May, not referring to specific days)

in the year 2000 (not 2,000)
```

In referring to a fiscal year, consecutive years, or a continuous period of 2 years or more, when contracted, the forms 1900–11, 1906–38, 1931–32, 1801–2, 1875–79 are used (*but* upon change of century, 1895–1914 and to avoid multiple ciphers together, 2000–2001). For two or more separate years not representing a continuous period, a comma is used instead of a dash (1875, 1879); if the word *from* precedes the year or the word *inclusive* follows it, the second year is not shortened and the word *to* is used in lieu of the dash (from 1933 to 1936; 1935 to 1936, inclusive).

In dates, A.D. precedes the year (A.D. 937); B.C. follows the year (254 B.C.); C.E. and B.C.E. follow the year.

d. Decimals: In text a cipher should be supplied before a decimal point if there is no whole unit, and ciphers should be omitted after a decimal point unless they indicate exact measurement.

```
0.25 inch; 1.25 inches but .30 caliber (meaning 0.30 inch, silver 0.900 fine bore of small arms); 30 calibers specific gravity 0.9547 (length) gauge height 10.0 feet
```

e. Use spaces to separate groups of three digits in a decimal fraction. (See rule 12.27.)

0.123 456 789; but 0.1234

## f. Degrees, etc. (spaces omitted):

longitude 77°04'06" E. but

35°30'; 35°30' N.two degrees of justice; 12a polariscopic test of 85°degrees of freedoman angle of 57°32d degree Mason

strike N. 16° E. 150 million degrees Fahrenheit

dip 47° W. or 47° N. 31° W. 30 Fahrenheit degrees

25.5' (preferred) also 25'.5

## g. Game scores:

 1 up (golf)
 7 to 6 (football), etc.

 3 to 2 (baseball)
 2 all (tie)

### h. Market quotations:

4½ percent bondsgold is 109Treasury bonds sell at 95wheat at 2.30Metropolitan Railroad, 109sugar, .03; not 0.03

Dow Jones average of 10500.76

### i. Mathematical expressions:

multiplied by 3 a factor of 2 divided by 6 square root of 4

## j. Measurements:

 7 meters
 3 ems

 about 10 yards
 20/20 (vision)

 8 by 12 inches
 30/30 (rifle)

 8- by 12-inch page
 12-gauge shotgun

 2 feet by 1 foot 8 inches by 1 foot 3 inches
 2,500 horsepower

 15 cubic yards

 2 by 4 (lumber) (not 2 x 4 or 2×4)
 6-pounder

2 by 4 (lumber) (*not* 2 x 4 or 2×4) 6-pounder 1½ miles 80 foot-pounds

6 acres 10s (for yarns and threads)
9 bushels f/2.5 (lens aperture)
1 gallon

Numerals 273

butsix balestenpenny nailtwo dozenfourfoldone grossthree-plyzero miles

five votes seven-story building

## k. Money:

\$3.65; \$0.75; 75 cents; 0.5 cent but

\$3 (not \$3.00) per 200 pounds two pennies
75 cents apiece three quarters
Rs32,25,644 (Indian rupees) one half
2.5 francs or fr2.5 six bits, etc.

65 yen <del>P</del>265

## l. Percentage:

12 percent; 25.5 percent; 0.5 percent
(or one-half of 1 percent)

thirty-four one hundredths of

1 percent

1 percent 1100-percent increase 3.65 bonds; 3.65s; 5–20 bonds;

# m. Proportion:

1 to 4 1:62,500

1 - 3 - 5

## n. Time (see also Clock time):

5-20s; 4½s; 3s

6 hours 8 minutes 20 seconds but

10 years 3 months 29 days four centuries 7 minutes three decades

8 days three quarters (9 months)
4 weeks statistics of any one year
1 month in a year or two
3 fiscal years: third fiscal year four afternoons

3 fiscal years; third fiscal year four afternoons
1 calendar year one-half hour millennium the eleventh hour

#### o. Unit modifiers:

5-day week a 5-percent increase 8-year-old wine 20th-century progress

8-hour day

10-foot pole but

½-inch pipetwo-story house5-foot-wide entrancefive-member board10-million-peso loan\$20 million airfield

## p. Vitamins:

 $B_{12}$ ,  $B_{T}$ ,  $A_{1}$ , etc.

#### **Ordinal numbers**

**12.10.** Except as indicated in rules 12.11 and 12.19, and also for day preceding month, figures are used in text and footnotes to text for serial ordinal numbers beginning with *10th*. In tables, leaderwork, footnotes to tables and leaderwork, and in sidenotes, figures are used at all times. Military units are expressed in figures at all times when not the beginning of a sentence, except *Corps*. (For ordinals in addresses, see rule 12.13.)

29th of May, *but* May 29 eighth parallel; 38th parallel First Congress; 102d Congress fifth ward; 12th ward

ninth century; 21st century ninth birthday; 66th birthday

Second Congressional District; 20th first grade; 11th grade

Congressional District 1st Army

seventh region; 17th region 1st Cavalry Division

323d Fighter Wing

12th Regiment but

9th Naval District XII Corps (Army usage)
7th Fleet Court of Appeals for the Tenth

7th Air Force Circuit

7th Task Force Seventeenth Decennial Census (title)

**12.11.** When ordinals appear in juxtaposition and one of them is *10th* or more, figures are used for such ordinal numbers.

This legislation was passed in the 1st session of the 102d Congress. He served in the 9th and 10th Congresses.

Numerals 275

From the 1st to the 92d Congress.

Their children were in 1st, 2d, 3d, and 10th grades.

We read the 8th and 12th chapters.

but The district comprised the first and second precincts.

He represented the first, third, and fourth regions.

The report was the sixth in a series of 14.

**12.12.** Ordinals and numerals appearing in a sentence are treated according to the separate rules dealing with ordinals and numerals standing alone or in a group. (See rules 12.4, 12.5, and 12.24.)

The fourth group contained three items.

The fourth group contained 12 items.

The 8th and 10th groups contained three and four items, respectively.

The eighth and ninth groups contained 9 and 12 items, respectively.

**12.13.** Beginning with *10th*, figures are used in text matter for numbered streets, avenues, etc. However, figures are used at all times and *street*, *avenue*, etc. are abbreviated in sidenotes, tables, leaderwork, and footnotes to tables and leaderwork.

First Street NW.; *also* in parentheses: (Fifth Street) (13th Street); 810 West 12th Street; North First Street; 1021 121st Street; 2031 18th Street North; 711 Fifth Avenue: 518 10th Avenue: 51–35 61st Avenue

#### **Punctuation**

**12.14.** The comma is used in a number containing four or more digits, except in serial numbers, common and decimal fractions, astronomical and military time, and kilocycles and meters of not more than four figures pertaining to radio.

#### Chemical formulas

**12.15.** In chemical formulas full-sized figures are used before the symbol or group of symbols to which they relate, and inferior figures are used after the symbol.

## Numbers spelled out

**12.16.** Spell out numbers at the beginning of a sentence or head. Rephrase a sentence or head to avoid beginning with figures. (See rule 12.25 for related numbers.)

```
Five years ago * * *; not 5 years ago * * *

Five hundred fifty men hired * * *; not 550 men hired * * *

"Five-Year Plan Announced"; not "5-Year Plan Announced" (head)

The year 2065 seems far off * * *; not 2065 seems far off * * *

Workers numbering 207,843 * * *; not 207,843 workers * *

Benefits of $69,603,566 * * *; not $69,603,566 worth of benefits * * *

1958 REPORT change to THE 1958 REPORT

$3,000 BUDGETED change to THE SUM OF $3,000 BUDGETED

4 MILLION JOBLESS change to JOBLESS NUMBER 4 MILLION
```

**12.17.** In verbatim testimony, hearings, transcripts, and question and answer matter, figures are used immediately following Q. and A. or name of interrogator or witness for years (e.g., 2008), sums of money, decimals, street numbers, and for numerical expressions beginning with *101*.

```
Mr. Birch, Junior. 2008 was a good year.
```

Mr. Bell. \$1 per share was the return. Two dollars in 1956 was the alltime high. Two thousand ten may be another story.

Colonel Davis. 92 cents.

Mr. Smith. 12.8 people.

Mr. Jones. 1240 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20004.

Mr. Sмітн. Ninety-eight persons.

Q. 101 years? But Q. One hundred years?

A. 200 years.

Mr. Sмітн. Ten-year average would be how much?

**12.18.** A spelled-out number should not be repeated in figures, except in legal documents. In such instances use these forms:

```
five (5) dollars, not five dollars (5) ten dollars ($10), not ten ($10) dollars
```

Numerals 277

**12.19.** Numbers appearing as part of proper names, used in a hypothetical or inexact sense, or mentioned in connection with serious and dignified subjects such as Executive orders, legal proclamations, and in formal writing are spelled out.

Three Rivers, PA, Fifteenmile
Creek, etc.
the Thirteen Original States
in the year two thousand eight
the One Hundred Tenth Congress
millions for defense but not one
cent for tribute

three score years and ten
Ten Commandments
Air Force One (Presidential
plane)
back to square one
behind the eight ball
our policy since day one

**12.20.** If spelled out, whole numbers should be set in the following form:

two thousand twenty one thousand eight hundred fifty one hundred fifty-two thousand three hundred five eighteen hundred fifty (serial number)

When spelled out, any number containing a fraction or piece of a whole should use the word "and" when stating the fraction or piece:

sixty-two dollars and four cents ninety-nine and three-tenths degrees thirty-three and seventy-five one-hundredths shares

**12.21.** Numbers of less than *100* preceding a compound modifier containing a figure are spelled out.

two ¾-inch boards but

twelve 6-inch guns 120 8-inch boards two 5-percent discounts three four-room houses

**12.22.** Indefinite expressions are spelled out.

the seventies; the early seventies; midthirties (age, years, money) but the early 1870s or 1970s a thousand and one reasons in his eighties, not his '80's nor 80's but between two and three hundred 1 to 3 million

horses (better between 200 and mid-1971; mid-1970s

300 horses) 40-odd people; nine-odd people twelvefold; thirteenfold; fortyfold; 40-plus people

vefold; thirteenfold; fortyfold; 40-plus people hundredfold; twentyfold to 100-odd people

thirtyfold 3½-fold; 250-fold; 2.5-fold; 41-fold

Words such as *nearly, about, around, approximately,* etc., do not reflect indefinite expressions.

The bass weighed about 6 pounds. She was nearly 8 years old.

**12.23.** Except as indicated in rules 12.5 and 12.9, a number less than *10* is spelled out within a sentence.

six horses but five wells  $3\frac{1}{2}$  cans

eight times as large 2½ times or 2.5 times

**12.24.** For typographic appearance and easy grasp of large numbers beginning with *million*, the word *million* or *billion* is used.

The following are guides to treatment of figures as submitted in copy. If copy reads—

\$12,000,000, change to \$12 million

2,750,000,000 dollars, change to \$2,750 million

2.7 million dollars, change to \$2.7 million

2% million dollars, change to \$2% million

two and one-half million dollars, change to \$21/2 million

a hundred cows, change to 100 cows

a thousand dollars, change to \$1,000

a million and a half, change to 11/2 million

two thousand million dollars, change to \$2,000 million

less than a million dollars, change to less than \$1 million

but \$2,700,000, do not convert to \$2.7 million

also \$10 to \$20 million; 10 or 20 million; between 10 and 20 million

4 million of assets

amounting to 4 million

\$1,270,000

\$1,270,200,000

\$2\\ billion; \$2.75 billion; \$2,750 million

\$500,000 to \$1 million

Numerals 279

300,000; not 300 thousand

\$½ billion to \$1¼ billion (note full figure with second fraction); \$1¼ to \$1½ billion

three-quarters of a billion dollars

5 or 10 billion dollars' worth

**12.25.** Related numbers appearing at the beginning of a sentence, separated by no more than three words, are treated alike.

Fifty or sixty more miles away is snowclad Mount Everest.

Sixty and, quite often, seventy listeners responded.

but Fifty or, in some instances, almost 60 applications were filed.

#### **Fractions**

**12.26.** Mixed fractions are always expressed in figures. Fractions standing alone, however, or if followed by *of a* or *of an*, are generally spelled out. (See also rule 12.28.)

three-fourths of an inch; *not* ¾ two one-hundredths inch *nor* ¾ of an inch one-thousandth

one-half inch five one-thousandths one-half of a farm; *not* ½ of a farm thirty-five one-thousandths

one-fourth inch but

seven-tenths of 1 percent ½ to 1¾ pages three-quarters of an inch ½-inch pipe

half an inch ½-inch-diameter pipe

a quarter of an inch 3½ cans one-tenth portion 2½ times

one-hundredth

- 12.27. Fractions (¼, ½, ¾, ¾, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½) or full-sized figures with the shilling mark (1/4, 1/2954) may be used only when either is specifically requested. A comma should not be used in any part of a built-up fraction of four or more digits or in decimals. (See rule 12.9e.)
- **12.28.** Fractions are used in a unit modifier.

½-inch pipe; *not* ¼-mile run %-point rise one-half-inch pipe

#### Roman numerals

**12.29.** A repeated letter repeats its value; a letter placed after one of greater value adds to it; a letter placed before one of greater value subtracts from it; a dashline over a letter denotes multiplied by 1,000.

				-
N	111	m	ra	le

I	1	XXV	25	LXX	70	D	500
II	2	XXIX	29	LXXV	75	DC	600
III	3	XXX	30	LXXIX	79	DCC	700
IV	4	XXXV	35	LXXX	80	DCCC	800
V	5	XXXIX	39	LXXXV	85	CM	900
VI	6	XL	40	LXXXIX	89	M	1,000
VII	7	XLV	45	XC	90	MD	1,500
VIII	8	XLIX	49	XCV	95	MM	2,000
IX	9	L	50	IC	99	MMM	3,000
X	10	LV	55	C	100	MMMM	
XV	15	LIX	59	CL	150	or MV	4,000
XIX	19	LX	60	CC	200	V	5,000
XX	20	LXV	65	CCC	300	M	1,000,000
		LXIX	69	CD	400		

#### **Dates**

MDC	1600	MCMXX	1920	MCMLXX	1970
MDCC	1700	MCMXXX	1930	MCMLXXX	1980
MDCCC	1800	MCMXL	1940	MCMXC	1990
MCM or MDCCCC	1900	MCML	1950 1960	MMMMX	2000 2010

- **13.1.** The object of a table is to present in a concise and orderly manner information that cannot be presented as clearly in any other way.
- **13.2.** Tabular material should be kept as simple as possible, so that the meaning of the data can be easily grasped by the user.
- 13.3. Tables shall be set without down (vertical) rules when there is at least an em space between columns, except where: (1) In GPO's judgment down rules are required for clarity; or (2) the agency has indicated on the copy they are to be used. The mere presence of down rules in copy or enclosed sample is not considered a request that down rules be used. The publication dictates the type size used in setting tables. Tabular work in the Congressional Record is set 6 on 7. The balance of congressional tabular work sets 7 on 8.

#### **Abbreviations**

- **13.4.** To avoid burdening tabular text, commonly known abbreviations are used in tables. Metric and unit-of-measurement abbreviations are used with figures.
- **13.5.** The names of months (except May, June, and July) when followed by the day are abbreviated.
- **13.6.** The words *street*, *avenue*, *place*, *road*, *square*, *boulevard*, *terrace*, *drive*, *court*, and *building*, following name or number, are abbreviated. For numbered streets, avenues, etc., figures are used.
- **13.7.** Abbreviate the words *United States* if preceding the word *Government*, the name of any Government organization, or as an adjective generally.
- **13.8.** Use the abbreviations *RR*. and *Ry*. following a name, and *SS*, *MS*, etc., preceding a name.
- **13.9.** Use *lat.* and *long.* with figures.
- **13.10.** Abbreviate, when followed by figures, the various parts of publications, as *article*, *part*, *section*, etc.

**13.11.** Use, generally, such abbreviations and contractions as 98th Cong., 1st sess., H. Res. 5, H.J. Res. 21, S. Doc. 62, S. Rept. 410, Rev. Stat., etc.

- **13.12.** In columns containing names of persons, copy is followed as to abbreviations of given names.
- **13.13.** Periods are not used after abbreviations followed by leaders.

#### **Bearoff**

- **13.14.** An en space is used for all bearoffs.
- **13.15.** In a crowded table, when down rules are necessary, the bearoff may be reduced in figure columns.
- **13.16.** Fractions are set flush right to the bearoff of the allotted column width, and not aligned.
- **13.17.** Mathematical signs, parentheses, fractions, and brackets are set with a normal bearoff.

## **Boxheads**

- **13.18.** Periods are omitted after all boxheads, but a dash is used after any boxhead which reads into the matter following.
- **13.19.** Boxheads run crosswise.
- **13.20.** Boxheads are set solid, even in leaded tables.
- **13.21.** Boxheads are centered horizontally and vertically.

# Down-rule style (see Rule 13.3)

Sex and age	Employed boys and girls whose work records were obtained						
	To	otal	Time of year at beginning work [depth of this box does not influence the depth of box on left]				
			June to	August	September	to May	
	Number	Distri- bution (percent)	Number	Distri- bution (percent)	Number	Distri- bution (percent)	Not re- ported
Boys (12 to 14)	3,869	45.5	1,415	9.6	2,405	15.8	49

## No-down-rule style (preferred)

Table 9.—Mine production of gold, silver, copper, lead, and zinc in 2008

Class of material	Short tons	Gold (fine ounces)	Silver (fine ounces)	Copper (pounds)	Lead (pounds)	Zinc (pounds)
		Concentrate	shipped to	smelters and re	coverable meta	ls
Copper	220,346	763	70,357	14,242,346	9,950	6,260
Lead	3,931	392	48,326	72,500	5,044,750	290,980
Zinc	25,159	269	41,078	263,400	581,590	26,441,270
Total:						
2008	249,436	1,424	159,756	14,578,246	5,636,290	26,738,510
2007	367,430	1,789	432,122	10,622,155	13,544,875	11,923,060
_		C	rude materia	al shipped to sn	nelters	
Dry gold, dry gold-silver ore Copper:	134	52	2,839	2,200		
Crude ore	107,270	844	39,861	2,442,882	124,100	2,200
Slag	421	10	165	285,421		
Lead	528	12	1,693	5,950	110,870	300
Mill cleanings (lead-zinc)	31		254	1,450	8,100	4,300
Total:						
2008	125,749	919	45,444	30,375,754	249,710	6,890
2007	166,184	1,042	47,176	41,601,845	497,125	26,940

- **13.22.** In referring to quantity of things, the word *Number* in boxheads is spelled if possible.
- **13.23.** Column numbers or letters in parentheses may be set under boxheads, and are separated by one line space below the deepest head. (If alignment of parentheses is required within the table, use brackets in boxhead.) These column references align across the table. Units of quantity are set in parentheses within boxheads.

		Departmer	nt of Agricult	ıre	Depart	Department of Commerce			
States	Commod- ity Credit Corpora- tion, value	Special school	Value of commod- ities dis-	Disaster loans, etc. (payments to assist States in furnishing	Civil Aero- nautics Adminis- tration—	Roads: I	of Public Highway ruction		
	of com- modities donated	milk program¹	tributed within States	hay in droughtstriken areas)	Federal airport program— regular grants	Regular grants <sup>2</sup>	Emer- gency grants <sup>3</sup>		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)		
Alabama	\$4,730,154	\$1,520,362	\$7,970,875		\$79,284	\$1,176,401	\$247,515		
Alaska	393,484	269,274	591,487		297,266	12,366,106	472,749		
Arizona	4,545,983	823,136	6,512,639		127,749	9,317,853			

**13.24.** Leaders may be supplied in a column consisting entirely of symbols or years or dates or any combination of these.

#### Centerheads, flush entries, and subentries

**13.25.** Heads follow the style of the tables as to the use of figures and abbreviations.

**13.26.** Punctuation is omitted after centerheads. Flush entries and subentries over subordinate items are followed by a colon (single subentry to run in, preserving the colon), but a dash is used instead of a colon when the entry reads into the matter below.

25	Miscellaneous: Powerplant equipment	\$245,040.37
26	Roads, railroads, and bridges	275,900.34
	Total	520,940.71
	TRANSMISSION PLANT	
42	Structures and improvements	26,253.53
43	Structures and improvements	966,164.41
	Total	992,417.94
	GENERAL PLANT	
	General plant:	
	Norris	753,248.97
	Other	15,335.81
	Total	768,584.78
	Grand total	2,281,943.43

- **13.27.** In reading columns if the centerhead clears the reading matter below by at least an em, the space is omitted; if it clears by less than an em, a space is used. If an overrun, rule, etc., in another column, or in the same column, creates a blank space above the head, the extra space is not added.
- **13.28.** Units of quantity and years used as heads in reading and figure columns are set in italic with space above and no space below.

# No-down-rule style (preferred)

The rules are used here to aid readability.

2007								
Oct. 1	35.6	15	Jan. 16	45.2	15	May 8	46.5	15
Oct. 31	45.0	15	Feb. 4	50.2	15	May 22	45.1	18
Nov. 14	40.9	18	Feb. 17	43.4	15	June 9	47.1	14
Dec. 24	41.7	15	Mar. 4	45.6	15	June 24	48.2	16
			Mar. 19	42.7	15	July 9	46.6	17
2008			Apr. 2	40.9	15	July 24	45.9	16
Jan. 3	43.9	15	Apr. 28	47.7	13	Aug. 6	46.5	16

Down-rule style (see Rule	13.3)	)
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2007								
Oct. 1	35.6	15	Jan. 16	45.2	15	May 8	46.5	15
Oct. 31	45.0	15	Feb. 4	50.2	15	May 22	45.1	18
Nov. 14	40.9	18	Feb. 17	43.4	15	June 9	47.1	14
Dec. 24	41.7	15	Mar. 4	45.6	15	June 24	48.2	16
			Mar. 19	42.7	15	July 9	46.6	17
2008			Apr. 2	40.9	15	July 24	45.9	16
Jan. 3	43.9	15	Apr. 28	47.7	13	Aug. 6	46.5	16

## **Ciphers**

**13.29.** Where the first number in a column or under a cross rule is wholly a decimal, a cipher is added at the left of its decimal point. A cipher used alone in a money or other decimal column is placed in the unit row and is not followed by a period. In mixed units the cipher repeats before decimals unless the group totals.

January	+26.4	0	0	0	0	0	1+\$0.7	27.1+	+40.4
February	+66.7	0	0	0	0	0	9	65.8+	+98.1
March	+143.1	+2.6	-7.5	0	0	0	+12.4	150.6	+224.1

- **13.30.** In columns containing both dollars and cents, ciphers will be supplied on right of decimal point in the absence of figures.
- **13.31.** Where column consists of single decimal, supply a cipher on the right, unless the decimal is a cipher.

0.6 0 3.0 4.2 5.0

**13.32.** Where column has mixed decimals of two or more places, do not supply ciphers but follow copy.

0.22453 1.263 4 2.60 3.4567 78 12.6 102.14423

**13.33.** Copy is followed in the use of the word *None* or a cipher to indicate *None* in figure columns. If neither one appears in the copy, leaders are inserted, unless a clear is specifically requested.

**13.34.** In columns of figures under the heading £ s d, if a whole number of pounds is given, one cipher is supplied under s and one under d; if only shillings are given, one cipher is supplied under d.

- **13.35.** In columns of figures under *Ft In*, if only feet are given, supply cipher under *In*; if only inches are given, clear under *Ft*; if ciphers are used for *None*, place one cipher under both *Ft* and *In*.
- **13.36.** In any column containing sums of money, the period and ciphers are omitted if the column consists entirely of whole dollars.

#### Continued heads

- **13.37.** In continued lines an em dash is used between the head and the word *Continued*. No period is carried after a continued line.
- **13.38.** Continued heads over tables will be worded exactly like the table heading. Notes above tables are repeated; footnote references are repeated in boxheads and in continued lines.

#### Dashes or rules

- **13.39.** Rules are not carried in reading columns or columns consisting of serial or tracing numbers, but are carried through all figure columns.
- **13.40.** Parallel rules are used to cut off figures from other figures below that are added or subtracted; also, generally, above a grand total.

# Ditto (do.)

- **13.41.** The abbreviation *do*. is used to indicate that the previous line is being repeated instead of repeating the line, verbatim, over and over. It is used in reading columns only, lowercased and preceded by leaders (6 periods) when there is matter in preceding column. If ditto marks are requested, closing quotes will be used.
- **13.42.** Capitalize *Do.* in the first and last columns. These are indented 1 or 2 ems, depending on the length of the word being repeated, or the width of the column; the situation will determine as it is encountered.

**13.43.** In mixed columns made up of figure and reading-matter items, *do*. is used only under the latter items.

#### **13.44.** *Do.* is not used—

- (1) In a figure or symbol column (tracing columns are figure columns):
- (2) In the first line under a centerhead in the column in which the centerhead occurs;
  - (3) Under a line of leaders or a rule;
- (4) Under an item italicized or set in boldface type for a specific reason (italic or boldface *do*. is never used; item is repeated);
- (5) Under an abbreviated unit of quantity or other abbreviations; or
  - (6) Under words of three letters or less.
- **13.45.** *Do.* is used, however, under a clear space and under the word *None* in a reading column.
- **13.46.** *Do.* does not apply to a reference mark on the preceding item. The reference mark, if needed, is added to *do*.
- **13.47.** Leaders are not used before *Do*. in the first column or before or after *Do*. in the last column.
- **13.48.** In a first and/or last column 6 ems or less in width, a 1-em space is used before *Do*. In all other columns 6 ems or less in width, six periods are used. Bearoff is not included.
- **13.49.** In a first and/or last column more than 6 ems in width, 2 ems of space are used before *Do*. In all other columns more than 6 ems in width, six periods are used. Bearoff space is not included. If the preceding line is indented, the indention of *Do*. is increased accordingly.
- **13.50.** *Do.* under an indented item in an inside reading column, with or without matter in preceding column, is preceded by six periods which are indented to align with item above.

#### **Dollar mark**

**13.51.** The dollar mark or any other money symbol is placed close to the figure; it is used only at the head of the table and under cross rules when the same unit of value applies to the entire column.

- **13.52.** In columns containing mixed amounts (as money, tons, gallons, etc.), the dollar mark, pound mark, peso mark, or other symbol, as required, is repeated before each sum of money.
- **13.53.** If several sums of money are grouped together, they are separated from the nonmoney group by a parallel rule, and the symbol is placed on the first figure of the separated group only.

	1958	1967
Water supply available (gallons)	4,000,000	3,000,000
Wheat production (bushels)	9,000,000	8,000,000
Operations:		
Water-dispatching operations	\$442,496	\$396,800
Malaria control	571,040	426,600
Plant protection	134,971	58,320
Total	1,148,507	881,720
Number of plants	642	525
Percent of budget	96.8	78.8

Note.—Preliminary figures.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

**13.54.** In a double money column, dollar marks are used in the first group of figures only; en dashes are aligned.

\$7-\$9 10-12 314-316 1,014-1,016

**13.55.** The dollar mark is omitted from a first item consisting of a cipher.

0	but \$0.12
\$300	13.43
500	15.07
700	23.18

**13.56.** The dollar mark should be repeated in stub or reading columns.

0 to \$0.99
\$1 to \$24
\$25 to \$49
\$50 to \$74

## Figure columns

**13.57.** Figures align on the right, with an en space bearoff. There is no bearoff on leaders.

- **13.58.** In a crowded table the bearoff may be reduced in figure columns only. It is preferable to retain the bearoff.
- **13.59.** Figures in parentheses align if so required.
- **13.60.** In double rows of figures in a single column, connected by a dash, a plus, or minus sign, and in dates appearing in the form 9–4–08, the dashes or signs can be aligned.
- **13.61.** Plus or minus signs at the left of figures are placed against the figures regardless of alignment; plus and minus signs at the right of figures are cleared.
- **13.62.** Words and Roman numerals in figure columns are aligned on the right with the figures, without periods.

Median value of livestock	\$224	\$62	
Median value of machinery	\$54	Small	
Median value of furniture	\$211	\$100	
Possessing automobiles (percent)	25	17	
Median age (years)			5.5
Median value			\$144
Fraternal membership:			
Men		IV	486
Women			None

- **13.63.** Figures (including decimal and common fractions) expressing mixed units of quantity (feet, dollars, etc.) and figures in parentheses are aligned on the right.
- **13.64.** Decimal points are aligned except in columns containing numbers that refer to mixed units (such as pounds, dollars, and percentage) and have irregular decimals.
- **13.65.** It is preferred that all columns in a table consisting entirely of figure columns be centered.

#### Footnotes and references

**13.66.** Footnotes to tables are numbered independently from footnotes to text unless requested by committee or department.

**13.67.** Superior figures are used for footnote references, beginning with 1 in each table.

- **13.68.** If figures might lead to ambiguity (for example, in connection with a chemical formula), asterisks, daggers, or italic superior letters, etc., may be used.
- **13.69.** When items carry several reference marks, the superior-figure reference precedes an asterisk, dagger, or similar character used for reference. These, in the same sequence, precede mathematical signs. A thin space is used to bear off an asterisk, dagger, or similar character.
- **13.70.** Footnote references are repeated in boxheads or in continued lines over tables.
- **13.71.** References to footnotes are numbered consecutively across the page from left to right.
- **13.72.** Footnote references are placed at the right in reading columns and symbol columns, and at the left in figure columns (also at the left of such words as *None* in figure columns), and are separated by a thin space.
- **13.73.** Two or more footnote references occurring together are separated by spaces, not commas.
- **13.74.** In a figure column, a footnote reference standing alone is set in parentheses and flushed right. In a reading column, it is set at the left in parentheses and is followed by leaders, but in the last column it is followed by a period, as if it were a word. In a symbol column it is set at the left and cleared.
- **13.75.** Numbered footnotes are placed immediately beneath the table. If a sign or letter reference in the heading of a table is to be followed, it is not changed to become the first numbered reference mark. The footnote to it precedes all other footnotes. The remaining footnotes in a table will follow this sequence: footnotes (numbers, letters, or symbols); NOTE.—; then Source:.
- **13.76.** For better makeup or appearance, footnotes may be placed at the end of a lengthy table. A line reading "Footnotes at end of table." is supplied.

**13.77.** If the footnotes to both table and text fall together at the bottom of a page, the footnotes to the table are placed above the footnotes to the text, and the two groups are separated by a 50-point rule flush left; but if there are footnotes to the text and none to the table, the 50-point rule is retained.

- **13.78.** Footnotes to cut-in and indented tables and tables in rules are set full measure, except when footnotes are short, they can be set in 1 em under indented table.
- **13.79.** Footnotes are set as paragraphs, but two or more short footnotes should be combined into one line, separated by not less than 2 ems.
- **13.80.** The footnotes and notes to tables are set solid.
- **13.81.** Footnotes and notes to tables and boxheads are set the same size, but not smaller than 6 point, unless specified otherwise.
- **13.82.** Footnotes to tables follow tabular style in the use of abbreviations, figures, etc.
- **13.83.** In footnotes, numbers are expressed in figures, even at the beginning of a note or sentence.
- **13.84.** If a footnote consists entirely or partly of a table or leaderwork, it should always be preceded by introductory matter carrying the reference number; if necessary, the copy preparer should add an introductory line, such as "¹See the following table:".
- **13.85.** An explanatory paragraph without specific reference but belonging to the table rather than to the text follows the footnotes, if any, and is separated from them or from the table by space.

#### **Fractions**

**13.86.** All fractions are set flush right to the bearoff.

Total length	40¾	41	0.42	43	44	0.455	46	47	48	½ in.
Sleeve length	10%	10	10	10	11	11	11	11	11	1 in.
Armhole length	8%	81/2	9	91/2	91/2	10	101/2	101/2	11	1 in.
Sleeve cuff length (if cuff is used).	5½	5½	5½	57/12	5½	57/12	5½	5½	5½	Maximum.
Neck opening Waist:	26½	26	2717/32	2815/32	28	2917/32	30	30	31	2 in.
7, 8, 9, 10 cut	$23\frac{1}{2}$	24	25½	2715/32	28	291/2	31	32	331/2	6 pct.
11, 12, 14 cut	22½	231/2	25	26½	271/2	29	30½	31½	33	6 pct.

**13.87.** Fractions standing alone are expressed in figures, even at the beginning of a line, but not at the beginning of a footnote.

#### **Headnotes**

- **13.88.** Headnotes should be set lowercase, but not smaller than 6 point, bracketed, and period omitted at end, even if the statement is a complete sentence; but periods should not be omitted internally if required by sentence structure.
- **13.89.** Headnotes are repeated under continued heads but the word *Continued* is not added to the headnote.

#### Indentions and overruns

#### Subentries

- **13.90.** The indention of subentries is determined by the width of the stub or reading column. Subentries in columns more than 15 ems wide are indented in 2-em units; in columns 15 ems or less, with short entry lines and few overruns, 2-em indentions are also used. All overruns are indented 1 em more.
- **13.91.** Subentries in columns of 15 ems or less are indented in 1-em units. Overruns are indented 1 em more.

## Total, mean, and average lines

- **13.92.** All total (also mean and average) lines are indented 3 ems. In very narrow stub columns, total lines may be reduced to 1- or 2-em indentions, depending on length of line.
- **13.93.** Where overrun of item above conflicts, the total line is indented 1 em more. Runovers of total lines are also indented 1 em more.
- **13.94.** It is not necessary to maintain uniform indention of the word *Total* throughout the same table. The word *Total* is supplied when not in copy.

Wide stub column—subentries 2 ems	Total, all banks	National banks	Non- national banks	Building associations
ASSETS				
Loans and discounts:				
Loans to banks	\$74,518	\$1,267,493	\$947,289	\$135,619
Commercial and industrial loans	2,753,456	450,916	211,597	18,949
Total (total lines generally indent 3 ems)	2,827,974	718,409	1,158,886	154,568
Real estate loans:				
Secured by farmland	12,532	29,854	186,228	19,044
Secured by residential property other than rural				
and farm	1,011,856	167,765	1,554,084	3,172,837
Total (indent 1 em more to avoid conflict with				
line above)	1,024,388	194,619	1,740,312	3,191,881
Securities:				
U.S. Government obligations:				
Direct obligations:				
U.S. savings bonds	1,149,764	3,285,721	2,361,796	23,506
Nonmarketable bonds (including invest-				
ment series A–1965)	242,500	490,677	732,689	167,735
Total (indent 1 em more than runover				
above)	1,392,264	3,776,398	3,094,485	191,241

#### **Italic**

- **13.95.** Names of vessels and aircraft (except in columns consisting entirely of such names), titles of legal cases (except *v*. for *versus*), and certain scientific terms are set in italic. The word "Total" and headings in the column do not affect the application of this rule. In gothic type-faces without italic, quotes are allowed.
- **13.96.** Set "See" and "See also" in roman.

#### Leaders

- **13.97.** Leaders run across the entire table except that they are omitted from a last reading column.
- **13.98.** The style of leadering is guided by two rules: (1) Tables with a single reading column leader from the bottom line, and (2) tables with any combination of more than one reading or symbol column leader from the top line.

- **13.99.** If leadering from the top line, overruns end with a period.
- **13.100.** A column of dates is regarded as a reading column only if leaders are added; in all other cases it is treated as a figure column.

**13.101.** In tables with tracing figures on left and right of page, leader from top line.

#### Numerals in tables

**13.102.** Figures, ordinals, and fractions are used in all parts of a table, except fractions which will be spelled out at the beginning of a footnote.

## Parallel and divide tables are discouraged

- **13.103.** Parallel tables are set in pairs of pages, beginning on a left-hand page and running across to facing right-hand page; leader from the top line.
- **13.104.** Heads and headnotes center across the pair of pages, with 2-em hanging indention for three or more lines when combined measure exceeds 30 picas in width. Two-line heads are set across the pair of pages. A single-line head or headnote is divided evenly, each part set flush right and left, respectively. Words are not divided between pages.
- 13.105. Boxheads and horizontal rules align across both pages.
- **13.106.** Boxheads are not divided but are repeated, with *Continued* added.
- **13.107.** Tracing figures are carried through from the outside columns of both pages and are set to "leader from the top line."
- **13.108.** In divide tables that are made up parallel, with stub column repeated, the head and headnote repeat on each succeeding page, with *Continued* added to the head only.
- **13.109.** Tables with tracing figures or stub, or both, repeating on the left of odd pages, are divide tables and not parallel tables. Over such tables the heads are repeated, with *Continued* added.

## **Reading columns**

**13.110.** Figures or combinations of figures and letters used to form a reading column align on left and are followed by leaders. *Do.* is not used under such items.

- **13.111.** The en dash is not to be used for *to* in a reading column; if both occur, change to *to* throughout.
- **13.112.** Cut-in items following a colon are indented 2 ems.
- **13.113.** A single entry under a colon line should be run in; retain the colon.
- **13.114.** Numerical terms, including numbered streets, avenues, etc., are expressed in figures, even at the beginning of an item.

## Symbol columns

**13.115.** A column consisting entirely of letters, letters and figures, symbols, or signs, or any combination of these, is called a symbol column. It should be set flush left and cleared, except when it takes the place of the stub, it should then be leadered. No closing period is used when such column is the last column. Blank lines in a last column are cleared. *Do.* is not used in a symbol column.

Symbol	Typical commercial designation	Army product symbol	Filing order symbol	General description	Speci- fication symbol
GM(2)	Gasoline and diesel engine oil, SAE10 and SAE10W grades.	OR10	A	Fuel, grease, chassis, or soap base.	G.&D.
CG	Ball and roller bearing grease.	4l-X-59	N	Extreme pressure	BR
CW1		OE20 <sup>2</sup>	X 	do Further tests being conducted.	WBG <sup>3</sup>
G090	Universal gear lubricant	S.&T.	В	Water-pump grease	80D

**13.116.** Columns composed of both symbols and figures are treated as figure columns and are set flush right. In case of blank lines in a last column, leaders will be used as in figure columns.

Symbol or catalog number	Typical commercial designation	Symbol or product number	Symbol or filling order symbol	General description	Symbol or speci- fication number
WBD	Chassis grease, cup grease, under pressure.	961	A	Especially adapted to very cold climates.	1359
14L88	Water-pump bearing grease	SWA	352	Under moderate pressure	
5190	Exposed gear chain lubricant	12L	N	High-speed use	AE10
	E.P. hypoid lubricant	863	X	For experimental use only	NXL
376	Special grade for marine use		468	Free flowing in any weather	749

#### **Tables without rules**

**13.117.** It is preferable to set all tables alike; that is, without either down rules or cross rules and with roman boxheads. When so indicated on copy, by ordering agency, tabular matter may be set without rules, with italic boxheads.

- **13.118.** Column heads over figure columns in 6- or 8-point leaderwork are set in 6-point italic.
- **13.119.** Horizontal rules (spanner) used between a spread or upper level column heading carried over two or more lower level column headings are set continuous and without break, from left to right, between the two levels of such headings.

Table 9.—Changes in fixed assets and related allowances

	Fixed assets						
	Balance June	In	vestment		Operations		
	30, 2008 (table 9–a)	Current additions	Adjustments	Transfers	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2008	
Supporting and general facilities: Transportation and							
utilities:							
Panama Railroad	\$12,123,197	\$306		(\$539)	(\$284,358)	\$11,838,606	
Motor Transporta-							
tion Division	2,242,999	122,597		2,143	(147,561)	2,220,178	
Steamship line		10,247				13,664,236	
Power system	19,364,373	366,311		(342)	(290,174)	19,440,168	
Communication							
system	2,739,012	151,819	(\$113,261)		(26,100)	2,751,470	
Water system and							
hydroelectric							
facilities	10,590,820	104,039		1,661	(48,920)	10,647,600	
Total, trans-							
portation							
and utilities	60,714,390	755,319	(113,261)	2,923	(797,113)	60,562,258	
and diffices	=======================================	733,317	(113,201)	2,723	(777,113)	00,302,230	
Employee service and							
facilities:	E 012 E01	105.052	(120,001)	21 555	(26.410)	6 052 121	
Commissary Division	7,012,701	105,952	(130,891)	21,777	(36,418)	6,973,121	
Service centers	3,684,670	29,086		530	(230,276)	3,484,010	
Housing Division	35,729,465	(10,336)		(485,548)	(937,916)	34,295,665	
Total employee service							
and facilities	46,426,836	124,702	(130,891)	(463,241)	(1,204,610)	44,752,796	
Grand total	10/,141,236	880,021	(244,152)	(466,164)	(2,001,723)	105,315,054	

# **13.120.** More than one figure column, also illustrating use of dollar mark, rule, bearoff, etc.

For property purchased from— Central Pipeline Distributing Co.: Capital stock issued recorded amount Undetermined consideration recorded	ey outlay	\$75,00 34 3,47 73	11 76
Recorded money outlay  Note issued	\$157,000 100,000	_	
Subtotal Less value of oil in lines and salvaged construction material	257,000 26,555	230,44	s \$309,992
-	20,333	- 230,44	το φουρ,σος
For construction, improvements, and replacements, recorded money outlined to construction work in progress, recorded money outlined to the construction work in progress, recorded money outlined to the construction work in progress, recorded money outlined to the construction work in progress, recorded money outlined to the construction work in progress, recorded money outlined to the construction work in progress, recorded money outlined to the construction work in progress, recorded money outlined to the construction work in progress, recorded money outlined to the construction work in progress, recorded money outlined to the construction work in progress, recorded money outlined to the construction work in progress.			
Total	•		
		Quantity (million cubic feet)	Value at point of consumption
Use:			
Residential		34,842	\$21,218,778
CommercialIndustrial:		14,404	5,257,468
Field (drilling, pumping, etc.)	•••••	144,052	10,419,000
Fuel for petroleum refineries		96,702	
Other, including electric utility plants		346,704	61,440,000
Total		636,704	98,335,246
		Estimated	
-	2004	2008	Change
General account:			,
Receipts	\$64,800	\$69,80	
Expenditures	(70,300)		
Net improvement, 2008 over 2004 Deduct 2004 deficit			
Net surplus, estimated for 2008			300

[In U.Sdollar equivalent]	
Balance with the Treasury Department July 1, 2008	
Receipts:	
Collections	,502.99
Return from agency accounts of currencies advanced for liquid-	
	,577.07
Total receipts	569,395,080.06
Total available	724 762 794 01

## Units of quantity

**13.121.** Units of quantity in stub columns are set in lowercase in plural form and placed in parentheses.

Coke (short tons)	4,468,437	1 25,526,646	5,080,403	2 29,519,871
Diatomite	(123)	(1)	(1)	(123)
Emery (pounds)	765	6,828	1,046	9,349
Feldspar (crude) (long tons)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Ferroalloys (short tons)	183,465	<sup>2</sup> 18,388,766	259,303	<sup>2</sup> 30,719,756

- **13.122.** Units of quantity and other words as headings over figure columns are used at the beginning of a table or at the head of a continued page or continued column in a double-up table.
- **13.123.** Over figure columns, units of quantity and other words used as headings, and the abbreviations *a.m.* and *p.m.*, if not included in the boxheads, are set in italic and are placed immediately above the figures, without periods other than abbreviating periods. In congressional work (gothic), or at any time when italic is not available, these units should be placed in the boxheads in parentheses. Any well-known abbreviation will be used to save an overrun, but if one unit of quantity is abbreviated, all in the same table will be abbreviated. If units change in a column, the new units are set in italic with space above and no space below. The space is placed both above and below only when there is no italic available.

#### Quoted tabular work

**13.124.** When a table is part of quoted matter, quotation marks will open on each centerhead and each footnote paragraph, and if table is end of quoted matter, quotation marks close at end of footnotes. If there are no footnotes and the table is the end of the quotation, quotation marks close at end of last item.

#### 14. Leaderwork

(See also Chapter 9 "Abbreviations and Letter Symbols" and Chapter 13 "Tabular Work")

14.1. Leaderwork is a simple form of tabular work without boxheads or rules and is separated from text by 4 points of space above and below in solid matter and 6 points of space in leaded matter. It consists of a reading (stub) column and a figure column, leadered from the bottom line. It may also consist of two reading columns, aligning on the top line. In general, leaderwork (except indexes and tables of contents, which are set the same style as text) is governed by the same rules of style as tabular work. Unless otherwise indicated, leaderwork is set in 8 point. The period is omitted immediately before leaders.

#### **Bearoff**

**14.2.** No bearoff is required at the right in a single reading column.

#### **Columns**

**14.3.** A figure column is at least an en quad wider than the largest group of figures, but not less than 3 ems in single columns and 2 ems in double-up columns. Total rules are to be the full width of all figure columns.

	Pounas
Year: 2000	655,939
Fiscal year:	
2009	368,233
2010	100,000
Total	1,124,172

**14.4.** Where both columns are reading columns, they are separated by an em space.

Particulars	Artist
To the French Government:	
The entire collection of French paintings on loan,	Degas.
with the exception of Mlle. DuBourg (Mme.	
Fantin-Latour).	
Avant la Course	Do.
To Col. Axel H. Oxholm, Washington, DC:	
Martha Washington, George Washington, and	Attributed to
Thomas Jefferson.	Jonathan E. Earl,
	Los Angeles, CA.
Roses	Renoir.
Do	Forain.
Roses in a Chinese Vase and Sculpture by Maillol	Vuillard.
Maternity	Gauguin.

#### **Continued heads**

**14.5.** The use of continued heads in leaderwork is not necessary.

## Ditto (do.)

**14.6.** The abbreviation *do.* is indented and capitalized in the stub. It is capitalized and cleared in last reading column.

# **Dollar mark and ciphers**

- 14.7. In a column containing mixed amounts (as money, tons, gallons, etc.) the figures are aligned on the right, and the dollar mark or other symbol is repeated before each sum of money. If several sums of money are grouped and added or subtracted to make a total, they are separated from the nonmoney group by a parallel rule, and the symbol is placed on the first figure of the separated group only.
- **14.8.** If two columns of sums of money add or subtract one into the other and one carries points and ciphers, the other should also carry points and ciphers.

#### Flush items and subheads

- **14.9.** Flush items clear the figure column.
- **14.10.** Subheads are centered in full measure.

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#### **Footnotes**

**14.11.** Footnotes to leaderwork follow the style of footnotes to tables.

- **14.12.** Footnote references begin with 1 in each leadered grouping, and footnotes are placed at the end, separated from it by 4 points of space. Separate notes from matter following by not less than 6 points of space.
- **14.13.** If the leaderwork runs over from one page to another, the footnotes will be placed at the bottom of the leadered material.<sup>1</sup>

## Units of quantity

- **14.14.** Units of quantity or other words over a stub or figure column are set italic.
- **14.15.** The following example shows the style to be observed where there is a short colon line at left. In case of only one subentry, run in with colon line and preserve the colon.

Tons

	Baltimore & Ohio RR.:			10110
	Freight carried:			
	May			50,000
	June			52,000
	Coal carried			90,000
	Dixie RR.: Freight carried J	an. 1, 1999, including	freight carried by	
	all its subsidiaries			12,000
	<sup>1</sup> Livestock not included.			
14.16.	If there is no colon line, the	he style is as follow	ws:	
	Freight carried by the Dixie	e RR. and the Baltimo	ore & Ohio RR. in	Tons
	May			71,500
14.17.	Explanatory matter is set period):	in 6 point under l	eaders (note omis	sion of
	(Name)	(Address)	(Position)	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> If footnotes to leaderwork and text fall at bottom of page, leaderwork footnotes are placed above text footnotes. The two groups are separated by a 50-point rule.

14.18.	In blank forms, leaders used in place of complete words to plied are preceded and followed by a space.	be sup-
	On this day of	
14.19.	In half measure doubled up, units of quantity are aligned acrepage.  Inches  Seedlings:  Black locust	Inches
	Green ash 7 Black walnut	10
14.20.	Mixed units of quantity and amounts and words in a figure of are set as follows:	column
	Capital invested	\$8,000 \$3,000 128.6 21.4 50
	Number	8
	Value	\$1,500
	Cows:  Number  Estimated weekly production of butter per milk cow	18
	(pounds) Hogs:	7½
	Number	46
	Loss from cholera	None

## 15. Footnotes, Indexes, Contents, and Outlines

#### Footnotes and reference marks

- **15.1.** Text footnotes follow the style of the text with the exception of those things noted in Chapter 9 "Abbreviations and Letter Symbols." Footnotes appearing in tabular material follow the guidelines set forth in Chapter 13 "Tabular Work."
- **15.2.** In a publication divided into chapters, sections, or articles, each beginning a new page, text footnotes begin with 1 in each such division. In a publication without such divisional grouping, footnotes are numbered consecutively from 1 to 99, and then begin with 1 again. However, in supplemental sections, such as appendixes and bibliographies, which are not parts of the publication proper, footnotes begin with 1.
- **15.3.** Copy preparers must see that references and footnotes are plainly marked.
- **15.4.** If a reference is repeated on another page, it should carry the original footnote; but to avoid repetition of a long note, the copy preparer may use the words "See footnote 3 (6, 10, etc.) on p.—." instead of repeating the entire footnote.
- 15.5. Unless the copy is otherwise marked: (1) Footnotes to 12-point text are set in 8 point; (2) footnotes to 11-point text are set in 8 point, except in Supreme Court reports, in which they are set in 9 point; (3) footnotes to 10- and 8-point text are set in 7 point.
- **15.6.** Footnotes are set as paragraphs at the bottom of the page and are separated from the text by a 50-point rule, set flush left, with no less than 2 points of space above and below the rule.
- **15.7.** Footnotes to indented matter (other than excerpt footnotes) are set full measure.
- **15.8.** To achieve faithful reproduction of indented excerpt material (particularly legal work) containing original footnotes, these footnotes are also indented and placed at the bottom of the excerpt, separated

- by 6 points of space. No side dash is used. Reference numbers are not changed to fit the numbering sequence of text footnotes.
- **15.9.** Footnotes must always begin on the page where they are referenced. If the entire footnote will not fit on the page where it is cited, it will be continued at the bottom of the next page.<sup>1</sup>
- **15.10.** Footnotes to charts, graphs, and other illustrations should be placed immediately beneath such illustrative material.
- **15.11.** A cutoff rule is not required between a chart or graph and its footnotes.
- **15.12.** For reference marks use: (1) Roman superior figures, (2) italic superior letters, and (3) symbols. Superior figures (preferred), letters, and symbols are separated from the words to which they apply by thin spaces, unless immediately preceded by periods or commas.
- **15.13.** Where reference figures might lead to ambiguity (for example, in matter containing exponents), asterisks, daggers, etc., or italic superior letters may be used.
- **15.14.** When symbols or signs are used for footnote reference marks, their sequence should be (\*) asterisk, (†) dagger, (‡) double dagger, and (§) section mark. Should more symbols be needed, these may be doubled or tripled, but for simplicity and greater readability, it is preferable to extend the assortment by adding other single-character symbols.
- **15.15.** Symbols with established meanings, such as the percent sign (%) and the number mark (#), are likely to cause confusion and should not be used for reference marks.
- **15.16.** To avoid possible confusion with numerals and letters frequently occurring in charts and graphs, it is preferable in such instances to use symbols as reference marks.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>When a footnote breaks from an odd (right-hand) page to an even (left-hand) page, the word (*Continued*) is set inside parentheses in italic below the last line of the footnote where the break occurs

A 50-point rule is used above each part of the footnote.

When a footnote break occurs on facing pages, i.e., from an even page to an odd page, the (Continued) line is not set, but the 50-point rule is duplicated.

- **15.17.** When items carry several reference marks, the superior-figure reference precedes an asterisk, dagger, or similar character used for reference.
- **15.18.** A superior reference mark follows all punctuation marks except a dash, but falls inside a closing parenthesis or bracket if applying only to matter within the parentheses or brackets.
- **15.19.** Two or more superior footnote references occurring together are separated by thin spaces.

#### Indexes and tables of contents

- **15.20.** Indexes and tables of contents are set in the same style as the text, except that *See* and *see also* are set in italic.
- **15.21.** Where a word occurs in an index page column, either alone or with a figure, it is set flush on the right. If the word extends back into the leaders, it is preceded by an en space.

rage
Frontispiece
VIII
16
Facing 34
ental volume

- **15.22.** For better appearance, Roman numerals should be set in small caps in the figure columns of tables of contents and indexes.
- **15.23.** In indexes set with leaders, if the page numbers will not fit in the leader line, the first number only is set in that line and the other numbers are overrun. If the entry makes three or more lines and the last line of figures is not full, do not use a period at the end.

If page folios overrun due to an excessive amount of figures	
use this form	220,
224, 227, 230	, 240

(For examples of item indentions in a reading column of indexes set with leaders, see index in this Manual.)

- **15.24.** Overrun page numbers are indented 3½ ems in measures not over 20 picas and 7 ems in wider measures, more than one line being used if necessary. These indentions are increased as necessary to not less than 2 ems more than the line immediately above or below.
- **15.25.** When copy specifies that all overs are to be a certain number of ems, the runovers of the figure column shall be held in 2 ems more than the specified indention.
- **15.26.** Examples of block-type indexes:

```
Example 1
                                                      Example 2
                                           Brazil—Continued
Medical officer, radiological defense, 3
Medicolegal dosage, 44
                                             Exchange restrictions—Continued
Military Liaison Committee, 4
                                                Williams mission (see also
Monitoring, 58
                                                  Williams, John H., special
  Air, 62
                                                  mission), exchange control
  Personnel, 59
                                                  situation, 586-588
    Civilian, 60
                                             Trade agreement with United
     Military, 59
                                                  States, proposed:
                                               Draft text, 558-567
  Sea, 61
  Ship, 61
                                                Proposals for:
                                                  Inclusion of all clauses, 531
Monitors, radiological defense, 3
```

**15.27.** In index entries the following forms are used:

```
Brown, A.H., Jr. (not Brown, Jr., A.H.)
Brown, A.H., & Sons (not Brown & Sons, A.H.)
Brown, A.H., Co. (not Brown Co., A.H.)
Brown, A.H., & Sons Co. (not Brown & Sons Co., A.H.)
```

**15.28.** In a table of contents, where *chapter*, *plate*, or *figure* is followed by a number and period, an en space is used after the period. The periods are aligned on the right.

- **15.29.** Subheads in indexes and tables of contents are centered in the full measure.
- **15.30.** In contents using two sizes of lightface type, or a combination of boldface and lightface type, all leaders and page numbers will be set in lightface roman type. Contents set entirely in boldface will use boldface page numbers. All page numbers will be set in the predominant size.

F	Page
PART I. MAINTENANCE OF PEACE AND SECURITY	5
Disarmament	6
Peaceful Uses of Atomic Energy	7
Part I. Maintenance of Peace and Security	5
Disarmament	6
Peaceful Uses of Atomic Energy	7
Part I. Maintenance of Peace and Security	5
Disarmament	6
Peaceful Uses of Atomic Energy	7

## **Outlines**

**15.31.** Outlines vary in appearance because there is no one set style to follow in designing them. The width of the measure, the number of levels required for the indentions, and the labeling concept selected to identify each new level all contribute to its individuality.

The following sample outline demonstrates a very basic and structured arrangement. It uses the enumerators listed in rule 8.108 to identify each new indented level.

The enumerators for the first four levels are followed by a period and a fixed amount of space. The enumerators for the second four levels are set in parentheses and followed by the same amount of fixed space.

Each new level indents 2 ems more than the preceding level and data that runs over to the next line aligns with the first word following the enumerator.

## Outline example:

- I. Balancing a checkbook
  - A. Open your check register
    - 1. Verify all check numbers
      - a. Verify no check numbers were duplicated
      - b. Verify no check numbers were skipped
  - B. Open your bank statement
    - 1. Put canceled checks in sequence
    - 2. Compare amounts on checks to those in register
      - a. Correct any mistakes in register
      - b. Indicate those check numbers cashed
        - (1) Mark off check number on the statement
          - (a) Verify amount of check
            - (i) Highlight discrepancies on statement
              - (aa) Enter figures on back
            - (ii) Enter missing check numbers on back with amounts
              - (aa) Identify missing check numbers in register
              - (bb) Verify those check numbers were not cashed previously

# 16. Datelines, Addresses, and Signatures

16.1. The general principle involved in the typography of datelines, addresses, and signatures is that they should be set to stand out clearly from the body of the letter or paper which they accompany. This is accomplished by using caps and small caps and italic, as set forth below. Other typographic details are designed to ensure uniformity and good appearance. Street addresses and ZIP Code numbers are not to be used. In certain lists which carry ZIP Code numbers, regular spacing will be used preceding the ZIP Code. Certain general instructions apply alike to datelines, addresses, and signatures.

### **General instructions**

- **16.2.** Principal words in datelines, addresses, and titles accompanying signatures are capitalized.
- **16.3.** *Mr.*, *Mrs.*, *Miss*, *Ms.*, and all other titles preceding a name, and *Esq.*, *Jr.*, *Sr.*, and *2d* following a name in address and signature lines, are set in roman caps and lowercase if the name is in caps and small caps or caps and lowercase; if the name is in caps, they are set in caps and small caps, if small caps are available—otherwise in caps and lowercase.

# Spacing

**16.4.** At least 2 points of space should appear between dateline and text or address, address and text, text and signature, and signature and address.

### **Datelines**

16.5. Datelines at the beginning of a letter or paper are set at the right side of the page, the originating office in caps and small caps, the address and date in italic; if the originating office is not given, the address is set in caps and small caps and the date in italic; if only the date is given, it is set in caps and small caps. Such datelines are indented from the right 1 em for a single line; 3 ems and 1 em, successively, for two lines; and 5 ems, 3 ems, and 1 em, successively, for three lines. In measures 30 picas or wider, these indentions are increased by 1 em.

	THE WHITE HOUSE,
	Washington, DC, January 1, 2008. ☐
	The White House, $July 30, 2008$ .
	TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
	Office of the Treasurer, $\square$ $\square$ Washington, DC, January 1, 2008. $\square$
	Treasury Department, July 30, 2008.
	Department of Commerce, $\square$ $\square$ $July 30, 2008. \square$
	FAIRFAX COUNTY, VA.
	Office of John Smith & Co.,
	New York, NY, June 6, 2008.
	Washington, $May\ 20,\ 2008$ — $10\ a.m.$
	Thursday, May 8, $2008$ — $2 \text{ p.m.}$
	January 24, 2008. $\square$
	Washington, November 28, 2008. $\square$ $\square$ [Received December 5, 2008]. $\square$
	On Board USS "Connecticut," $\square$ $\square$ $January 22, 2008. \square$
16.6.	Congressional hearings:
	TUESDAY, JULY 29, 2008 <sup>1</sup>
	House of Representatives, Committee on the Judiciary, Committee on Immigration, Committee on Immigration, Citizenship, Refugees, Committee Security, and Internal Law, Committee Security, and Internal Law, Committee Security, C
	U.S. Senate,
	Congress of the United States,

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  Normally, dates in House hearings on appropriation bills are set on the right in 10-point caps and small caps.

16.7.	Datelines at the end of a letter or paper, either above or below signatures, are set on left in caps and small caps for the address and italic for the date. When the word <i>dated</i> is used, dateline is set in roman caps and lowercase.    May 7, 2008.   Roanoke, VA.   Roanoke, VA, <i>July 1, 2008</i> .   Dated July 1, 2008.   Dated Albany, March 13, 2008.
16.8.	Datelines in newspaper extracts are set at the beginning of the paragraph, the address in caps and small caps and the date in roman caps and lowercase, followed by a period and a 1-em dash.
Addre	sses
16.9.	Addresses are set flush left at the beginning of a letter or paper in congressional work (or at end in formal usage).
16.10.	At beginning or at end:
	To Smith & Jones and  Brown & Green, Esqs.,  Attorneys for Claimant.  (Attention of Mr. Green.)
	Hon. Dianne Feinstein, U.S. Senate.
	Hon. Nancy Pelosi, $U.S.$ House of Representatives. (Collective address.)
	The President, The White House.
16.11.	A long title following an address is set in italic caps and lowercase, the first line flush left and right, overruns indented 2 ems to clear a following 1-em paragraph indention.  Hon. Daniel K. Akaka,  Chairman, Subcommittee on Oversight of Government Management,  The Federal Workforce and the District of Columbia, U.S. Senate,  Washington, DC.

**16.12.** The name or title forming the first line of the address is set in caps and small caps, but *Mr.*, *Mrs.*, or other title preceding a name, and *Esq.*, *Jr.*, *Sr.*, or *2d* following a name, are set in roman caps and lowercase; the matter following is set in italic. The words *U.S. Army* or *U.S. Navy* immediately following a name are set in roman caps and lowercase in the same line as the name.

Lt. Gen. Robert L. Van Antwerp, Jr., U.S. Army, Chief of Engineers.

CHIEF OF ENGINEERS, U.S. ARMY. (Full title, all caps and small caps.)

Lt. Gen. Robert L. Van Antwerp, Jr., Chief of Engineers, U.S. Army, Washington, DC.

Hon. Lorraine C. Miller, Clerk of the House of Representatives.

Hon. Robert C. Byrd,

U.S. Senator, Washington, DC.

Hon. JIM WEBB,

Russell Senate Office Building, Washington, DC.

The Committee on Appropriations, House of Representatives.

- **16.13.** General (or collective) addresses are set in italic caps and lowercase, flush left, with overruns indented 2 ems and ending with a colon, except when followed by a salutation, in which case a period is used.
- **16.14.** Examples of general addresses when not followed by salutation (note the use of colon at end of italic line):

To the Officers and Members of the Daughters of the American  $\square\square$ Revolution, Washington, DC:

 ${\it To the American Diplomatic and Consular Officers:}$ 

To Whom It May Concern:

Collectors of Customs:

To the Congress of the United States:

**16.15.** Example of general address when followed by salutation (note the use of period at end of italic line):

Senate and House of Representatives.

Gentlemen: You are hereby \* \* \*.

### **16.16.** Examples illustrating other types of addresses:

To the Editor: To John L. Nelson, Greeting: To John L. Nelson, Birmingham, AL, Greeting: To the Clerk of the House of Representatives: CHIEF OF ENGINEERS (Through the Division Engineer).  $\square$ My Dear Sir: I have the honor \* \* \*.  $\square$ Mr. Reed: I have the honor \* \* \*. DEAR Mr. Reed: I have the honor \* \* \*. Lt. (jg.) John Smith, Navy Department:  $\Box$ The care shown by you \* \* \*. STATE OF NEW YORK. County of New York, ss:  $\square$ Before me this day appeared \* \* \*. DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, ss:  $\square$ Before me this day appeared \* \* \*.

### **Envelope addresses**

U.S. House of Representatives Committee on Education and Labor 2181 Rayburn House Office Building Washington, DC 20515

# Signatures

- **16.17.** Signatures, preceded by an em dash, are sometimes run in with last line of text.
- **16.18.** Signatures are set at the right side of the page. They are indented 1 em for a single line; 3 ems and 1 em, successively, for two lines; and 5 ems, 3 ems, and 1 em, successively, for three lines. In measures 30 picas or wider, these indentions are increased by 1 em.
- **16.19.** The name or names are set in caps and small caps; *Mr.*, *Mrs.*, and all other titles preceding a name, and *Esq.*, *Jr.*, *Sr.*, and *2d* following a name, are set in roman caps and lowercase; the title following name is set in italic. Signatures as they appear in copy must be followed in regard to abbreviations.

16.23.

16.24.

If name and title make more than half a line, they are set as two lines.		
Two to eight independent signatures, with or without titles, are aligned on the left, at approximately the center of the measure.		
Robert E. Schwenk.  Queen E. Hughes.  Erica N. Prophet.  Andre Rodgers,  Commander, U.S. Navy (Retired).  William H. Coughlin, Chairman.		
More than eight signatures, with or without titles, are set full measure, roman caps and lowercase, run in, indented 5 and 7 ems in measures of 26½ picas or wider; in measures less than 26½ picas, indent 2 and 3 ems.  Brown, Shipley & Co.; Denniston, Cross & Co.; Fruhling & Groschen, Attorneys; C.J. Hambro & Sons; Hardy, Nathan & Co.; Heilbut, Symons & Co.; Harrison Bros. & Groschen, Dearth of Co., by George Harrison; Hoare, Miller & Co.; Thomas Groschen, Co.		

The punctuation of closing phrases is governed by the sense. A de-

UNITED STATES IMPROVEMENT Co., (By) John Smith, Secretary. TEXARKANA TEXTILE MERCHANTS & MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION, John L. Jones, Secretary.

TEXARKANA TEXTILE MERCHANTS & MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION,

Board Member and Secretary.

JOHN W. SMITH (And 25 others). JOHN SMITH,  $Lieutenant\ Governor$ (For the Governor of Maine).

JOANNE WILDER,

tached complimentary close is made a new paragraph.

Examples of various kinds of signatures:

	North American Ice Co.,
	Sylvia Rooney, Secretary.
	John [his thumbmark] Smith.
	NITA M. LOWEY,
	Frank Wolf,
	Managers on the Part of the House. $\square$
	Joseph R. Biden, Jr.,
	RICHARD LUGAR,
	Managers on the Part of the Senate. $\square$
☐I am, very respectfully, you	ırs,
	(Signed) ☐ Fred C. Kleinschmidt, ☐ ☐ ☐ Assistant Clerk, Court of Claims. ☐
☐On behalf of the Philadelpl	nia Chamber of Commerce:
	GEO. W. PHILIPS.
	Saml. Campbell.
☐I have the honor to be,	
□□□Very respectfully, you	r obedient servant,
	(Signed)∏John R. King
	(Typed)□John R. King,
	Secretary.  extstyle  ex
	or
	(S)□John R. King
	John R. King,
□Attact.	Secretary. ogt
_Attest:	Richard Roe, $Notary Public$ .
☐By the Governor:	11.01.11.12 1.02,11.01.01.13 1 0.001.01.
	Nathaniel Cox, $Secretary$ of $State$ .
☐Approved.	Ionny Commer Comment
☐By the President:	John Smith, Governor.
	Condoleezza Rice, Secretary of State.
Respectfully submitted.	
	Mary Farrell, $U.S.$ Indian $Agent.$
□□□Yours truly,	Cont Lynn Cmyny In
	Capt. James Staley, Jr., $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$
□□□Respectfully yours,	Super envenuenti.
	Mrs. Frank E. (Betty) Sheffield. $\square$
□□□Very respectfully,	
	Ron Golden, U.S. Indian Agent. $\square$

16.25.	In quoted matter:					
	□□□"Very respectfully,					
	"TODD S. GILBERT.					
	"Paul Hartman.					
	"Dolores Hicks.					
	"ALBERT H. JONES.					
	"Joan C. Nugent. "Brandon Proctor."					
	BRANDON PROCTOR.					
16.26.	Examples of various kinds of datelines, addresses, and					
	signatures:					
	Re weather reports submitted by the International Advisory Committee of the Weather Council.	f				
	Mr. John D. Dingell, Chairman, House Committee on Energy and Commerce, Washington, DC.					
	DEAR Mr. DINGELL: We have been in contact with your office, etc.					
	JOHN L. "JACK" HAYES,					
	$Executive\ Director, \Box\Box\Box$					
	$National\ Weather\ Service.  bigcap$	]				
	LINCOLN PARK, MI, February 15, 2008.	]				
	Re Romeo O. Umanos, Susanna M. Umanos, case No. S–254, U.S.					
	☐☐Citizenship and Immigration Services, application pending.					
	Hon. Russell D. Feingold,					
	Chairman, Subcommittee on the Constitution,					
	$Committee\ on\ the\ Judiciary,\ Washington,\ DC.$					
	Dear Mr. Feingold: You have for some time * * *.					
	□□□Sincerely yours,	_				
	Edward Pultorak,□□□ Architectural Designer.□					
	Architectural Designer.	┙				

Hon. Zoe Lofgren,  Chairman, Subcommittee on Immigration, Citizenship, Refugees,  Border Security and International Law of the Committee on  the Judiciary, House of Representatives, Washington, DC.
DEAR Ms. LOFGREN: You have for some time * * *.
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
Commerce, National Weather Service, Washington, March 3, 2008
Hon. Gene Green,  House of Representatives,  Washington, DC.  Dear Mr. Green: We will be glad to give you any further information.  Sincerely yours,  F.W. Reichelderfer,  Chief of Service.
New York, NY, February 8, 2008. $\square$
To: All supervisory employees of production plants, northern and     eastern divisions, New York State.  From: Production manager.  Subject: Regulations concerning vacations, health and welfare plans,    and wage contract negotiations.  It has come to our attention that the time * * *.
Washington, DC, May 16, 2008.  The Honorable the Secretary of the Navy.  Dear Mr. Secretary: This is in response to your letter * * *.  Ultimate

East Lansing, MI, $June\ 10,\ 2008$ .
To Whom It May Concern:
$\Box$ I have known Kyu Yawp Lee for 7 years and am glad to testify as to his fine character. He has been employed * * *.
Wishing you success in your difficult and highly important job, we are,
□□□Sincerely yours,
Agostino J. Gonino.
Louise M. Gonino.
U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs,
Office of the Secretary of
VETERANS AFFAIRS,
$Washington, DC. \square$
Hon. Patrick J. Leahy,
Chairman, Committee on the Judiciary,
U.S. Senate, Washington, DC.
$\square$ Dear Senator Leahy: Further reference is made to your reply * * *.
□□□Sincerely yours,
Gordon M. Mansfield, Deputy Secretary
(For and in the absence of
James B. Peake, Secretary).□
Washington, DC, September 16, 2008. $\square$
Mr. William E. Jones, Jr.,
Special Assistant to the Attorney General, Attorney for Howard
□□Sutherland, Director, Office of Alien Property.
DEAR MR. JONES: In reply to your letter * * *.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
□ help.
T.E.R.
☐☐Yours truly, (Signed)☐THOMAS E. RHODES,☐☐☐
$Special \ Assistant \ to \ the \ Attorney \ General. \ \Box$ P.S.—A special word of thanks to you from J.R. Brown for your fine
<del></del> -

GEORGE W. BUSH.

	Токуо, Јаран, $November\ 13,\ 2008.$
	U.S. Department of Homeland Security,
	U.S. CITIZENSHIP AND NATURALIZATION SERVICES,
	Detroit, MI.
	☐ Gentlemen: This letter will testify to the personal character * * *. ☐ ☐ ☐ Very truly yours,
	Mrs. Grace C. Lohr,
	Inspector General Section, HQ, AFFE, $\Box\Box$
	$APO~343, San~Francisco, CA. \square$
16.27.	The word <i>seal</i> appearing with the signature of a notary or of an or-
	ganized body, such as a company, is spaced 1 em from the signature.
	The word <i>seal</i> is to be set in small caps and bracketed.
	[SEAL] RICHARD ROE,
	Notary Public.
	[SEAL]□J.M. WILBER.□
	[SEAL]□BARTLETT, ROBINS & Co.□
16.28.	Presidential proclamations after May 23, 1967, do not utilize the seal except when they pertain to treaties, conventions, protocols, or other international agreements. Copy will be followed literally with respect to the inclusion of and between elements of numerical expressions.
	Now, Therefore, I, George W. Bush, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and laws of the United States, do hereby proclaim September 27, 2008, as National Hunting and Fishing Day. I call upon the people of the United States to join me in recognizing the contributions of America's hunters and anglers, and all those who work to conserve our Nation's fish and wildlife resources.
	* * * * * * *
	In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand this twenty-sixth
	day of September, in the year of our Lord two thousand eight, and of
	the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and
	thirty-third.

# 17. Useful Tables

This chapter contains useful tables presented in GPO style. The tables display various design features most frequently used in Government publications and can be considered examples of GPO style.

**U.S. Presidents and Vice Presidents** 

President	Years	Vice President	Years
George Washington	(1789–1797)	John Adams	(1789-1797)
John Adams	(1797–1801)	Thomas Jefferson	(1797–1801)
Thomas Jefferson	(1801–1809)	Aaron Burr	(1801-1805)
		George Clinton	(1805-1809)
James Madison	(1809–1817)	George Clinton	(1809-1812)
		Vacant	(1812-1813)
		Elbridge Gerry	(1813-1814)
		Vacant	(1814-1817)
James Monroe	(1817–1825)	Daniel D. Tompkins	(1817-1825)
John Quincy Adams	(1825-1829)	John C. Calhoun	(1825-1829)
Andrew Jackson	(1829-1837)	John C. Calhoun	(1829-1832)
		Vacant	(1832-1833)
		Martin Van Buren	(1833-1837)
Martin Van Buren	(1837-1841)	Richard M. Johnson	(1837-1841)
William Henry Harrison	(1841)	John Tyler	(1841)
John Tyler	(1841-1845)	Vacant	(1841-1845)
James K. Polk	(1845-1849)	George M. Dallas	(1845-1849)
Zachary Taylor	(1849-1850)	Millard Fillmore	(1849-1850)
Millard Fillmore	(1850-1853)	Vacant	(1850-1853)
Franklin Pierce	(1853–1857)	William R. King	(1853)
		Vacant	(1853-1857)
James Buchanan	(1857-1861)	John C. Breckinridge	(1857–1861)
Abraham Lincoln	(1861–1865)	Hannibal Hamlin	(1861–1865)
	(	Andrew Johnson	(1865)
Andrew Johnson	(1865–1869)	Vacant	(1865–1869)
Ulysses S. Grant	(1869–1877)	Schuyler Colfax	(1869-1873)
,		Henry Wilson	(1873-1875)
		Vacant	(1875–1877)
Rutherford B. Hayes	(1877-1881)	William A. Wheeler	(1877–1881)
James A. Garfield	(1881)	Chester A. Arthur	(1881)
Chester A. Arthur	(1881–1885)	Vacant	(1881–1885)
Grover Cleveland	(1885–1889)	Thomas A. Hendricks	(1885)
		Vacant	(1885-1889)
Benjamin Harrison	(1889–1893)	Levi P. Morton	(1889–1893)
Grover Cleveland	(1893–1897)	Adlai E. Stevenson	(1893–1897)
William McKinley	(1897–1901)	Garret A. Hobart	(1897–1901)
,	,	Theodore Roosevelt	(1901)
Theodore Roosevelt	(1901–1909)	Vacant	(1901–1905)
	ĺ `	Charles W. Fairbanks	(1905–1909)
William H. Taft	(1909–1913)	James S. Sherman	(1909–1912)
		Vacant	(1912–1913)
Woodrow Wilson	(1913-1921)	Thomas R. Marshall	(1913–1921)
Warren G. Harding	(1921–1923)	Calvin Coolidge	(1921–1923)
Calvin Coolidge	(1923–1929)	Vacant	(1923–1925)
	`	Charles G. Dawes	(1925–1929)
Herbert Hoover	(1929–1933)	Charles Curtis	(1929–1933)
Franklin D. Roosevelt	(1933–1945)	John Nance Garner	(1933–1941)
	(-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Henry A. Wallace	(1941–1945)
		Harry S. Truman	(1945)
Harry S. Truman	(1945–1953)	Vacant	(1945–1949)
	(1)10 1)00)	Alben W. Barkley	(1949–1953)

### U.S. Presidents and Vice Presidents-Continued

President	Years Vice President		Years
John F. Kennedy	(1961–1963)	Lyndon B. Johnson	(1961–1963)
Lyndon B. Johnson	(1963–1969)	Vacant	(1963–1965)
,		Hubert H. Humphrey	(1965-1969)
Richard M. Nixon	(1969–1974)	Spiro T. Agnew	(1969-1973)
		Gerald R. Ford	(1973-1974)
Gerald R. Ford	(1974–1977)	Nelson Rockefeller	(1974-1977)
Jimmy Carter	(1977–1981)	Walter F. Mondale	(1977-1981)
Ronald Reagan	(1981–1989)	George H.W. Bush	(1981-1989)
George H.W. Bush	(1989–1993)	J. Danforth Quayle	(1989-1993)
William J. Clinton	(1993-2001)	Albert Gore, Jr	(1993-2001)
George W. Bush	(2001- )	Richard B. Cheney	(2001- )

# Most Populous U.S. Cities by State 1

[2006 Census estimates]

Alabama:		Delaware:	
Birmingham	.229,424	Wilmington	72,826
Montgomery*	201,998	Dover*	34,735
Mobile	192,830	Newark	30,014
Huntsville	168,132	Middletown	10,272
Tuscaloosa	83,052	Milford	
Alaska:		District of Columbia:	
Anchorage	278,700	Washington	581,530
Fairbanks		Florida:	
Juneau*	30,737	Jacksonville	794,555
Wasilla	9,236	Miami	404,048
Sitka City and Borough	8,920	Tampa	332,888
Arizona:		St. Petersburg	248,098
Phoenix*1	,512,986	Tallahassee*	
Tucson	518,956	Georgia:	,
Mesa	447,541	Atlanta*	486,411
Glendale	246,531	Augusta	189,366
Chandler		Columbus	
Arkansas:		Savannah	127,889
Little Rock*	184,422	Athens	111,580
Fort Smith	83,461	Hawaii:	,
Fayetteville		Honolulu*	377,357
Springdale		Hilo	40,759
Jonesboro		Kailua	
California:	,	Kaneohe	34,970
Los Angeles3	,849,378	Waipahu	33,108
San Diego1		Idaho:	
San Jose		Boise*	198,638
San Francisco		Nampa	76,587
Sacramento*		Meridian	
Colorado:	,	Pocatello	
Denver*	566,974	Idaho Falls	
Colorado Springs		Illinois:	_,,
Aurora		Chicago	2.833.321
Lakewood		Aurora	
Fort Collins		Rockford	· ·
Connecticut:	12,,10,	Naperville	
Bridgeport	137.912	Springfield*	
Hartford*		Indiana:	
New Haven		Indianapolis*	785.597
Stamford		Fort Wayne	· ·
Waterbury		Evansville	
waterbury	107,231	Lvansvine	113,730

# Most Populous U.S. Cities by State 1—Continued

[2006 Census estimates]

Indiana—Continued	Mississippi—Continued	
South Bend104,905	Biloxi	44,342
Gary97,715	Southaven	
Iowa:	Missouri:	
Des Moines*193,886	Kansas City	447,306
Cedar Rapids 124,417	St. Louis	
Davenport99,514	Springfield	
Sioux City	Independence	
Waterloo	Jefferson City*	39,274
Kansas:	Montana:	
Wichita357,698	Billings	100,148
Overland Park 166,722	Missoula	64,081
Kansas City 143,801	Great Falls	
Topeka* 122,113	Bozeman	35,061
Olathe114,662	Helena*	27,885
Kentucky:	Nebraska:	
Louisville554,496	Omaha	419,545
Lexington	Lincoln*	241,167
Owensboro55,525	Bellevue	47,594
Bowling Green53,176	Grand Island	44,632
Frankfort*27,077	Kearney	
Louisiana:	Nevada:	
Baton Rouge*229,553	Las Vegas	552,539
New Orleans223,388	Henderson	
Shreveport200,199	Reno	
Lafayette114,214	North Las Vegas	
Lake Charles	Carson City*	
Maine:	New Hampshire:	-
Portland63,011	Manchester	109,497
Lewiston	Nashua	
Bangor31,008	Concord*	
South Portland23,784	Rochester	30,117
Augusta*	Dover	
Maryland:	New Jersey:	
Baltimore	Newark	281,402
Rockville59,114	Jersey City	
Frederick58,882	Paterson	
Gaithersburg57,934	Elizabeth	
Annapolis*	Trenton*	
Massachusetts:	New Mexico:	
Boston*590,763	Albuquerque	504,949
Worcester175,454	Las Cruces	
Springfield151,176	Santa Fe*	
Lowell	Rio Rancho	71,607
Cambridge	Roswell	
Michigan:	New York:	
Detroit871,121	New York	8,214,426
Grand Rapids193,083	Buffalo	
Warren134,589	Rochester	
Sterling Heights127,991	Yonkers	197,852
Lansing*114,276	Albany*	
Minnesota:	North Carolina:	
Minneapolis372,833	Charlotte	630,478
St. Paul*	Raleigh*	
Rochester	Greensboro	
Duluth	Durham	
Bloomington80,869	Winston-Salem	
Mississippi:	North Dakota:	
Jackson*176,614	Fargo	90.056
Gulfport	Bismarck*	
Hattiesburg48,012	Grand Forks	
0		

# Most Populous U.S. Cities by State 1—Continued

[2006 Census estimates]

North Dakota—Continued	Tennessee—Continued
Minot	Clarksville
West Fargo21,508	Texas:
Ohio:	Houston2,144,491
Columbus*	San Antonio1,296,682
Cleveland444,313	Dallas1,232,940
Cincinnati	Austin*709,893
Toledo298,446	Fort Worth653,320
Akron209,704	Utah:
Oklahoma:	Salt Lake City*
Oklahoma City*537,734	West Valley119,841
Tulsa382,872	Provo113,984
Norman102,827	West Jordan94,309
Broken Arrow88,314	Sandy94,203
Lawton	Vermont:
Oregon:	Burlington
Portland537,081	South Burlington
Salem*	Rutland
Eugene146,356	Barre
Gresham97,105	Montpelier*
Beaverton	Virginia:
Pennsylvania:	Virginia Beach435,619
Philadelphia	Norfolk229,112
Pittsburgh	Chesapeake
Allentown	Richmond*192,913
Erie	Newport News
Harrisburg*47,164	Washington:
Rhode Island:	Seattle582,454
Providence*	Spokane
Warwick85,925	Tacoma
Cranston81,479	Vancouver
Pawtucket	Olympia*44,645
East Providence	West Virginia:
South Carolina:	Charleston*
Columbia*119,961	Huntington
Charleston	Parkersburg31,755
North Charleston87,482	Wheeling
Rock Hill	Morgantown
Mount Pleasant	Wisconsin:
South Dakota:	Milwaukee
Sioux Falls142,396	Madison*
Rapid City	Green Bay
Aberdeen24,071	Kenosha
Watertown20,526	Racine
Pierre*	Wyoming:
Tennessee:	Cheyenne*55,314
Memphis	Casper
Nashville*552,120	Laramie
Knoxville	Gillette
Chattanooga	Rock Springs 19,324

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The five most populous cities of each state are listed except where the capital city did not fall into the top five, in which case the fifth most populous city was replaced by the capital city.

<sup>\*</sup> State capital.

Source: Information courtesy of the U.S. Census Bureau.

		<b>.</b>	Principal Foreign Countries as of June 2008	s as of June 2008	
Country	UN member	Capital	Chief of state	Legislative body	Government type
Afghanistan Yes	Yes	Kabul	President	National Assembly of House of	Islamic Republic.
,				People, House of Elders.	•
Albania	do	Tirana (Tirane)	do	Assembly (unicameral)	Emerging Democracy.
Algeria	do			National People's Assembly,	Republic.
Andorra	do	Andorra la Vella	Andorra la Vella Executive Council President	Council of Nations. General Council of the Valleys	Parliamentary Democracy
				(unicameral).	./
Angola	do	Luanda	President	National Assembly (unicameral)	Republic: multiparty presidential regime.
Antigua and Barbuda	÷	Saint John's	Queen (represented by Governor	Parliament (bicameral)	Constitutional Monarchy with a
			General).		parliamentary system of government.
Argentina	do	Buenos Aires	President	National Congress (bicameral)	Republic.
Armenia	do	Yerevan	op	National Assembly (Parliament)	Do.
Australia	op	Canberra	Queen (represented by Governor General).	Federal Parliament (bicameral)	Federal Parliamentary Democracy.
Austria	οl	Vienna	President	Federal Assembly (hicameral)	Federal Republic
Azerbaiian	ф		do		Republic.
Bahamas, The			Queen (represented by Governor	Parliament (bicameral)	Parliament (bicameral)
	,		General).	;	
Bahrain	op	Manama	King	Legislature (bicameral)	Constitutional Monarchy.
Bangladesh	do	Dhaka	President	National Parliament (unicameral)   Parliamentary Democracy.	Parliamentary Democracy.
Barbados	op	Bridgetown	Queen (represented by Governor		Do
Belarus	do	Minsk	President	President  National Assembly (bicameral)  Republic in name, although	Republic in name, although
					in fact a dictatorship.
Belgium	op	Brussels	King	Parliament (bicameral)	Federal Parliamentary Democracy
:	,		;		under a Constitutional Monarchy.
Belize	ор	Belmopan	Queen (represented by Governor	National Assembly (bicameral)	Parliamentary Democracy.
Benin	do	Porto-Novo		National Assembly (unicameral)	Republic.
Bhutan	ф	Thimphu	King	Parliament (bicameral)	In transition to Constitutional Monarchy;
			0		special treaty relationship with India.
Bolivia	op	La Paz	President	National Congress (bicameral)	Republic.
Bosnia and Herzegovina	op	Sarajevo	Chairman of the Presidency	Chairman of the Presidency  Parliamentary Assembly (bicameral)   Emerging Federal Democratic Republic.	Emerging Federal Democratic Republic.
Botswana	do	Gaborone	President	Parliament (bicameral)	Parliamentary Republic.
Brazil			op	National Congress (bicameral)	Federal Republic.
Brunei	do	Bandar Seri	Sultan and Prime Minister	Brunei	Constitutional Sultanate.

# Principal Foreign Countries as of June 2008—Continued

		double do	Principal Foreign countries as of June 2000—Confinded	June 2000—Continued	
Country	UN member	Capital	Chief of state	Legislative body	Government type
Burgaria	Yesdo		Sofiadododododo	. National Assembly (unicameral) Parliamentary Democracy rom Parliamentary Republic. People's Assembly (unicameral) Military Junta.	Parliamentary Democracy. Parliamentary Republic. Military Junta.
Burundido	op	Bujumbura Phnom Penh		President	Republic. Multiparty Democracy under a
Canadado	op	YaoundeOttawa	President	. National Assembly (unicameral) Parliament (bicameral)	% C &
Cape VerdeCentral African	op	Praia Bangui		Presidentdo	Federation. Republic. Do.
Chiledodododo	op	N'Djamena Santiago Beijing	dodo	N'Djamena        do        do	Do. Do. Communist State.
Colombiado	op	Bogota	ор	(uncameral).    Congress (bicameral)do	Republic, Executive Branch dominates
Comoros	op	Moroni Kinshasa		do	Republic. Do.
republic of the. Congo, Republic of the	do	Brazzaville	op	do	Do.
Costa Rica	op	San Jose Yamoussoukro		Legislative Assembly (unicameral) National Assembly (unicameral)	do
(tvory coast). Croatiado Cuba	op	ZagrebHavana	do	do	(est. 1904).* Presidential/Parliamentary Democracy. Communist State.
Cyprus		Nicosia (Lefkosia) Prague Copenhagen Djibouti Roseau Santo Domingo	Nicosia (Lefkosia)        do           Prague        do           Copenhagen         Queen           Djibouti        do          do ordo        do          do ordo        do           Santo Doningo        do	do         Nicosia (Lefkosia)	Republic. Parliamentary Democracy. Constitutional Monarchy. Republic. Parliamentary Democracy. Democratic Republic.
		)			•

Useful Tables 327

Republic. Do. Do.	Tran Parli Fede Repu	Do. Republic; Multiparty Presidential Regime. Republic. Do. Federal Republic.		Constitutional Democratic Republic. Republic. Do. Do. Ecclesiastical. Democratic Constitutional Republic. Parliamentary Democracy. Constitutional Republic. Fortunal Democracy.	
N S S H		Parliament (bicameral)			rantament (ocamera)
Presidentdo			do	President	do
Quito		Paris		Guatemala	New Denn
Yesdo	opop	opop	op	dododododo	
EcuadorEgyptEgypt El Salvador	Eritrea	France	Ghana Greece Grenada	Guatemala	Indonesia

# Principal Foreign Countries as of June 2008—Continued

		Princip	Principal Foreign Countries as of June 2008—Continued	June 2008—Continued	
Country	UN member	Capital	Chief of state	Legislative body	Government type
Jamaica Yo	Yes	Kingston	Queen (represented by Governor Parliament (bicameral)		
Japan	op	Tokyo	Emperor	Diet (bicameral)	Constitutional Monarchy with a
Jordan	do	doAmman	King	KingNational Assembly (bicameral)	Farnamentary Government. Constitutional Monarchy.
Kazakhstan	:	Astana	do   Astana   President		Republic, Authoritarian Presidential rule,
					with little power outside the Executive Branch.
Kenya	do	. Nairobi	do	National Assembly (unicameral)	Republic.
Kiribati	do	. Tarawa		House of Parliament (unicameral)	Do.
Korea, North	do		Premier		Communist State one-man dictatorship.
,	,			(unicameral).	;
Korea, Southdodo	op	. Seoul	President	National Assembly (unicameral)	Republic.
Kosovo No	No		Pristina (Prishtine)  do	Kosovo Assembly of the Provisional	Do.
Kuwait Yes	Yes		Kuwait Amir	National Assembly (unicameral)	Constitutional Emirate.
Kyrgyzstan	op		President		Republic.
Laos	do	Vientiane	do	National Assembly (unicameral)	Communist State.
Latvia	do		do	Parliament (unicameral)	Parliamentary Democracy.
Lebanon	do				Republic.
Lesotho	do				Parliamentary Constitutional Monarchy.
Liberia	do		President	eral)	Republic.
Libya	op	Tripoli	Tripoli   Revolutionary Leader 4   General People's Congress	General People's Congress	Jamahiriya. <sup>5</sup>
		•	•	(unicameral).	
Liechtenstein	do	. Vaduz	Prince	Parliament or Landtag (unicameral)   Constitutional Monarchy.	Constitutional Monarchy.
Lithuania	op		President		Parliamentary Democracy.
Luxembourg	op	. Luxembourg		Chamber of Deputies (unicameral)   Constitutional Monarchy.	Constitutional Monarchy.
Macedonia, former	op			President   Parliamentary Democracy	Parliamentary Democracy.
rugosiav kepublic. Mada <i>g</i> ascar	οĐ	Antananarivo	οp	Legislature (hicameral) Republic	Remiblic
Malawi			ορ	National Assembly (unicameral)   Multiparty Democracy	Multiparty Democracy.
Malaysia	:				Constitutional Monarchy.
Maldives	do		President	People's Council (unicameral)	Republic.
Mali	do	. Bamako		National Assembly (unicameral)	, Do.
Maltado	do		do		Do.
Marshall Islands	op		op		Constitutional Government in free
					association with the U.S.

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Mauritius	Yesdodo	Nouakchott	Presidentdo	Legislature (bicameral)	Democratic Republic. Parliamentary Democracy. Federal Republic. Constitutional Government in free
States of. Moldova	op	Chisinan	op:	Parliament (unicameral)	association with the U.S. Republic.
Monaco	- !		Prince	National Council (unicameral)	
Mongolia	do	Ulaanbaatar	President	State Great Hural (unicameral)	Mixed Parliamentary/Presidential.
Montenegro	op	Podgorica	op		
Morocco	op	Rabat	King	Parliament (bicameral)	Constitutional Monarchy.
Mozambique	op	Maputo			Republic.
Namibia	op	Windhoek	op:	Legislature (bicameral)	_ Do.
Nauru	do	No official capital;		dodo	
		government offices in Yaren District.			
Nepal	op	Kathmandu	Prime Minister	330 seat Interim Parliament	Constitutional Monarchy.
Netherlands		Amsterdam	Oueen		
New Zealand	:	Wellington		dodo	Parliamentary Democracy.
Nicaragua	do	Managua		National Assembly (unicameral) Republic.	Republic.
Niger	op	Niamey	op	op	Do.
Nigeria	op	Abuja	op	National Assembly (bicameral)	Federal Republic.
Norway	op	Oslo		Parliament (Storting), (modified	Constitutional Monarchy.
				unicameral)6.	
Oman	do		Sultan and Prime Minister		
Pakistan	op	Islamabad	President	Parliament (bicameral)	Federal Republic.
Palau	do	Melekeok	op.	National Congress (bicameral)   Constitutional Government in free	Constitutional Government in free
Panama		do Panama	op		Constitutional Democracy.
Papua New Guinea	do	Port Moresby	Queen	National Parliament (unicameral)	Constitutional Parliamentary Democracy.
Paraguay	do	Asuncion		Congress (bicameral)	Constitutional Republic.
Peru	:	do Lima	do		Do.
				(unicameral).	
Philippines	do	Manila	op	Congress (bicameral)Republic.	Republic.
Poland	do	Warsaw	op.	National Assembly (bicameral)	_ Do.
Portugal	op	Lisbon	op	Assembly of the Republic (unicameral)   Parliamentary Democracy.	Parliamentary Democracy.
Qatar	:	Doha		Advisory Council (unicameral) Emirate.	Emirate.
Romania	ор	Bucharest	President	Parliament (bicameral)	Republic.
Russia	ор	Moscow	op	Federal Assembly (bicameral)	Federation.
Rwanda	:	Kigali	op	Parliament (bicameral)	Republic; presidential, multiparty system.
Saint Kitts and Nevis	do	Basseterre	Queen	do   Basseterre   Queen	Parliamentary Democracy.

# Principal Foreign Countries as of June 2008—Continued

		Princip	Principal Foreign Countries as of June 2008—Continued	June 2008—Continued	
Country	UN member	Capital	Chief of state	Legislative body	Government type
Saint Lucia	Yesdo		Queenob	Castries	Parliamentary Democracy. Do.
the Grenadines.		)			
Samoa		do Apia	Chief of State	Legislative Assembly (unicameral) Grand and General Council	Do. Republic.
E		E			
Sao Tome and	ор	Sao Tome	Sao Tome President	National Assembly (unicameral)	Do.
Principe.					
Saudi Arabia					
Senegal					Repu
Serbia			op	National Assembly (unicameral)	
Seychelles	op			ор	Do.
Sierra Leone	do	Freetown		dodo	Constitutional Democracy.
Singapore	do		op	op	Parliamentary Republic.
Slovakia	:		op		
Slovenia			ф	Parliament (bicameral)	
Solomon Islands	_ :	_			
Somalia					
					Government.
South Africa	do	Pretoria	President	Parliament (bicameral)	Republic.
Spain <sup>7</sup>	÷		King	General Courts or National Assembly	Parliamentary Monarchy.
•			)	(bicameral).	
Sri Lanka	do	Colombo	President	P	Republic.
Sudan	do				Government of National Unity (GNU).
Suriname	do	Paramaribo		National Assembly (unicameral)	Constitutional Democracy.
Swaziland	op		King	Parliament (bicameral)	Monarchy.
Sweden	do	Stockholm	King	Parliament (unicameral)	Constitutional Monarchy.
Switzerland	do	Bern		Federal Assembly (bicameral)	Formally a Confederation but similar in
					structure to a Federal Republic.
Syria	do	Damascus	op	People's Council (unicameral)	Republic under an authoritarian
				•	military-dominated regime.
Tajikistan	op		op	Supreme Assembly (bicameral)	
Taiwan	No		op	Legislative Yuan (unicameral)	
Tanzania			op		
Thailand	ор		King	National Assembly (bicameral)	Constitutional Monarchy.
Timor-Lestedo	op	Dili	President.	Dili  President  Republic	Republic.

Togo	$\sim$	Lome	President	es   Lome   President	Republic under transition to multiparty
					democratic rule.
Tonga		Nuku'alofa	do   Nuku'alofa   King	Legislative Assembly (unicameral)	Constitutional Monarchy.
Trinidad and Tobago	do	Port-of-Spain	do   Port-of-Spain   President	Parliament (bicameral)	Parliamentary Democracy.
Tunisia	do	Tunis	do	Chamber of Deputies and the	Republic.
				Chamber of Advisors (bicameral).	•
Turkey		Ankara	do   Ankara	Grand National Assembly of Turkey	Republican Parliamentary Democracy
				(unicameral).	
Turkmenistan	dodo	Ashgabat	op	Two Parliamentary Bodies: People's	Republic; Authoritarian Presidential rule,
		(Ashkhabad).		Council and a National Assembly.	with little power outside the executive
					branch.
Tuvalu		Funafuti	do   Funafuti   Queen	Parliament (also called House of	Constitutional Monarchy with a
				Assembly; unicameral).	Parliamentary Democracy.
Uganda		do Kampala	President	National Assembly (unicameral)	Republic.
Ukraine		do Kyiv (Kiev)	do	Supreme Council (unicameral)	Do.
United Arab		Abu Dhabi	do   Abu Dhabi  do	Federal National Council (FNC)	Federation with specified powers
Emirates.				(unicameral).	delegated to the UAE federal
					government and other powers reserved
					to member emirates.
United Kingdom		London	do   London   Queen	Parliament (bicameral)	Constitutional Monarchy.
Uruguay		Montevideo	do   Montevideo   President	General Assembly (bicameral)	Constitutional Republic.
Uzbekistan		Tashkent	op	Supreme Assembly (bicameral)	do   Tashkent
					with little power outside the executive
					branch.
Vanuatu		Port-Vila (on Efate)	op	do   Port-Vila (on Efate) dodo	Parliamentary Republic.
Venezuela		Caracas	do   Caracas  do	National Assembly (unicameral)	Federal Republic.
Vietnam		Hanoi		dododo	Communist State.
Yemen		Sanaa		Legislature (bicameral)	Republic.
Zambia		do Lusaka  do	op	National Assembly (unicameral)	Do.
Zimbabwe		Harare	resident	Parliament (bicameral)  Parliamentary Democracy	Parliamentary Democracy.

Since 1989, the military authorities in Burma have promoted the name Myanmar as a conventional name for their state; this decision was not approved by any sitting legislature in Burma, and the U.S. Government did not adopt the name, which is a derivative of the Burmese short-form name Myanma Naingngandaw.

<sup>3</sup> In 1950, the Israel Parliament proclaimed Jerusalem as the capital. The United States does not recognize Jerusalem as the capital and the U.S. Embassy continues to be located in <sup>2</sup> Government currently under power sharing agreement mandated by international mediators.

 $^4 Holds \ no \ official \ itile, but is de facto Chief \ of State.$   $^5 In \ theory, governed \ by \ the \ populace \ through \ local \ councils; in \ practice, an \ authoritarian \ state.$ 

°No accurate English equivalents. 7The Law of Succession, July 27, 1947, declared that Spain was constituted a Kingdom.

Source: World Factbook 2008, Central Intelligence Agency, http://www.cia.gov/library/publications/the-world-factbook/index.html.

# **Demonyms: Names of Nationalities**

[Demonym is a name given to a people or inhabitants of a place.]

Bahamian   Bahamian   Bahrain   Bahrain   Bahrain   Bangladesh   Bangladesh   Barbados   Barbadian or Bajan   Ethiopia   Ethiopian   Eth	Country	Demonym*	Country	Demonym*
Algeria. American Samoa American Samoa American Samoa Andorra Andorra Andorra Angola Anguilla Anguilla Anguilla Argentina Argentina Argentina Argentina Argentina Argentina Argentina Aruba Aruba Aruba Aruba Aruba Arustralia Australia Austrial Austrial Asterbajan Bahamian Bahrain Bahrain Bahrain Bahrain Barbados Barbadian or Bajan Belarus Belgium Belgium Belgium Belgium Belize Belgium Belize Belize Belize Benin Benines (singular and plural). Bermuda Bermuda Bolivia Bo	Afghanistan	Afghan.	Costa Rica	Costa Rican.
American Samoa Andorra Andorra Andorra Andorra Andorra Andorra Angola Angola Angola Angola Angola Angola Angola Angola Angola Anguilla Anguilla Anguilla Anguilla Anguilla Anguilla Argentine Argentine Armenia Armenia Armenia Armenia Armenia Aruba Austria Australia Australia Baharin Baharin Baharin Bahrain Bahrain Bahrain Bahrain Barbados Barbad	Albania	Albanian.	Cote d'Ivoire	Ivorian.
Andorra. Angola. Angola. Angola. Anguilla. Anguilla. Anguilla. Antigua and Barbuda. Antiguan Barbudan. Argentina. Argentina. Armenia. Aruban. Aruban. Australia. Austriala. Austriala. Austriala. Azerbaijani. Bahamian. Bahrain. Bahrain. Bahrain. Bahrain. Barbados. Barbadian or Bajan. Belarus. Belarus. Belarus. Belgium. Belgium. Belize. Belize. Belize. Benin. Benin. Benin. Beninese (singular and plural). Bermuda. Bolivian. Bo	Algeria	Algerian.	Croatia	Croat or Croatian.
Angola. Anguilla. Argentine. Argentine. Armenia. Armenia. Aruba. Aruba. Australia. Australia. Australia. Austrial. Australia. Azerbaijan. Azerbaijan. Bahamas. Bahamas. Bahamia. Bahrain. Bahrain. Bahrain. Bahrain. Bahrain. Barbados. Barbadian or Bajan. Belizus. Belgium. Belgium. Belgium. Belgian. Belize. Bel	American Samoa	American Samoan.	Cuba	Cuban.
Anguilla Antigua and Barbuda Antiguan Barbudan. Argentina. Argentina. Argentina. Argentina. Argentina. Argentina. Aruban. Aruban. Aruban. Australa. Australa. Australa. Austrian. Ecuador. Ecuadorian. Egyptian. Australia. Austrian. El Salvador. Equatorial Guinean Australia. Austrian. El Salvador. Equatorial Guinean Equatoguinean. Eritrea Estonian. Eritrea Estonian. Eritrea Estonian. Es	Andorra	Andorran.	Cyprus	Cypriot.
Anguilla Antigua and Barbuda Antiguan Barbudan. Argentina. Argentina. Argentina. Argentina. Argentina. Aruban Aruban Aruban Aruban Aruban Australia Australia Australia Austrian Ecuador Ecuadora Egyptian E	Angola	Angolan.	Czech Republic	Czech.
Argentina Argentine Armenia Armenia Armenia Armenia Armenia Armenia Armenia Armenia Armenia Aruban. Australia Egypt Egyptian Salvadoran. Salvadoran Salva	Anguilla	Anguillan.	Denmark	Dane.
Argentina Argentine. Armenia Armenian. Armenia Armenian. Armenia Armenian. Aruban. Australia Australian. Australia Australian. Azerbaijan. Azerbaijan. Azerbaijan. Azerbaijan. Azerbaijan. Azerbaijan. Azerbaijan. Bahrain. Bahrain. Bahrain. Bahrain. Bahrain. Barbados. Barbadian or Bajan. Belarus. Belarus. Belarus. Belgian. Belgize. Beljize. Belji	Antigua and Barbuda	Antiguan Barbudan.	Djibouti	Djiboutian.
Aruban. Australia Australia Austrian Austrian Azerbaijan Azerbaijan Bahaman Bahaman Bahamian Bahrain Bangladesh Barbados Belarus Belarus Belize Belize Belizea Benin Belizea Benin Benin Bermuda Bermudian Bhutanese (singular and plural). Bolivia Bosia and Herzegovina Botswana Gabona Gabona Gabona Gabona Gabona Gabona Gabona Gab	Argentina	Argentine.	Dominica	Dominican.
Australia Austria. Austrian. Austrian. Austrian. Austria. Austrian. Austrian. Azerbajjan. Azerbajjan. Bahamian. Baharain. Baharain. Baharain. Bahrain. Bangladesh. Bangladesh. Bangladesh. Barbados. Barbadian or Bajan. Belarus Belgium. Belgian. Belgian. Belgian. Belize. Belizean. Beninese (singular and plural). Bermuda Bermudian. Bosnia and Herzegovina. Bosnia and Herzegovina. Bosnia and Herzegovina. Bosnian d Herzegovina. Bosnian d Herzegovina. Bosnian d Herzegovina. Bosnian, Herzegovinian. Botswana (singular). Brazil. Brazilian. Bruneia. Bruneia. Bruneia. Bulgaria Bulgarian. Burwan (singular and plural). Burwan (singular and plural). Burwan (singular and plural). Brazilian. Georgia. Georgia. Georgian. Georgian. German. Ghanaian. Guambodia. Cambodia. Canadian. Ghanaian. Ghanai	Armenia	Armenian.	Dominican Republic	Dominican.
Austria. Azerbaijan. Azerbaijani. Bahrain. Bahrain. Bahrain. Bahrain. Bahrain. Bangladesh. Bangladesh. Barbados Barbados Belarus. Belarus. Belize. Belize. Belize. Belize. Belizean. Benin. Bermuda Bermuda Bermuda Bolivia. Bolivia. Bolivia. Bosnia and Herzegovina Bosnian, Herzegovina Bosnia, Herzegovina Bosnia, Herzegovina Gabon  Georgia Georgia Georgia Georgia Georgia Georgia Georgia Gerenan Greenan Gibraltar Gibral	Aruba	Aruban.	Ecuador	Ecuadorian.
Azerbaijan. Azerbaijani. Bahamian. Bahamian. Bahraini. Bahraini. Bahraini. Bahraini. Bangladesh. Barbados Barbados Barbadian or Bajan. Belarus Belarus Belarusian. Belizean. Belizean. Belizean. Belizean. Benimese (singular and plural). Bermuda Bermudian. Bolivian. Bosnia and Herzegovina Bosnian, Herzegovinian. Bosnia and Herzegovina Bosnian and Herzegovina Bosnian, Herzegovinian. Botswana British Virgin Islandes. British Virgin Islandes. Bruneian. Bulgariaa. Bulgarian. Bulgarian. Burma (Myanmar¹) Burmese (singular and plural). Burma (Myanmar¹) Burmese (singular and plural). Burma (Myanmar¹) Burmese (singular and plural). Burma (Agamanian. Cameoon. Cameroonian. Canevede. Cape Verde. Cape Verde. Capwanians Islands. Chile. Christmas Islands. Cocoos (Keeling) Islands. Colombia. Calpetal. Eritrea. Eritrea. Eritrea. Ettiopia. Ethiopian. Ethiopian. Ethiopia. Eth	Australia	Australian.	Egypt	Egyptian.
The Bahamas   Bahrain   Bahrain   Bahrain   Bahrain   Bahrain   Bahrain   Eritrea   Estonia	Austria	Austrian.	El Salvador	Salvadoran.
Bahamian   Bahrain   Bahrain   Bahrain   Bangladesh   Bangladesh   Bangladesh   Estonia   Estonia   Estonian   Estosian	Azerbaijan	Azerbaijani.	Equatorial Guinea	Equatorial Guinean or
Bahrain.         Bahrain.         Eritrea.         Eritrean.           Bangladesh.         Bangladesh.         Estonia.         Estonian.           Barbados.         Barbadian or Bajan.         Ethiopia.         Ethiopian.           Belarus.         Belarusian.         Falkland Islands.         Falkland Islander.           Belgium.         Belgian.         Faroes Islands.         Faroese (singular and plural).           Benin.         Berinese (singular and plural).         Fiji.         Fijian.           Bermuda.         Bermudian.         France.         Frenchman (men) on Frenchwoman (women).           Bolivia.         Bolivian.         French Polynesia.         French Polynesian.           Bosnia and Herzegovina.         Motswana (singular), Batswana (plural).         French Polynesia.         Gambian.           Borazil.         Brazilian.         Georgia.         Georgia.         Georgian.           British Virgin Islands.         British Virgin Islander.         German.         German.         German.           Bulgaria.         Bulgaria.         Bulgarian.         Gibraltar.         Gibraltarian.           Burma (Myanmar¹)         Burmese (singular and plural).         Greece.         Greek.           Greenland.         Greenlander.         Greenlander.	The Bahamas	Bahamian.		Equatoguinean.
Barbados Belarus Belarusian. Belize Belgian. Belize Belgian. Belize Belgian. Belize Belizean. Beninese (singular and plural). Beninese (singular and plural). Bermuda Bermudian. Bhutanese (singular and plural). Bolivian Bolivian Bolivian Bosnia and Herzegovina Bosnia, Herzegovinian. Bosnia and Herzegovina Brazilian. Brazilian. Brazilian. Brazilian. Brazilian. Brazilian. British Virgin Islands. British Virgin Islander. Brunei Bruneian. Bulgarian. Bulgarian. Bulgarian. Burwina Faso Burma (Myanmar¹) Burmese (singular and plural). Burmese (singular and plural). Burmese (singular and plural). Greece. Greek. Greenland. Greendada. Cambodian. Cambodian. Cambodian. Cameroon Cameroonan. Cameroonan. Cameroonan. Cayman Islands Cayman Islands Cayman Islands Chilean. Cholinase (Sondain) Iranian. Iranian. Ethiopian. Ethiopian. Falkland Islands. Faroo Islands. Falkland Is		Bahraini.	Eritrea	Eritrean.
Barbados Belarus Belarusian. Belarusian. Belarusian. Belarusian. Belarusian. Belarusian. Belgiam. Belgiam. Belgiam. Belgiam. Belgiam. Belizean. Beninese (singular and plural). Bermuda Bermudian. Bhutanese (singular and plural). Bolivian. Bosnia and Herzegovina Bosnia and Herzegovina Brazilian. Brazilian. Brazilian. Brazilian. Brazilian. Brazilian. British Virgin Islands. British Virgin Islands. Brurna (Myanmar¹) Burmese (singular and plural). Burma (Myanmar¹) Burmese (singular and plural). Burma (Myanmar¹) Burmese (singular and plural). Burma (Ambodia. Cambodian. Cambodian. Cameroon. Cameroonian. Cayman Islands. Cayman Islands Chilean. Chile. Christmas Islande. Christmas Islande. Cocos (Keeling) Islands. Colombian. Colombian. Iranian. Italian. Iranian. Irani	Bangladesh	Bangladeshi.	Estonia	Estonian.
Belarus				Ethiopian.
Belize Benin Beninese (singular and plural). Bermuda Bermudian. Bermudian Bermudian. Bolivia Bolivian Bosnia and Herzegovina Bosnia, Herzegovinian. Botswana Brazilian Brazilian British Virgin Islands British Virgin Islands Bulgarian Burkina Faso plural). Burma (Myanmar¹) Burmese (singular and plural). Burundi Burundian Cambodia Cameroonian. Cameroon Cameroonian. Canada Canada Canadian. Cape Verde Cape Verdean. Cayman Islands Chilean Christmas Islands Christmas Island Chile Christmas Islands Cholman Chilean Cholman Chilean Cholman Cooso (Keeling) Islands Colombia C				
Belize Benin Beninese (singular and plural).  Bermuda Bermudian. Bermudian. Bhutan Bolivian Bolivian. Bosnia and Herzegovina Bosnian, Herzegovinian. Botswana Motswana (singular), Brazil Brazilian. British Virgin Islands British Virgin Islander. Brunei Burkina Faso Burkinabe (singular and plural). Burma (Myanmar¹) Burmese (singular and plural). Burundi Burundian. Cambodia Cambodian. Cameroon Cameroonian. Canada Canadan. Canada Cayman Islands Cayman Islands Cayman Islands Cayman Islands Chile Chilean. Chile Christmas Island Chiles (Singular and plural). Christmas Island Christmas Islander. Christmas Island Cholina (Colombia). Colombia Colombia (Colombia).  Berindian (Finland. Finn. Finland. Fijilan. Fipland. Fijilan. Finland. Finn. French Polynesia. Gance. French Polynesia. Gambian. Georgia. Georgia. Georgia. Georgia. Georgia. Georgia. Georgia. Germany. German, German. Ghana Ghanaian. Ghanaian. Gibraltar Gibraltarian. Gibraltar Gibraltar Gibraltar Gibraltar Gibraltar Gibraltar Gibraltarian. Grenadia. Grenadia. Grenadia. Grenadia. Grenadia. Grenadia. Guuma. Guuma. Guuma. Guutemalan. Guinea. Guinea	Belgium	Belgian.	Faroe Islands	Faroese (singular and
Benin Beninese (singular and plural).  Bermuda Bermudian.  Bhutanese (singular and plural).  Bolivia Bosnian, Herzegovinian.  Bosnia and Herzegovina Bosnian, Herzegovinian.  Botswana Motswana (singular),    Batswana (plural).  Brazil Brazil Brazilian.  British Virgin Islands British Virgin Islander.  Brunei Bulgarian.  Burwina Faso. Burkinabe (singular and plural).  Burma (Myanmar¹) Burmese (singular and plural).  Burma (Myanmar¹) Burundian.  Cambodia Cambodian.  Cameroon. Cameroonian.  Canada Canadian.  Cape Verde Cape Verde Caymanian.  Chile Chiese (singular and plural).  Chiese (singular and plural).  Christmas Island China China China China China China Cocos (Keeling) Islands.  Cocos (Keeling) Islands.  Colombia Colombian.  Bermuda. Birtish Virgin Islander.  French Polynesia. Gabon. Gabonese (singular and plural).  French Polynesia. Gabon. Gabonese (singular and plural).  French Polynesia. Gabon. Gabonese (singular and gloreria).  Georgia. Georgia.				
Plural).   Bermuda   Bermudian.   Bhutanese (singular and plural).   Bolivia   Bolivian.   Bolivian.   Bolivian.   Bosnian, Herzegovinian.   Batswana (singular), Batswana (plural).   Brazilian   Brazilian   Brazilian   British Virgin Islander.   Bruneian   Bulgarian   Bulgarian   Burundian   Burundian   Burundian   Cambodia   Cameroonian   Canadaa   Canadian   Carpe Verde   Cayman Islands   Cayman Islands   Carlistmas Island   Christmas Island   Christmas Island   Cocos (Keeling) Islands   Colombia   Colombia   Colombian   Colombian   Colombia   Colombian   Colombian   Colombia   Colombian   Candonsian   Candonsian   Candonsian   Candonsian   Candonsian   Calombonian   Calombon		Beninese (singular and	Fiji	
Bermuda Bhutan Bhutanese (singular and plural).  Bolivia Bolivia. Bolivian.  Bosnia and Herzegovina Bosnian, Herzegovinian.  Bossia and Herzegovina Bosnian, Herzegovinian.  Botswana Motswana (singular), Batswana (plural).  Brazil Brazil Brazilian.  Brazila British Virgin Islander.  Bruneia Bulgarian.  Bulgaria Bulgarian.  Burkina Faso. Burkinabe (singular and plural).  Burma (Myanmar¹) Burmese (singular and plural).  Burmodia Cambodia Cambodian.  Cameroonian.  Cameroon. Cameroonian.  Canada Canadian.  Cape Verde Cape Verdean.  Cape Verde Capananian.  Chile Chilean.  Christmas Island Christmas Islander.  Christmas Island Christmas Islander.  Christmas Islands Cocos (Keeling) Islands.  Colombia Colombian.  Bermudian.  Bermudian.  French Polynesia.  French Polynesian.  Gabon. Gabon. Gabonese (singular and plural).  French Polynesian.  French Polynesian.  French Polynesian.  Gabon. Gabonese (singular and georgia.  Georgia. Georgia.  Georgia. Georgian.  Germany. German.  Germany. German.  Grence. Greek.  Greenland. Gibraltarian.  Gibraltarian.  Gibraltarian.  Gibraltarian.  Gibraltarian.  Guuma. Guumanian.  Guuma. Guumanian.  Guurensey. Channel Islander.  Guinea. Guinea.  Guinea. Guinean.  Guinean.  Guinean.  Guinean.  Guinean.  Guinean.  Haiti. Haitian.  Honduran.  Honduran.  Honduran.  Chinese/Hong Kong  Hungary. Hungarian.  Iceland. Icelander.  Indian. Indian.  Indonesian. Indonesian.			Finland	Finn.
Bhutan	Bermuda			Frenchman (men) or
Plural   Bolivia   Bolivian   Bolivian   Bosnia and Herzegovina   Bosnian, Herzegovinian   Motswana (singular), Batswana (plural)   Brazilian   Brazilian   British Virgin Islands   Bruneian   Bulgarian   Bulgarian   Burkina Faso   Burmese (singular and plural)   Burundi   Burundi   Burundi   Burundian   Cambodia   Cameroon   Cameroon   Cameroon   Canada   Canada   Canada   Cayman Islands   Cayman Islands   Cayman Islands   Chinese (singular and plural   African Republic   Christmas Island   Christmas Island   Cocos (Keeling) Islands   Colombia   Canadan   Canadan   Calondonian   Calondonian   Calombonian   Calo				
Bolivia Bosnia and Herzegovina Bosnia, Herzegovinian. Bosnia and Herzegovina Bosnia, Herzegovinian. British Virgin Islander. Brunei. Brazilian. Brazilian. British Virgin Islander. Bruneian. Bulgarian. Bulgarian. Bulgarian. Burkina Faso. Burkinabe (singular and plural). Burmese (singular and plural). Burmese (singular and plural). Burmodia. Cambodia. Cambodia. Cambodia. Cameroonia. Cameroonia. Cameroonia. Canada. Canadia. Canadia. Cape Verde. Cape Verdean. Cayman Islands Caymanian. Central African Republic. Central African. Chadian. Chilean. Chilean. Chilean. Chilean. Chilean. Chiristmas Island. Christmas Island. Christmas Islands. Cocos (Keeling) Islands Cocos (Keeling) Islands Colombia. Colombia.  Bosnia, Herzegovinian. Gabon. Gabon. Gabon. Gabon. Gabon. Gabon. Gabon. Gabon. Gabon. Gabonse (singular and plural). Georgia. German. Garman. Georgia. German. German. Gerenala. Gibraltar.				
Bosnia and Herzegovina Bosnian, Herzegovinian. Motswana (singular), Batswana (plural). Brazilian. Brazilian. British Virgin Islands. British Virgin Islands. Bruneian. Bulgarian. Bulgarian. Bulgarian. Burkina Faso. plural). Burmese (singular and plural). Burmese (singular and plural). Burundian. Gambodia Cambodian. Cambodia Cameroon. Cameroonian. Canada Cape Verde Cayman Islands Cayman Islands Cahlan. Chaldan. Chile Christmas Island Christmas Island Cocos (Keeling) Islands Colombia. Colombia. Colombia. Colombia. Colombian. Colombia. Colombian. Colombia. Colombia. Colombian. Circing Gabonese (singular and plural). Gabon. Gabonese (singular and plural). Gabon. Gabonese (singular and plural). Gambia. Gaona. Georgian. German. Georgian. Ghana. Georgian. Ghana. Gibraltar Gibraltarian. Gibraltarian. Gibraltarian. Gibraltarian. Greece. Greek. Greenlander. Greenlander. Greenlander. Greenland. Guatemala. Guatemala. Guatemala. Guatemala. Guatemala. Guatemala. Guatemala. Guatemala. Guatemala. Guinea. Guinean. Guinea. Guinean. Guinea. Guinean. G	Bolivia		French Polynesia	
Botswana (singular), Batswana (plural). Brazil Brazil British Virgin Islander. Brunei Brunei Bruneia Brunai Bulgaria Bulgaria Burkina Faso Burma (Myanmar¹) Burmese (singular and plural). Burundi Burundi Burundi Cambodia Cameroon Canada Cape Verde Cape Verdean Cayaman Islands Cayamanian Central African Republic Chadian Chadian Chile Chilean Chilean Chilean Chiristmas Island Christmas Islander Christmas Island Christmas Island Christmas Islander Cocos (Keeling) Islands Cocos (Keeling) Islands Colombia Colombia  Motswana (singular). Georgia Germany. Germany. Gibraltarian Gibraltar Gibraltarian Gibraltar Gibraltar Gibraltar Greece Greek				Gabonese (singular and
Brazil Brazil Brazil Brazilian. Brazilian. Brazilian. Brazilian. Brazilian. Brazilian. Brazilian. Brazilian. British Virgin Islander. Bruneia. Bruneian. Bulgaria Bulgaria. Bulgarian. Bulgarian. Bulgarian. Bulgarian. Burkina Faso Burkinabe (singular and plural). Burmese (singular and plural). Burmese (singular and plural). Burundian. Gambodia Cambodian. Gameroonian. Cameroonian. Canada Canadian. Canada Canadian. Cape Verde Cayman Islands Cayman Islands Chile Chilean. Chile Christmas Island Christmas Islande. Christmas Islande. Cocos (Keeling) Islands Colombia Colombia Colombian. Iranian. Iranian.				
Brazil British Virgin Islands. British Virgin Islander. Brunei Brunei Bulgarian. Bulgarian. Burkina Faso Burmes (singular and plural). Burmes (singular and plural). Burundian. Gambodian Cameroon Cameroon Canada Canada Cape Verde Cape Verdean. Cayman Islands Cayman Islands Chadian Chile Chilean Chile Chilean Chilean Chilean Chilean Chilean Chilean Chilean Christmas Island Chocos (Keeling) Islands Cocos (Keeling) Islands Colombia Colombia Colombia Colombia Colombia Cordina respective Georgia Georgian Germany Georgian Georgian Germany Georgian Germany Germany Germany Germany Germany Germany Germany Gibraltar in Gibraltar in Gibraltar in Gibraltar in Gibraltar in Greece Greenlandd Greek Greenlandd Greenlandd Greenlandd Greenlandd Greenlandd Greenlandd Greenlandd Greenlandd Greenlandd Guatemala Guatemala Guatemala Guatemala Guatemala Guatemala Guatemala Guinean Guinean Guinean Guinean Guinean Guinean Guinean Guinean Guyana glural) Haiti Haiti Haiti Honduran Honduran Honduran Honduran Licelandd Indian Indian Indian Indian Indian Indian Indonesian Indonesian Indonesian Iranian			The Gambia	
British Virgin Islands Brunei Bruneian. Bulgarian. Bulgarian. Burkina Faso Burma (Myanmar¹) Burmas (singular and plural). Burundi Cambodia Cambodia Cameroonia Canada Cape Verde Cape Verdean. Cayman Islands Cayman Islands Chald Chile Chile Christmas Island Christmas Island Christmas Islands Cocos (Keeling) Islands Colombia Brutish Virgin Islander. Bruneia Bruneia Bruneia Brundia Gibraltar Greec Greek Greenland Guam	Brazil			
Brunei	British Virgin Islands	British Virgin Islander.		German.
Bulgaria Bulgarian. Burkina Faso Burkinabe (singular and plural). Burma (Myanmar¹) Burmese (singular and plural). Burundi Burundian. Guatemala. Guatemalan. Cambodia Cambodian. Guaresey. Channel Islander. Cameroon Cameroonian. Guinea. Guinea. Guinean. Cape Verde. Cape Verdean. Guyana Islands. Cape Verdean. Cayman Islands. Chadian. Chad Chadian. Chadian. Chadian. Chile Chadian. Chile Chadian. Chilean. Chilean. Chilean. Chilean. Chilean. Chilean. Chilean. Chilean. Christmas Island Christmas Islander. Cocos (Keeling) Islands. Cocos (Keeling) Islands. Colombia. Colombian. Colombian. Circles. Greek.	_			Ghanaian.
Burkina Faso		Bulgarian.	Gibraltar	Gibraltarian.
plural). Burma (Myanmar¹)		Burkinabe (singular and	Greece	Greek.
plural). Burundia Cambodia Cambodia Cameroon Canada Cape Verde Cape Verdean. Cantal African Republic. Chadia Chad Chadia Chile Chile Chiristmas Island Christmas Island Christmas Islands Choros (Keeling) Islands Colombia Combodia Cameroonian. Guinea Guinea Guinea Guinea Guinea Guinea Guinea Guinea Guinean. Guyana Guyana Guyanase (singular an plural). Haiti Haiti Honduras Honduras Honduras Hungary Hungary Hungary Hungarian. Iceland Indonesia Indonesia Iran Iran Iranian.			Greenland	Greenlander.
plural). Burundi Cambodia Cambodia Cameroon Canada Cape Verde Cape Verdean. Cantal African Republic. Chadi Chad Chadi Chadi Chile Chile Chile Chiristmas Island Christmas Islands Christmas Islands Choros (Keeling) Islands. Colombia Clambodia Cameroonian. Guinea Guinea Guinea Guinea Guinea Guinea Guinea Guinea Guinean. Guyana Guyana Guyanase (singular an plural). Haiti Haiti Honduras Honduras Honduras Honduras Hungary Hungary Hungarian Iceland Indonesia Indonesia Iran Iranian.	Burma (Myanmar 1)	Burmese (singular and	Grenada	Grenadian.
Cambodia       Cambodian.       Guernsey       Channel Islander.         Cameroon       Cameroonian.       Guinea       Guinean.         Cape Verde       Cape Verdean.       Guyana       Guyanese (singular applural).         Central African Republic       Central African.       Haiti       Haitian.         Chile       Chilean.       Honduras       Honduran.         China       Chinese (singular and plural).       Hungary       Hungarian.         Christmas Island       Christmas Islander.       India       Indian.         Cocos (Keeling) Islands       Cocos Islander.       Indonesia       Indonesian.         Colombia       Iran       Iranian.		plural).	Guam	Guamanian.
Cameroon       Cameroonian.       Guinea       Guinean.         Canada       Canadian.       Guinea-Bissau       Guinean.         Cape Verde       Cape Verdean.       Guyana       Guyanese (singular aral plural).         Central African Republic.       Central African.       Haiti.       Haitian.         Chad       Chadian.       Honduras       Honduran.         Chile       Chilean.       Hong Kong       Chinese/Hong Kong         Christmas Island       Christmas Islander.       India       Indian.         Christmas Islands       Cocos (Keeling) Islands       Cocos Islander.       Indonesia       Indonesian.         Colombia       Colombian.       Iran       Iranian.	Burundi	Burundian.	Guatemala	Guatemalan.
Canada     Canadian.     Guinea-Bissau     Guinean.       Cape Verde     Cape Verdean.     Guyana     Guyanese (singular a plural).       Central African Republic.     Central African.     Haiti.     Haitian.       Chile     Chilean.     Honduras     Honduran.       China     Chinese (singular and plural).     Hungary.     Hungarian.       Christmas Island     Christmas Islander.     India.     Indian.       Cocos (Keeling) Islands     Cocos Islander.     Indonesia     Indonesian.       Colombia     Iran.     Iranian.	Cambodia	Cambodian.	Guernsey	Channel Islander.
Cape Verde     Cape Verdean.     Guyana     Guyanese (singular a plural).       Cayman Islands     Caymanian.     Haiti     Haitian.       Chadian     Honduras     Honduran.       Chile     Chinese (singular and plural).     Hong Kong     Chinese/Hong Kong       Christmas Island     Christmas Islander.     India     Indian.       Cocos (Keeling) Islands     Cocos Islander.     Indonesia     Indonesia       Colombia     Iran     Iranian.	Cameroon	Cameroonian.	Guinea	Guinean.
Cayman Islands       Caymanian.       plural).         Central African Republic       Central African.       Haiti       Haitian.         Chad       Chadian.       Honduras       Honduran.         Chile       Chilean.       Hong Kong       Chinese/Hong Kong         Chinase (singular and plural).       Icelande       Icelander.         Christmas Island       Christmas Islander.       India       Indian.         Cocos (Keeling) Islands       Cocos Islander.       Indonesia       Indonesian.         Colombia       Colombian.       Iran       Iranian.	Canada	Canadian.	Guinea-Bissau	Guinean.
Central African Republic       Central African.       Haiti       Haitian.         Chad       Chadian.       Honduras.       Honduran.         Chile       Chilean.       Hong Kong.       Chinese/Hong Kong.         China       Plural).       Icelande.       Icelander.         Christmas Island       Christmas Islander.       India       Indian.         Cocos (Keeling) Islands       Cocos Islander.       Indonesia       Indonesian.         Colombia       Colombian.       Iran       Iranian.	Cape Verde	Cape Verdean.	Guyana	Guyanese (singular and
Chad.       Chadian.       Honduras       Honduran.         Chile       Chilean.       Hong Kong       Chinese/Hong Kong         China       Chinese (singular and plural).       Iceland       Icelander.         Christmas Island       Christmas Islander.       India       Indian.         Cocos (Keeling) Islands       Cocos Islander.       Indonesia       Indonesian.         Colombia       Colombian.       Iran       Iranian.	Cayman Islands	Caymanian.		plural).
Chile       Chilean.       Hong Kong       Chinese/Hong Kong         China       Chinese (singular and plural).       Hungary.       Hungarian.         Christmas Island       Christmas Islander.       India.       Indian.         Cocos (Keeling) Islands       Cocos Islander.       Indonesia       Indonesian.         Colombia       Colombian.       Iran       Iranian.	Central African Republic	Central African.	Haiti	Haitian.
China       Chinese (singular and plural).       Hungary       Hungarian.         Christmas Island       Christmas Islander.       India       Indian.         Cocos (Keeling) Islands       Cocos Islander.       Indonesia       Indonesia         Colombia       Colombian.       Iran       Iranian.	Chad	Chadian.	Honduras	Honduran.
Plural).   Iceland	Chile	Chilean.	Hong Kong	Chinese/Hong Konger.
Christmas Island	China	Chinese (singular and		Hungarian.
Cocos (Keeling) Islands Cocos Islander. Colombia Colombian. Indonesia Indonesian. Iranian.		plural).	Iceland	Icelander.
Colombia	Christmas Island	Christmas Islander.	India	Indian.
	Cocos (Keeling) Islands	Cocos Islander.	Indonesia	Indonesian.
Comoros		Colombian.	Iran	Iranian.
	Comoros	Comoran.	Iraq	Iraqi.
Congo, Democratic   Congolese (singular and   Ireland   Irishman (men),				*
Republic of the. plural). Irishwoman				
Congo, Republic of the Congolese (singular and (women), Irish		* '		(women), Irish
				(collective plural).
Cook Islands   Israel   Israel   Israel	Cook Islands		Israel	

# Demonyms: Names of Nationalities—Continued

[Demonym is a name given to a people or inhabitants of a place.]

Country	Demonym*	Country	Demonym*
Italy	Italian.	Netherlands	Dutchman (men),
Jamaica	Jamaican.		Dutchwoman
Japan	Japanese (singular and		(women), Dutch
. 1	plural).		(collective).
Jersey	Channel Islander.	Netherlands Antilles	Dutch Antillean.
Jordan	Jordanian.	New Caledonia	New Caledonian.
Kazakhstan	Kazakhstani.	New Zealand	New Zealander.
Kenya	Kenyan.	Nicaragua	Nicaraguan.
Kiribati	I-Kiribati (singular and	Niger	Nigerien.
	plural).	Nigeria	Nigerian.
Korea, North	Korean.	Niue	Niuean.
Korea, South	Korean.	Norfolk Island	Norfolk Islander.
Kosovo	Kosovar (Albanian),	Norway	Norwegian.
	Kosovac (Serbian).	Oman	Omani.
Kuwait	Kuwaiti.	Pakistan	Pakistani.
Kyrgyzstan	Kyrgyzstani.	Palau	Palauan.
Laos	Lao or Laotian.	Panama	Panamanian.
Latvia	Latvian.	Papua New Guinea	Papua New Guinean.
Lebanon	Lebanese (singular and	Paraguay	Paraguayan.
	plural).	Peru	Peruvian.
Lesotho	Mosotho (singular),	Philippines	Filipino.
	Basotho (plural).	Pitcairn Islands	Pitcairn Islander.
Liberia	Liberian.	Poland	Pole.
Libya	Libyan.	Portugal	Portuguese (singular
Liechtenstein	Liechtensteiner.		and plural).
Lithuania	Lithuanian.	Qatar	Qatari.
Luxembourg	Luxembourger.	Romania	Romanian.
Macau	Chinese (singular and	Russia	Russian.
	plural).	Rwanda	Rwandan.
Macedonia	Macedonian.	Saint Helena	Saint Helenian.
Madagascar	Malagasy (singular and	Saint Kitts and Nevis	Kittian and Nevisian.
261	plural).	Saint Lucia	Saint Lucian.
Malawi	Malawian.	Saint Pierre and Miquelon	Frenchman (men),
Malaysia	Malaysian.		Frenchwoman
Maldives	Maldivian.	0 : 477 4 141	(women).
Mali	Malian.	Saint Vincent and the	Saint Vincentian or
Malta	Maltese (singular and	Grenadines.	Vincentian.
Manchall Islands	plural).	Samoa	Samoan.
Marshall Islands	Marshallese (singular	San Marino	Sammarinese (singular
Mauritania	and plural). Mauritanian.	Can Toma and Dain sin a	and plural). Sao Tomean.
Mauritius	Mauritian.	Sao Tome and Principe	Saudi.
Mayotte	Mahorais (singular and	Saudi Arabia	Senegalese (singular
wayotte	plural).	ochegar	and plural).
Mexico	Mexican.	Serbia	Serb.
Micronesia, Federated	Micronesian.	Seychelles	Seychellois (singular
States of.	1.11c1 Silesiuii.	Co, chereo	and plural).
Moldova	Moldovan.	Sierra Leone	Sierra Leonean.
Monaco	Monegasque or	Singapore	Singaporean.
	Monacan.	Slovakia	Slovak.
Mongolia	Mongolian.	Slovenia	Slovene.
Montenegro	Montenegrin.	Solomon Islands	Solomon Islander.
Montserrat	Montserratian.	Somalia	Somali.
Morocco	Moroccan.	South Africa	South African.
Mozambique	Mozambican.	Spain	Spaniard.
Namibia	Namibian.	Sri Lanka	Sri Lankan.
Nauru	Nauruan.	Sudan	Sudanese (singular and
Nepal	Nepalese (singular and		plural).
-	plural).	Suriname	Surinamer.
		1	1

### **Demonyms: Names of Nationalities—Continued**

[Demonym is a name given to a people or inhabitants of a place.]

Country	Demonym*	Country	Demonym*
Swaziland	Swazi.	Turkmenistan	Turkmen.
Sweden	Swede.	Tuvalu	Tuvaluan.
Switzerland	Swiss (singular and	Uganda	Ugandan.
	plural).	Ukraine	Ukrainian.
Syria	Syrian.	United Arab Emirates	Emirati.
Taiwan	Taiwan (singular and plural).	United Kingdom	Briton or British (collective plural).
Tajikistan	Tajikistani.	United States	American.
Tanzania	Tanzanian.	Uruguay	Uruguayan.
Thailand	Thai (singular and	Uzbekistan	Uzbekistani.
	plural).	Vanuatu	Ni-Vanuatu (singular
Timor-Leste	Timorese (singular and		and plural).
	plural).	Venezuela	Venezuelan.
Togo	Togolese (singular and plural).	Vietnam	Vietnamese (singular and plural).
Tokelau	Tokelauan.	Virgin Islands	Virgin Islander.
Tonga	Tongan.	Wallis and Futuna	Wallisian, Futunan.
Trinidad and Tobago	Trinidadian, (singular	Western Sahara	Sahrawi, Sahraoui.
	Tobagonian.	Yemen	Yemeni.
Tunisia	Tunisian.	Zambia	Zambian.
Turkey	Turk.	Zimbabwe	Zimbabwean.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Since 1989 the military authorities in Burma have promoted the name Myanmar as a conventional name for their state; this decision was not approved by any sitting legislature in Burma, and the U.S. Government did not adopt the name, which is a derivative of the Burmese short-form name Myanma Naingngandaw.

### Currency

	[AS 01 July 2006]	
Country	Currency	ISO 4217 code*
Afghanistan	Afghani	AFA
Akrotiri	Euro	EUR
Albania	Lek	ALL
Algeria	Algerian dinar	DZD
American Samoa	U.S. dollar	USD
Andorra	Euro	EUR
Angola	Kwanza	AOA
Anguilla	East Caribbean dollar	XCD
Antigua and Barbuda	East Caribbean dollar	XCD
Argentina	Argentine peso	ARS
Armenia	Dram	AMD
Aruba	Aruban guilder/florin	AWG
Australia	Australian dollar	AUD
Austria	Euro	EUR
Azerbaijan	Azerbaijani manat	AZN
Bahamas	Bahamian dollar	BSD
Bahrain	Bahraini dinar	BHD
Bangladesh	Taka	BDT
Barbados	Barbadian dollar	BBD
Belarus	Belarusian ruble	BYR
Belgium	Euro	EUR
Belize	Belizean dollar	BZD
Benin	Communaute Financiere Africaine franc	XOF 1
Bermuda	Bermudian dollar	BMD

<sup>\*</sup>Note.—Plural references add s unless otherwise indicated.

Source: Information courtesy of World Factbook as of July 24, 2008; for more information see www.cia.gov/library/publications/the-world-factbook/fields/21110.html.

# **Currency—Continued**

Country	Currency	ISO 4217 code*
Bhutan	Ngultrum and Indian rupee	BTN/INF
Bolivia	Boliviano Convertible mark	BOB
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Pula	BAM BWP
Botswana Brazil	Real	BRL
British Indian Ocean Territory	British Pound and U.S. Dollar	GBP/USI
British Virgin Islands	U.S. dollar	USD
Brunei	Bruneian dollar	BND
Bulgaria	Lev	BGL
Burkina Faso	Communaute Financiere Africaine franc	XOF1
Burma (Myanmar³)	Kyat	MMK
Burundi	Burundi franc	BIF
Cambodia	Riel	KHR
Cameroon	Communaute Financiere Africaine franc	XAF <sup>2</sup>
Canada	Canadian dollar	CAD
Cape Verde	Cape Verdean escudo	CVE
Cayman Islands	Caymanian dollar	KYD
Central African Republic	Communaute Financiere Africaine franc	XAF <sup>2</sup>
Chad	Communaute Financiere Africaine franc	XAF <sup>2</sup>
Chile	Chilean peso	CLP
China	Renminbi, also called yuan	RMB/CN
Christmas Island	Australian dollar	AUD
Cocos (Keeling) Islands	Australian dollar	AUD
Colombia	Colombian peso	COP
Comoros	Comoran franc	KMF
Congo, Democratic Republic of the	Congolese franc	CDF
Congo, Republic of the	Communaute Financiere Africaine franc NZ dollar	XAF <sup>2</sup> NZD
Cook Islands Costa Rica	Costa Rican colon	CRC
Cote d'Ivoire (Ivory Coast)	Communaute Financiere Africaine franc	XOF <sup>1</sup>
Croatia	Kuna	HRK
Cuba	Cuban peso and convertible peso	CUP/CU
Cyprus	Euro	EUR
Czech Republic	Czech koruna	CZK
Denmark	Danish krone	DKK
Dhekelia	Euro	EUR
Djibouti	Djiboutian franc	DJF
Dominica	East Caribbean dollar	XCD
Dominican Republic	Dominican peso	DOP
Ecuador	U.S. dollar	USD
Egypt	Egyptian pound	EGP
El Salvador	U.S. dollar	USD
Equatorial Guinea	Communaute Financiere Africaine franc	XAF <sup>2</sup>
Eritrea	Nakfa	ERN
Estonia	Estonian kroon	EEK
Ethiopia	Birr	ETB
Falkland Islands (Islas Malvinas)	Falkland pound	FKP
Faroe Islands	Danish krone	DKK
Fiji	Fijian dollar	FJD
Finland	Euro	EUR
France	Comptairs Français du Pacifique franç	EUR XPF
French Polynesia Gabon	Comptoirs Francais du Pacifique franc Communaute Financiere Africaine franc	XPF XAF <sup>2</sup>
Gambia, The	DalasiDalasi	GMD
Gambia, meGambia, meGaza Strip	New Israeli shekel	ILS
Gaza strip	Lari	GEL
Č		l
Germany	Furo	
GermanyGhana	EuroGhana cedi	EUR GHC

# **Currency—Continued**

[AS OI JUly 2000]					
Country	Currency	ISO 4217 code*			
Greece	Euro	EUR			
Greenland	Danish krone	DKK			
Grenada	East Caribbean dollar	XCD			
Guam	U.S. dollar	USD			
Guatemala	Quetzal and U.S. dollar	GTQ/USD			
Guernsey	Guernsey pound and British pound	**/GBP			
Guinea	Guinean franc	GNF			
Guinea-Bissau	Communaute Financiere Africaine franc	XOF1			
Guyana	Guyanese dollar	GYD			
Haiti	Gourde	HTG			
Holy See (Vatican City)	Euro	EUR			
Honduras	Lempira	HNL			
Hong Kong	Hong Kong dollar	HKD			
Hungary	Forint	HUF			
Iceland	Icelandic krona	ISK			
India		INR			
Indonesia	Indian rupee	IDR			
	Indonesian rupiah	IRR			
Iran	Iranian rial				
Iraq	New Iraqi dinar	NID			
Ireland	Euro	EUR			
Isle of Man	Isle of Man pound also called manx	IMP			
Israel	New Israeli shekel	ILS			
Italy	Euro	EUR			
Jamaica	Jamaican dollar	JMD			
Japan	Yen	JPY			
Jersey	Jersey pound and British pound	**/GBP			
Jordan	Jordanian dinar	JOD			
Kazakhstan	Tenge	KZT			
Kenya	Kenyan shilling	KES			
Kiribati	Australian dollar	AUD			
Korea, North	North Korean won	KPW			
Korea, South	South Korean won	KRW			
Kosovo	Euro and Serbian Dinar	EUR/RSD			
Kuwait	Kuwaiti dinar	KWD			
Kyrgyzstan	Som	KGS			
Laos	Kip	LAK			
Latvia	Latvian lat	LVL			
Lebanon	Lebanese pound	LBP			
Lesotho	Loti and South African rand	LSL/ZAR			
Liberia	Liberian dollar	LRD			
Libya	Libyan dinar	LYD			
Liechtenstein	Swiss franc	CHF			
Lithuania	Litas	LTL			
Luxembourg	Euro	EUR			
Macau	Pataca	MOP			
Macedonia	Macedonian denar	NKD			
Madagascar	Ariary	MGA			
Malawi	Malawian kwacha	MWK			
Malaysia	Ringgit	MYR			
Maldives		MVR			
Mali	Rufiyaa Communaute Financiere Africaine franc	XOF <sup>1</sup>			
Malta					
	Euro	EUR			
Marshall Islands	U.S. dollar	USD MRO			
Mauritania	Ouguiya				
Mauritius	Mauritian rupee	MUR			
Mayotte	Euro	EUR			
Mexico	Mexican peso	MXN			
Micronesia, Federated States of	U.S. dollar	USD			
Moldova	Moldovan leu	MDL			

# **Currency—Continued**

	[AS 01 July 2006]	100 1015
Country	Currency	ISO 4217 code*
Monaco	Euro	EUR
Mongolia	Togrog/tugrik	MNT
Montenegro	Euro	EUR
Montserrat	East Caribbean dollar	XCD
Morocco	Moroccan dirham	MAD
Mozambique	Metical	MZM
Namibia	Namibian dollar and South African rand	NAD/ZAR
Nauru	Australian dollar	AUD
Nepal	Nepalese rupee	NPR
Netherlands	Euro	EUR
Netherlands Antilles	Netherlands Antillean guilder	ANG
New Caledonia	Comptoirs Francais du Pacifique franc	XPF
New Zealand	New Zealand dollar	NZD
Nicaragua	Gold cordoba	NIO
Niger	Communaute Financiere Africaine franc	XOF1
Nigeria	Naira	NGN
Niue	New Zealand dollar	NZD
Norfolk Island	Australian dollar	AUD
Northern Mariana Islands	U.S. dollar	USD
Norway	Norwegian krone	NOK
Oman	Omani rial	OMR
Pakistan	Pakistani rupee	PKR
Palau	U.S. dollar	USD
Panama	Balboa and U.S. dollar	PAB/USD
Papua New Guinea	Kina	PGK
Paraguay	Guarani	PYG
Peru	Nuevo sol	PEN
Philippines	Philippine peso	PHP
Pitcairn Islands	New Zealand dollar	NZD
Poland	Zloty	PLN
Portugal	Euro	EUR
Puerto Rico	U.S. dollar	USD
Qatar	Qatari rial	QAR
Romania	Romanian leu	RON
Russia	Russian ruble	RUB
Rwanda	Rwandan franc	RWF
Saint Barthelemy	Euro	EUR
Saint Helena	Saint Helenian pound	SHP
Saint Kitts and Nevis	East Caribbean dollar	XCD
Saint Lucia	East Caribbean dollar	XCD
Saint Martin	Euro	EUR
Saint Pierre and Miquelon	Euro	EUR
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	East Caribbean dollar	XCD
Samoa	Tala	SAT
San Marino	Euro	EUR
Sao Tome and Principe	Dobra	STD
Saudi Arabia	Saudi riyal	SAR
Senegal	Communaute Financiere Africaine franc	XOF1
Serbia	Serbian dinar	RSD
Seychelles	Seychelles rupee	SCR
Sierra Leone	Leone	SLL
Singapore	Singapore dollar	SGD
Slovakia	Slovak koruna	SKK
Slovenia	Euro	EUR
Solomon Islands	Solomon Islands dollar	SBD
Somalia	Somali shilling	SOS ZAR
Spain	Euro	EUR
Spain Sri Lanka		LKR
OII Laiikd	Sri Lankan rupee	LINI

### Currency—Continued

Country	Currency	ISO 4217 code*
Sudan	Sudanese pound	SDG
Suriname	Surinam dollar	SRD
Svalbard	Norwegian krone	NOK
Swaziland	Lilangeni	SZL
Sweden	Swedish krona	SEK
Switzerland	Swiss franc	CHF
Syria	Syrian pound	SYP
Taiwan	New Taiwan dollar	TWD
Tajikistan	Somoni	TJS
Tanzania	Tanzanian shilling	TZS
Thailand	Baht	THB
Timor-Leste	U.S. dollar	USD
Togo	Communaute Financiere Africaine franc	XOF1
Tokelau	New Zealand dollar	NZD
Tonga	Pa'anga	TOP
Trinidad and Tobago	Trinidad and Tobago dollar	TTD
Tunisia	Tunisian dinar	TND
Turkey	Turkish lira	TRY
Turkmenistan	Turkmen manat	TMM
Turks and Caicos Islands	U.S. dollar	USD
Tuvalu	Australian dollar	AUD
Uganda	Ugandan shilling	UGX
Ukraine	Hryvnia	UAH
United Arab Emirates	Emirati dirham	AED
United Kingdom	British pound	GBP
United States	U.S. dollar	USD
Uruguay	Uruguayan peso	UYU
Uzbekistan	Soum	UZS
Vanuatu	Vatu	VUV
Venezuela	Bolivar	VEB
Vietnam	Dong	VND
Virgin Islands	U.S. dollar	USD
Wallis and Futuna	Comptoirs Français du Pacifique franc	XPF
West Bank	New Israeli shekel and Jordanian dinar	ILS/JOD
Western Sahara	Moroccan dirham	MAD
Yemen	Yemeni rial	YER
Zambia	Zambian kwacha	ZMK
Zimbabwe	Zimbabwean dollar	ZWD

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Responsible authority is the Central Bank of the West African States.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 2}$  Responsible authority is the Bank of the Central African States.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Since 1989 the military authorities in Burma have promoted the name Myanmar as a conventional name for their state; this decision was not approved by any sitting legislature in Burma, and the U.S. Government did not adopt the name, which is a derivative of the Burmese short-form name Myanma Naingngandaw.

<sup>\*</sup> ISO 4217 is the international standard of 3-letter codes used to define names of currencies; it is used in place of currency symbols or names. For more information see www.iso.org/iso/support/faqs/faqs\_widely\_used\_standards/widely\_used\_standards\_other/currency\_codes/currency\_codes\_list-1.htm.

<sup>\*\*</sup> There is no currency code for Island monies. Guernsey and Jersey are both British crown dependencies, but not part of the UK. However, the UK Government is constitutionally responsible for their international representation. Source: World Factbook: www.cia.gov/library/publications/the-world-factbook/fields/2065.html.

Useful Tables 339

### Metric and U.S. Measures 1

### Length

Metric unit	U.S. unit
10 dekameters1 hectometer.	12 inches.

### **Mass Weight**

Metric unit	U.S. unit		
10 milligrams (mg)       1 centigram.         10 centigrams       1 decigram (100 mg).         10 decigrams       1 gram (1,000 mg).         10 grams (g)       1 dekagram.         10 dekagrams       1 hectogram (100 g).         10 hectograms       1 kilogram (1,000 g).         1,000 kilograms       1 metric ton.	16 ounces		

### **Volume**

Metric unit	U.S. liquid capacity
10 milliliters	3 teaspoons

### Temperature Conversion<sup>3</sup>

Celsius	Fahrenheit	Kelvin	Celsius	Fahrenheit	Kelvin
100	212	373.1	0	32	273.1
50	122	323.1	-10	14	263.1
40	104	313.1	-20	-4	253.1
30	86	303.1	-30	-22	243.1
20	68	293.1	-40	-40	233.1
10	50	283.1	-50	-58	223.1
			-273.1	-459.7	0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> At this time, only three countries—Burma, Liberia, and the United States—have not adopted the International System of Units (SI, or metric system) as their official system of weights and measures.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Dry measurements are mainly used for measuring grain or fresh produce. Do not confuse dry measure for liquid measure as they are not the same.

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  The equation for converting temperatures is as follows:  $^{\circ}$ C to  $^{\circ}$ F: multiply by 9, then divide by 5, then add 32;  $^{\circ}$ F to  $^{\circ}$ C: subtract 32, then multiply by 5, then divide by 9.

# **Common Measures and Their Metric Equivalents**

U.S. to metric	Metric to U.S.		
Inch2.54 centimeters.	Centimeter0.3937 inch.		
Foot	Meter3.2808 feet.		
Yard0.9144 meter.	Do1.0936 yards.		
Mile	Kilometer		
Nautical mile1.852 kilometers.	Do0.5399 nautical mile.		
League5.556 kilometers.	Do0.1799 league.		
Square inch6.452 square centimeters.	Square centimeter0.155 square inch.		
Square foot	Square meter10.7639 square feet.		
Square yard0.836 square meter.	Do1.196 square yards.		
Acre0.4047 hectare.	Hectare2.471 acres.		
Square mile259 hectares.	Do0.0039 square mile.		
Cubic inch	Cubic centimeter0.06 cubic inch.		
Cubic foot0.0283 cubic meter.	Cubic meter35.3146 cubic feet.		
Cubic yard0.7646 cubic meter.	Do1.3079 cubic yards.		
Cord128 cubic feet.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Ounce (liquid)29.574 milliliters.	Milliliter		
Pint (liquid)473.176 milliliters.			
Quart (liquid)946.35 milliliters.	Liter1.06 quarts (liquid).		
Gallon (liquid)3.79 liters.	Do0.26 gallon (liquid).		
Pint (dry)550.61 milliliters.			
Quart (dry)1101 milliliters.	Do0.91 quart (dry).		
Quart, imperial1137 milliliters.			
Gallon (dry)4.40 liters.	Do0.23 gallon (dry).		
Gallon, imperial4.55 liters.			
Peck8.810 liters.	Do0.1135 peck.		
Peck, imperial9.092 liters.			
Bushel	Do0.028 bushel.		
Bushel, imperial36.37 liters.			
Grain <sup>1</sup> 64.799 milligrams.			
Ounce <sup>2</sup> 28.35 grams.	Gram		
Ounce, troy <sup>3</sup> 31.103 grams.	Do0.032 troy ounce.		
Pound <sup>2</sup> 0.4536 kilogram.	Kilogram2.20 pounds.		
Pound, troy12 troy ounces.			
Ton, short907.185 kilograms.			
Do2,000 pounds.			
Ton, metric1,000 kilograms.			
Do2,204.6 pounds.			
Ton, long			
Do2,240 pounds.			

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$ The grain is used to measure in ballistics and archery; grains were originally used in medicine but have been replaced by milligrams.

<sup>2</sup> Avoirdupois; avoirdupois is the measure of mass of everyday items.

<sup>3</sup> The troy ounce is used in pricing silver, gold, platinum, and other precious metals and gemstones.

Useful Tables 341

### **Measurement Conversion**

Fraction	Decimal inches	Milli- meters	Picas	Points	Fraction	Decimal inches	Milli- meters	Picas	Points
1/16	.0625	1.587	0p4.5	4.5	%	.875	22.225	5p3	63
1/8	.125	3.175	0p9	9	15/16	.9375	23.812	5p7.5	67.5
3/16	.1875	4.762	1p1.5	13.5	1	1	25.4	6	72
1/4	.25	6.35	1p6	18	11/4	1.25	31.75	7p6	90
5/16	.3125	7.937	1p10.5	22.5	1½	1.5	38.1	9	108
3/8	.375	9.525	2p3	27	1¾	1.75	44.5	10p6	126
7/16	.4375	11.112	2p7.5	31.5	2	2	50.8	12	144
1/2	.5	12.7	3	36	2½	2.5	63.5	15	180
9/16	.5625	14.287	3p4.5	40.5	3	3	76.2	18	216
5/8	.625	15.875	3p9	45	3½	3.5	88.9	21	252
11/16	.6875	17.462	4p1.5	49.5	4	4	100.6	24	288
3/4	.75	19.05	4p6	54	5	5	127	30	360
13/16	.8125	20.637	4p10.5	58.5	6	6	152.4	36	432

# 18. Geologic Terms and Geographic Divisions

## **Geologic terms**

For capitalization, compounding, and use of quotations in geologic terms, copy is to be followed. Geologic terms quoted verbatim from published material should be left as the original author used them; however, it should be made clear that the usage is that of the original author.

Formal geologic terms are capitalized: Proterozoic Eon, Cambrian Period. Structural terms such as arch, anticline, or uplift are capitalized when preceded by a name: Cincinnati Arch, Cedar Creek Anticline, Ozark Uplift. See Chapter 4 geographic terms for more information.

# Divisions of Geologic Time [Most recent to oldest]

Eon	Era	Period
Phanerozoic	Cenozoic	Quarternary.
		Tertiary (Neogene, Paleogene).
	Mesozoic	Cretaceous.
		Jurassic.
		Triassic.
	Paleozoic	Permian.
		Carboniferous (Pennsylvanian, Mississippian).
		Devonian.
		Silurian.
		Ordovician.
		Cambrian.
Proterozoic	Neoproterozoic	Ediacaran.
		Cryogenian.
		Tonian.
	Mesoproterozoic	Stenian.
		Ectasian.
		Calymmian.
	Paleoproterozoic	Statherian.
		Orosirian.
		Rhyacian.
		Siderian.
Archean	Neoarchean.	
	Mesoarchean.	
	Paleoarchean.	
	Eoarchean.	
Hadean.		

 $Source: Information\ courtesy\ of\ the\ U.S.\ Geological\ Survey; for\ graphic\ see\ http://pubs.usgs.gov/fs/2007/3015/fs2007-3015.pdf.$ 

# Physiographic regions

Physiographic regions are based on terrain texture, rock type, and geologic structure and history. The classification system has three tiers: divisions, which are broken into provinces, and some provinces break further into sections. All names are capitalized, not the class; for graphic see http://tapestry.usgs.gov/physiogr/physio.html.

Physiographic Regions of the Lower 48 United States

Division	Province	Section
Laurentian Upland	Superior Upland.	
Atlantic Plain	Continental Shelf.	
	Coastal Plain	Embayed.
		Sea Island.
		Floridian.
		East Gulf Coastal Plain.
		Mississippi Alluvial Plain.
		West Gulf Coastal Plain.
Appalachian Highlands	Piedmont	Piedmont Upland.
		Piedmont Lowlands.
	Blue Ridge	Northern.
		Southern.
	Valley and Ridge	Tennessee.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Middle.
		Hudson Valley.
	St. Lawrence Valley	Champlain.
	ot. Bawrence valley	Northern.
	Appalachian Plateaus	Mohawk.
	71pparaeman Frateaus	Catskill.
		Southern New York.
		Allegheny Mountain.
		Kanawha.
		Cumberland Plateau.
		Cumberland Mountain.
	New England	Seaboard Lowland.
	New England	New England Upland.
		White Mountain.
		Green Mountain.
	A 3: 31-	Taconic.
Interior Plains	Adirondack.	Highland Dina
Interior Plains	Interior Low Plateaus	Highland Rim.
		Lexington Plain.
	Control London	Nashville Basin.
	Central Lowland	Eastern Lake.
		Western Lake.
		Wisconsin Driftless.
		Till Plains.
		Dissected Till Plains.
		Osage Plains.

Division	Province	Section
	Great Plains	Missouri Plateau, glaciated.
		Missouri Plateau, unglaciated.
		Black Hills.
		High Plains.
		Plains Border.
		Colorado Piedmont.
		Raton.
		Pecos Valley.
		Edwards Plateau.
		Central Texas.
Interior Highlands	Ozark Plateaus	Springfield-Salem Plateaus.
		Boston "Mountains."
	Ouachita	Arkansas Valley.
		Ouachita Mountains.
Rocky Mountain System	Southern Rocky Mountains.	
,	Wyoming Basin.	
	Middle Rocky Mountains.	
	Northern Rocky Mountains.	
Intermontane Plateaus	Columbia Plateau	Walla Walla Plateau.
111011111111111111111111111111111111111	Columbia Fiateaa iiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii	Blue Mountain.
		Payette.
		Snake River Plain.
		Harney.
	Colorado Plateaus	High Plateaus of Utah.
	Colorado Frateudo	Uinta Basin.
		Canyon Lands.
		Navajo.
		Grand Canyon.
		Datil.
	Basin and Range	Great Basin.
	Dasin and Range	Sonoran Desert.
		Salton Trough.
		Mexican Highland.
		Sacramento.
Pacific Mountain System	Cascade-Sierra Mountains	Northern Cascade Mountains.
racine Mountain System	Cascade-Sierra Modificanis	Middle Cascade Mountains.
		Southern Cascade Mountains.
		Sierra Nevada.
	Pacific Border	
	racinc border	Puget Trough.
		Olympic Mountains.
		Oregon Coast Range.
		Klamath Mountains.
		California Trough.
		California Coast Ranges.
	I	Los Angeles Ranges.
	Lower California.	

Source: Information courtesy of the U.S. Geological Survey.

### Geographic divisions

The Public Land Survey System (PLSS) has a hierarchy of lines. Principal meridians and base lines and their related townships, sections, and subdivisions of sections are incorporated in the description of land conveyed by the Federal Government and others.

#### The Principal Meridians and Base Lines of the United States 1

Black Hills Meridian and Base Line. (South Dakota)

Boise Meridian and Base Line. (Idaho)

Chickasaw Meridian and Base Line. (Mississippi-Tennessee)

Choctaw Meridian and Base Line. (Mississippi)

Cimarron Meridian and Base Line. (Oklahoma)

Copper River Meridian and Base Line. (Alaska)

Fairbanks Meridian and Base Line. (Alaska)

Fifth Principal Meridian and Base Line. (Arkansas-Iowa-Minnesota-Missouri-North Dakota-South Dakota)

First Principal Meridian and Base Line. (Ohio-Indiana)

Fourth Principal Meridian and Base Line. (Illinois)

Fourth Principal Meridian and Base Line Wisconsin. (Minnesota-Wisconsin)

Gila and Salt River Meridian and Base Line. (Arizona)

Humboldt Meridian and Base Line. (California)

Huntsville Meridian and Base Line. (Alabama-Mississippi)

Indian Meridian and Base Line. (Oklahoma)

Kateel River Principal Meridian and Base Line. (Alaska)

Louisiana Meridian and Base Line. (Louisiana-Texas)

Michigan Meridian and Base Line. (Michigan-Ohio)

Mount Diablo Meridian and Base Line. (California-Nevada)

Navajo Meridian and Base Line. (Arizona-New Mexico) New Mexico Principal Meridian and Base Line. (New Mexico-Colorado)

Point of Beginning and Geographer's Line. (Ohio)

Principal Meridian and Base Line. (Montana)

Salt Lake Meridian and Base Line. (Utah)

San Bernardino Meridian and Base Line. (California-Nevada)

Second Principal Meridian and Base Line. (Illinois-Indiana)

Seward Principal Meridian and Base Line. (Alaska)

Sixth Principal Meridian and Base Line. (Colorado-Kansas-Nebraska-South Dakota-Wyoming)

St. Helena Meridian and Base Line. (Louisiana)

St. Stephens Meridian and Base Line. (Alabama-Mississippi)

Tallahassee Meridian and Base Line. (Florida)

Third Principal Meridian and Base Line. (Illinois)

Uintah Special Meridian and Base Line.
(Utah)

Umiat Principal Meridian and Base Line. (Alaska)

Ute Principal Meridian and Base Line. (Colorado)

Washington Meridian and Base Line. (Mississippi)

Willamette Meridian and Base Line. (Oregon-Washington)

Wind River Meridian and Base Line. (Wyoming)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Information courtesy of the U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management.

# Public Land Surveys Having No Initial Point as an Origin for Both Township and Range Numbers<sup>1</sup>

Between the Miamis, north of Symmes Purchase. (Ohio) Muskingum River Survey. (Ohio)	Scioto River Base. (Ohio) Twelve-Mile-Square Reserve. (Ohio) United States Military Survey. (Ohio)
Ohio River Base. (Indiana) Ohio River Survey. (Ohio)	West of the Great Miami. (Ohio)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Information courtesy of the U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management. Sources: Manual of Instructions for the Survey of the Public Lands of the United States, Bureau of Land Management, GPO; Initial Points of the Rectangular Survey System, C. Albert White, 1996.

See http://www.blm.gov/wo/st/en/prog/more/cadastralsurvey.html for more information on prinicipal meridians and base lines.

#### Major Rivers of the World

River	Length (in miles)	River	Length (in miles)
Nile (Africa)	4,160	MacKenzie (Canada)	2,635
Amazon (S. America)	4,000	Mekong (Vietnam)	2,600
Yangtze (China)	3,964	Niger (Africa)	2,590
Yellow (China)	3,395	Yenisey (Russia)	2,543
Ob-Irtysh (Russia)	3,362	Missouri (U.S.)	2,540
Amur (Asia)	2,744	Parana (S. America)	2,485
Lena (Russia)	2,734	Mississippi (U.S.)	2,340
Congo (Africa)	2,718	Murray-Darling (Australia)	

Note.—Information compiled from numerous public domain Web sites; references cite different lengths for the same river depending on origin.

#### **Major Rivers of the United States**

River	Length (in miles)	River	Length (in miles)
Missouri	2,540	Ohio	1,310
Mississippi	2,340	Red	1,290
Yukon	1,980	Brazos	1,280
Rio Grande	1,900	Columbia	1,240
St. Lawrence	1,900	Snake	1,040
Arkansas	1,460	Platte	990
Colorado	1,450	Pecos	926
Atchafalaya	1,420	Canadian	906

 $Source: Information\ courtesy\ of\ the\ U.S.\ Geological\ Survey; see\ http://ga.water.usgs.gov/edu/riversofworld.html.$ 

### States, capitals, and counties

The following includes parishes, boroughs, census divisions, districts, islands, municipalities, and municipios of the 50 States, U.S. possessions, and territories. County totals include city counties as defined by the National Association of Counties. See www.naco.org for more information.

# ALABAMA (AL) (67 counties) Capital: Montgomery

Autauga	Cleburne	Fayette	Lowndes	Russell
Baldwin	Coffee	Franklin	Macon	St. Clair
Barbour	Colbert	Geneva	Madison	Shelby
Bibb	Conecuh	Greene	Marengo	Sumter
Blount	Coosa	Hale	Marion	Talladega
Bullock	Covington	Henry	Marshall	Tallapoosa
Butler	Crenshaw	Houston	Mobile	Tuscaloosa
Calhoun	Cullman	Jackson	Monroe	Walker
Chambers	Dale	Jefferson	Montgomery	Washington
Cherokee	Dallas	Lamar	Morgan	Wilcox
Chilton	De Kalb	Lauderdale	Perry	Winston
Choctaw	Elmore	Lawrence	Pickens	
Clarke	Escambia	Lee	Pike	
Clay	Etowah	Limestone	Randolph	

# ALASKA (AK) (27 entities: 16 boroughs,\* 11 census areas) Capital: Juneau

Juneau*	North Slope*	Wade Hampton
Kenai Peninsula*	Northwest Arctic*	Wrangell-
Ketchikan	Prince of Wales-	Petersburg
Gateway*	Outer Ketchikan	Yakutat*
Kodiak Island*	Sitka*	Yukon-Koyukuk
Lake and	Skagway-Hoonah-	
Peninsula*	Angoon	
Matanuska-	Southeast	
Susitna*	Fairbanks	
Nome	Valdez-Cordova	
	Kenai Peninsula* Ketchikan Gateway* Kodiak Island* Lake and Peninsula* Matanuska- Susitna*	Kenai Peninsula* Northwest Arctic* Ketchikan Prince of Wales- Gateway* Outer Ketchikan Kodiak Island* Sitka* Lake and Skagway-Hoonah- Peninsula* Angoon Matanuska- Susitna* Southeast Fairbanks

# AMERICAN SAMOA (AS) (5 entities: 2 islands,\* 3 districts) Capital: Pago Pago

Eastern	Manu'a	Rose*	Swains*	Western

# ARIZONA (AZ) (15 counties) Capital: Phoenix

Apache	Gila	La Paz	Navajo	Santa Cruz
Cochise	Graham	Maricopa	Pima	Yavapai
Coconino	Greenlee	Mohave	Pinal	Yuma

#### ARKANSAS (AR) (75 counties) Capital: Little Rock

Arkansas	Craighead	Howard	Miller	Randolph
Ashley	Crawford	Independence	Mississippi	St. Francis
Baxter	Crittenden	Izard	Monroe	Saline
Benton	Cross	Jackson	Montgomery	Scott
Boone	Dallas	Jefferson	Nevada	Searcy
Bradley	Desha	Johnson	Newton	Sebastian
Calhoun	Drew	Lafayette	Ouachita	Sevier
Carroll	Faulkner	Lawrence	Perry	Sharp
Chicot	Franklin	Lee	Phillips	Stone
Clark	Fulton	Lincoln	Pike	Union
Clay	Garland	Little River	Poinsett	Van Buren
Cleburne	Grant	Logan	Polk	Washington
Cleveland	Greene	Lonoke	Pope	White
Columbia	Hempstead	Madison	Prairie	Woodruff
Conway	Hot Spring	Marion	Pulaski	Yell

#### CALIFORNIA (CA) (58 counties) Capital: Sacramento

Alameda	Imperial	Modoc	San Diego	Solano
Alpine	Inyo	Mono	San Francisco	Sonoma
Amador	Kern	Monterey	San Joaquin	Stanislaus
Butte	Kings	Napa	San Luis	Sutter
Calaveras	Lake	Nevada	Obispo	Tehama
Colusa	Lassen	Orange	San Mateo	Trinity
Contra Costa	Los Angeles	Placer	Santa Barbara	Tulare
Del Norte	Madera	Plumas	Santa Clara	Tuolumne
El Dorado	Marin	Riverside	Santa Cruz	Ventura
Fresno	Mariposa	Sacramento	Shasta	Yolo
Glenn	Mendocino	San Benito	Sierra	Yuba
Humboldt	Merced	San Bernardino	Siskiyou	

# COLORADO (CO) (64 counties) Capital: Denver

Adams	Crowley	Gunnison	Mesa	Rio Blanco
Alamosa	Custer	Hinsdale	Mineral	Rio Grande
Arapahoe	Delta	Huerfano	Moffat	Routt
Archuleta	Denver	Jackson	Montezuma	Saguache
Baca	Dolores	Jefferson	Montrose	San Juan
Bent	Douglas	Kiowa	Morgan	San Miguel
Boulder	Eagle	Kit Carson	Otero	Sedgwick
Broomfield	El Paso	La Plata	Ouray	Summit
Chaffee	Elbert	Lake	Park	Teller
Cheyenne	Fremont	Larimer	Phillips	Washington
Clear Creek	Garfield	Las Animas	Pitkin	Weld
Conejos	Gilpin	Lincoln	Prowers	Yuma
Costilla	Grand	Logan	Pueblo	

# CONNECTICUT (CT) (8 counties) Capital: Hartford

Fairfield Litchfield New Haven Tolland Hartford Middlesex New London Windham

## **DELAWARE (DE) (3 counties)**

Capital: Dover

Kent New Castle Sussex

#### **DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA (DC) (single entity)**

# FEDERATED STATES OF MICRONESIA (FM) (4 States)

Capital: Palikir

Chuuk Kosrae Pohnpei Yap

#### FLORIDA (FL) (67 counties) Capital: Tallahassee

Alachua	Calhoun	De Sota	Gadsden	Hendry
Baker	Charlotte	Dixie	Gilchrist	Hernando
Bay	Citrus	Duval	Glades	Highlands
Bradford	Clay	Escambia	Gulf	Hillsborough
Brevard	Collier	Flagler	Hamilton	Holmes
Broward	Columbia	Franklin	Hardee	Indian River

Jackson	Madison	Okeechobee	Putnam	Suwannee
Jefferson	Manatee	Orange	St. Johns	Taylor
Lafayette	Marion	Osceola	St. Lucie	Union
Lake	Martin	Palm Beach	Santa Rosa	Volusia
Lee	Miami-Dade	Pasco	Sarasota	Wakulla
Leon	Monroe	Pinellas	Seminole	Walton
Levy	Nassau	Polk	Sumter	Washington
Liberty	Okaloosa			

## GEORGIA (GA) (159 counties) Capital: Atlanta

Appling	Cobb	Grady	McDuffie	Sumter
Atkinson	Coffee	Greene	McIntosh	Talbot
Bacon	Colquitt	Gwinnett	Meriwether	Taliaferro
Baker	Columbia	Habersham	Miller	Tattnall
Baldwin	Cook	Hall	Mitchell	Taylor
Banks	Coweta	Hancock	Monroe	Telfair
Barrow	Crawford	Haralson	Montgomery	Terrell
Bartow	Crisp	Harris	Morgan	Thomas
Ben Hill	Dade	Hart	Murray	Tift
Berrien	Dawson	Heard	Muscogee	Toombs
Bibb	Decatur	Henry	Newton	Towns
Bleckley	De Kalb	Houston	Oconee	Treutlen
Brantley	Dodge	Irwin	Oglethorpe	Troup
Brooks	Dooly	Jackson	Paulding	Turner
Bryan	Dougherty	Jasper	Peach	Twiggs
Bulloch	Douglas	Jeff Davis	Pickens	Union
Burke	Early	Jefferson	Pierce	Upson
Butts	Echols	Jenkins	Pike	Walker
Calhoun	Effingham	Johnson	Polk	Walton
Camden	Elbert	Jones	Pulaski	Ware
Candler	Emanuel	Lamar	Putnam	Warren
Carroll	Evans	Lanier	Quitman	Washington
Catoosa	Fannin	Laurens	Rabun	Wayne
Charlton	Fayette	Lee	Randolph	Webster
Chatham	Floyd	Liberty	Richmond	Wheeler
Chattahoochee	Forsyth	Lincoln	Rockdale	White
Chattooga	Franklin	Long	Schley	Whitfield
Cherokee	Fulton	Lowndes	Screven	Wilcox
Clarke	Gilmer	Lumpkin	Seminole	Wilkes
Clay	Glascock	Macon	Spalding	Wilkinson
Clayton	Glynn	Madison	Stephens	Worth
Clinch	Gordon	Marion	Stewart	

## **GUAM (GU) (single entity)**

Capital: Agana

#### HAWAII (HI) (4 counties) Capital: Honolulu

Hawaii Honolulu Kauai Maui

#### IDAHO (ID) (44 counties) Capital: Boise

Ada	Bonneville	Custer	Kootenai	Owyhee
Adams	Boundary	Elmore	Latah	Payette
Bannock	Butte	Franklin	Lemhi	Power
Bear Lake	Camas	Fremont	Lewis	Shoshone
Benewah	Canyon	Gem	Lincoln	Teton
Bingham	Caribou	Gooding	Madison	Twin Falls
Blaine	Cassia	Idaho	Minidoka	Valley
Boise	Clark	Jefferson	Nez Perce	Washington
Bonner	Clearwater	Jerome	Oneida	

#### ILLINOIS (IL) (102 counties) Capital: Springfield

Adams	DuPage	Jo Daviess	McHenry	Saline
Alexander	· ·	Johnson	McLean	
11101111111111	Edgar	,	1.1020411	Sangamon
Bond	Edwards	Kane	Menard	Schuyler
Boone	Effingham	Kankakee	Mercer	Scott
Brown	Fayette	Kendall	Monroe	Shelby
Bureau	Ford	Knox	Montgomery	Stark
Calhoun	Franklin	La Salle	Morgan	Stephenson
Carroll	Fulton	Lake	Moultrie	Tazewell
Cass	Gallatin	Lawrence	Ogle	Union
Champaign	Greene	Lee	Peoria	Vermilion
Christian	Grundy	Livingston	Perry	Wabash
Clark	Hamilton	Logan	Piatt	Warren
Clay	Hancock	Macon	Pike	Washington
Clinton	Hardin	Macoupin	Pope	Wayne
Coles	Henderson	Madison	Pulaski	White
Cook	Henry	Marion	Putnam	Whiteside
Crawford	Iroquois	Marshall	Randolph	Will
Cumberland	Jackson	Mason	Richland	Williamson
De Kalb	Jasper	Massac	Rock Island	Winnebago
De Witt	Jefferson	McDonough	St. Clair	Woodford
Douglas	Jersey			

#### INDIANA (IN) (92 counties) Capital: Indianapolis

Adams	Elkhart	Jefferson	Noble	Starke
Allen	Fayette	Jennings	Ohio	Steuben
Bartholomew	Floyd	Johnson	Orange	Sullivan
Benton	Fountain	Knox	Owen	Switzerland
Blackford	Franklin	Kosciusko	Parke	Tippecanoe
Boone	Fulton	La Porte	Perry	Tipton
Brown	Gibson	LaGrange	Pike	Union
Carroll	Grant	Lake	Porter	Vanderburgh
Cass	Greene	Lawrence	Posey	Vermillion
Clark	Hamilton	Madison	Pulaski	Vigo
Clay	Hancock	Marion	Putnam	Wabash
Clinton	Harrison	Marshall	Randolph	Warren
Crawford	Hendricks	Martin	Ripley	Warrick
Daviess	Henry	Miami	Rush	Washington
De Kalb	Howard	Monroe	St. Joseph	Wayne
Dearborn	Huntington	Montgomery	Scott	Wells
Decatur	Jackson	Morgan	Shelby	White
Delaware	Jasper	Newton	Spencer	Whitley
Dubois	Jay			

#### IOWA (IA) (99 counties) Capital: Des Moines

Adair	Cherokee	Franklin	Johnson	Montgomery
Adams	Chickasaw	Fremont	Jones	Muscatine
Allamakee	Clarke	Greene	Keokuk	O'Brien
Appanoose	Clay	Grundy	Kossuth	Osceola
Audubon	Clayton	Guthrie	Lee	Page
Benton	Clinton	Hamilton	Linn	Palo Alto
Black Hawk	Crawford	Hancock	Louisa	Plymouth
Boone	Dallas	Hardin	Lucas	Pocahontas
Bremer	Davis	Harrison	Lyon	Polk
Buchanan	Decatur	Henry	Madison	Pottawattamie
Buena Vista	Delaware	Howard	Mahaska	Poweshiek
Butler	Des Moines	Humboldt	Marion	Ringgold
Calhoun	Dickinson	Ida	Marshall	Sac
Carroll	Dubuque	Iowa	Mills	Scott
Cass	Emmet	Jackson	Mitchell	Shelby
Cedar	Fayette	Jasper	Monona	Sioux
Cerro Gordo	Floyd	Jefferson	Monroe	Story

Tama	Van Buren	Washington	Winnebago	Worth
Taylor	Wapello	Wayne	Winneshiek	Wright
Union	Warren	Webster	Woodbury	

#### KANSAS (KS) (105 counties) Capital: Topeka

Allen	Doniphan	Jackson	Morris	Saline
Anderson	Douglas	Jefferson	Morton	Scott
Atchison	Edwards	Jewell	Nemaha	Sedgwick
Barber	Elk	Johnson	Neosho	Seward
Barton	Ellis	Kearny	Ness	Shawnee
Bourbon	Ellsworth	Kingman	Norton	Sheridan
Brown	Finney	Kiowa	Osage	Sherman
Butler	Ford	Labette	Osborne	Smith
Chase	Franklin	Lane	Ottawa	Stafford
Chautauqua	Geary	Leavenworth	Pawnee	Stanton
Cherokee	Gove	Lincoln	Phillips	Stevens
Cheyenne	Graham	Linn	Pottawatomie	Sumner
Clark	Grant	Logan	Pratt	Thomas
Clay	Gray	Lyon	Rawlins	Trego
Cloud	Greeley	Marion	Reno	Wabaunsee
Coffey	Greenwood	Marshall	Republic	Wallace
Comanche	Hamilton	McPherson	Rice	Washington
Cowley	Harper	Meade	Riley	Wichita
Crawford	Harvey	Miami	Rooks	Wilson
Decatur	Haskell	Mitchell	Rush	Woodson
Dickinson	Hodgeman	Montgomery	Russell	Wyandotte

# KENTUCKY (KY) (120 counties) Capital: Frankfort

Adair	Boyd	Campbell	Crittenden	Franklin
Allen	Boyle	Carlisle	Cumberland	Fulton
Anderson	Bracken	Carroll	Daviess	Gallatin
Ballard	Breathitt	Carter	Edmonson	Garrard
Barren	Breckinridge	Casey	Elliott	Grant
Bath	Bullitt	Christian	Estill	Graves
Bell	Butler	Clark	Fayette	Grayson
Boone	Caldwell	Clay	Fleming	Green
Bourbon	Calloway	Clinton	Floyd	Greenup

Hancock	Knox	Marshall	Nicholas	Shelby
Hardin	Larue	Martin	Ohio	Simpson
Harlan	Laurel	Mason	Oldham	Spencer
Harrison	Lawrence	McCracken	Owen	Taylor
Hart	Lee	McCreary	Owsley	Todd
Henderson	Leslie	McLean	Pendleton	Trigg
Henry	Letcher	Meade	Perry	Trimble
Hickman	Lewis	Menifee	Pike	Union
Hopkins	Lincoln	Mercer	Powell	Warren
Jackson	Livingston	Metcalfe	Pulaski	Washington
Jefferson	Logan	Monroe	Robertson	Wayne
Jessamine	Lyon	Montgomery	Rockcastle	Webster
Johnson	Madison	Morgan	Rowan	Whitley
Kenton	Magoffin	Muhlenberg	Russell	Wolfe
Knott	Marion	Nelson	Scott	Woodford

### LOUISIANA (LA) (64 parishes) Capital: Baton Rouge

Acadia	Concordia	La Salle	Red River	Tangipahoa
Allen	De Soto	Lafayette	Richland	Tensas
Ascension	East Baton	Lafourche	Sabine	Terrebonne
Assumption	Rouge	Lincoln	St. Bernard	Union
Avoyelles	East Carroll	Livingston	St. Charles	Vermilion
Beauregard	East Feliciana	Madison	St. Helena	Vernon
Bienville	Evangeline	Morehouse	St. James	Washington
Bossier	Franklin	Natchitoches	St. John the	Webster
Caddo	Grant	Orleans	Baptist	West Baton
Calcasieu	Iberia	Ouachita	St. Landry	Rouge
Caldwell	Iberville	Plaquemines	St. Martin	West Carroll
Cameron	Jackson	Pointe Coupee	St. Mary	West Feliciana
Catahoula	Jefferson	Rapides	St. Tammany	Winn
Claiborne	Jefferson Davis			

#### MAINE (ME) (16 counties) Capital: Augusta

Androscoggin	Hancock	Lincoln	Piscataquis	Waldo
Aroostook	Kennebec	Oxford	Sagadahoc	Washington
Cumberland	Knox	Penobscot	Somerset	York
Franklin				

# MARSHALL ISLANDS (MH) (33 municipalities) Capital: Majuro

Ailinginae	Bokak	Kili	Mejit	Toke
Ailinglaplap	Ebon	Kwajalein	Mili	Ujae
Ailuk	Enewetak	Lae	Namorik	Ujelang
Arno	Erikub	Lib	Namu	Utirik
Aur	Jabat	Likiep	Rongelap	Wotho
Bikar	Jaluit	Majuro	Rongrik	Wotje
Bikini	Jemo	Maloelap		

#### MARYLAND (MD) (24 counties) Capital: Annapolis

Allegany	Caroline	Frederick	Montgomery	Talbot
Anne Arundel	Carroll	Garrett	Prince George's	Washington
Baltimore	Cecil	Harford	Queen Anne's	Wicomico
Baltimore City	Charles	Howard	St. Mary's	Worcester
Calvert	Dorchester	Kent	Somerset	

#### MASSACHUSETTS (MA) (14 counties) Capital: Boston

Barnstable	Dukes	Hampden	Nantucket	Suffolk
Berkshire	Essex	Hampshire	Norfolk	Worcester
Bristol	Franklin	Middlesex	Plymouth	

### MICHIGAN (MI) (83 counties) Capital: Lansing

Alcona	Cass	Gogebic	Kalamazoo	Marquette
Alger	Charlevoix	Grand	Kalkaska	Mason
Allegan	Cheboygan	Traverse	Kent	Mecosta
Alpena	Chippewa	Gratiot	Keweenaw	Menominee
Antrim	Clare	Hillsdale	Lake	Midland
Arenac	Clinton	Houghton	Lapeer	Missaukee
Baraga	Crawford	Huron	Leelanau	Monroe
Barry	Delta	Ingham	Lenawee	Montcalm
Bay	Dickinson	Ionia	Livingston	Montmorency
Benzie	Eaton	Iosco	Luce	Muskegon
Berrien	Emmet	Iron	Mackinac	Newaygo
Branch	Genesee	Isabella	Macomb	Oakland
Calhoun	Gladwin	Jackson	Manistee	Oceana

Ogemaw	Otsego	Saginaw	Schoolcraft	Washtenaw
Ontonagon	Ottawa	St. Clair	Shiawassee	Wayne
Osceola	Presque Isle	St. Joseph	Tuscola	Wexford
Oscoda	Roscommon	Sanilac	Van Buren	

#### MINNESOTA (MN) (87 counties) Capital: St. Paul

Aitkin	Dakota	Lac qui Parle	Norman	Sibley
Anoka	Dodge	Lake	Olmsted	Stearns
Becker	Douglas	Lake of the	Otter Tail	Steele
Beltrami	Faribault	Woods	Pennington	Stevens
Benton	Fillmore	Le Sueur	Pine	Swift
Big Stone	Freeborn	Lincoln	Pipestone	Todd
Blue Earth	Goodhue	Lyon	Polk	Traverse
Brown	Grant	Mahnomen	Pope	Wabasha
Carlton	Hennepin	Marshall	Ramsey	Wadena
Carver	Houston	Martin	Red Lake	Waseca
Cass	Hubbard	McLeod	Redwood	Washington
Chippewa	Isanti	Meeker	Renville	Watonwan
Chisago	Itasca	Mille Lacs	Rice	Wilkin
Clay	Jackson	Morrison	Rock	Winona
Clearwater	Kanabec	Mower	Roseau	Wright
Cook	Kandiyohi	Murray	St. Louis	Yellow
Cottonwood	Kittson	Nicollet	Scott	Medicine
Crow Wing	Koochiching	Nobles	Sherburne	

### MISSISSIPPI (MS) (82 counties) Capital: Jackson

Adams	Clay	Hinds	Lamar	Montgomery
Alcorn	Coahoma	Holmes	Lauderdale	Neshoba
Amite	Copiah	Humphreys	Lawrence	Newton
Attala	Covington	Issaquena	Leake	Noxubee
Benton	DeSoto	Itawamba	Lee	Oktibbeha
Bolivar	Forrest	Jackson	Leflore	Panola
Calhoun	Franklin	Jasper	Lincoln	Pearl River
Carroll	George	Jefferson	Lowndes	Perry
Chickasaw	Greene	Jefferson Davis	Madison	Pike
Choctaw	Grenada	Jones	Marion	Pontotoc
Claiborne	Hancock	Kemper	Marshall	Prentiss
Clarke	Harrison	Lafayette	Monroe	Quitman

Rankin	Stone	Tishomingo	Warren	Wilkinson
Scott	Sunflower	Tunica	Washington	Winston
Sharkey	Tallahatchie	Union	Wayne	Yalobusha
Simpson	Tate	Walthall	Webster	Yazoo
Smith	Tippah			

## MISSOURI (MO) (115 counties) Capital: Jefferson City

. 1 .	61	-	3.6	0. 01.
Adair	Clay	Iron	Montgomery	St. Clair
Andrew	Clinton	Jackson	Morgan	St. Francois
Atchison	Cole	Jasper	New Madrid	St. Louis
Audrain	Cooper	Jefferson	Newton	St. Louis City
Barry	Crawford	Johnson	Nodaway	Ste. Genevieve
Barton	Dade	Knox	Oregon	Saline
Bates	Dallas	Laclede	Osage	Schuyler
Benton	Daviess	Lafayette	Ozark	Scotland
Bollinger	DeKalb	Lawrence	Pemiscot	Scott
Boone	Dent	Lewis	Perry	Shannon
Buchanan	Douglas	Lincoln	Pettis	Shelby
Butler	Dunklin	Linn	Phelps	Stoddard
Caldwell	Franklin	Livingston	Pike	Stone
Callaway	Gasconade	Macon	Platte	Sullivan
Camden	Gentry	Madison	Polk	Taney
Cape Girardeau	Greene	Maries	Pulaski	Texas
Carroll	Grundy	Marion	Putnam	Vernon
Carter	Harrison	McDonald	Ralls	Warren
Cass	Henry	Mercer	Randolph	Washington
Cedar	Hickory	Miller	Ray	Wayne
Chariton	Holt	Mississippi	Reynolds	Webster
Christian	Howard	Moniteau	Ripley	Worth
Clark	Howell	Monroe	St. Charles	Wright

## MONTANA (MT) (56 counties) Capital: Helena

Beaverhead	Broadwater	Cascade	Daniels	Fallon
Big Horn	Carbon	Chouteau	Dawson	Fergus
Blaine	Carter	Custer	Deer Lodge	Flathead

Gallatin	Lewis and Clark	Musselshell	Ravalli	Sweet Grass
Garfield	Liberty	Park	Richland	Teton
Glacier	Lincoln	Petroleum	Roosevelt	Toole
Golden Valley	Madison	Phillips	Rosebud	Treasure
Granite	McCone	Pondera	Sanders	Valley
Hill	Meagher	Powder River	Sheridan	Wheatland
Jefferson	Mineral	Powell	Silver Bow	Wibaux
Judith Basin	Missoula	Prairie	Stillwater	Yellowstone
Lake				

### NEBRASKA (NE) (93 counties) Capital: Lincoln

Adams	Cuming	Greeley	Loup	Sarpy
Antelope	Custer	Hall	Madison	Saunders
Arthur	Dakota	Hamilton	McPherson	Scotts Bluff
Banner	Dawes	Harlan	Merrick	Seward
Blaine	Dawson	Hayes	Morrill	Sheridan
Boone	Deuel	Hitchcock	Nance	Sherman
Box Butte	Dixon	Holt	Nemaha	Sioux
Boyd	Dodge	Hooker	Nuckolls	Stanton
Brown	Douglas	Howard	Otoe	Thayer
Buffalo	Dundy	Jefferson	Pawnee	Thomas
Burt	Fillmore	Johnson	Perkins	Thurston
Butler	Franklin	Kearney	Phelps	Valley
Cass	Frontier	Keith	Pierce	Washington
Cedar	Furnas	Keya Paha	Platte	Wayne
Chase	Gage	Kimball	Polk	Webster
Cherry	Garden	Knox	Red Willow	Wheeler
Cheyenne	Garfield	Lancaster	Richardson	York
Clay	Gosper	Lincoln	Rock	
Colfax	Grant	Logan	Saline	

#### NEVADA (NV) (17 counties) Capital: Carson City

Carson City	Elko	Lander	Mineral	Storey
Churchill	Esmeralda	Lincoln	Nye	Washoe
Clark	Eureka	Lyon	Pershing	White Pine
Douglas	Humboldt			

#### NEW HAMPSHIRE (NH) (10 counties) Capital: Concord

Belknap	Cheshire	Grafton	Merrimack	Strafford
Carroll	Coos	Hillsborough	Rockingham	Sullivan

# NEW JERSEY (NJ) (21 counties)

**Capital: Trenton** 

Atlantic	Cumberland	Hunterdon	Morris	Somerset
Bergen	Essex	Mercer	Ocean	Sussex
Burlington	Gloucester	Middlesex	Passaic	Union
Camden	Hudson	Monmouth	Salem	Warren
Cape May				

#### NEW MEXICO (NM) (33 counties) Capital: Santa Fe

Bernalillo	Dona Ana	Lincoln	Rio Arriba	Sierra
Catron	Eddy	Los Alamos	Roosevelt	Socorro
Chaves	Grant	Luna	San Juan	Taos
Cibola	Guadalupe	McKinley	San Miguel	Torrance
Colfax	Harding	Mora	Sandoval	Union
Curry	Hidalgo	Otero	Santa Fe	Valencia
De Baca	Lea	Quay		

#### NEW YORK (NY) (62 counties) Capital: Albany

Albany	Dutchess	Madison	Otsego	Steuben
Allegany	Erie	Monroe	Putnam	Suffolk
Bronx	Essex	Montgomery	Queens	Sullivan
Broome	Franklin	Nassau	Rensselaer	Tioga
Cattaraugus	Fulton	New York	Richmond	Tompkins
Cayuga	Genesee	Niagara	Rockland	Ulster
Chautauqua	Greene	Oneida	St. Lawrence	Warren
Chemung	Hamilton	Onondaga	Saratoga	Washington
Chenango	Herkimer	Ontario	Schenectady	Wayne
Clinton	Jefferson	Orange	Schoharie	Westchester
Columbia	Kings	Orleans	Schuyler	Wyoming
Cortland	Lewis	Oswego	Seneca	Yates
Delaware	Livingston			

# NORTH CAROLINA (NC) (100 counties) Capital: Raleigh

Alamance	Chowan	Guilford	Mitchell	Rutherford
Alexander	Clay	Halifax	Montgomery	Sampson
Alleghany	Cleveland	Harnett	Moore	Scotland
Anson	Columbus	Haywood	Nash	Stanly
Ashe	Craven	Henderson	New Hanover	Stokes
Avery	Cumberland	Hertford	Northampton	Surry
Beaufort	Currituck	Hoke	Onslow	Swain
Bertie	Dare	Hyde	Orange	Transylvania
Bladen	Davidson	Iredell	Pamlico	Tyrrell
Brunswick	Davie	Jackson	Pasquotank	Union
Buncombe	Duplin	Johnston	Pender	Vance
Burke	Durham	Jones	Perquimans	Wake
Cabarrus	Edgecombe	Lee	Person	Warren
Caldwell	Forsyth	Lenoir	Pitt	Washington
Camden	Franklin	Lincoln	Polk	Watauga
Carteret	Gaston	Macon	Randolph	Wayne
Caswell	Gates	Madison	Richmond	Wilkes
Catawba	Graham	Martin	Robeson	Wilson
Chatham	Granville	McDowell	Rockingham	Yadkin
Cherokee	Greene	Mecklenburg	Rowan	Yancey

#### NORTH DAKOTA (ND) (53 counties) Capital: Bismarck

Adams	Divide	LaMoure	Pembina	Stark
Barnes	Dunn	Logan	Pierce	Steele
Benson	Eddy	McHenry	Ramsey	Stutsman
Billings	Emmons	McIntosh	Ransom	Towner
Bottineau	Foster	McKenzie	Renville	Traill
Bowman	Golden Valley	McLean	Richland	Walsh
Burke	Grand Forks	Mercer	Rolette	Ward
Burleigh	Grant	Morton	Sargent	Wells
Cass	Griggs	Mountrail	Sheridan	Williams
Cavalier	Hettinger	Nelson	Sioux	
Dickey	Kidder	Oliver	Slope	

# NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS (MP) (4 municipalities) Capital: Saipan

Northern Islands Rota Saipan Iinian	Northern Islands	Rota	Saipan	Tinian
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## OHIO (OH) (88 counties) Capital: Columbus

Adams	Darke	Hocking	Miami	Sandusky
Allen	Defiance	Holmes	Monroe	Scioto
Ashland	Delaware	Huron	Montgomery	Seneca
Ashtabula	Erie	Jackson	Morgan	Shelby
Athens	Fairfield	Jefferson	Morrow	Stark
Auglaize	Fayette	Knox	Muskingum	Summit
Belmont	Franklin	Lake	Noble	Trumbull
Brown	Fulton	Lawrence	Ottawa	Tuscarawas
Butler	Gallia	Licking	Paulding	Union
Carroll	Geauga	Logan	Perry	Van Wert
Champaign	Greene	Lorain	Pickaway	Vinton
Clark	Guernsey	Lucas	Pike	Warren
Clermont	Hamilton	Madison	Portage	Washington
Clinton	Hancock	Mahoning	Preble	Wayne
Columbiana	Hardin	Marion	Putnam	Williams
Coshocton	Harrison	Medina	Richland	Wood
Crawford	Henry	Meigs	Ross	Wyandot
Cuyahoga	Highland	Mercer		

## OKLAHOMA (OK) (77 counties) Capital: Oklahoma City

Adair	Coal	Harmon	Love	Osage
Alfalfa	Comanche	Harper	Major	Ottawa
Atoka	Cotton	Haskell	Marshall	Pawnee
Beaver	Craig	Hughes	Mayes	Payne
Beckham	Creek	Jackson	McClain	Pittsburg
Blaine	Custer	Jefferson	McCurtain	Pontotoc
Bryan	Delaware	Johnston	McIntosh	Pottawatomie
Caddo	Dewey	Kay	Murray	Pushmataha
Curac	Deney	/		
Canadian	Ellis	Kingfisher	Muskogee	Roger Mills
	,	,	,	Roger Mills Rogers
Canadian	Ellis	Kingfisher	Muskogee	O
Canadian Carter	Ellis Garfield	Kingfisher Kiowa	Muskogee Noble	Rogers
Canadian Carter Cherokee	Ellis Garfield Garvin	Kingfisher Kiowa Latimer	Muskogee Noble Nowata	Rogers Seminole
Canadian Carter Cherokee Choctaw	Ellis Garfield Garvin Grady	Kingfisher Kiowa Latimer Le Flore	Muskogee Noble Nowata Okfuskee	Rogers Seminole Sequoyah

Tillman Tulsa	Wagoner Washington	Washita	Woods	Woodward			
OREGON (OR) (36 counties) Capital: Salem							
Baker	Deschutes	Jefferson	Malheur	Umatilla			
Benton	Douglas	Josephine	Marion	Union			
Clackamas	Gilliam	Klamath	Morrow	Wallowa			
Clatsop	Grant	Lake	Multnomah	Wasco			
Columbia	Harney	Lane	Polk	Washington			
Coos	Hood River	Lincoln	Sherman	Wheeler			
Crook	Jackson	Linn	Tillamook	Yamhill			
Curry							
PALAU (PW) (1 Capital: Melek							
Aimeliik	Kayangel	Ngaraard	Ngatpang	Ngiwal			
Airai	Koror	Ngarchelong	Ngchesar	Peleliu			
Angaur	Melekeok	Ngardmau	Ngeremlengui	Sonsorol			
Hatohobei							
PENNSYLVANIA (PA) (67 counties) Capital: Harrisburg							
Adams	Chester	Fulton	McKean	Snyder			
Allegheny	Clarion	Greene	Mercer	Somerset			
Armstrong	Clearfield	Huntingdon	Mifflin	Sullivan			

Adams	Chester	Fulton	McKean	Snyder
Allegheny	Clarion	Greene	Mercer	Somerset
Armstrong	Clearfield	Huntingdon	Mifflin	Sullivan
Beaver	Clinton	Indiana	Monroe	Susquehanna
Bedford	Columbia	Jefferson	Montgomery	Tioga
Berks	Crawford	Juniata	Montour	Union
Blair	Cumberland	Lackawanna	Northampton	Venango
Bradford	Dauphin	Lancaster	Northumberland	Warren
Bucks	Delaware	Lawrence	Perry	Washington
Butler	Elk	Lebanon	Philadelphia	Wayne
Cambria	Erie	Lehigh	Pike	Westmoreland
Cameron	Fayette	Luzerne	Potter	Wyoming
Carbon	Forest	Lycoming	Schuylkill	York
Centre	Franklin			

#### PUERTO RICO (PR) (78 municipios) Capital: San Juan

Adjuntas	Cataño	Gurabo	Maunabo	San Germán
Aguada	Cayey	Hatillo	Mayagüez	San Juan
Aguadilla	Ceiba	Hormigueros	Moca	San Lorenzo
Aguas Buenas	Ciales	Humacao	Morovis	San Sebastián
Aibonito	Cidra	Isabela	Naguabo	Santa Isabel
Añasco	Coamo	Jayuya	Naranjito	Toa Alta
Arecibo	Comerío	Juana Díaz	Orocovis	Toa Baja
Arroyo	Corozal	Juncos	Patillas	Trujillo Alto
Barceloneta	Culebra	Lajas	Peñuelas	Utuado
Barranquitas	Dorado	Lares	Ponce	Vega Alta
Bayamón	Fajardo	Las Marías	Quebradillas	Vega Baja
Cabo Rojo	Florida	Las Piedras	Rincón	Vieques
Caguas	Guánica	Loíza	Río Grande	Villalba
Camuy	Guayama	Luquillo	Sabana Grande	Yabucoa
Canóvanas	Guayanilla	Manatí	Salinas	Yauco
Carolina	Guaynabo	Maricao		

# RHODE ISLAND (RI) (5 counties) Capital: Providence

Bristol Kent Newport Providence Washington

# SOUTH CAROLINA (SC) (46 counties) Capital: Columbia

Abbeville	Cherokee	Fairfield	Lancaster	Orangeburg
Aiken	Chester	Florence	Laurens	Pickens
Allendale	Chesterfield	Georgetown	Lee	Richland
Anderson	Clarendon	Greenville	Lexington	Saluda
Bamberg	Colleton	Greenwood	Marion	Spartanburg
Barnwell	Darlington	Hampton	Marlboro	Sumter
Beaufort	Dillon	Horry	McCormick	Union
Berkeley	Dorchester	Jasper	Newberry	Williamsburg
Calhoun	Edgefield	Kershaw	Oconee	York
Charleston				

#### SOUTH DAKOTA (SD) (66 counties) Capital: Pierre

Aurora	Bennett	Brookings	Brule	Butte
Beadle	Bon Homme	Brown	Buffalo	Campbell

Charles Mix	Fall River	Hyde	McPherson	Shannon
Clark	Faulk	Jackson	Meade	Spink
Clay	Grant	Jerauld	Mellette	Stanley
Codington	Gregory	Jones	Miner	Sully
Corson	Haakon	Kingsbury	Minnehaha	Todd
Custer	Hamlin	Lake	Moody	Tripp
Davison	Hand	Lawrence	Pennington	Turner
Day	Hanson	Lincoln	Perkins	Union
Deuel	Harding	Lyman	Potter	Walworth
Dewey	Hughes	Marshall	Roberts	Yankton
Douglas	Hutchinson	McCook	Sanborn	Ziebach
Edmunds				

### TENNESSEE (TN) (95 counties) Capital: Nashville

Anderson	Decatur	Henderson	Maury	Sequatchie
Bedford	DeKalb	Henry	McMinn	Sevier
Benton	Dickson	Hickman	McNairy	Shelby
Bledsoe	Dyer	Houston	Meigs	Smith
Blount	Fayette	Humphreys	Monroe	Stewart
Bradley	Fentress	Jackson	Montgomery	Sullivan
Campbell	Franklin	Jefferson	Moore	Sumner
Cannon	Gibson	Johnson	Morgan	Tipton
Carroll	Giles	Knox	Obion	Trousdale
Carter	Grainger	Lake	Overton	Unicoi
Cheatham	Greene	Lauderdale	Perry	Union
Chester	Grundy	Lawrence	Pickett	Van Buren
Claiborne	Hamblen	Lewis	Polk	Warren
Clay	Hamilton	Lincoln	Putnam	Washington
Cocke	Hancock	Loudon	Rhea	Wayne
Coffee	Hardeman	Macon	Roane	Weakley
Crockett	Hardin	Madison	Robertson	White
Cumberland	Hawkins	Marion	Rutherford	Williamson
Davidson	Haywood	Marshall	Scott	Wilson

#### TEXAS (TX) (254 counties) Capital: Austin

Anderson	Archer	Bailey	Bee	Borden
Andrews	Armstrong	Bandera	Bell	Bosque
Angelina	Atascosa	Bastrop	Bexar	Bowie
Aransas	Austin	Baylor	Blanco	Brazoria

Brewster Donley Hidalgo Loving Red River Briscoe Duval Hill Lubbock Reeves Brooks Eastland Hockley Lynn Refugio Brown Ector Hood Madison Roberts Burleson Edwards Hopkins Marion Robertson Burnet Ell Paso Houston Martin Rockwall Caldwell Ellis Howard Mason Runnels Calloun Erath Hudspeth Matagorda Rusk Callahan Falls Hunt Maverick Sabine Cameron Fannin Hutchinson McCulloch San Augustine Camp Fapette Irion McLennan San Jacinto Carson Fisher Jack McMullen San Patricio Cass Floyd Jackson Medina San Saba Castro Foard Jasper Menard Schleicher Chambers Fort Bend Jeff Davis Midland Scurry Cherokee Franklin Jefferson Milam Shackelford Childress Freestone Jim Hogg Mills Shelby Clay Frio Jim Wells Mitchell Sherman Cochran Gaines Johnson Montague Smith Collin Gillespie Kaufman Morris Stephens Collingsworth Glasscock Kendall Motley Sterling Condado Goliad Kenedy Nacogdoches Stonewall Comanche Grayon Kimble Nolan Tarrant Cochen Grayson Kimble Nolan Tarrant Cocke Gregg King Nueces Taylor Crane Hale Knox Orange Throckmorton Crocket Hall La Salle Palo Pinto Titus Dallam Hardin Lampass Parmer Trinity Dallas Hardin Lawaca Pecos Tyler Dallas Hardin Lawaca Pecos Tyler Dallas Hardin Lawaca Pecos Tyler Delta Harkel Limestone Rains Val Verde Delvitt Hays Lipscomb Randall Van Zandt Dickens Hemphill Live Oak Reagan Victoria	Brazos	Dimmit	Henderson	Llano	Real
Briscoe Duval Hill Lubbock Reeves Brooks Eastland Hockley Lynn Refugio Brown Ector Hood Madison Roberts Burleson Edwards Hopkins Marion Robertson Burnet El Paso Houston Martin Rockwall Caldwell Ellis Howard Mason Runnels Calhoun Erath Hudspeth Matagorda Rusk Callahan Falls Hunt Maverick Sabine Cameron Fannin Hutchinson McCulloch San Augustine Camp Fayette Irion McLennan San Jacinto Carson Fisher Jack McMullen San Patricio Cass Floyd Jackson Medina San Saba Castro Foard Jasper Menard Schleicher Chambers Fort Bend Jeff Davis Midland Scurry Cherokee Franklin Jefferson Milam Shackelford Childress Freestone Jim Hogg Mills Shelby Clay Frio Jim Wells Mitchell Sherman Cocke Galveston Jones Montague Smith Collin Gillespie Kaufman Morris Stephens Collin Gillespie Kaufman Morris Stephens Collin Glasscock Kendall Motley Sterling Comand Gonzales Kent Navarro Sutton Comanche Gray Kerr Newton Swisher Concho Grayson Kimble Nolan Tarrant Colocket Hall La Salle Palo Pinto Titus Crosby Hamilton Lamar Panola Tom Green Culberson Hansford Lamb Parker Travis Dallam Hardeman Lampasas Parmer Trinity Dallas Hardin Lavaca Pecos Tyler Deaf Smith Harrison Leon Potter Upton Delta Hartely Liberty Presidio Uvalde Denton Haskell Limestone Randell Van Zandt		Donley	Hidalgo	Loving	Red River
BrooksEastlandHockleyLynnRefugioBrownEctorHoodMadisonRobertsBurlesonEdwardsHopkinsMarionRobertsonBurnetEl PasoHoustonMartinRockwallCaldwellEllisHowardMasonRunnelsCalhounErathHudspethMatagordaRuskCallahanFallsHuntMaverickSabineCameronFanninHutchinsonMcCullochSan AugustineCampFayetteIrionMcLennanSan JacintoCarsonFisherJackMcMullenSan PatricioCassFloydJacksonMedinaSan SabaCastroFoardJasperMenardSchleicherChambersFort BendJeff DavisMidlandScurryCherokeeFranklinJeffersonMilamShackelfordChildressFreestoneJim HoggMillsShelbyClayFrioJim WellsMitchellShermanCochranGainesJohnsonMontagueSmithCokeGalvestonJonesMontgomerySomervellCollinGillespieKaufmanMorrisStephensCollingsworthGlasscockKendallMotleySterlingColoradoGoliadKenedyNacogdochesStonewallComalGonzalesKentNavarroSuttonComalGorzalesKentNavarroSutton </td <td>Briscoe</td> <td>,</td> <td>U</td> <td>O</td> <td>Reeves</td>	Briscoe	,	U	O	Reeves
Brown Ector Hood Madison Roberts Burleson Edwards Hopkins Marion Robertson Burnet El Paso Houston Martin Rockwall Caldwell Ellis Howard Mason Runnels Calhoun Erath Hudspeth Matagorda Rusk Callahan Falls Hunt Maverick Sabine Cameron Fannin Hutchinson McCulloch San Augustine Camp Fayette Irion McLennan San Jacinto Carson Fisher Jack McMullen San Patricio Cass Floyd Jackson Medina San Saba Castro Foard Jasper Menard Schleicher Chambers Fort Bend Jeff Davis Midland Scurry Cherokee Franklin Jefferson Milam Shackelford Childress Freestone Jim Hogg Mills Shelby Clay Frio Jim Wells Mitchell Sherman Cocke Galveston Jones Montague Smith Collin Gillespie Kaufman Morris Stephens Collingsworth Glasscock Kendall Motley Sterling Colorado Goliad Kenedy Nacogdoches Stonewall Comal Gonzales Kent Navarro Sutton Coman Gray Kerr Newton Swisher Concho Grayson Kimble Nolan Tarrant Cooke Gregg King Nueces Taylor Corockett Hall La Salle Palo Pinto Titus Crosby Hamilton Lamar Panola Tom Green Cullam Hardeman Lampasas Parmer Trinity Dallas Hardin Lavaca Pecos Tyler Dawson Harris Lee Polk Urylon Delta Hartley Liberty Presidio Uvalde Denton Haskell Limestone Randell Van Zandt	Brooks	Eastland	Hockley		Refugio
Burnet El Paso Houston Martin Rockwall Caldwell Ellis Howard Mason Runnels Calhoun Erath Hudspeth Matagorda Rusk Callahan Falls Hunt Maverick Sabine Cameron Fannin Hutchinson McCulloch San Augustine Camp Fayette Irion McLennan San Jacinto Carson Fisher Jack McMullen San Patricio Cass Floyd Jackson Medina San Saba Castro Foard Jasper Menard Schleicher Chambers Fort Bend Jeff Davis Midland Scurry Cherokee Franklin Jefferson Milam Shackelford Childress Freestone Jim Hogg Mills Shelby Clay Frio Jim Wells Mitchell Sherman Cochran Gaines Johnson Montague Smith Coleman Garza Karnes Moore Starr Collin Gillespie Kaufman Morris Stephens Collingsworth Glasscock Kendall Motley Sterling Colorado Goliad Kenedy Nacogdoches Stonewall Comanche Grays Kerr Newton Swisher Concho Grayson Kimble Nolan Tarrant Cocket Hall La Salle Palo Pinto Titus Crosby Hamilton Lamar Panola Tom Green Culberson Harris Lee Polk Upshur Deaf Smith Harrison Leon Potter Upton Delta Hartley Liberty Presidio Uvalde DeWitt Hays Lipscomb Randall Van Zandt	Brown	Ector	,	*	C
BurnetEl PasoHoustonMartinRockwallCaldwellEllisHowardMasonRunnelsCalhounErathHudspethMatagordaRuskCallahanFallsHuntMaverickSabineCameronFanninHutchinsonMcCullochSan AugustineCampFayetteIrionMcLennanSan JacintoCarsonFisherJackMcMullenSan PatricioCassFloydJacksonMedinaSan SabaCastroFoardJasperMenardSchleicherChambersFort BendJeff DavisMidlandScurryCherokeeFranklinJeff PavisMidlandScurryCherokeeFranklinJeffersonMilamShackelfordChildressFreestoneJim HoggMillsShelbyClayFrioJim WellsMitchellShermanCocharaGainesJohnsonMontagueSmithCokeGalvestonJonesMontgomerySomervellColemanGarzaKarnesMooreStarrCollinGillespieKaufmanMorrisStephensCollingsworthGlasscockKendallMotleySterlingColoradoGoliadKenedyNacogdochesStonewallComancheGraysonKimbleNolanTarrantCookeGreggKingNuecesTaylorCoryellGrimesKinneyOchiltreeTerre	Burleson	Edwards	Hopkins	Marion	Robertson
CalhounErathHudspethMatagordaRuskCallahanFallsHuntMaverickSabineCameronFanninHutchinsonMcCullochSan AugustineCampFayetteIrionMcLennanSan JacintoCarsonFisherJackMcMullenSan PatricioCassFloydJacksonMedinaSan SabaCastroFoardJasperMenardSchleicherChambersFort BendJeff DavisMidlandScurryCherokeeFranklinJeffersonMilamShackelfordChildressFreestoneJim HoggMillsShelbyClayFrioJim WellsMitchellShermanCochranGainesJohnsonMontagueSmithCokeGalvestonJonesMontgomerySomervellColemanGarzaKarnesMooreStarrCollingsworthGlasscockKendallMotleySterlingColoradoGoliadKenedyNacogdochesStonewallComalGonzalesKentNavarroSuttonComalGonzalesKentNavarroSuttonConchoGraysonKimbleNolanTarrantCookeGreggKingNuecesTaylorCoryellGrimesKinneyOchiltreeTerrellCottleGuadalupeKlebergOldhamTerryCraneHaleKnoxOrangeThrockmorton <t< td=""><td>Burnet</td><td>El Paso</td><td>*</td><td>Martin</td><td>Rockwall</td></t<>	Burnet	El Paso	*	Martin	Rockwall
Callahan Falls Hunt Maverick Sabine Cameron Fannin Hutchinson McCulloch San Augustine Camp Fayette Irion McLennan San Jacinto Carson Fisher Jack McMullen San Patricio Cass Floyd Jackson Medina San Saba Castro Foard Jasper Menard Schleicher Chambers Fort Bend Jeff Davis Midland Scurry Cherokee Franklin Jefferson Milam Shackelford Childress Freestone Jim Hogg Mills Shelby Clay Frio Jim Wells Mitchell Sherman Cochran Gaines Johnson Montague Smith Colee Galveston Jones Montgomery Somervell Coleman Garza Karnes Moore Starr Collin Gillespie Kaufman Morris Stephens Collingsworth Glasscock Kendall Motley Sterling Colorado Goliad Kenedy Nacogdoches Stonewall Comal Gonzales Kent Navarro Sutton Comanche Gray Kerr Newton Swisher Concho Grayson Kimble Nolan Tarrant Cooke Gregg King Nueces Taylor Coryell Grimes Kinney Ochiltree Terrell Cottle Guadalupe Kleberg Oldham Terry Crane Hale Knox Orange Throckmorton Crockett Hall La Salle Palo Pinto Titus Crosby Hamilton Lamar Panola Tom Green Culberson Hansford Lamb Parker Travis Dallam Hardeman Lampasas Parmer Trinity Dallas Hardin Lavaca Pecos Tyler Dawson Harris Lee Polk Upshur Deaf Smith Harrison Leon Potter Upton Delta Hartley Liberty Presidio Uvalde Dewitt Hays Lipscomb Randall Van Zandt	Caldwell	Ellis	Howard	Mason	Runnels
CallahanFallsHuntMaverickSabineCameronFanninHutchinsonMcCullochSan AugustineCampFayetteIrionMcLennanSan JacintoCarsonFisherJackMcMullenSan PatricioCassFloydJacksonMedinaSan SabaCastroFoardJasperMenardSchleicherChambersFort BendJeff DavisMidlandScurryCherokeeFranklinJeffersonMilamShackelfordChildressFreestoneJim HoggMillsShelbyClayFrioJim WellsMitchellShermanCochranGainesJohnsonMontagueSmithCokeGalvestonJonesMontgomerySomervellColemanGarzaKarnesMooreStarrCollingsworthGlasscockKendallMotleySterlingColoradoGoliadKenedyNacogdochesStonewallComalGonzalesKentNavarroSuttonComancheGrayKerrNewtonSwisherConchoGraysonKimbleNolanTarrantCookeGreggKinneyOchiltreeTerrellCottleGuadalupeKlebergOldhamTerryCraneHaleKnoxOrangeThrockmortonCrockettHallLa SallePalo PintoTitusCrosbyHamiltonLamarPanolaTom Green	Calhoun	Erath	Hudspeth	Matagorda	Rusk
CampFayetteIrionMcLennanSan JacintoCarsonFisherJackMcMullenSan PatricioCassFloydJacksonMedinaSan SabaCastroFoardJasperMenardSchleicherChambersFort BendJeff DavisMidlandScurryCherokeeFranklinJeffersonMillamShackelfordChildressFreestoneJim HoggMillsShelbyClayFrioJim HoggMillsShermanCochranGainesJohnsonMontagueSmithCokeGalvestonJonesMontgomerySomervellColemanGarzaKarnesMooreStarrCollinGillespieKaufmanMorrisStephensCollingsworthGlasscockKendallMotleySterlingColoradoGoliadKenedyNacogdochesStonewallComalGonzalesKentNavarroSuttonComancheGrayKerrNewtonSwisherConchoGraysonKimbleNolanTarrantCookeGreggKingNuecesTaylorCoryellGrimesKinneyOchiltreeTerrellCottleGuadalupeKlebergOldhamTerryCraneHaleKnoxOrangeThrockmortonCrockettHallLa SallePalo PintoTitusCrosbyHamiltonLamarPanolaTom GreenCulber	Callahan	Falls	•		Sabine
CarsonFisherJackMcMullenSan PatricioCassFloydJacksonMedinaSan SabaCastroFoardJasperMenardSchleicherChambersFort BendJeff DavisMidlandScurryCherokeeFranklinJeffersonMilamShackelfordChildressFreestoneJim HoggMillsShelbyClayFrioJim WellsMitchellShermanCochranGainesJohnsonMontagueSmithCokeGalvestonJonesMontgomerySomervellColemanGarzaKarnesMooreStarrCollinGillespieKaufmanMorrisStephensCollingsworthGlasscockKendallMotleySterlingColoradoGoliadKenedyNacogdochesStonewallComalGonzalesKentNavarroSuttonComalGonzalesKentNavarroSuttonComancheGrayKerrNewtonSwisherConchoGraysonKimbleNolanTarrantCookeGreggKingNuecesTaylorCoryellGrimesKinneyOchiltreeTerrellCottleGuadalupeKlebergOldhamTerryCraneHaleKnoxOrangeThrockmortonCrockettHallLa SallePalo PintoTitusCrosbyHamiltonLambParkerTravisDallam<	Cameron	Fannin	Hutchinson	McCulloch	San Augustine
Cass Floyd Jackson Medina San Saba Castro Foard Jasper Menard Schleicher Chambers Fort Bend Jeff Davis Midland Scurry Cherokee Franklin Jefferson Milam Shackelford Childress Freestone Jim Hogg Mills Shelby Clay Frio Jim Wells Mitchell Sherman Cochran Gaines Johnson Montague Smith Coke Galveston Jones Montgomery Somervell Coleman Garza Karnes Moore Starr Collin Gillespie Kaufman Morris Stephens Collingsworth Glasscock Kendall Motley Sterling Colorado Goliad Kenedy Nacogdoches Stonewall Comal Gonzales Kent Navarro Sutton Comanche Gray Kerr Newton Swisher Concho Grayson Kimble Nolan Tarrant Cooke Gregg King Nueces Taylor Coryell Grimes Kinney Ochiltree Terrell Cottle Guadalupe Kleberg Oldham Terry Crane Hale Knox Orange Throckmorton Crockett Hall La Salle Palo Pinto Titus Crosby Hamilton Lamar Panola Tom Green Culberson Hansford Lamb Parker Travis Dallam Hardeman Lampasas Parmer Trinity Dallas Hardin Lavaca Pecos Tyler Dawson Harris Lee Polk Upshur Deaf Smith Harrison Leon Potter Upton Delta Hartley Liberty Presidio Uvalde Denton Haskell Limestone Rains Val Verde	Camp	Fayette	Irion	McLennan	San Jacinto
CastroFoardJasperMenardSchleicherChambersFort BendJeff DavisMidlandScurryCherokeeFranklinJeffersonMilamShackelfordChildressFreestoneJim HoggMillsShelbyClayFrioJim WellsMitchellShermanCochranGainesJohnsonMontagueSmithCokeGalvestonJonesMontgomerySomervellColemanGarzaKarnesMooreStarrCollinGillespieKaufmanMorrisStephensCollingsworthGlasscockKendallMotleySterlingColoradoGoliadKenedyNacogdochesStonewallComalGonzalesKentNavarroSuttonComalGonzalesKentNavarroSuttonConchoGraysonKimbleNolanTarrantCookeGreggKingNuecesTaylorCoryellGrimesKinneyOchiltreeTerrellCottleGuadalupeKlebergOldhamTerryCraneHaleKnoxOrangeThrockmortonCrockettHallLa SallePalo PintoTitusCrosbyHamiltonLamarPanolaTom GreenCulbersonHansfordLambParkerTravisDallamHardemanLampasasParmerTrinityDallasHardinLavacaPecosTylerDawson<	Carson	Fisher	Jack	McMullen	San Patricio
Chambers Fort Bend Jeff Davis Midland Scurry Cherokee Franklin Jefferson Milam Shackelford Childress Freestone Jim Hogg Mills Shelby Clay Frio Jim Wells Mitchell Sherman Cochran Gaines Johnson Montague Smith Coke Galveston Jones Montgomery Somervell Coleman Garza Karnes Moore Starr Collin Gillespie Kaufman Morris Stephens Collingsworth Glasscock Kendall Motley Sterling Colorado Goliad Kenedy Nacogdoches Stonewall Comal Gonzales Kent Navarro Sutton Comanche Gray Kerr Newton Swisher Concho Grayson Kimble Nolan Tarrant Cooke Gregg King Nueces Taylor Coryell Grimes Kinney Ochiltree Terrell Cottle Guadalupe Kleberg Oldham Terry Crane Hale Knox Orange Throckmorton Crockett Hall La Salle Palo Pinto Titus Crosby Hamilton Lamar Panola Tom Green Culberson Hansford Lamb Parker Travis Dallam Hardeman Lampasas Parmer Trinity Dallas Hardin Lavaca Pecos Tyler Dawson Harris Lee Polk Upshur Deaf Smith Harrison Leon Potter Upton Delta Hartley Liberty Presidio Uvalde Denton Haskell Limestone Rains Val Verde DeWitt Hays Lipscomb Randall Van Zandt	Cass	Floyd	Jackson	Medina	San Saba
Cherokee Franklin Jefferson Milam Shackelford Childress Freestone Jim Hogg Mills Shelby Clay Frio Jim Wells Mitchell Sherman Cochran Gaines Johnson Montague Smith Coke Galveston Jones Montgomery Somervell Coleman Garza Karnes Moore Starr Collin Gillespie Kaufman Morris Stephens Collingsworth Glasscock Kendall Motley Sterling Colorado Goliad Kenedy Nacogdoches Stonewall Comal Gonzales Kent Navarro Sutton Comanche Gray Kerr Newton Swisher Concho Grayson Kimble Nolan Tarrant Cooke Gregg King Nueces Taylor Coryell Grimes Kinney Ochiltree Terrell Cottle Guadalupe Kleberg Oldham Terry Crane Hale Knox Orange Throckmorton Crockett Hall La Salle Palo Pinto Titus Crosby Hamilton Lamar Panola Tom Green Culberson Hansford Lamb Parker Travis Dallam Hardeman Lampasas Parmer Trinity Dallas Hardin Lavaca Pecos Tyler Dawson Harris Lee Polk Upshur Deaf Smith Harrison Leon Potter Upton Delta Hartley Liberty Presidio Uvalde DeWitt Hays Lipscomb Randall Van Zandt	Castro	Foard	Jasper	Menard	Schleicher
Childress Freestone Jim Hogg Mills Shelby Clay Frio Jim Wells Mitchell Sherman Cochran Gaines Johnson Montague Smith Coke Galveston Jones Montgomery Somervell Coleman Garza Karnes Moore Starr Collin Gillespie Kaufman Morris Stephens Collingsworth Glasscock Kendall Motley Sterling Colorado Goliad Kenedy Nacogdoches Stonewall Comal Gonzales Kent Navarro Sutton Comanche Gray Kerr Newton Swisher Concho Grayson Kimble Nolan Tarrant Cooke Gregg King Nueces Taylor Coryell Grimes Kinney Ochiltree Terrell Cottle Guadalupe Kleberg Oldham Terry Crane Hale Knox Orange Throckmorton Crockett Hall La Salle Palo Pinto Titus Crosby Hamilton Lamar Panola Tom Green Culberson Hansford Lamb Parker Travis Dallam Hardeman Lampasas Parmer Trinity Dallas Hardin Lavaca Pecos Tyler Dawson Harris Lee Polk Upshur Deaf Smith Harrison Leon Potter Upton Delta Hartley Liberty Presidio Uvalde Denton Haskell Limestone Rains Val Verde	Chambers	Fort Bend	Jeff Davis	Midland	Scurry
ClayFrioJim WellsMitchellShermanCochranGainesJohnsonMontagueSmithCokeGalvestonJonesMontgomerySomervellColemanGarzaKarnesMooreStarrCollinGillespieKaufmanMorrisStephensCollingsworthGlasscockKendallMotleySterlingColoradoGoliadKenedyNacogdochesStonewallComalGonzalesKentNavarroSuttonComalGonzalesKentNewtonSwisherConchoGraysonKimbleNolanTarrantCookeGreggKingNuecesTaylorCoryellGrimesKinneyOchiltreeTerrellCottleGuadalupeKlebergOldhamTerryCraneHaleKnoxOrangeThrockmortonCrockettHallLa SallePalo PintoTitusCrosbyHamiltonLamarPanolaTom GreenCulbersonHansfordLambParkerTravisDallamHardemanLampasasParmerTrinityDallasHardinLavacaPecosTylerDawsonHarrisLeePolkUpshurDeaf SmithHarrisonLeonPotterUptonDeltaHartleyLibertyPresidioUvaldeDentonHaskellLimestoneRandallVan Zandt	Cherokee	Franklin	Jefferson	Milam	Shackelford
ClayFrioJim WellsMitchellShermanCochranGainesJohnsonMontagueSmithCokeGalvestonJonesMontgomerySomervellColemanGarzaKarnesMooreStarrCollinGillespieKaufmanMorrisStephensCollingsworthGlasscockKendallMotleySterlingColoradoGoliadKenedyNacogdochesStonewallComalGonzalesKentNavarroSuttonComalGonzalesKentNewtonSwisherConchoGraysonKimbleNolanTarrantCookeGreggKingNuecesTaylorCoryellGrimesKinneyOchiltreeTerrellCottleGuadalupeKlebergOldhamTerryCraneHaleKnoxOrangeThrockmortonCrockettHallLa SallePalo PintoTitusCrosbyHamiltonLamarPanolaTom GreenCulbersonHansfordLambParkerTravisDallamHardemanLampasasParmerTrinityDallasHardinLavacaPecosTylerDawsonHarrisLeePolkUpshurDeaf SmithHarrisonLeonPotterUptonDeltaHartleyLibertyPresidioUvaldeDentonHaskellLimestoneRandallVan Zandt	Childress	Freestone	Jim Hogg	Mills	Shelby
Coke Galveston Jones Montgomery Somervell Coleman Garza Karnes Moore Starr Collin Gillespie Kaufman Morris Stephens Collingsworth Glasscock Kendall Motley Sterling Colorado Goliad Kenedy Nacogdoches Stonewall Comal Gonzales Kent Navarro Sutton Comanche Gray Kerr Newton Swisher Concho Grayson Kimble Nolan Tarrant Cooke Gregg King Nueces Taylor Coryell Grimes Kinney Ochiltree Terrell Cottle Guadalupe Kleberg Oldham Terry Crane Hale Knox Orange Throckmorton Crockett Hall La Salle Palo Pinto Titus Crosby Hamilton Lamar Panola Tom Green Culberson Hansford Lamb Parker Travis Dallam Hardeman Lawaca Pecos Tyler Dawson Harris Lee Polk Upshur Deaf Smith Harrison Leon Potter Upton Delta Hartley Liberty Presidio Uvalde DeWitt Hays Lipscomb Randall Van Zandt	Clay	Frio		Mitchell	Sherman
Coleman Garza Karnes Moore Starr Collin Gillespie Kaufman Morris Stephens Collingsworth Glasscock Kendall Motley Sterling Colorado Goliad Kenedy Nacogdoches Stonewall Comal Gonzales Kent Navarro Sutton Comanche Gray Kerr Newton Swisher Concho Grayson Kimble Nolan Tarrant Cooke Gregg King Nueces Taylor Coryell Grimes Kinney Ochiltree Terrell Cottle Guadalupe Kleberg Oldham Terry Crane Hale Knox Orange Throckmorton Crockett Hall La Salle Palo Pinto Titus Crosby Hamilton Lamar Panola Tom Green Culberson Hansford Lamb Parker Travis Dallam Hardeman Lampasas Parmer Trinity Dallas Hardin Lavaca Pecos Tyler Dawson Harris Lee Polk Upshur Deaf Smith Harrison Leon Potter Upton Delta Hartley Liberty Presidio Uvalde Denton Haskell Limestone Rains Val Verde	Cochran	Gaines	Johnson	Montague	Smith
Collin Gillespie Kaufman Morris Stephens Collingsworth Glasscock Kendall Motley Sterling Colorado Goliad Kenedy Nacogdoches Stonewall Comal Gonzales Kent Navarro Sutton Comanche Gray Kerr Newton Swisher Concho Grayson Kimble Nolan Tarrant Cooke Gregg King Nueces Taylor Coryell Grimes Kinney Ochiltree Terrell Cottle Guadalupe Kleberg Oldham Terry Crane Hale Knox Orange Throckmorton Crockett Hall La Salle Palo Pinto Titus Crosby Hamilton Lamar Panola Tom Green Culberson Hansford Lamb Parker Travis Dallam Hardeman Lampasas Parmer Trinity Dallas Hardin Lavaca Pecos Tyler Dawson Harris Lee Polk Upshur Deaf Smith Harrison Leon Potter Upton Delta Hartley Liberty Presidio Uvalde Denton Haskell Limestone Rains Val Verde DeWitt Hays Lipscomb Randall Van Zandt	Coke	Galveston	Jones	Montgomery	Somervell
CollingsworthGlasscockKendallMotleySterlingColoradoGoliadKenedyNacogdochesStonewallComalGonzalesKentNavarroSuttonComancheGrayKerrNewtonSwisherConchoGraysonKimbleNolanTarrantCookeGreggKingNuecesTaylorCoryellGrimesKinneyOchiltreeTerrellCottleGuadalupeKlebergOldhamTerryCraneHaleKnoxOrangeThrockmortonCrockettHallLa SallePalo PintoTitusCrosbyHamiltonLamarPanolaTom GreenCulbersonHansfordLambParkerTravisDallamHardemanLampasasParmerTrinityDallasHardinLavacaPecosTylerDawsonHarrisLeePolkUpshurDeaf SmithHarrisonLeonPotterUptonDeltaHartleyLibertyPresidioUvaldeDentonHaskellLimestoneRainsVal VerdeDeWittHaysLipscombRandallVan Zandt	Coleman	Garza	Karnes	Moore	Starr
Colorado Goliad Kenedy Nacogdoches Stonewall Comal Gonzales Kent Navarro Sutton Comanche Gray Kerr Newton Swisher Concho Grayson Kimble Nolan Tarrant Cooke Gregg King Nueces Taylor Coryell Grimes Kinney Ochiltree Terrell Cottle Guadalupe Kleberg Oldham Terry Crane Hale Knox Orange Throckmorton Crockett Hall La Salle Palo Pinto Titus Crosby Hamilton Lamar Panola Tom Green Culberson Hansford Lamb Parker Travis Dallam Hardeman Lampasas Parmer Trinity Dallas Hardin Lavaca Pecos Tyler Dawson Harris Lee Polk Upshur Deaf Smith Harrison Leon Potter Upton Delta Hartley Liberty Presidio Uvalde Denton Haskell Limestone Rains Val Verde DeWitt Hays Lipscomb Randall Van Zandt	Collin	Gillespie	Kaufman	Morris	Stephens
ComalGonzalesKentNavarroSuttonComancheGrayKerrNewtonSwisherConchoGraysonKimbleNolanTarrantCookeGreggKingNuecesTaylorCoryellGrimesKinneyOchiltreeTerrellCottleGuadalupeKlebergOldhamTerryCraneHaleKnoxOrangeThrockmortonCrockettHallLa SallePalo PintoTitusCrosbyHamiltonLamarPanolaTom GreenCulbersonHansfordLambParkerTravisDallamHardemanLampasasParmerTrinityDallasHardinLavacaPecosTylerDawsonHarrisLeePolkUpshurDeaf SmithHarrisonLeonPotterUptonDeltaHartleyLibertyPresidioUvaldeDentonHaskellLimestoneRainsVal VerdeDeWittHaysLipscombRandallVan Zandt	Collingsworth	Glasscock	Kendall	Motley	Sterling
Comanche Gray Kerr Newton Swisher Concho Grayson Kimble Nolan Tarrant Cooke Gregg King Nueces Taylor Coryell Grimes Kinney Ochiltree Terrell Cottle Guadalupe Kleberg Oldham Terry Crane Hale Knox Orange Throckmorton Crockett Hall La Salle Palo Pinto Titus Crosby Hamilton Lamar Panola Tom Green Culberson Hansford Lamb Parker Travis Dallam Hardeman Lampasas Parmer Trinity Dallas Hardin Lavaca Pecos Tyler Dawson Harris Lee Polk Upshur Deaf Smith Harrison Leon Potter Upton Delta Hartley Liberty Presidio Uvalde Denton Haskell Limestone Rains Val Verde DeWitt Hays Lipscomb Randall Van Zandt	Colorado	Goliad	Kenedy	Nacogdoches	Stonewall
ConchoGraysonKimbleNolanTarrantCookeGreggKingNuecesTaylorCoryellGrimesKinneyOchiltreeTerrellCottleGuadalupeKlebergOldhamTerryCraneHaleKnoxOrangeThrockmortonCrockettHallLa SallePalo PintoTitusCrosbyHamiltonLamarPanolaTom GreenCulbersonHansfordLambParkerTravisDallamHardemanLampasasParmerTrinityDallasHardinLavacaPecosTylerDawsonHarrisLeePolkUpshurDeaf SmithHarrisonLeonPotterUptonDeltaHartleyLibertyPresidioUvaldeDentonHaskellLimestoneRainsVal VerdeDeWittHaysLipscombRandallVan Zandt	Comal	Gonzales	Kent	Navarro	Sutton
CookeGreggKingNuecesTaylorCoryellGrimesKinneyOchiltreeTerrellCottleGuadalupeKlebergOldhamTerryCraneHaleKnoxOrangeThrockmortonCrockettHallLa SallePalo PintoTitusCrosbyHamiltonLamarPanolaTom GreenCulbersonHansfordLambParkerTravisDallamHardemanLampasasParmerTrinityDallasHardinLavacaPecosTylerDawsonHarrisLeePolkUpshurDeaf SmithHarrisonLeonPotterUptonDeltaHartleyLibertyPresidioUvaldeDentonHaskellLimestoneRainsVal VerdeDeWittHaysLipscombRandallVan Zandt	Comanche	Gray	Kerr	Newton	Swisher
Coryell Grimes Kinney Ochiltree Terrell Cottle Guadalupe Kleberg Oldham Terry Crane Hale Knox Orange Throckmorton Crockett Hall La Salle Palo Pinto Titus Crosby Hamilton Lamar Panola Tom Green Culberson Hansford Lamb Parker Travis Dallam Hardeman Lampasas Parmer Trinity Dallas Hardin Lavaca Pecos Tyler Dawson Harris Lee Polk Upshur Deaf Smith Harrison Leon Potter Upton Delta Hartley Liberty Presidio Uvalde Denton Haskell Limestone Rains Val Verde DeWitt Hays Lipscomb Randall Van Zandt	Concho	Grayson	Kimble	Nolan	Tarrant
Cottle Guadalupe Kleberg Oldham Terry Crane Hale Knox Orange Throckmorton Crockett Hall La Salle Palo Pinto Titus Crosby Hamilton Lamar Panola Tom Green Culberson Hansford Lamb Parker Travis Dallam Hardeman Lampasas Parmer Trinity Dallas Hardin Lavaca Pecos Tyler Dawson Harris Lee Polk Upshur Deaf Smith Harrison Leon Potter Upton Delta Hartley Liberty Presidio Uvalde Denton Haskell Limestone Rains Val Verde DeWitt Hays Lipscomb Randall Van Zandt	Cooke	Gregg	King	Nueces	Taylor
Crane Hale Knox Orange Throckmorton Crockett Hall La Salle Palo Pinto Titus Crosby Hamilton Lamar Panola Tom Green Culberson Hansford Lamb Parker Travis Dallam Hardeman Lampasas Parmer Trinity Dallas Hardin Lavaca Pecos Tyler Dawson Harris Lee Polk Upshur Deaf Smith Harrison Leon Potter Upton Delta Hartley Liberty Presidio Uvalde Denton Haskell Limestone Rains Val Verde DeWitt Hays Lipscomb Randall Van Zandt	Coryell	Grimes	Kinney	Ochiltree	Terrell
Crockett Hall La Salle Palo Pinto Titus Crosby Hamilton Lamar Panola Tom Green Culberson Hansford Lamb Parker Travis Dallam Hardeman Lampasas Parmer Trinity Dallas Hardin Lavaca Pecos Tyler Dawson Harris Lee Polk Upshur Deaf Smith Harrison Leon Potter Upton Delta Hartley Liberty Presidio Uvalde Denton Haskell Limestone Rains Val Verde DeWitt Hays Lipscomb Randall Van Zandt	Cottle	Guadalupe	Kleberg	Oldham	Terry
CrosbyHamiltonLamarPanolaTom GreenCulbersonHansfordLambParkerTravisDallamHardemanLampasasParmerTrinityDallasHardinLavacaPecosTylerDawsonHarrisLeePolkUpshurDeaf SmithHarrisonLeonPotterUptonDeltaHartleyLibertyPresidioUvaldeDentonHaskellLimestoneRainsVal VerdeDeWittHaysLipscombRandallVan Zandt	Crane	Hale	Knox	Orange	Throck mort on
CulbersonHansfordLambParkerTravisDallamHardemanLampasasParmerTrinityDallasHardinLavacaPecosTylerDawsonHarrisLeePolkUpshurDeaf SmithHarrisonLeonPotterUptonDeltaHartleyLibertyPresidioUvaldeDentonHaskellLimestoneRainsVal VerdeDeWittHaysLipscombRandallVan Zandt	Crockett	Hall	La Salle	Palo Pinto	Titus
DallamHardemanLampasasParmerTrinityDallasHardinLavacaPecosTylerDawsonHarrisLeePolkUpshurDeaf SmithHarrisonLeonPotterUptonDeltaHartleyLibertyPresidioUvaldeDentonHaskellLimestoneRainsVal VerdeDeWittHaysLipscombRandallVan Zandt	Crosby	Hamilton	Lamar	Panola	Tom Green
DallasHardinLavacaPecosTylerDawsonHarrisLeePolkUpshurDeaf SmithHarrisonLeonPotterUptonDeltaHartleyLibertyPresidioUvaldeDentonHaskellLimestoneRainsVal VerdeDeWittHaysLipscombRandallVan Zandt	Culberson	Hansford	Lamb	Parker	Travis
Dawson Harris Lee Polk Upshur Deaf Smith Harrison Leon Potter Upton Delta Hartley Liberty Presidio Uvalde Denton Haskell Limestone Rains Val Verde DeWitt Hays Lipscomb Randall Van Zandt	Dallam	Hardeman	Lampasas	Parmer	Trinity
Deaf Smith Harrison Leon Potter Upton Delta Hartley Liberty Presidio Uvalde Denton Haskell Limestone Rains Val Verde DeWitt Hays Lipscomb Randall Van Zandt	Dallas	Hardin	Lavaca	Pecos	Tyler
Delta Hartley Liberty Presidio Uvalde Denton Haskell Limestone Rains Val Verde DeWitt Hays Lipscomb Randall Van Zandt	Dawson	Harris	Lee	Polk	Upshur
Denton Haskell Limestone Rains Val Verde DeWitt Hays Lipscomb Randall Van Zandt	Deaf Smith	Harrison	Leon	Potter	Upton
DeWitt Hays Lipscomb Randall Van Zandt	Delta	Hartley	Liberty	Presidio	Uvalde
7.	Denton	Haskell	Limestone	Rains	Val Verde
Dickens Hemphill Live Oak Reagan Victoria	DeWitt	Hays	Lipscomb	Randall	Van Zandt
	Dickens	Hemphill	Live Oak	Reagan	Victoria

Walker	Webb	Wilbarger	Winkler	Young
Waller	Wharton	Willacy	Wise	Zapata
Ward	Wheeler	Williamson	Wood	Zavala
Washington	Wichita	Wilson	Yoakum	

### UTAH (UT) (29 counties) Capital: Salt Lake City

Beaver	Duchesne	Kane	San Juan	Utah
Box Elder	Emery	Millard	Sanpete	Wasatch
Cache	Garfield	Morgan	Sevier	Washington
Carbon	Grand	Piute	Summit	Wayne
Daggett	Iron	Rich	Tooele	Weber
Davis	Juab	Salt Lake	Uintah	

# VERMONT (VT) (14 counties) Capital: Montpelier

Addison	Chittenden	Grand Isle	Orleans	Windham
Bennington	Essex	Lamoille	Rutland	Windsor
Caledonia	Franklin	Orange	Washington	

#### VIRGIN ISLANDS (VI) (3 islands) Capital: Charlotte Amalie

St. Croix St. John St. Thomas

### VIRGINIA (VA) (95 counties) Capital: Richmond

Accomack	Buckingham	Fairfax	Henrico	Mathews
Albemarle	Campbell	Fauquier	Henry	Mecklenburg
Alleghany	Caroline	Floyd	Highland	Middlesex
Amelia	Carroll	Fluvanna	Isle of Wight	Montgomery
Amherst	Charles City	Franklin	James City	Nelson
Appomattox	Charlotte	Frederick	King and Queen	New Kent
Arlington	Chesterfield	Giles	King George	Northampton
Augusta	Clarke	Gloucester	King William	Northumberland
Bath	Craig	Goochland	Lancaster	Nottoway
Bedford	Culpeper	Grayson	Lee	Orange
Bland	Cumberland	Greene	Loudoun	Page
Botetourt	Dickenson	Greensville	Louisa	Patrick
Brunswick	Dinwiddie	Halifax	Lunenburg	Pittsylvania
Buchanan	Essex	Hanover	Madison	Powhatan

Prince Edward	Richmond	Scott	Stafford	Washington
Prince George	Roanoke	Shenandoah	Surry	Westmoreland
Prince William	Rockbridge	Smyth	Sussex	Wise
Pulaski	Rockingham	Southampton	Tazewell	Wythe
Rappahannock	Russell	Spotsylvania	Warren	York

### WASHINGTON (WA) (39 counties) Capital: Olympia

Adams	Douglas	King	Pacific	Stevens
Asotin	Ferry	Kitsap	Pend Oreille	Thurston
Benton	Franklin	Kittitas	Pierce	Wahkiakum
Chelan	Garfield	Klickitat	San Juan	Walla Walla
Clallam	Grant	Lewis	Skagit	Whatcom
Clark	Grays Harbor	Lincoln	Skamania	Whitman
Columbia	Island	Mason	Snohomish	Yakima
Cowlitz	Jefferson	Okanogan	Spokane	

#### WEST VIRGINIA (WV) (55 counties) Capital: Charleston

Barbour	Grant	Logan	Nicholas	Summers
Berkeley	Greenbrier	Marion	Ohio	Taylor
Boone	Hampshire	Marshall	Pendleton	Tucker
Braxton	Hancock	Mason	Pleasants	Tyler
Brooke	Hardy	McDowell	Pocahontas	Upshur
Cabell	Harrison	Mercer	Preston	Wayne
Calhoun	Jackson	Mineral	Putnam	Webster
Clay	Jefferson	Mingo	Raleigh	Wetzel
Doddridge	Kanawha	Monongalia	Randolph	Wirt
Fayette	Lewis	Monroe	Ritchie	Wood
Gilmer	Lincoln	Morgan	Roane	Wyoming

### WISCONSIN (WI) (72 counties) Capital: Madison

Adams	Chippewa	Dunn	Iowa	Lafayette
Ashland	Clark	Eau Claire	Iron	Langlade
Barron	Columbia	Florence	Jackson	Lincoln
Bayfield	Crawford	Fond du Lac	Jefferson	Manitowoc
Brown	Dane	Forest	Juneau	Marathon
Buffalo	Dodge	Grant	Kenosha	Marinette
Burnett	Door	Green	Kewaunee	Marquette
Calumet	Douglas	Green Lake	La Crosse	Menominee

Milwaukee	Pierce	Rusk	Taylor	Washington
Monroe	Polk	St. Croix	Trempealeau	Waukesha
Oconto	Portage	Sauk	Vernon	Waupaca
Oneida	Price	Sawyer	Vilas	Waushara
Outagamie	Racine	Shawano	Walworth	Winnebago
Ozaukee	Richland	Sheboygan	Washburn	Wood
Pepin	Rock			

## WYOMING (WY) (23 counties) Capital: Cheyenne

Albany	Crook	Laramie	Platte	Teton
Big Horn	Fremont	Lincoln	Sheridan	Uinta
Campbell	Goshen	Natrona	Sublette	Washakie
Carbon	Hot Springs	Niobrara	Sweetwater	Weston
Converse	Johnson	Park		

## **Common misspellings**

Broward in Florida

Brooke in West Virginia

Geographers and cartographers omit the possessive apostrophe in placenames; however, apostrophes appearing in legally constituted names of counties should not be changed.

The names of the following counties are often misspelled and/or confused:

Allegany in Maryland and New York	Burnett in Wisconsin
Alleghany in North Carolina and Virginia	Cheboygan in Michigan
Allegheny in Pennsylvania	Sheboygan in Wisconsin
Andrew in Missouri	Clarke in Alabama, Georgia, Iowa,
Andrews in Texas	Mississippi, and Virginia
Aransas in Texas	Clark in all other States
Arkansas in Arkansas	Coffee in Alabama, Georgia, and
Barber in Kansas	Tennessee
Barbour in Alabama and West Virginia	Coffey in Kansas
Brevard in Florida	Coal in Oklahoma
Broward in Florida	Cole in Missouri

Brooks in Georgia and Texas

Bulloch in Georgia

Bullock in Alabama

Burnet in Texas

Cook in Illinois and Minnesota
Cooke in Texas

Davidson in North Carolina and
Tennessee

Coles in Illinois

Davie in North Carolina Daviess in Indiana, Kentucky, and Missouri

Davis in Iowa and Utah Davison in South Dakota De Kalb in Alabama, Georgia, Illinois, and Indiana

DeKalb in Tennessee and Missouri

Dickenson in Virginia

Dickinson in Iowa, Kansas, and Michigan

Dickson in Tennessee
Forrest in Mississippi
Forest in all other States
Glascock in Georgia
Glasscock in Texas

Green in Kentucky and Wisconsin

Greene in all other States
Harford in Maryland
Hartford in Connecticut
Huntingdon in Pennsylvania
Huntington in Indiana

Johnston in North Carolina and Oklahoma

Johnson in all other States Kanabec in Minnesota Kennebec in Maine Kearney in Nebraska Kearny in Kansas Kenedy in Texas

Linn in Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, and Oregon

Lynn in Texas
Loudon in Tennessee
Loudoun in Virginia
Manatee in Florida
Manistee in Michigan
Merced in California
Mercer in all other States

Morton in Kansas Norton in Kansas Muscogee in Georgia Muskogee in Oklahoma Park in Colorado and Montana

Parke in Indiana

Pottawatomie in Kansas and Oklahoma

Pottawattamie in Iowa Prince George in Virginia Prince George's in Maryland

Sanders in Montana Saunders in Nebraska Smyth in Virginia Smith in all other States Stafford in Virginia

Strafford in New Hampshire Stanley in South Dakota Stanly in North Carolina Stark in Illinois, North Dakota, and Ohio

Starke in Indiana

Stephens in Georgia, Oklahoma, and Texas

Stevens in Kansas, Minnesota, and Washington

Storey in Nevada Story in Iowa

Terrell in Georgia and Texas Tyrrell in North Carolina

Tooele in Utah Toole in Montana Vermillion in Indiana Vermilion in all other States Woods in Oklahoma Wood in all other States Wyandot in Ohio

Wyandotte in Kansas

### 19. Congressional Record

# Code of laws of the United States and rules for publication of the Congressional Record

TITLE 44, SECTION 901. CONGRESSIONAL RECORD: ARRANGEMENT, STYLE, CONTENTS, AND INDEXES.—The Joint Committee on Printing shall control the arrangement and style of the Congressional Record, and while providing that it shall be substantially a verbatim report of proceedings, shall take all needed action for the reduction of unnecessary bulk. It shall provide for the publication of an index of the Congressional Record semimonthly during and at the close of sessions of Congress.

TITLE 44, SECTION 904. CONGRESSIONAL RECORD: MAPS, DIAGRAMS, ILLUSTRATIONS.—Maps, diagrams, or illustrations may not be inserted in the Record without the approval of the Joint Committee on Printing.

#### **General rules**

The rules governing document work (FIC & punc.) apply to the Congressional Record, except as may be noted herein. The same general style should be followed in the permanent (bound) Record as is used in the daily Record. It is important to be familiar with the exceptions and the forms peculiar to the Record.

Much of the data printed in the Congressional Record is forwarded to the GPO via fiber optic transmission using the captured keystrokes of the floor reporters. Element identifier codes are programmatically inserted, and galley output is accomplished without manual intervention. It is not cost effective to prepare the accompanying manuscript as per the GPO STYLE MANUAL and it is too time-consuming to update and change the data once it is already in type form. Therefore, the Record is to be FIC & punc. It is not necessary to stamp the manuscript FIC & punc. because of its volume. However, Record style, as stated in the following rules, will be followed.

Daily and permanent Record texts are set in 8-point type on a 9-point body. Extracts are set in 7-point type on an 8-point body.

An F-dash will be used preceding 8-point cap lines in the proceedings of the Senate and House.

All 7-point extracts and poetry will carry 2 points of space above and below unless heads appear, which generate their own space.

All extracts are set 7 point unless otherwise ordered by the Joint Committee on Printing.

Except as noted below, all communications from the President must be set in 8 point, but if such communications contain extracts, etc., the extracts are set in 7 point.

An address of the President delivered outside of Congress or referred to as an extract is set in 7 point.

A letter from the President to the Senate is set in 7 point when any form of treaty is enclosed that is to be printed in the Record in connection therewith. The letter is set in 7 point whether the treaty follows or precedes it or is separated from it by intervening matter.

In all quoted amendments and excerpts of bills and in reprinting bills, the style and manuscript as printed in the bill will be followed.

Except where otherwise directed, profanity, obscene wording, or extreme vulgarisms are to be deleted and a 3-em dash substituted.

All manuscript submitted in a foreign language will not be printed. It will be returned for translation and resubmitted for printing in the next Record.

Extreme caution must be used in making corrections in manuscript, and no important change will be made without proper authorization.

Observe the lists of names of Senators, Representatives, and Delegates, committees of both Houses, and duplicate names. Changes caused by death, resignation, or otherwise must be noted. There is no excuse for error in the spelling of names of Senators, Representatives, or department officials. In case of doubt, the Congressional Directory will be the authority.

Datelines should be followed on Extensions of Remarks. If any question arises as to the proper date to be used, a supervisor must be consulted.

Indented matter in leaderwork will be 1 em only.

Queries must not be made on proofs.

### Capitalization

(See also Chapter 3 "Capitalization Rules")

If the name of the Congressional Record is mentioned, it must be set in caps and small caps and never abbreviated, even when appearing in citations, except in extract matter, then cap/lowercase.

The name of a Senator or a Representative preceding his or her direct remarks is set in caps and is followed by a period with equal spacing to be used.

The name of a Senator or a Representative used in connection with a bill or other paper—that is, in an adjectival sense—is lowercased, as the Hawkins bill, the Fish amendment, etc.; but Fish's amendment, etc.

The names of Members and Members-elect of both Houses of the Congress, including those of the Vice President and Speaker, will be printed in caps and small caps if mention is made of them, except in extract matter.

Deceased Members' names will be set in caps and small caps in eulogies only on the first day the House or Senate is in session following the death of a Member, in a speech carrying date when the Member was eulogized, or on memorial day in the Senate and House. Eulogy day in one House will be treated the same in the other.

Certificates of Senators-elect of a succeeding Congress are usually presented to the current Congress, and in such cases the names of the Senators-elect must be in caps and small caps.

Names of Members of Congress must be set in caps and lowercase in votes, in lists set in columns, in the list of standing and select committees, in contested-election cases, in lists of pairs, and in all parts of tabular matter (head, body, and footnotes).

Observe that the names of all persons not certified Members of Congress are to be set in caps and lowercase; that is, names of secretaries, clerks, messengers, and others.

Names of proposed Federal boards, commissions, services, etc., are capitalized.

Capitalize principal words and quote after each of the following terms: Address, article, book, caption, chapter heading, editorial, essay, heading, headline, motion picture or play (including TV or radio program), paper, poem, report, song, subheading, subject, theme, etc. Also, following the word entitled, except with reference to bill titles which are treated as follows: "A bill (or an act) transferring certain functions of the Price Administrator to the Petroleum Administrator for War," etc.

#### **Figures**

Follow the manuscript as to the use of numerals. Dollar amounts in Record manuscript are to be followed.

Figures appearing in manuscript as "20 billion 428 million 125 thousand dollars" should be followed.

#### Tabular matter and leaderwork

Record tables may be set either one or three columns in width, as follows:

One-column table: 14 picas (168 points).

Three-column table: 43½ picas (522 points). Footnote(s) will be set 43½ picas.

All short footnotes should be run in with 2 ems between each.

#### Italic

Italic, boldface, caps, or small caps shall not be used for emphasis; nor shall unusual indentions be used. This does not apply to literally reproduced quotations from historical, legal, or official documents. If italic other than restricted herein is desired, the words should be underscored and "Fol. ital." written on each folio. Do not construe this to apply to "*Provided*," "*Provided further*," "*Ordered*," "*Resolved*," "*Be it enacted*," etc.

Names of vessels must be set in italic, except in headings, where they will be quoted.

The prayer delivered in either House must be set in 8-point roman. If prefaced or followed by a quotation from the Bible, such quotation must be set in 8-point italic. Extracts from the Bible or other literature contained in the body of the prayer will be set in 8-point roman and quoted.

When general or passing mention is made of a case in 8 point, the title is set in roman, as Smith Bros. case. When a specific citation is indicated and reference follows, use italic for title, as *Smith Bros.* case (172 App. Div. 149).

In 8 point manuscript, titles of cases are always set in italic if followed by references. In 7 point, manuscript is followed.

In 8-point matter, when only the title of a case is given, set in roman, as United States versus 12 Diamond Rings.

When *versus* is used in other than legal phrases and for the purposes of showing contrast, it is not abbreviated or set in italic, as "airplanes versus battleships."

#### Miscellaneous

Do not quote any communication carrying date and signature. However, a letter (or other communication) bearing both date and signature that appears within a letter shall be quoted.

Do not put quotation marks on centerheads in 7-point extracts unless centerheads belong to original matter.

In newspaper extracts, insert place and date at beginning of paragraph. Use caps and small caps for name of place and roman lowercase for spelled-out date. Connect date and extract by a period and an em dash. If date and place are credited in a bracket line above extract, they need not be used again at the beginning of the paragraph.

Each *Whereas* in a preamble must begin a new paragraph. The *Therefore* be it must be preceded by a colon and be run in with the last *Whereas*. Be it will run in with the word *Therefore*, but must not be supplied when not in manuscript. Note the following:

Whereas it has been deemed advisable

Resolved, That the committee, etc.

to, etc.: Therefore be it

In the titles of legal cases manuscript is followed as to spelling, abbreviations, and use of figures.

Use single punctuation in citations of cases and statutes:

United States v. 12 Diamond Rings (124 U.S. 329; R.S. p. 310, sec. 1748).

Indent asterisk lines 2 ems on each side. Use five asterisks.

If a title is used as part of the name of an organization, vessel, etc., spell; thus, General Ulysses S. Grant Post No. 76, Grand Army of the Republic.

The order of subdivision of the Constitution of the United States is as follows: article I, section 2, clause 3.

If an exhibit appears at the end of a speech, the head *Exhibit* is set in 7-point caps and small caps.

In extracts containing votes the names must be run in, as Mr. Smith of Texas, AuCoin, and Clay, etc.

In a Senator's or a Representative's remarks, when amendments, sections, etc., are referred to by number, follow the manuscript.

In text references to Senate and House reports and in executive and miscellaneous documents, follow the manuscript.

In headings and text references to resolutions and memorials, follow the manuscript.

## In gross or en gros

When a bill comes to final action, in the presentment of amendments collectively for a vote, either the term "in gross" or the French equivalent "en gros" may be used.

## **Examples of Congressional Record**

#### USE OF CAPS AND SMALL CAPS

[Note the use of parentheses and brackets in the following examples. Each will be used as submitted, as long as they are consistent throughout.]

Mr. WEBB. (Name all caps when a Member or visitor addresses Senate or House.)

On motion by [or of] Mr. Webb, it was, etc.

The VICE PRESIDENT resumed the chair.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. Levin). Is there objection?

The SPEAKER called the House to order.

Mr. Etheridge's amendment was adopted.

Mr. HARE. Madam Speaker, I yield to Mr. Hoyer.

Mr. HOYER said: If not paired, I would vote "no" on this bill.

A Member. And debate it afterward. Several Senators. I object.

But: Several Senators addressed the Chair.

Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. WEBB (and others). Let it be read.

The ACTING SECRETARY. In line 11, after the word "Provided", it is proposed, etc.

Mrs. CAPPS was recognized, and yielded her time to Mr. Cardoza.

[When two Members from the same State have the same surname, full name is used.]

On motion of Ms. Linda T. Sánchez of California . . .

On motion of Ms. Loretta Sanchez of California . . .

Mr. LINCOLN DIAZ-BALART of Florida and Mr. MARIO DIAZ-BALART of Florida rose to a point of order.

The CHAIRMAN appointed Mr. Campbell of California and Mr. Inslee as conferees.

# [Extracts that consist of colloquies will use caps and small caps for names of persons speaking, as shown below:]

Mr. DeFazio. I think this bill is so well understood that no time will be required for its discussion.

Ms. Norton. Does this bill come from the Committee on Armed Services?

The Speaker. It does.

#### SPECIAL ORDERS GRANTED

By unanimous consent, permission to address the House, following the legislative and any special orders heretofore entered, was granted to:

Mr. Hoyer, for 1 hour, on Wednesday, February 2.

Mr. Engel (at the request of Mr. Hoyer), for 1 hour, on February 2.

(The following Members (at the request of Mr. Hall of New York) and to revise and extend their remarks and include therein extraneous matter:)

Mrs. Bachmann, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. Holden, for 5 minutes, today. Mr. Inslee, for 60 minutes, today.

#### [Note the following double action:]

(Mr. HOYER asked and was given permission to extend his remarks at this point in the Record and to include extraneous matter.)

(Mr. HOYER addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Nebraska (Mr. Fortenberry) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. FORTENBERRY addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

#### **PUNCTUATION**

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I call up my amendment which is identified as "unprinted amendment No. 1296," and ask that it be stated.

The bill was reported to the Senate as amended, and the amendment was concurred in.

The bill was reported to the Senate without amendment, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

#### [Use this form when title of bill is given:]

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read the third time, was read the third time, and passed.

The title was amended so as to read: "A bill for the relief of Maude S. Burman."

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table. [House.]

# [Use this form when title of bill is not given:]

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table. [House.]

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and passed.

The amendments were ordered to be engrossed and the bill to be read a third time.

The amendment was agreed to, and the bill as amended was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time; and being engrossed, it was accordingly read the third time and passed.

There was no objection, and, by unanimous consent, the Senate proceeded...

The question was taken, and the motion was agreed to.

The question being taken, the motion was agreed to.

Ordered to lie on the table and to be printed.

Ms. EDWARDS of Maryland. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike the requisite number of words.

(Ms. EDWARDS of Maryland asked and was given permission to revise and extend her remarks.)

# [Note use of interrogation mark in the following:]

Mr. KERRY. Mr. President, what does this mean?—

We have never received a dollar of this amount.

POM-376. A resolution adopted by the House of Representatives of the State of Rhode Island expressing its opposition to federal proposals to authorize increases in the size or weight of commercial motor vehicles; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

#### House Resolution No. 8296

Whereas, The State of Rhode Island is committed to protecting the safety of motorists on its highways and to protecting taxpayers' investment in our highway infrastructure; and

Whereas, The General Assembly of the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations resolved jointly to urge the Congress of the United States to . . .

Resolved, That this House of Representatives of the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations hereby reaffirms its opposition to proposals, at all levels of government, that would authorize increases in the size and weight of commercial motor vehicles because of the impact that these increases would have on highway infrastructure, especially bridges; and be it further

Resolved, That the Secretary of State be and he hereby is authorized and directed to transmit duly certified copies of this resolution to the President and Vice President of the United States, the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, the Majority Leader of the United States Senate and the Rhode Island Delegation to the Congress of the United States.

#### [Note use of italic in title of cases:]

. . . This is the occasion America did not have to consider what other options might guarantee maternal safety while protecting the unborn. This is our national opportunity to reconsider *Roe* v. *Wade*, 410 U.S. 113 (1973).

Roe against Wade and its companion case, *Doe* v. *Bolton*, 410 U.S. 179 (1973), granted abortion the elevated status of a fundamental constitutional right and invalidated almost all effective restrictions on abortion throughout the 9 months of pregnancy . . . .

#### PARENTHESES AND BRACKETS

[The use of parentheses and brackets will be followed as submitted for acronyms, symbols, or abbreviations.]

This legislation would exempt certain defined Central Intelligence Agency [CIA] operational files from the search and review process of the Freedom of Information Act [FOIA], thus permitting the Agency to respond much more quickly to those FOIA requests which are at all likely to result in the release of information.

Mr. BACA. Madam Speaker, I now yield 5 minutes to the gentleman from Indiana (Mr. Hill).

(Mr. BUTTERFIELD asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks in the Record.)

Ms. HARMAN. There is no "may not" about it. Here is the form in which they are printed.

Mr. DOYLE. I am in hopes we shall be able to secure a vote on the bill tonight.

["Vote! Vote!"]

Mr. YOUNG. The Chair rather gets me on that question. [Laughter.] I did not rise. [Cries of "Vote! Vote!"]

Mrs. CAPPS [one of the tellers]. I do not desire to press the point that no quorum has voted.

The CHAIRMAN [after a pause]. If no gentleman claims the floor, the Clerk will proceed with the reading of the bill.

Mr. HALL of Texas. Then he is endeavoring to restrict the liberty of the individual in the disbursement of his own money. [Applause on the Republican side.]

Mr. KENNEDY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask unanimous consent that the time of the gentleman—[Cries of "Regular Order!"]

[Laughter.]

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the consideration of this bill at this time? [After a pause.] There is no objection.

The CHAIRMAN [rapping with his gavel]. Debate is exhausted.

Mr. MORAN of Virginia. Patrick Henry said

Ceasar had his Brutus, Charles I his Cromwell, and George III—
[here he was interrupted by cries of "Treason, Treason"]

and George III may profit by their example. If this be treason, let us make the most of it!

(Mr. MILLER of Florida addressed the Committee [or House]. His re-

marks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

[Names of Senators or Representatives appearing in remarks of other Members of Congress should be enclosed in brackets, except in listing of tellers or when some title other than "Mr." is used, as in the following examples:]

Mr. LIEBERMAN. Mr. President, I thank my friend from Rhode Island [Senator Whitehouse] for that magnificent exchange of correspondence between the Hebrew congregation of Newport, RI, and President Washington.

May I say that Senator Whitehouse, in his own bearing and substance, lives out the promise of religious freedom that our first President gave to all Americans.

Perhaps I should say I say that as one of the descendants of the Stock of Abraham who is privileged to be a Member of the Senate today. I thank Senator Whitehouse. I thank Senator Coburn.

I am going to take the liberty, if I may, to speak for a few minutes while we are waiting for either Senator Murkowski, Senators Webb or Martinez, who are going to read documents before I conclude.

[In Senate manuscript a Senator is referred to as "the Senator from — [Mr. —]." Do not supply name and brackets if name does not appear in manuscript.]

[Note that brackets are used only when Mr., etc., appears in manuscript.]

[See also use of *Mr., Mrs., Miss, Ms.* in explanation of votes under "Pairs."]

#### VOTING IN THE HOUSE AND IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

[Note that a dash is used only when a comma is necessary to separate the ayes and noes. If only the ayes or the noes are given, no punctuation is to be used. If the word and is used to connect the ayes and noes, as ayes 52 and noes 65, or 52 ayes and 65 noes, the dash is omitted after the word were or being.]

On the question of ordering the yeas and nays there were 18 ayes and 88

The House divided; and there were—ayes 52, noes 65.

So (no further count being called for) the amendment of Mr. Moran of Virginia was not agreed to.

So (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended, and the bill was passed.

So (two-thirds not having voted in favor thereof) the motion was rejected.

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman raises the point of no quorum. The Chair will count. [After counting.]

Two hundred and seventeen present, a quorum. The noes have it, and the amendment is rejected.

The question being taken on the motion of Mr. Hoyer to suspend the rules and pass the bill, it was agreed to (two-thirds voting in favor thereof).

So (the affirmative not being onefifth of the whole vote) the year and nays were not ordered.

The question was taken by a viva voice vote, and the Speaker announced that two-thirds appeared to have voted in the affirmative and [after a pause] that the bill was passed.

The yeas and nays were ordered, there being 43 in the affirmative, more than one-fifth of the last vote.

The question being taken on Mr. Kennedy's motion, there were—ayes 18, noes 35.

The question being taken on concurring in the amendments of the Senate, there were—ayes 101, noes 5.

The question was taken; and on a division [demanded by Mr. Hoyer] there were—ayes 17, noes 29.

Mr. HOYER. Mr. Chairman, I demand a recorded vote, and pending that, I make the point of order that a quorum is not present.

The CHAIRMAN. Evidently a quorum is not present.

The Chair announces that pursuant to clause 2, rule XXIII, he will vacate proceedings under the call when a quorum of the Committee appears.

Members will record their presence by electronic device.

The call was taken by electronic device.

#### □ 1715

[The above box followed by a four-digit number indicates floor time in the House (5:15 p.m.)]

QUORUM CALL VACATED

The CHAIRMAN. One hundred Members have appeared. A quorum of the Committee of the Whole is present.

Pursuant to rule XXIII, clause 2, further proceedings under the call shall be considered as vacated.

The Committee will resume its business.

The pending business is the demand of the gentleman from Minnesota [Mr. Oberstar] for a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was refused.

So the amendment to the amendment offered as a substitute for the amendment was rejected.

The CHAIRMAN. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Pennsylvania [Mr. English] as a substitute for the amendment offered by the gentlewoman from South Dakota [Ms. Herseth Sandlin].

The question was taken; and the Chairman announced that the noes appeared to have it.

#### RECORDED VOTE

Mr. ENGLISH. Mr. Chairman, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 228, noes 188, answered "present" 1, not voting 47, as follows

#### [Roll No. 509]

#### AYES-228

Abercrombie	Baird	Berman
Ackerman	Baldwin	Berry
Allen	Barrow	Bishop (GA)
Altmire	Bean	Bishop(NY)
Arcuri	Becerra	Blumenauer
Baca	Berkley	Boren

#### NOES-188

Aderholt	Bartlett (MD)	Blackburn
Akin	Barton (TX)	Blunt
Alexander	Biggert	Boehner
Bachmann	Bilbray	Bonner
Bachus	Bilirakis	Bono Mack
Barrett (SC)	Bishop (UT)	Boozman

#### ANSWERED "PRESENT"—1

#### Andrews

#### NOT VOTING-17

Boswell	Frank (MA)	Inslee
Cooper	Gilchrest	Lucas
Cubin	Herger	Miller, Gary
Doolittle	Hunter	Paul

#### □ 1311

Mr. RYAN of Wisconsin changed his vote from "aye" to "no."

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, Ms. HOOLEY, and Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN changed their vote from "no" to "aye."

[The Speaker's vote is recorded only in the "Ayes" or "Noes." It is never recorded as "not voting."]

[If the Speaker votes, his name is not used, but at the end of the "yeas" or "nays," according to his vote, insert: "The Speaker."

So the amendment offered as a substitute for the amendment was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

#### VOTING BY YEAS AND NAYS

#### Senate

QUORUM CALL

The clerk will call the roll.

The assistant legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll, and the following Senators entered the Chamber and answered to their names:

#### [Quorum No. 42]

Akaka	Bennett	Brownback
Alexander	Biden	Bunning
Allard	Bingaman	Burr
Barrasso	Bond	Byrd
Bacus	Boxer	Cantwell
Bayh	Brown	Cardin

The PRESIDING OFFICER [Mr. Webb]. A quorum is not present.

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I move that the Sergeant at Arms be instructed to require the attendance of absent Senators, and I ask for the yeas and nays on the motion.

THE PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there a sufficient second? There is a sufficient second.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the motion of the Senator from Nevada. On this question the yeas and nays have been ordered, and the clerk will call the roll.

The Assistant legislative clerk called the roll.

Mr. DURBIN. I announce that the Senator from Ohio (Mr. Brown), the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. Kennedy), the Senator from Illinois (Mr. Obama), the Senator from Arkansas (Mr. Pryor), and the

Senator from Montana (Mr. Tester) are necessarily absent.

Mr. KYL. The following Senators are necessarily absent: the Senator from Minnesota (Mr. Coleman), the Senator from Nevada (Mr. Ensign), the Senator from South Carolina (Mr. Graham), the Senator from New Hampshire (Mr. Greeg), the Senator from Arizona (Mr. McCain), the Senator from Alaska (Ms. Murkowski), the Senator from South Dakota (Mr. Thune), the Senator from Louisiana (Mr. Vitter), and the Senator from Mississippi (Mr. Wicker).

Further, if present and voting, the Senator from Minnesota (Mr. Coleman) would have voted "yea."

The result was announced—yeas 76, nays 10, as follows:

#### [Rollcall Vote No. 163 Leg.] YEAS—76

Akaka	Conrad	Koh1
Alexander	Corker	Landrieu
Allard	Craig	Lautenberg
Baucus	Dodd	Leahy
Bayh	Dole	Levin
Bennett	Domenici	Lieberman
Biden	Dorgan	Lincoln
Bingaman	Durbin	Lugar
Bond	Feingold	Martinez
Boxer	Feinstein	McCaskill
Brownback	Grassley	McConnell
Byrd	Hagel	Menendez
Cantwell	Harkin	Mikulski
Cardin	Hatch	Murray
Carper	Hutchison	Nelson (FL)
Casey	Inouye	Nelson (NE)
Chambliss	Isakson	Reed
Clinton	Johnson	Reid
Cochran	Kerry	Roberts
Collins	Klobuchar	Rockefeller

Salazar Sanders Schumer Sessions Smith	Snowe Specter Stabenow Stevens Sununu	Voinovich Warner Webb Whitehouse Wyden	Brown Coleman Ensign Graham Gregg	NOT VOTING- Kennedy McCain Murkowski Obama Pryor	Tester Thune Vitter Wicker
Barrasso Bunning Burr Coburn	Cornyn Crapo DeMint Enzi	Inhofe Kyl	So the m	notion was agr	eed to.

#### **PAIRS**

[The word with must always be used in pairs in the House, not and; and manuscript must be altered to conform thereto, as Mr. Smith with Mr. Jones—not Mr. Smith and Mr. Jones. Note use of lowercase for names in list of pairs in House.]

The Clerk announced the following pairs:

On this vote:

Mr. Abercrombie for, with Mr. Aderholt against.

Until further notice:

Mr. Baca with Mrs. Bachmann.

Mrs. Capps with Mr. Calvert.

Mr. Artur Davis of Alabama with Mr. Lincoln Diaz-Balart of Florida.

Mr. Ackerman with Mr. Young of Alaska.

Mr. HALL of New York, Mrs. DRAKE, Messrs. FOSTER, HILL, and ISRAEL changed their votes from "nay" to "yea."

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Mr. BACA. Mr. Speaker, I voted, but, being paired with the gentlelady from Minnesota, Mrs. BACHMANN, I withdraw my vote.

Mr. ARTUR DAVIS of Alabama. Mr. Speaker, I have a pair with the gentleman from Florida, Mr. Lincoln Diaz Balart of Florida, who, if present, would have voted "yea." I voted "nay." I withdraw my vote and vote "present."

[In House pairs do not use brackets when members are referred to by name. In Senate pairs observe the following use of brackets:]

Mr. DOMENICI (when his name was called). I am paired on this question with the senior Senator from Massachusetts [Mr. Kennedy]. If he were here, I should vote "yea."

#### CALL OF THE HOUSE

Mr. MURTHA. Ms. Speaker, I move a call of the House.

A call of the House was ordered.

The call was taken by electronic device and the following Members responded to their names:

[Roll No. 41] Abercrombie Baird Berman Ackerman Baldwin Berry Allen Barrow Bishop (GA) Altmire Bean Bishop (NY) Arcuri Becerra Blumenauer Berkley Boren Ba.ca.

[No reference will be made of the names of those not voting.]

#### FORMS OF TITLES

[Always in roman lowercase, flush and hang 1 em, if more than two lines.]

H.J. Res. 2

Joint resolution authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to issue to

the public 2 per centum bonds or certificates, etc.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the . . .

#### H.R. 4487

A bill to authorize the Rock Island and Southwestern Railway Company to construct a bridge, etc.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of

America in Congress assembled, That it shall be lawful for the Rock Island and Southwestern Railway Company, a corporation organized under the general incorporation, etc.

#### ADDRESSES AND SIGNATURES

[No line spacing, street addresses, or ZIP DEAR MR. Speaker: Having changed my

Code numbers are to be used in communica-	politics from Republican to Democrat,
tions in the Record.]	etc.
The Honorable the Secretary of the	□With my best wishes.
$\square$ NAVY.	Sincerely,
Dear Mr. Secretary: This is in response	VINCENT J. DELLAY.
to your letter, etc.	
□□□Very sincerely yours,	U.S. Senate,
BILL CLINTON.	President pro tempore,
	Washington, DC, March 17, 2008. $\square$
Columbia, MO,	To the Senate:
January 17, 2008. □	Being temporarily absent from the
Hon. IKE SKELTON,	Senate, I appoint Hon. Max Baucus, a
Cannon House Office Building,	Senator from the State of Montana, to
Washington, DC.	perform the duties of the Chair during my
The President's farm message of today	absence.
farmers and prevent the spread of this	Robert C. Byrd, $\square$
depression to every part of our country.	$President\ pro\ tempore. \Box$
Missouri Farmers	
Association,	
F.V. Heinkel, President.	DESIGNATION OF SPEAKER PRO
	TEMPORE
January 20, 2008. $\square$	The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before
Hon. John B. Connally, Jr.,	the House the following communication
The Secretary of the Treasury, Department	9
$\square$ of the Treasury, Washington, DC.	from the Speaker:  Washington, DC,
DEAR MR. SECRETARY: Mindful of the tre-	June 17, 2008.
mendous workload, etc.	☐I hereby appoint the Honorable Rick
I would appreciate your comment on the	Larsen to act as Speaker pro tempore on
foregoing proposal.	this day.
Your proposal seems to be in the best in-	Nancy Pelosi,
terest of all concerned.	Speaker of the House of Representatives.
Sincerely yours,	speaker of the House of Representatives.
John P. Sarbanes,	
$Member\ of\ Congress.$	THE INTERNATIONAL UNION OF UNITED
<del></del>	Brewery, Flour, Cereal, Soft
Alexandria, $MN, \square\square$	DRINKS & DISTILLERY WORKERS OF
November 10, 2008. ☐	AMERICA,
Hon. Amy Klobuchar,	Cincinnati, OH, March 25, 2007.
Senate Office Building,	To the Senate of the United States.
Washington, DC.	To the United States House of Representa-
☐ We oppose the nomination of John Smith	tives.
for Secretary of Agriculture because he re-	HONORABLE SIRS: April 7, 2007, being the
sists family farms.	60th anniversary of the modification, etc.
RAYMOND WAGNER.	[Two to eight independent signatures, with
$\square$ Brandon, MN.	or without titles, are aligned on the left.]
	To the Honorable Senate and House of
January 17, 1972. □	□□Representatives of the United States of
Re resignation from committee.	America Now Assembled at Washington,
Hon. Carl Albert,	$\square\square DC$ :
The Speaker, U.S. House of Representa-	The undersigned, officers of the Navy of
$\Box\Box$ tives, U.S. Capitol, Washington, DC.	the United States, respectfully show unto

your honorable bodies the following information, etc.

James G. Green. W.H. Southerland. Thomas Harrison. F.F. Fletcher. Robert Whelan. C.C. Wilson.

Respectfully submitted,

Karl F. Feller,
International President.

Thomas Rusch,
Director of Organization.

Arthur Gildea,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Joseph E. Brady,
Director of Legislation.

□

[More than eight signatures, with or without titles, are set full measure, caps and lowercase, run in, indented 2 and 3 ems, as follows:]

Gene H. Rosenblum, Cochairman; Paul H. Ray, Cochairman; Cynthia Asplund, James Pedersen, George Doty, Thomas St. Martin; Joan O'Neill; Lloyd Moosebrugger; Sam Kaplan; Ronald Nemer; Dean Potter; Philip Archer; Thomas McDonough; Mrs. Lloyd Moosebrugger; Minnesota Young Democratic Civil Rights Committee.

John Smith,	
Lieutenant Governor□□□	
(For the Governor of Maine).[	

Texarkana Textile
Merchants &
Manufacturers'
Association,
John L. Jones,
Secretary.

#### **CREDITS**

[From the Wall Street Journal, Oct. 31, 2007]

SURVEILLANCE SANITY

(By Benjamin Civiletti, Dick Thornburgh and William Webster)

Following the terrorist attacks of Sept. 11, 2001, President Bush authorized the National Security Agency to target al Qaeda communications into and out of the country. Mr. Bush concluded that this was essential for protecting the country, that using the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act would not permit the necessary speed and agility, and that he had the constitutional power to authorize such surveillance without court orders to defend the country.

Since the program became public in 2006, Congress has been asserting appropriate oversight. Few of those who learned the details of the program have criticized its necessity. Instead, critics argued that if the president found FISA inadequate, he should have gone to Congress and gotten the changes necessary to allow the program to proceed under court orders. That process is now underway. The administration has brought the program under FISA, and the Senate Intelligence Committee recently reported out a bill with a strong bipartisan majority of 13-2, that would make the changes to FISA needed for the program to continue. This bill is now being considered by the Senate Judiciary Committee.

#### **POETRY**

[If poetry is quoted, each stanza should start with quotation marks, but only the last stanza should end with them. The lines of the poem should align on the left, those that rhyme taking the same indention. Poems are flush left; overs 3 ems; 2 points of space between stanzas, and 2 points of space above and below.]

CASEY AT THE BAT

The outlook wasn't brilliant for the Mudville nine that day:

The score stood four to two, with but one inning more to play.

And then when Cooney died at first, and Barrows did the same,

A pall-like silence fell upon the patrons of the game.

A straggling few got up to go in deep despair.

The rest clung to that hope which springs eternal in the human breast;

They thought, if only Casey could get but a whack at that—

We'd put up even money now, with Casey at the bat.

But Flynn preceded Casey, as did also Jimmy Blake,

And the former was a hoodoo and the latter was a cake;

So upon that stricken multitude grim melancholy sat,

For there seemed but little chance of Casey's getting to the bat.

But Flynn let drive a single, to the wonderment of all,

And Blake, the much despised, tore the cover off the ball;

And when the dust had lifted, and the men saw what had occurred.

There was Jimmy safe at second and Flynn a-hugging third.

Then from five thousand throats and more there rose a lusty yell;

It rumbled through the valley, it rattled in the dell;

It pounded on the mountain and recoiled upon the flat,

For Casey, mighty Casey, was advancing to the bat.

There was ease in Casey's manner as he stepped into his place;

There was pride in Casey's bearing and a smile lit Casey's face.

And when, responding to the cheers, he lightly doffed his hat,

No stranger in the crowd could doubt 'twas Casey at the bat.

Ten thousand eyes were on him as he rubbed his hands with dirt;

Five thousand tongues applauded when he wiped them on his shirt.

Then while the writhing pitcher ground the ball into his hip,

Defiance gleamed in Casey's eye, a sneer curled Casey's lip.

And now the leather-covered sphere came hurtling through the air,

And Casey stood a-watching it in haughty grandeur there.

Close by the sturdy batsman the ball unheeded sped—

"That ain't my style," said Casey. "Strike one," the umpire said.

From the benches, black with people, there went up a muffled roar,

Like the beating of the storm-waves on a stern and distant shore.

"Kill him! Kill the umpire!" shouted someone on the stand;

And it's likely they'd a-killed him had not Casey raised his hand.

With a smile of Christian charity great Casey's visage shone;

He stilled the rising tumult; he bade the game go on;

He signaled to the pitcher, and once more the dun sphere flew;

But Casey still ignored it, and the umpire said, "Strike two."

"Fraud!" cried the maddened thousands, and echo answered fraud;

But one scornful look from Casey and the audience was awed.

They saw his face grow stern and cold, they saw his muscles strain,

And they knew that Casey wouldn't let that ball go by again.

The sneer is gone from Casey's lip, his teeth are clenched in hate;

He pounds with cruel violence his bat upon the plate.

And now the pitcher holds the ball, and now he lets it go,

And now the air is shattered by the force of Casey's blow.

Oh, somewhere in this favored land the sun is shining bright;

The band is playing somewhere, and somewhere hearts are light,

And somewhere men are laughing, and somewhere children shout;

But there is no joy in Mudville—mighty Casey has struck out.

—Ernest Lawrence Thayer.

#### **EXTRACTS**

[Extracts must be set in 7 point unless ordered otherwise by the Joint Committee on Printing. This does not refer to a casual quotation of a few words or a quotation that would not make more than 3 lines of 7-point type. The beginning of the 7-point extract must start with a true paragraph; 8-point type following is always a paragraph.]

On February 29, Sue Payton, who is the Air Force's Assistant Secretary for Acquisition, said at a DOD news briefing: We have been extremely open and transparent. We have had a very thorough review of what we're doing. We've got it nailed.

A week later, she told the House Appropriations Subcommittee on Defense:

The Air Force followed a carefully structured source selection process,—

They what?

designed to provide transparency, maintain integrity, and ensure a fair competition.

And throughout the last 4 months, Air Force officials have insisted that they selected the cheapest plane that best met their criteria and that they made no mistakes

[Note, as above, that following an excerpt, the 8 point must begin with a paragraph.]

[An address of the President delivered outside of Congress or referred to as an extract will be set in 7 point.]

#### SCHEME OF TEXT HEADINGS

[In 8-point, heads are 8-point caps. After the cap head, all sub heads are 7-point small caps, regardless of any perceived hierarchy.

[In 7-point, the progression is as follows (in descending order):

7-point caps and small caps.

7-point small caps.

7-point italic lowercase.

7-point roman caps and lowercase.

7-point roman lowercase.]

#### USE OF DOUBLE HEADS

This is something which has been entirely overlooked by the . . .

ANALYSIS OF SPECIFIC PROVISIONS OF THE COMMITTEE BILL

AMENDMENTS CHANGING THE INTERSTATE COMMERCE PROVISIONS OF THE ACE

As the law stands today, it applies only to an employee who . . .

#### EXECUTIVE PROGRAM

 $\begin{array}{c} {\tt ESTATE\,TAX\,CONVENTION\,WITH}\\ {\tt CANADA} \end{array}$ 

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED

RECIPROCAL TRADE AGREEMENTS

SPECTER AMENDMENT NO. 1194

# HEADS USED IN EXTENSIONS OF REMARKS

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT, 2000

SPEECH OF

### HON. JOHN CONYERS, JR.

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Wednesday, February 3, 1999

The House in Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union had under consideration the bill (H.R. 1401) to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2000 for the Armed Forces. . .

[The words "Speech of" are to be used only when on manuscript and is an indication that that particular Extension of Remarks is to be inserted in the proceedings of the bound Record of the date used in the heading.]

#### MISSING CHILDREN

#### HON. ORRIN G. HATCH

OF UTAH

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Wednesday, February 3, 1999

Mr. HATCH. Mr. President, I rise before this distinguished assembly to focus additional attention on the tragedy of missing children. The Department of Health and Human Services has estimated that approximately 1.3 million children disappear each year. A significant number do not leave of their own accord. . . .

#### CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

#### **SENATE**

Tuesday, July 15, 2008

(Legislative day of Monday, July 14, 2008)<sup>1</sup>

The Senate met at 9:30 a.m., on the expiration of the recess, and was called to order by the Honorable SHELDON WHITEHOUSE, a Senator from the State of Rhode Island.

### [Above line to be used only when Senate had been in recess.]

The Senate met at 9:30 a.m., and was called to order by the Honorable Benjamin L. Cardin, a Senator from the State of Maryland.

#### [Note.—Entire prayer set in 8 point.]

#### PRAYER

The Chaplain, Dr. Barry C. Black, offered the following prayer:

Let us pray.

Our Father in heaven, we thank You for the beautiful differences in the human family, for its varied shapes and sizes, its features and colors, its abilities and talents. Deliver us from the forces that would destroy our unity by eliminating our diversity.

Bless the Members of this body. Help them in their debates to distinguish between substance and semantics, between rhetoric and reality. Free them from personal and partisan preoccupations that would defeat their aspirations and deprive Americans of just and equitable solutions. May our lawmakers avoid the works of darkness and put on Your armor of light.

We pray in Your holy Name. Amen.

#### PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The Honorable Benjamin L. Cardin led the Pledge of Allegiance, as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

# APPOINTMENT OF ACTING PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will please read a communication to the Senate from the President pro tempore (Mr. Byrd).

The legislative clerk read the following letter:

U.S. Senate,
President pro tempore,
Washington, DC, June 11, 2008.

To the Senate:

Under the provisions of rule I, section 3, of the Standing Rules of the Senate, I hereby appoint the Honorable Benjamin L. Cardin, a Senator from the State of Maryland, to perform the duties of the Chair.

ROBERT C. BYRD, President pro tempore.

Mr. CARDIN thereupon assumed the chair as Acting President pro tempore.

# RECOGNITION OF THE MAJORITY LEADER

The ACTING PRESIDENT protempore. The majority leader is recognized.

#### SCHEDULE

Mr. REID. Mr. President, following my remarks and those of Senator McConnell, there will be a period of morning business for 1 hour, with Senators permitted to speak therein for up to 10 minutes each. The majority will control the first 30 minutes;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>To be used only when the Senate had been in recess.

the Republicans will control the second 30 minutes.

Following morning business, the Senate will resume consideration of the motion to proceed to S. 3044, the Consumer-First Energy Act. The first 4 hours of debate will be equally divided and controlled in 30-minute alternating blocks of time, with the majority controlling the first 30 minutes and Republicans controlling the next 30 minutes.

Upon conclusion of the controlled time, Senators will be permitted to speak for up to 10 minutes each.

As a reminder, yesterday, I filed cloture on the motion to proceed to S. 3101, the Medicare Improvements for Patients and Providers Act. That cloture vote will occur tomorrow morning.

#### RESERVATION OF LEADER TIME

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Under the previous order, the leadership time is reserved.

#### MORNING BUSINESS

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Under the previous order, the Senate will proceed to a period of morning business for up to 1 hour, with Senators permitted to speak therein for up to 10 minutes each, with the time equally divided and controlled between the two leaders or their designees, with the majority controlling the first half and the Republicans controlling the final half.

Mr. CARDIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

#### CONCLUSION OF MORNING BUSINESS

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Morning business is now closed.

#### CONSUMER-FIRST ENERGY ACT OF 2008—MOTION TO PROCEED

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the Senate will resume consideration of the motion to proceed to S. 3044, which the clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

Motion to proceed to S. 3044, a bill to provide energy price relief and hold oil companies and other entities accountable for their actions with regard to high energy prices, and for other purposes.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Maryland is recognized.

Mr. CARDIN. Mr. President, I take this time on behalf of Marylanders who are worried. They are worried because of the high cost of energy. They...

#### CONSUMER-FIRST ENERGY ACT OF 2008—MOTION TO PROCEED— Continued

[Note the use of bullets signifying that which was not spoken on the floor.]

#### ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS

# CONGRATULATING MS. BAILEE CARROLL MAYFIELD

• Mr. BUNNING. Mr. President, today I congratulate Ms. Bailee Carroll Mayfield on receiving the American Veterans, AMVETS, scholarship award. The AMVETS National Scholarship Committee has awarded Ms. Mayfield a \$4,000 scholarship after competing successfully against nearly 200 applicants. AMVETS has recognized Ms. Mayfield as an outstanding high school senior exhibiting academic excellence, promise and merit.

The AMVETS organization awards only six scholarships per year. Each scholarship is awarded to a high school senior who is the child or grandchild of a United States veteran, and is seeking a postsecondary education. Ms. Mayfield plans to utilize her scholarship at Eastern Kentucky University to pursue a career in psychology.

Ms. Mayfield has proven herself to be an exemplary student, rightfully receiving the AMVETS Scholarship Award. She is an inspiration to the citizens of Kentucky and to students everywhere. I look forward to seeing all that she will accomplish in the future.

# MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

Messages from the President of the United States were communicated to the Senate by Mr. Thomas, one of his secretaries.

# EXECUTIVE MESSAGES REFERRED

As in executive session the Presiding Officer laid before the Senate messages from the President of the United States submitting sundry nominations which were referred to the appropriate committees.

(The nominations received today are printed at the end of the Senate proceedings.)

REPORT ON THE ISSUANCE OF AN EXECUTIVE ORDER CONTINUING CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS ON NORTH KOREA AND NORTH KOREAN NATIONALS IMPOSED UNDER THE TRADING WITH THE ENEMY ACT—PM 55

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate the following message from the President of the United States, together with an accompanying report; which was referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs:

To the Congress of the United States:

Pursuant to the International Emergency Economic Powers Act, as amended (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) (IEEPA), I hereby report that I have issued an Executive Order continuing certain restrictions on North Korea and North Korean nationals imposed pursuant to the exercise of authorities under the Trading With the Enemy Act (50 U.S.C. App. 1 et seq.) (TWEA). . . .

I am enclosing a copy of the Executive Order and proclamation I have issued.

George W. Bush.

The White House, June 26, 2008.

[The above to be 8 point.]

[When communications from the President contain extracts, etc., such extracts must be in 7 point.]

#### MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

At 12:49 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Mrs. Cole, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House has agreed to the following concurrent resolution, in which it requests the concurrence of the Senate:

H. Con. Res. 377. Concurrent resolution authorizing the use of the rotunda of the Capitol for a ceremony commemorating the 60th Anniversary of the beginning of the integration of the United States Armed Forces.

#### ENROLLED BILLS SIGNED

At 1:09 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Mrs. Cole, one of its reading clerks, announced that the Speaker has signed the following enrolled bills:

H.R. 6040. An act to amend the Water Resources Development Act of 2007 to clarify the authority of the Secretary of the Army to provide reimbursement for travel expenses incurred by members of the Committee on Levee Safety.

H.R. 6327. An act to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to extend the funding and expenditure authority of the Airport and Airway Trust Fund, and for other purposes.

The enrolled bills were subsequently signed by the President pro tempore (Mr. Byrd).

At 8:19 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Ms. Niland, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House has passed the following bill, in which it requests the concurrence of the Senate:

H.R. 6377. An act to direct the Commodity Futures Trading Commission to utilize all its authority, including its emergency powers, to curb immediately the role of excessive speculation in any contract market within the jurisdiction and control of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, on or through which energy futures or swaps are traded, and to eliminate excessive speculation, price distortion, sudden or unreasonable fluctuations or unwarranted changes in prices. or other unlawful activity that is causing major market disturbances that prevent the market from accurately reflecting the forces of supply and demand for energy commodities.

#### MEASURES REFERRED

The following bills were read the first and the second times by unanimous consent, and referred as indicated:

H.R. 6275. An act to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide individuals temporary relief from the alternative minimum tax, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Finance.

H.R. 6358. An act to require certain standards and enforcement provisions to prevent child abuse and neglect in residential programs, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

# MEASURES PLACED ON THE CALENDAR

The following bill was read the first and second times by unanimous consent, and placed on the calendar: H.R. 3546. An act to authorize the Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program at fiscal year 2006 levels through 2012

#### MEASURES READ THE FIRST TIME

The following bills were read the first time:

H.R. 3195. An act to restore the intent and protections of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990.

S. 3202. A bill to address record high gas prices at the pump, and for other purposes.

#### ENROLLED BILL PRESENTED

The Secretary of the Senate reported that on today, June 26, 2008, she had presented to the President of the United States the following enrolled bill:

S. 3180. An act to temporarily extend the programs under the Higher Education Act of 1965.

# EXECUTIVE AND OTHER COMMUNICATIONS

The following communications were laid before the Senate, together with accompanying papers, reports, and documents, and were referred as indicated:

EC-6746. A communication from the Under Secretary of Defense (Acquisition, Technology and Logistics), transmitting, pursuant to law, an annual report relative to the conduct of the Defense Acquisition Challenge Program for fiscal year 2007; to the Committee on Armed Services.

# REPORT ON CLASSIFIED INFORMATION (S. DOC. NO. 107)

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate has recently requested the Office of Public Relations of the Department of the Navy to submit to it a report on classified information. The Department of the Navy has complied with the request, and I now present the report and ask that it be published as a Senate document.

The VICE PRESIDENT. Without objection, the report will be printed as a document as requested by the Senator from Virginia.

[Note the insertion of S. Doc. No. — in cases where papers are ordered to be printed as a document. To be inserted only when ordered to be printed or its equivalent is in manuscript.]

#### Third reading and passage of a bill.

#### MISSOURI RIVER BRIDGE NEAR ST. CHARLES, MO

The bill (S. 4174) to extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Missouri River at or near St. Charles, MO, was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed, as follows:

#### S. 4174

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of the bridge across the Missouri River, etc.

### GOVERNMENT OF THE TERRITORY OF HAWAII

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 1881) to amend an act entitled "An act to provide a government for the Territory of Hawaii," approved April 30, 1900, as amended, to establish a Hawaiian Homes Commission, and for other purposes, which had been reported from the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs with amendments.

The first amendment was, on page 4 line 22, to strike out "Keaaupaha" and insert "Keaaukaha".

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 6, line 19, after the figure "(1)", to insert "by further authorization of Congress and", so as to make the paragraph read:

(1) by further authorization of Congress and for a period of five years after the first meeting of the Hawaiian Homes Commission only those lands situated on the island of Molokaki, etc.

The Amendment was agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

#### Forms of amendments

The joint resolution (S.J. Res. 4) requesting the President to negotiate a treaty or treaties for the protection of salmon in retrain parts of the Pacific Ocean was announced as next in order.

Mr. INOUYE. Mr. President, I have just had an opportunity to examine this joint resolution. I offer this amendment.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Secretary will state the amendment offered by the Senator from Arizona.

The Reading Clerk. On page 1, line 11, it is proposed to strike out the words "both within and", so as to make the joint resolution read:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, requested to negotiate on behalf of the United States, as promptly as is practicable, etc.

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I observe in the report of the bill by the chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee that it is reported as a Senate joint resolution. I ask for a modification of it so that it will be a Senate resolution instead of a Senate joint resolution.

The Legislative Clerk, It is proposed to strike out "S.J. Res. 4" and insert "S. Res. 85".

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the modification? The Chair hears one and it will be so modified.

Mr. INOUYE. Would it not be necessary to change the resolving clause also? The resolving clause reads:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

The amendment was agreed to.

[Note use of words, figures, and punctuation in the following example. Follow manuscript.]

The next amendment was, page 34, in line 9, under the head-"Employees' Compensation Commission", before the word "assistants", to strike out "five" and insert "three"; in line 10, after the word "clerks" and before the words "of class 3", to strike out "seven" and insert "five"; in line 11, before the words "of class 2", to strike out "twelve" and insert "nine"; in the same line, before the words "of class 1", to strike out "twenty-seven" and insert "twenty"; in line 12, before the words "at \$1.000 each", to strike out "three" and insert "two"; and in line 18, to strike out "\$124,940" and insert "\$102,590", so as to read:

EMPLOYEE'S COMPENSATION COMMISSION

Salaries: Three Commissioners at \$4,000 each; secretary, \$2,750; attorney, \$4,000; chief statistician, \$3,000; chief of accounts, \$2,500; accountant, \$2,250; claim examiners—chief \$2,250, assistant \$2,000, assistant \$1,800, three assistants at \$1,600 each; special agents—two at \$1,800 each, two at \$1,600 each; clerks—five of class 3, nine of class 2, twenty of class 1, two at \$1,000 each; in all \$102.590.

Mr. BAYH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the sundry civil appropriation bill, which was ordered to lie on the table and to be printed, as follows:

Add a new section, as follows: "That the President of the Senate appoint three Members of the Senate; and the Speaker of the House three Members of the House."

The Senate resumed the consideration of the bill (H.R. 4075) to limit the immigration of aliens into the United States.

[An executive session usually being open, the following precedes the recess or adjournment heading:]

NATIONAL DRUG CONTROL STRATEGY FOR 2003—PM 15

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate the following message from the President of the United States, together with accompanying report; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

To the Congress of the United States:

I am pleased to transmit the 2003 National Drug Control Strategy, consistent with the Office of National Drug Control Policy Reauthorization Act of 1998 (12 U.S.C. 1705).

A critical component of our Strategy is to teach young people . . .

George W. Bush. 
The White House, *February 12, 2003*.

To the Senate of the United States:

To the end that I may receive the advice and consent of the Senate to ratification, I transmit herewith a treaty of arbitration and conciliation between the United States and Switzerland, signed at Washington on March 17, 1952.

HARRY S. TRUMAN. THE WHITE HOUSE, March 17, 1952.

[A letter from the President to the Senate is set in 7-point type when any form of treaty is encloses that is to be printed in the Record in connection therewith. The letter is set in 7-point type whether the treaty follows or precedes it or separated from it by intervening matter.]

### RECESS UNTIL TOMORROW AT 10:30 A.M.

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I know of no further business to come before the Senate. I move, in accordance with the order previously entered, that the Senate stand in recess until the hour of 10:30 a.m. tomorrow.

The motion was agreed to and, at 7:34 p.m., the Senate recessed until Wednesday, June 18, 2008, at 10:30 a.m.

[After the recess or adjournment the following may appear:]

#### NOMINATIONS

Executive Nominations received by the Senate.

[Under the heads Nominations, Confirmations, Withdrawal, and Rejection, the following scheme for subheads is to be followed:

[Heads indicating service, or branch or department of Government and subheads indicating subdivision or type of service—7-point small caps.]

[Subheads indicating new rank of appointee—7-point italic initial cap.

Text is set in 5 point caps.

[Note: Nominations will be set first name, middle name (or first middle initial), and last name throughout followed by period. Asterisks, if any, precede names as in executive nominations.]

Executive nominations received by the Senate:

#### DEPARTMENT OF STATE

RICHARD G OLSON, JR., OF NEW MEXICO, A CAREER MEMBER OF THE SENIOR FOREIGN SERVICE, CLASS OF COUNSELOR, TO BE AMBASSADOR EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC.

#### DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

BRENT R. OLSON, JR. OF VIRGINIA, TO BE AN ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF LABOR, VICE EMILY STOVER DEROCCO.

#### IN THE ARMY

THE FOLLOWING NAMED OFFICERS FOR APPOINT-MENT TO THE GRADE INDICATED IN THE RESERVE OF THE ARMY UNDER TITLE 10, U.S.C., SECTION 12203:

To be colonel

KENNETH L. BEALE, JR. THOMAS H. NROUILLARD

#### CONFIRMATIONS

NATIONAL COMMISSION ON LIBRARIES AND INFORMATION SCIENCE

HAROLD C. CROTTY, OF MICHIGAN, TO BE A MEMBER OF THE NATIONAL COMMISSION.

#### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, September 9, 2008

[When the Speaker is in the Chair, follow this style.]

The House met at 9:30 a.m.

The Chaplain, the Reverend Daniel P. Coughlin, offered the following prayer:

Water, not only the essential planetary element, O Lord, water itself ushers in new human life. For Your people of covenant, both old and new, the symbol of water is complex, never stable, always fresh and beautiful, sometimes fearful and tragic.

As the Spring of Salvation, we call upon Your Holy Name to calm the waters of anxiety in mid-America. Enable Your people to cross these present waters of disaster and bring them to Your promised land of fruitful plenty.

In the book of Joshua, water upon the fleece is Joshua's own test of Your presence in the midst of trouble; later the way his people take water unto themselves becomes their measurement.

Endthiswaterboarding of America's fields and rural towns even if we can no longer define torture ourselves. By the wellspring of Your Spirit, mix all our human endeavors with our natural resources in such an outstanding victory that believers and unbelievers alike will be touched again as in Joshua's day and acclaim: "Their hearts melted and became as water!"

This is our prayer now and forever. Amen.

### [When the Speaker is not in the Chair, follow this style.]

The House met at 12:30 and was called to order by the Speaker protempore (Mr. Larsen of Washington).

## $\begin{array}{c} {\tt DESIGNATION\:OF\:SPEAKER\:PRO} \\ {\tt TEMPORE} \end{array}$

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Speaker:

Washington, DC, June 17, 2008.

I hereby appoint the Honorable Rick Larsen to act as Speaker pro tempore on this day.

 $\begin{array}{c} {\rm Nancy\ Pelosi,} \\ {\it Speaker\ of\ the\ House\ of\ Representatives.} \end{array}$ 

#### PRAYER1

The Chaplain, the Reverend Daniel P. Coughlin, offered the following prayer:

O God, who rules all the world from everlasting to everlasting, during the time given them, help this Congress to set a great agenda for this Nation and its future. Grasping a sense of the urgent needs of Your people, may this week provide a sense of priorities. May the desires of the common good overshadow particular concerns and personal preferences.

Inspire each Member to draw upon his or her best instinct and highest ideal so true goodness overcomes every evil and determined work whittles away at every problem, until this great Nation becomes Your living glory for all the world to see.

Show us the way, fill us with life, and let truth reign, both now and forever. Amen.

#### THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair has examined the Journal of the last day's proceedings and announces to the House his approval thereof.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal stands approved.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Head is not used when the Speaker is in the chair. See preceding example.

#### PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The SPEAKER protempore. Will the gentleman from Iowa (Mr. Boswell) come forward and lead the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Mr. BOSWELL led the Pledge of Allegiance as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

SWEARING IN OF THE HONOR-ABLE DONNA EDWARDS, OF MARYLAND, AS A MEMBER OF THE HOUSE

Mr. HOYER. Madam Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the gentle-woman from Maryland, the Honorable Donna Edwards, be permitted to take the oath of office today.

Her certificate of election has not arrived, but there is no contest and no question has been raised with regard to her election.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Maryland?

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER. Will Representative-elect Edwards and the members of the Maryland delegation present themselves in the well.

Ms. Edwards of Maryland appeared at the bar of the house and took the oath of office, as follows:

Do you solemnly swear or affirm that you will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that you will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that you take this obligation freely, without and mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that you will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which you are about to enter, so help you God.

The SPEAKER. Congratulations. You are now a Member of the 110th Congress.

#### WELCOMING THE HONORABLE DONNA EDWARDS TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

[Welcoming speeches follow.]
[Initial speech of new Representative follows.]

### ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER

The SPEAKER. Under clause 5(d) of rule XX, the Chair announces to the House that, in light of the administration of the oath of office to the gentlewoman from Maryland (Mrs. EDWARDS), the whole number of the House is 435.

#### OATH OF OFFICE OF MEMBERS

The oath of office required by the sixth article of the Constitution of the United States, and as provided by section 2 of the act of May 13, 1884 (23 Stat. 22), to be administered to Members, Resident Commissioner, and Delegates or the House of Representatives, the text of which is carried in 5 U.S.C. 3331:

"I, AB, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support and defend the Constitution of the united States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that you will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that you take this obligation freely, without and mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that you will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which you are about to enter, so help you God.

has been subscribed to in person and filed in duplicate with the Clerk of the House of Representatives by the following Member of the 110th Congress, pursuant to Public Law 412 of the 80th Congress entitled "An act to amend section 30 of the Revised Statues of

the United States" (2 U.S.C. 25, approved February 18, 1948:

Donna F. Edwards, 4th District of Maryland

#### MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Ms. Curtis, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate concurs in the amendment of the House to the bill (S. 2146) "An Act to authorize the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to accept, as part of a settlement, diesel emission reduction Supplemental Environmental Projects, and for other purposes."

[Above usage occurs when there is only one bill referenced. For more than one bill, use the following style.]

#### MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Ms. Curtis, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate has passed without amendment bills and a concurrent resolution of the House of the following titles:

H.R. 430. An act to designate the United States bankruptcy courthouse located at 271 Cadman Plaza East in Brooklyn, New York, as the "Conrad B. Duberstein United States Bankruptcy Courthouse".

H.R. 781. An act to redesignate Lock and Dam No. 5 of the McClellan-Kerr Arkansas River Navigation System near Redfield, Arkansas, authorized by the Rivers and Harbors Act approved July 24, 1946, as the "Colonel Charles D. Maynard Lock and Dam".

H.R. 1019. An act to designate the United States customhouse building located at 31 Gonzalez Clemente Avenue in Mayagüez, Puerto Rico, asthe "Rafael Martínez Nadal United States Customhouse Building".

H.R. 2728. An act to designate the station of the United States Border Patrol located at 25762 Madison Avenue in Murrieta, California, as the "Theodore L. Newton, Jr. and George F. Azrak Border Patrol Station".

H.R. 3712. An act to designate the United States courthouse located at 1716 Spielbusch Avenue in Toledo, Ohio, as the "James M. Ashley and Thomas W.L. Ashley United States Courthouse".

H.R. 4140. An act to designate the Port Angeles Federal Building in Port Angeles, Washington, as the "Richard B. Anderson Federal Building".

H. Con. Res. 32. Concurrent resolution honoring the members of the United States Air Force who were killed in the June 25, 1996, terrorist bombing of the Khobar Towers United States military housing compound near Dhahran, Saudi Arabia.

The message also announced that the Senate has passed bills of the following titles in which the concurrence of the House is requested:

S. 2403. An act to designate the new Federal Courthouse, located in the 700 block of East Broad Street, Richmond, Virginia, as the "Spottswood W. Robinson III and Robert R. Merhige, Jr. Federal Courthouse".

S. 2837. An act to designate the United States courthouse located at 225 Cadman Plaza East, Brooklyn, New York, as the "Theodore Roosevelt United States Courthouse".

S. 3009. An act to designate the Federal Bureau of Investigation building under construction in Omaha, Nebraska, as the "J. James Exon Federal Bureau of Investigation Building".

S. 3145. An act to designate a portion of United States Route 20A, located in Orchard Park, New York, as the "Timothy J. Russert Highway".

[Observe that bills from the Senate to the House read An act. If the manuscript should read A bill, change to An act in conformity with this rule, and place number first. Note also the following forms:]

FOOD, CONSERVATION, AND ENERGY ACT OF 2008—VETO MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES (H. DOC. NO. 110–125)

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following veto message from the President of the United States:

To the House of Representatives:

I am returning herewith without my approval H.R. 6124, the "Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008."

The bill that I vetoed on May 21, 2008, H.R. 2419, which became Public Law

110-234, did not include the title III provisions that are in this bill. . . . For similar reasons, I am vetoing the bill before me today.

GEORGE W. BUSH.

The White House, June 18, 2008.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The objections of the President will be spread at large upon the Journal, and the veto message and the bill will be printed as a House document.

The question is, Will the House, on reconsideration, pass the bill, the objections of the President to the contrary notwithstanding?

The gentleman from Minnesota (Mr. Peterson) is recognized for 1 hour.

[Debate and vote follow.]

#### MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT

A message in writing from the President of the United States was communicated to the House by Mr. Leomar, one of his secretaries, who also informed the House that on the following dates the President approved and signed bills and a joint resolution of the House of the following titles:

On June 2, 1971:

H.R. 4209. An act to amend the Revised Organic Act of the Virgin Islands.

On June 4, 1971:

H.R. 5765, An act to extend for 6 months the time for filing the comprehensive report of the Commission on the Organization of the Government of the District of Columbia; and

H.J. Res. 583. Joint resolution designating the last full week in July of 1971 as "National Star Route Mail Carriers Week."

[Observe that bills coming from the President take the form of *An act*. This rule must be followed invariably, even if the manuscript reads *A bill*.]

### $\begin{array}{c} \text{IOWANS UNITED IN TIME OF} \\ \text{TROUBLE} \end{array}$

(Mr. BOSWELL asked and was given permission to address the House for

1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. BOSWELL. Mr. Speaker, today I come to share with you that Iowa is in a lot of trouble. We have had extensive floods, etc.

#### MRS. VIRGINIA THRIFT

Mr. GOSS. Ms. Speaker, by direction of the Committee on House Administration, I offer a privileged resolution (H. Res. 321) and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read as follows:

H. Res. 321

Resolved, That there shall be paid out of the contingent fund of the House to Mrs. Virginia Thrift, widow of Chester R. Thrift, late an employee of the House, an amount equal to six months' salary compensation at the rate he was receiving at the time of his death, and an additional amount not to exceed \$250 to defray funeral expenses of the said Chester R. Thrift.

The Resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

# BILLS PRESENTED TO THE PRESIDENT

Ms. MATSUI, from the Committee on Rules, reported that that committee did on this day present to the President, for his approval, bills of the House of the following titles:

H.R. 3331. An act for the relief of Harry L. Smith; and

H.R. 3366. An act to amend section 409 of the Interstate Commerce Act, relating to joint rates of freight forwarders and common carriers by motor vehicle.

#### ENROLLED BILLS SIGNED

Ms. Lorraine C. Miller, Clerk of the House, reported and found truly enrolled bills of the House of the following titles, which were thereupon signed by the Speaker:

H.R. 430. An act to designate the United States bankruptcy courthouse located at 271 Cadman Plaza East in Brooklyn, New

York, as the "Conrad B. Duberstein United States Bankruptcy Courthouse".

H.R. 781. An act to redesignate Lock and Dam No. 5 of the McClellan-Kerr Arkansas River Navigation System near Redfield, Arkansas, authorized by the Rivers and Harbors Act approved July 24, 1946, as the "Colonel Charles D. Maynard Lock and Dam".

H.R. 1019. An act to designate the United States customhouse building located at 31 Gonzalez Clemente Avenue in Mayagüez, Puerto Rico, as the "Rafael Martinez Nadal United States Customhouse Building".

#### THE COMMON CALENDAR

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will call the first bill on the Private Calendar.

#### JOHN SIMS

The Clerk called the first bill on the Private Calendar, H.R. 399, for the relief of John Sims.

#### H.R. 399

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay to John Sims, Mobile, Alabama, the sum of \$5,000.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Florida offers an amendment, which the Clerk will report.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment by Mr. Stearns: In line 4, after the word "pay", add a comma and the following words: "out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated".

The SPEAKER. The question is on agreeing to the amendment.

The amendment was agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Stearns, a motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill was passed was laid on the [not upon] the table.

#### SENATE BILLS REFERRED

Bills of the Senate of the following titles were taken from the Speaker's table and, under the rule, referred as follows:

S. 2403. An act to designate the new Federal Courthouse, located in the 700 block of East Broad Street, Richmond, Virginia, as the "Spottswood W. Robinson III and Robert R. Merhige, Jr. Federal Courthouse"; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

S. 2837. An act to designate the United States courthouse located at 225 Cadman Plaza East, Brooklyn, New York, as the "Theodore Roosevelt United States Courthouse"; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

S. 3009. An act to designate the Federal Bureau of Investigation building under construction in Omaha, Nebraska, as the "J. James Exon Federal Bureau of Investigation Building"; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

S. 3145. An act to designate a portion of United States Route 20A, located in Orchard Park, New York, as the "Timothy J. Russert Highway"; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

[In the reference of Senate acts to House committees the name of the committee will be repeated after the act, though there may be several acts referred to the same committee.]

# COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE HOUSE ON THE STATE OF THE UNION

SAVING ENERGY THROUGH PUB-LIC TRANSPORTATION ACT OF 2008

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 1304 and rule XVIII, the Chair declares the House in the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union for the consideration of the bill, H.R. 6052.

□ 1408

IN THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

Accordingly, the House resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 6052) to promote increased public transportation use, to promote increased use of alternative fuels in providing public

transportation, and for other purposes, with Ms. DeGette in the chair.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The CHAIRMAN. Pursuant to the rule, the bill is considered read the first time.

The gentleman from Minnesota (Mr. Oberstar) and the gentleman from Florida (Mr. Mica) each will control 30 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Minnesota.

Mr. OBERSTAR. Madam Chairman, I rise in support of H.R. 6052, the Saving Energy Through Public Transportation Act of 2008. . . .

Mr. MICA. Madam Chairman, I rise today in strong support of H.R. 6052, the "Saving Energy Through Public Transportation Act of 2008". This bill promotes energy savings for all Americans by increasing public transportation use in the United States. . . .

The CHAIRMAN. All time for general debate has expired.

Pursuant to the rule, the bill shall be considered read for amendment under the 5-minute rule.

The text of the bill is as follows:

#### H.R. 6052

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled.

#### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Saving Energy Through Public Transportation Act of 2008".

#### SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

Congress finds the following:

(1) In 2007, people in the United States took more than 10.3 billion trips using public transportation, the highest level in 50 years. . . .

The CHAIRMAN. No amendment to the bill shall be in order except those printed in House Report 110–734. Each amendment may be offered only in the order printed in the report, by a Member designated in the report, shall be considered read, shall be debatable for the time specified in the report, equally divided and controlled

by the proponent and an opponent, shall not be subject to amendment, and shall not be subject to a demand for division of the question.

AMENDMENT NO. 1 OFFERED BY MR. OBERSTAR

The CHAIRMAN. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 1 printed in House Report 110–734.

Mr. OBERSTAR. Madam Chairman, I have an amendment at the desk.

The CHAIRMAN. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

Amendment No. 1 offered by Mr. Oberstar:

Page 3, after line 23, insert the following:

(9) Public transportation stakeholders should engage and involve local communities in the education and promotion of the importance of utilizing public transportation. . . .

The CHAIRMAN. Pursuant to House Resolution 1304, the gentleman from Minnesota (Mr. Oberstar) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Minnesota.

Mr. OBERSTAR. I yield myself such time as I may consume. . . .

I yield back the balance of my time. Mr. OBERSTAR. I have no further speakers on this amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The CHAIRMAN. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Minnesota (Mr. OBERSTAR).

The amendment was agreed to.

The CHAIRMAN. There being no other amendments, under the rule, the Committee rises.

Accordingly, the Committee rose; and the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. Ross) having assumed the chair, Ms. DeGette, Chairman of the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, reported that that Committee, having had under consideration the bill (H.R. 6052) to promote increased public transportation use, to promote

increased use of alternative fuels in providing public transportation, and for other purposes, pursuant to House Resolution 1304, she reported the bill back to the House with sundry amendments adopted by the Committee of the Whole.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the rule, the previous question is ordered.

Is a separate vote demanded on any amendment reported from the Committee of the Whole? If not, the Chair will put them en gros.

The amendments were agreed to.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The

question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

(Voting occurs)

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

#### CONFERENCE REPORT AND STATEMENT

Conference reports and statements to be set in 7 point.

Use 3-point space before and after conference report and statement.

In the House the names of Members are to be first.

Follow manuscript literally in the report. Observe the form *Amendments numbered 1, 2, 3, etc.*, and when the amendment is to make an independent paragraph, the phrase *And the Senate* [or *House*] *agree to the same* will be a paragraph by itself; otherwise it will be run in after the amendment with a semicolon. Examples of each are given in the report following.

In the statement change *numbered*, when in manuscript, to *No.*, as *amendment No. 1*, but do not supply *No.* or *amendment* if omitted in manuscript; otherwise regular style will prevail.

Conference Report (H. Rept. 97-747)

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 6863) making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1982, and for other purposes, having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendments numbered 7, 9, 14, 31, 38, 39, 40, 52, 53, 56, 75, 76, 80, 81, 94, 102, 109, 116, 118, 129, 133, 141, 142, 148, 152, 154, 155, 162 163, 164, 171, 173, 179, and 181.

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendments of the Senate

numbered 20, 23, 25, 26, 28, 30, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 46, 48, 54, 61, 678, 70, 77, 78, 79, 87, 99, 101, 14, 105, 106, 110, 111, 125, 127, 134, 136, 139, 156, 157, 165, 167, 168, 170, 174, 175, and 176, and agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 16:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 16, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert \$4,400,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 27:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 27, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert \$53,700,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

John T. Myers

(except amendments 54 and

CLARENCE E. MILLER, LAWRENCE COUGHLIN,

STENY H. HOYER,

George M. O'Brien,

 ${\it Managers \, on \, the \, Part \, of \, the \, House.}$ 

DALE BUMPERS, DANIEL K. INOUYE, ERNEST F. HOLLINGS, TOM HARKIN, RICHARD H. BRYAN, J. BENNETT JOHNSON,

RON WYDEN, PATRICK J. LEAHY,

 $\begin{array}{c} {\rm Dianne\ Feinstein}, \\ {\it Managers\ on\ the\ Part\ of\ the\ Senate}. \end{array}$ 

JOINT EXPLANATORY STATEMENT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE

The managers on the part of the House and the Senate at the conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 6863), making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year 1982, rescinding certain budget authority, and for other purposes, submit the following joint statement to the House and the Senate in explanation of the effect of the action agreed upon by the managers and recommended in the accompanying conference report:

#### TITLEI

### $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{CHAPTER I--DEPARTMENT OF} \\ \textbf{AGRICULTURE} \end{array}$

Soil Conservation Service conservation operations

Amendment No. 1: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate which allows the Soil Conservation Service to exchange a parcel of land in Bellingham, Washington, for other land.

In lieu of the matter inserted by said amendment, insert the following:

FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAMS

If the funds available for Nutrition Education and Training grants authorized under section 19 of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, as amended, require a ratable reduction in those grants, the minimum grand for each State shall be \$50,000.

The managers on the part of the Senate will move to concur in the amendment of the House to the amendment of the Senate.

Committee on Agriculture: Solely for consideration of title I of the House bill and title I of the Senate amendment:

E DE LA GARZA,
THOMAS S. FOLEY,
DAVID R. BOWEN,
FRED RICHMOND,
BILL WAMPLER,
PAUL FINDLEY
(on all matters except
as listed below),
TOM HAGEDORN
(on all matters except
as listed below),

#### Amendments

[As figures are used in bills to express sums of money, dates, paragraph numbers, etc., amendments involving such expressions must be set in figures thus: Strike out "\$840" and insert "\$1,000", etc. for other enumerations, etc., follow the manuscript as the data is picked up from the bill and used for the Record and then picked up from the Record and used for the report.]

#### EMANUEL F. LENKERSDORF

The Clerk called the bill (H.R. 2520) for the relief of Emanuel F. Lenkersdorf.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill as follows:

#### H.R. 2520

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the purposes of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Emanuel F. Lenkersdorf shall be held and considered to have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence as of the date of the enactment of this Act, upon payment of the required visa fee. Upon the granting of permanent residence to such alien as provided for in this Act, the Secretary of State shall instruct the proper officer to deduct one number from the total number of immigrant visas and conditional entries which are made available to natives of the country of the alien's birth under paragraphs (1) through (8) of section 203(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.

With the following committee amendment:

On page 2, strike lines 4 through 6 and insert in lieu thereof: "which are made available to natives of the country of the alien's birth under section 203(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act or, if

applicable, from the total number of such visas which are made available to such natives under section 202(3) of such Act.".

The committee amendment was agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

CONTESTED ELECTION, CARTER AGAINST LECOMPTE—MESSAGE FROM THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES (H. DOC. NO. 235)

The SPEAKER laid before the House the following message from the Clerk of the House of Representatives, which was read and, with the accompanying papers, referred to the Committee on House Administration:

July 29, 2008.

The Honorable the Speaker, House of Representatives.

Sir: I have the honor to lay before the House of Representatives the contest for a seat in the House of Representatives from the Fourth Congressional District of the State of Iowa, Steven V. Carter against Karl M. LeCompte, notice of which has been filed in the office of the Clerk of the House; and also transmit herewith original testimony, papers, and documents relating thereto.

#### LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent, leave of absence was granted to:

Mr. Conyers (at the request of Mr. Hoyer) for today on account of personal business.

Mr. Engel (at the request of Mr. Hoyer) for today on account of a codel flight delay.

Mr. Gene Green of Texas (at the request of Mr. Hoyer) for today on account of a doctor's appointment.

#### SPECIAL ORDERS GRANTED

By unanimous consent, permission to address the House, following

the legislative program and any special orders heretofore entered, was granted to:

(The following Members (at the request of Ms. Woolsey) to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material:)

Ms. Woolsey, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. DeFazio, for 5 minutes, today.

Ms. Kaptur, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. Spratt, for 5 minutes, today.

(The following Members (at the request of Mr. Smith of Nebraska) to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material:)

Mr. Poe, for 5 minutes, June 20, 23 and 24.

Mr. Jones of North Carolina, for 5 minutes, June 20, 23 and 24.

Mr. Bishop of Utah, for 5 minutes, today and June 18.

Mr. McCotter, for 5 minutes, June 19.

#### ADJOURNMENT

Mr. FORBES. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to; accordingly (at 9 o'clock and 56 minutes p.m.), under its previous order, the House adjourned until tomorrow, Wednesday, June 18, 2008, at 9:30 a.m.

#### RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until 2 p.m. today.

Accordingly (at 12 o'clock and 50 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess until 2 p.m.

#### □ 1400

#### AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. Larsen of Washington) at 2 p.m.

[Follow manuscript as to expressing time of adjournment as 6 o'clock and 25 minutes p.m., or 6:25 p.m.]

### MOTION TO DISCHARGE COMMITTEE

March 17, 2008.

To the Clerk of the House of Representatives:

Pursuant to clause 4 of rule XXVII, I, Percy J. Priest, move to discharge the Committee on Banking and Currency from the consideration of the bill (H.R. 2887) entitled "A bill transferring certain functions of the Price Administrator, with respect to petroleum and petroleum products, to the petroleum Administrator for War," which was referred to said committee March 7, 2008, in support of which motion the undersigned Members of the House of Representatives affix their signatures, to wit:

- 1. Percy J. Priest.
- 2. Oren Harris. . . .
- 217. William E. Hess.
- 218. James G. Polk.

This motion was entered upon the Journal, entered in the Congressioal Record with signatures thereto, and referred to the Calendar of Motions To Discharge Committees, February 29, 2008.

#### House briefs

[The briefs follow at end of day's proceedings, heads and dashes to be used as shown here. This data is supplied from the House and is printed as submitted.]

### EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS, ETC.

Under clause 8 of rule XII, executive communications were taken from the Speaker's table and referred as follows:

7144. A letter from the Congressional Review Coordinator, Department of Agriculture, transmitting the Department's final rule—Consolidation of the Fruit Fly Regulations [Docket No. APHIS-2007-0084] (RIN: 0579-AC57) received June 9,

2008, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

7145. A letter from the Director. Regulatory Management Division. Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule— Pesticide Tolerances Bifenthrin: [EPA-HQ-OPP-2007-0535; FRL-8366-4] received June 9, 2008, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

7146. A letter from the Director, Regulatory Management Division, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—1,3-Dichloropropene and metabolites; Pesticide Tolerance [EPA-HQ-OPP-2007-0637; FRL-8345-1] received April 30, 2008, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

### [Use the following form if only one communication is submitted—8 point:]

Under clause 8 of rule XII, a letter from the Director, Regulatory Management Division, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—(Z)-7,8-epoxy-2-methyloctadecane (Disparlure); Exemption from the Requirement of a Tolerance [EPA-HQ-OPP-2007-0596; FRL-8367-7] received June 9, 2008, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A), was taken from the Speaker's table, referred to the Committee on Agriculture, and ordered to be printed.

### REPORTS OF COMMITTEES ON PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XIII, reports of committees were delivered to the Clerk for printing and reference to the proper calendar, as follows:

Mr. WAXMAN: Committee on Oversight and Government Reform. Supplemental report on H.R. 5781. A bill to provide that 8 of the 12 weeks of parental leave made available to a Federal employee shall be paid leave, and for other purposes. (Rept. 110–624 Pt. 2).

# REPORTS OF COMMITTEES ON PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XIII, reports of committees were delivered to the

Clerk for printing and reference to the proper calendar, as follows:

Mr. RAHALL: Committee on Natural Resources. H.R. 2964. A bill to amend the Lacey Act Amendments of 1981 to treat nonhuman primates as prohibited wildlife species under that Act, to make corrections in the provisions relating to captive wildlife offenses under that Act, and for other purposes, with an amendment (Rept. 110–712). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union.

Mr. RAHALL: Committee on Natural Resources. H.R. 3702. A bill to direct the Secretary of Agriculture to convey certain land in the Beaverhead-Deerlodge National Forest, Montana, to Jefferson County, Montana, for use as a cemetery (Rept. 110–713). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union.

Mr. RAHALL: Committee on Natural Resources. H.R. 5511. A bill to direct the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Bureau of Reclamation, to remedy problems caused by a collapsed drainage tunnel in Leadville, Colorado, and for other purposes (Rept. 110–715). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union.

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi: Committee on Homeland Security. House Resolution 1150. Resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that the Transportation Security Administration should, in accordance with the congressional mandate provided for in the Implementing Recommendations of the 9/11 Commission Act of 2007, enhance security against terrorist attack and other security threats to our Nation's rail and mass transit lines, with amendments (Rept. 110–716). Referred to the House Calendar

[Use above form also when only one report is submitted.]

#### PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XII, public bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred, as follows:

By Mr. SHADEGG:

H.R. 6274. A bill to provide an equivalent to habeas corpus protection for persons held under military authority under that part of Cuba leased to the United States; to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committee on Armed Services, for a period to be subsequently

determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. RANGEL (for himself, Mr. McDermott, Mr. Lewis of Georgia, Mr. Neal of Massachusetts, Mr. Pomeroy, Mrs. Jones of Ohio, Mr. Blumenauer, Ms. Berkley, Mr. Crowley, Mr. Van Hollen, Mr. Meek of Florida, Mr. Levin, and Mr. Larson of Connecticut):

H.R. 6275. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide individuals temporary relief from the alternative minimum tax, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

[Use the following form when only one bill or resolution is submitted:]

Under clause 2 of rule XII:

Mr. CAZAYOUX (for himself, Mr. Childers, Ms. Waters, Mr. Thompson of Mississippi, Mr. Frank of Massachusetts, Mr. Cuellar, and Mrs. Capito) introduced a bill (H.R. 6276) to repeal section 9(k) of the United States Housing Act of 1937; to the Committee on Financial Services.

#### MEMORIALS

Under clause 3 of rule XII, memorials were presented and referred as follows:

[Use the following form when submitted by the Speaker if By the Speaker is not in manuscript:]

327. By the SPEAKER: Memorial of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana, relative to Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 76 memorializing the Congress of the United States to take such actions as are necessary to expedite the reopening of the Arabi branch of the United States Postal Service located in St. Bernard Parish; to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform.

328. Also, a memorial of the Legislature of the State of Idaho, relative to Senate Joint Memorial No. 114 expressing opposition to S. 40 and H.R. 3200; jointly to the Committees on Financial Services and the Judiciary.

#### MEMORIALS

Under clause 3 of rule XII,

[Use the following form when only one memorial is submitted:]

326. The SPEAKER presented a memorial of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana, relative to Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 51 memorializing the Congress of the United States to establish a grant program to assist the seafood industry in St. Tammany, St. Bernard, Orleans, and Plaque-mines parishes; to the Committee on Financial Services.

# PRIVATE BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 1 of rule XXII, private bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred as follows:

By Mr. ATKINSON:

H.R. 6583. A bill for the relief of Mohamed Tejpar and Nargis Tejpar; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. AuCOIN:

H.R. 6584. A bill for the relief of Celia Maarit Halle; to the Committee of the Judiciary.

### [Use the following form when only one bill or resolution is submitted:]

Under clause 1 of rule XXII,

Mr. LANTOS introduced a bill (H.R. 6766) for the relief of Shanna Teresa Millich; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

#### ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions as follows:

H.R. 78: Mr. Garrett of New Jersey. H.R. 96: Mr. Rangel.

H.R. 154: Mr. Towns, Mr. Frelinghuysen, Mr. Doyle, Mr. Space, and Mr. Larson of Connecticut.

### [Note.—Set sponsors caps and Members caps and lower case.]

#### DISCHARGE PETITIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XV, the following discharge petitions were filed:

Petition 10, June 24, 2008, by Mr. JOHN R. "RANDY" KUHL, Jr. on H.R. 5656, was signed by the following Members: John R. "Randy" Kuhl Jr., Doug Lamborn, David Davis, Robert E. Latta, Joseph R. Pitts, Charles W. Boustany, Jr., Ron Paul, Michael T. McCaul, John Kline, Randy Neugebauer, Lynn A. Westmoreland, and Wally Herger.

Petition 11, June 24, 2008, by Mr. THOMAS G. TANCREDO on House Resolution 1240, was signed by the following Members: Thomas G. Tancredo and Jean Schmidt.

#### DISCHARGE PETITIONS— ADDITIONS OR DELETIONS

The following Members added their names to the following discharge petitions:

Petition 3 by Mr. PENCE on House Resolution 694: Timothy V. Johnson.

Petition 4 by Mr. ADERHOLT on H.R. 3584: Trent Franks.

Petition 5 by Mrs. DRAKE on H.R. 4088: Timothy V. Johnson.

#### PETITIONS, ETC.

Under clause 3 of rule XII, petitions and papers were laid on the clerk's desk and referred as follows:

283. The SPEAKER presented a petition of the City Council of Compton, CA, relative to Resolution No. 22,564 supporting the Homeowners and Bank Protection Act of 2007; to the Committee on Financial Services.

284. Also, a petition of the California State Lands Commission, relative to a Resolution regarding the taking of marine mammals and sea turtles incidental to power plant operations of once-through cooling power plants in California; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

### [Use the following form when only one petition is submitted:]

Under clause 1 of rule XXII,

139. The SPEAKER presented a petition of the Council of the District of Columbia, relative to the Council-adopted resolution entitled, "National Park Service-Georgetown Branch Rail Right-of-Way Acquisition Resolution of 1990"; which was referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

#### AMENDMENTS

Under clause 8 of rule XVIII, proposed amendments were submitted as follows:

#### H.R. 1328

OFFERED BY: MR. COLE OF OKLAHOMA

AMENDMENT No. 4: Page 341, line 11, after "title." insert the following: "The Federal Government shall not withhold funding.".

### **CONGRESSIONAL RECORD INDEX**

#### **General instructions**

Set in 7 point on 8 point, Record measure (168 points, 14 picas).

Cap lines and italic lines are set flush left.

Entries are indented 1 em, with overs 2 ems.

Bill introductions are to be identified as to sponsor or cosponsor.

Bullet following page number in index identifies unspoken material.

Pages are identified as S (Senate), H (House), and E (Extensions).

Pages in bound Record index are entered numerically, without S, H, or E prefixes.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms-

(for use on notation of content line)

#### **Abbreviations**

Streets: St.; Ave.; Ct.; Dr.; Blvd.; Rd.; Sq.; Ter.

Names: Jr.; Sr.; II (etc.)

Businesses: Co.; Corp. (includes all Federal corporations); Inc.; Ltd.; Bros.

States: See rule 9.13.

Dept. of Agriculture	. Sec. of Agriculture.
Dept. of Commerce	Sec. of Commerce.
Dept. of Defense	. Sec. of Defense.
Dept. of Education	Sec. of Education.
Dept. of Energy	Sec. of Energy.
Dept. of Health and Human Services	Sec. of Health and
Dept. of Homeland Security	Sec. of Homeland Security
Dept. of Housing and Urban Development	Sec. of Housing and
Dept. of the Interior	Sec. of the Interior.
Dept. of Justice	Attorney General.
Dept. of Labor	. Sec. of Labor.
Dept. of State	. Sec. of State.
Dept. of Transportation	Sec. of Transportation.
Dept. of the Treasury	Sec. of the Treasury.
Dept. of Veterans Affairs	Sec. of Veterans Affairs.

### **Acronyms**

Agency for International Development	AID
Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome	AIDS
American Association of Retired Persons	AARP
American Bar Association	ABA
American Civil Liberties Union	ACLU
American Federation of Labor and Congress of Industrial Organizations	AFL-CIO
American Medical Association	AMA
British Broadcasting Corp	BBC
Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives	ATF
Bureau of Indian Affairs	
Bureau of Land Management	BLM
Bureau of Labor Statistics	BLS
Cable News Network	
Cable Satellite Public Affairs Network	C-SPAN
Central Intelligence Agency	CIA
Civil Service Retirement System	CSRS
Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services	CHAMPUS
Commodity Credit Corp	CCC
Commodity Futures Trading Commission	CFTC
$Comprehensive\ Environmental\ Response,\ Compensation\ and\ Liability\ Act$	CERCLA
Congressional Budget Office	CBO
Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act	COBRA
Consumer Product Safety Commission	CPSC
Daughters of the American Revolution	
Deoxyribonucleic acid	
Disabled American Veterans	
Drug Enforcement Administration	DEA
Employee Retirement Income Security Act	ERISA
Environmental Protection Agency	EPA
Equal Employment Opportunity Commission	
Export-Import Bank	
Federal Aviation Administration	FA A
Federal Bureau of Investigation	FBI
Federal Communications Commission	FCC
Federal Crop Insurance Corp	FCIC
Federal Deposit Insurance Corp	
Federal Election Commission	
Federal Emergency Management Agency	FEMA
Federal Employee Retirement System	FERS

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission	FERC
Federal Housing Administration	FHA
Federal Insurance Contribution Act	FICA
Federal National Mortgage Association	Fannie Mae
Federal Reserve System	FRS
Federal Trade Commission	FTC
Food and Drug Administration	FDA
General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade	GATT
General Services Administration	GSA
Government Accountability Office	GAO
Government Printing Office	GPO
Gross national product	GNP
Health maintenance organization(s)	HMO(s)
Human immunodeficiency virus	
Internal Revenue Service	IRS
International Business Machines Corp	IBM
International Monetary Fund	IMF
International Trade Commission	ITC
Legal Services Corp.	
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program	LIHEAP
Missing in action	
National Aeronautics and Space Administration	
National Association for the Advancement of Colored People	NAACP
National Broadcasting Co.	NBC
National Collegiate Athletic Association	NCAA
National Institute of Standards and Technology	NIST
National Institutes of Health	NIH
National Labor Relations Board	NLRB
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration	
National Railroad Passenger Corp.	
National Rifle Association	
National Security Council	NSC
National Science Foundation	NSF
National Transportation Safety Board	NTSB
North American Free Trade Agreement	
North Atlantic Treaty Organization	
Nuclear Regulatory Commission	
Occupational Safety and Health Administration	OSHA
Office of Management and Budget	
Office of Personnel Management	
Office of Thrift Supervision	
Organization of American States	
Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries	OPEC

Overseas Private Investment Corp	OPIC
Palestine Liberation Organization	PLO
Parent-Teachers Association	PTA
Prisoner of war	POW
Public Broadcasting Service	PBS
Racketeer Influenced Corrupt Organization Act	RICO
Reserve Officers' Training Corps	ROTC
Securities Exchange Commission	SEC
Small Business Administration	SBA
Social Security Administration	SSA
Supplemental security income	SSI
Tennessee Valley Authority	TVA
United Auto Workers	UAW
United Nations	U.N.
United Nations Children's Fund	UNICEF
United Nations Educational Scientific and Cultural Organization	UNESCO
Veterans of Foreign Wars	VFW
Voice of America	VOA
Women, Infants, and Children Program	WIC
World Health Organization	WHO
Young Men's Christian Association	YMCA
Young Women's Christian Association	YWCA

### **Spacing**

Biweekly Record index folioed in upper right and left corner; no extra spacing.

Bound Record index folioed in upper right and left corner; no extra spacing.

History of Bills folioed in upper right and left corner using H.B. numbers; no extra spacing.

Bound History of Bills folioed in lower right and left corner, first folio numerically higher than the last folio of index; no extra spacing.

### Capitalization

Capitalize principal words after these formats:

Addresses Book reviews
Analyses Booklets
Appendices Brochures

Articles and editorials Conference reports
Biographies Descriptions

Documents Prayers by visitors

Essays Prefaces
Essays: Voice of Democracy Press releases
Eulogies Proclamations
Explanations Reports
Factsheets Report filed

Forewords Resolutions of ratification

Histories Résumés Homilies Sermons Hymns Sngs Memorandums Statements Messages Studies Oaths of office Summaries **Pamphlets** Surveys Papers Synopses Platforms Testimonies Poems Transcripts Prayers Treaties

#### Lowercase after these formats:

Advertisements Commentaries
Affidavits Comments

Agenda Communications from

Communiques Agreements Amendments Comparisons Announcements Cost estimates Appointments Court decisions Awards Court documents Bills and resolutions Declarations Dedications Bills and resolutions cosponsored Bills and resolutions introduced Definitions Bills and resolutions relative to Descriptions

Briefs Designated acting Presidents pro tempore
Briefings Designated acting Speaker pro tempore

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#### **Punctuation**

Comma precedes folio figures.

If numbers of several bills are given, use this form: (see S. 24, 25); (see H.R. 217, 218), etc.; that is, do not repeat S. or H.R. with each number.

In consecutive numbers (more than two) use an en dash to connect first with last: \$46-\$48, 518-520.

Quotes are used for book titles.

A 3-em dash is used as a ditto for word or words leading up to colon:

Taxation: capital gains rates
——earned income tax credit
——rates

#### Roman and italic

Use italic for Members of Congress descriptive data:

CARDIN, BENJAMIN L. (a Senator from Maryland); EMANUEL, RAHM (a Representative from Illinois).

Names of vessels in italic:

Brooklyn (U.S.S.);

Savannah (vessel);

Columbia (space shuttle).

#### Flush cap lines

All cap lines are separate entries. They are set flush with overs indented 2 ems:

CARDIN, BENJAMIN (a Senator from Maryland)

EMANUEL, RAHM (a Representative from Illinois)

PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES (George W. Bush)

VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES (Richard B. Cheney)

COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS (House)

COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN RELATIONS (Senate)

FARMERS see AGRICULTURE

SENATE related term(s) Committees of the Senate; Legislative Branch of the Government; Members of Congress; Votes in Senate

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR related term(s) Bureau of Land Management, Bureau of Reclamation

PRESIDENTIAL APPOINTMENTS

**VOTES IN HOUSE** 

VOTES IN SENATE

No. XII

# Congressional Record Index

Proceedings and debates of the  $107^{tb}$  congress, second session

Vol. 154

#### JULY 21 TO AUGUST 8, 2008

Nos. 119 to 132

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July 24 No. 122 S7203-S7434	H7061-H7166 E1549-E1554	D941-D948
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July 29No. 127 S7579–S7708	H7171-H7330 E1579-E1591	D968-D980
July 30No. 128 S7709–S7804	H7331-H7631 E1593-E1625	D981-D994
July 31No. 129 S7805-S7982	H7633-H7707 E1627-E1640	D996-D1008
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August 5 No. 131 S8081		D1017–D1018
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<sup>\*</sup>Continuation of proceedings

NOTE: Elements in brackets which follow page numbers in the Index refer to the dates of the Congressional Record in which those pages may be found. Unspoken material is indicated by a bullet (•).

#### AARP (ORGANIZATION)

Letters

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Medicare Trigger Ignores Real Problem-Skyrocketing Health Care Costs, H7125 [24JY]

### ABERCROMBIE, NEIL (a Representative from Hawaii)

Bills and resolutions cosponsored

Armed Forces: tribute to the 28th Infantry Division (see H. Con. Res. 390), H7308 [29JY]

Bulgaria: independence anniversary (see H. Res. 1383), H7630 [30JY]

Bureau of Prisons: provide stab-resistant personal body armor to all correctional officers and require such officers to wear such armor while on duty (see H.R. 6462), H6734 [21JY]

Diseases: improve and enhance research and programs on cancer survivorship (see H.R. 4450), H7308 [29JY]

Education: strengthen communities through English literacy, civic education, and immigrant integration programs (see H.R. 6617), H7164 [24JY]

Medicare: ensure more timely access to home health services for beneficiaries (see H.R. 6826), H7808 [1AU]

replace the prescription drug benefit with a revised and simplified program for all beneficiaries (see H.R. 6800), H7807 [1AU]

Motor vehicles: encourage increased production of

natural gas vehicles and provide tax incentives for natural gas vehicle infrastructure (see H.R. 6570), H7630 [30JY]

Palladio, Andrea: anniversary of birth (see H. Con. Res. 407), H7788 [31JY]

Power resources: open Outer Continental shelf areas to oil and gas leasing, curb excessive energy speculation, and require Strategic Petroleum Reserve sale and acquisitions of certain fuels (see H.R. 6670), H7628 [30JY]

——provide a comprehensive plan for greater energy independence (see H.R. 6709), H7785 [31JY] U.S. Public Service Academy: establish (see H.R.

1671), H7789 [31JY] Yunus, Muhammad: award Congressional Gold

Medal (see H.R. 1801), H7629 [30JY]

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#### ABORTION

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U.S. Leadership Against HIV/AIDS, Tuberculosis, and Malaria Act: prohibit use of funds for any organization or program which supports or participates in the management of coerced abortions or involuntary sterilization, H7116 [24JY]

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Dept. of HHS: proposed regulation to change the definition of abortion, S7141 [23JY]

#### ACCESS, COMPARISON, CARE, AND ETHICS FOR SERIOUSLY ILL PATIENTS (ACCESS) ACT

Remarks in Senate

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#### ACCESS FOR ALL AMERICA ACT

Bills and resolutions

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Remarks in Senate

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#### ACHIEVING OUR IDEA ACT

Remarks in House

Enact (H.R. 1896), E1701 [1AU]

### ACKERMAN, GARY L. (a Representative from New York)

Bills and resolutions cosponsored

Bangladesh: elections (see H. Res. 1402), H7788 [31JY]

China, People's Republic of: call for end to human rights abuses of citizens, cease repression of Tibetan and Uyghur people, and end support for Governments of Sudan and Burma (see H. Res. 1370), H7309 [29JY]

Dept. of the Treasury: establish a commemorative quarter dollar coin program emblematic of prominent civil rights leaders and important events advancing civil rights (see H.R. 6701), H7809 [1AU]

Great Lakes-St. Lawrence River Basin Water Resources Compact: grant congressional consent and approval (see H.R. 6577), H7165 [24JY]

Human rights: defeat campaign by some members of the Organization of the Islamic Conference to divert the U.N. Durban Review Conference from a review of problems in their own and other countries (see H. Res. 1361), H7059 [23JY]

Immigration: modify certain requirements with respect to H-IB nonimmigrants (see H.R. 5630), H7629 [30JY]

New York, NY: extend and improve protections and services to individuals directly impacted by the terrorist attack (see H.R. 6594), H7630 [30JY]

Palladio, Andrea: anniversary of birth (see H. Con. Res. 407), H7809 [1AU]

Religion: support spirit of peace and desire for unity displayed in the letter from leading Muslim scholars, and in the Pope Benedict XVI response (see H. Con. Res. 374), H7165 [24JY]

Bills and resolutions introduced

Syria: express concern regarding continued violations of political, civil, and human rights and call for release of prisoners of conscience and other political prisoners (see H. Res. 1398), H7788 [31JY]

#### ADAMS, MICHAEL F.

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### ADERHOLT, ROBERT B. (a Representative from Alabama)

Bills and resolutions cosponsored

Crime: provide for the use of information in the

National Directory of New Hires in enforcing sex offender registration laws (see H.R. 6539), H7165 [24JY]

Dept. of the Interior: establish oil and gas leasing program for public lands within the Coastal Plain of Alaska (see H.R. 6758), H7787 [31JY]

House of Representatives: prohibit adjournment until approval of a bill to establish a comprehensive national energy plan addressing energy conservation and expansion of renewable and conventional energy sources (see H. Res. 1391), H7629 [30JY]

National Prostate Cancer Awareness Month: support goals and ideals (see H. Res. 672), H7790 [31JY]

Power resources: expedite exploration and development of oil and gas from Federal lands (see H.R. 6379), H7629 [30JY]

promote alternative and renewable fuels, domestic energy production, conservation, and efficiency, and increase energy independence (see H.R. 6566), H6824 [22JY]

——provide a comprehensive plan for greater energy independence (see H.R. 6709), H7809 [1AU]

Schools: withhold Federal funds from schools that permit or require the recitation of the Pledge of Allegiance or the National Anthem in a language other than English (see H.R. 6783), H7806 [1AU]

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Bills and resolutions introduced

Power resources: enhance energy independence through the usage of existing resources and technology (see H. Con. Res. 401), H7787 [31JY]

### ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE, U.S. COURTS see COURTS

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Sand Creek Telephone Co.: anniversary, E1703 [1AU]

#### ADVANCING AMERICA'S PRIORITIES ACT

Bills and resolutions

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——several ocean and coastal research, education, and conservation organizations, S7547 [28JY]

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Chesapeake Bay Initiative Act: provide for continuing authorization of the Chesapeake Bay Gateways.

In history of bills, sequence is: Senate bills, Senate joint resolutions, Senate concurrent resolutions, and Senate resolutions; then House bills, House joint resolutions, House concurrent resolutions, and House resolutions: S. 14, S.J. Res. 7, S. Con. Res. 26, S. Res. 5, H. 980, H.J. Res. 9, H. Con. Res. 16, and H. Res. 50.

# History of Bills and Resolutions

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May 12No. 77S. H.R.	3001–3009 6021–6024	S	S. Con. Res. 82	S. Res. 558–560
May 13		S.J. Res. 32		S. Res. 561–563 H. Res. 1187–1193
May 19No. 82 S. H.R.		E		S. Res. 569–570 H. Res. 1208–1209
May 21No. 84 S. H.R.	3045–3047 6104–6122		3. Con. Res. 83 I. Con. Res. 360	S. Res. 572–573 H. Res. 1217–1219
May 22No. 85S. H.R.	3048–3073 6123–6166		S. Con. Res. 84–85 I. Con. Res. 361–365	S. Res. 574–579 H. Res. 1220–1232

Bills receiving legislative action during this Index period numerically precede new bills introduced.

#### SENATE BILLS

- S. 11—A bill to provide liability protection to volunteer pilot nonprofit organizations that fly for public benefit and to the pilots and staff of such nonprofit organizations, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.
  - Cosponsors added, S4621 [21MY]
- S. 2062—A bill to amend the Native American Housing Assistance and Self-Determination Act of 1996 to reauthorize that Act, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Indian Affairs.
  - Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs discharged, S814 [8FE]
  - Amendments, S850 [11FE], S4836, S4839, S4844 [22MY]

Passed Senate amended, S4839 [22MY]

#### SENATE JOINT RESOLUTIONS

S.J. Res. 17—A joint resolution directing the United States to initiate international discussions and take necessary steps with other Nations to negotiate an agreement for managing migratory and transboundary fish stocks in the Arctic Ocean; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

Debated, H4067 [19MY] Text, H4067 [19MY]

Rules suspended. Passed House, H4402 [21MY] Message from the House, S4790 [22MY]

S.J. Res. 28—A joint resolution disapproving the rule submitted by the Federal Communications

- Commission with respect to broadcast media ownership; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.
- By Mr. DORGAN (for himself, Ms. Snowe, Mr. Kerry, Ms. Collins, Mr. Dodd, Mr. Obama, Mr. Harkin, Mrs. Clinton, Ms. Cantwell, Mr. Biden, Mr. Reed, Mrs. Feinstein, Mr. Sanders, Mr. Tester, and Mr. Stevens), S1597 [5MR]
- Cosponsors added, S1704 [6MR], S1878 [11MR], S2136 [13MR], S2233 [31MR], S2348 [2AP], S2947 [10AP], S3081 [16AP], S3700 [1MY]

Reported (S. Rept. 110–334), S3975 [8MY] Passed Senate amended, S4267 [15MY]

Text, S4270 [15MY]

Message from the Senate, H4065 [19MY] Held at the desk, H4065 [19MY]

# SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

- S. Con. Res. 82—A concurrent resolution supporting the Local Radio Freedom Act; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.
  - By Mrs. LINCOLN (for herself, Mr. Wicker, Mr. Brownback, Mr. Allard, Mr. Nelson of Nebraska, Ms. Murkowski, and Mr. Webb), S4029 [12MY]
- S. Con. Res. 85—A concurrent resolution authorizing the use of the rotunda of the Capitol to honor Frank W. Buckles, the last surviving United States veteran of the First World War.
  - By Mr. SPECTER (for himself, Mr. Byrd, Mrs. Dole, Mr. McCain, Mr. Warner, Mr. Lieberman, Mr. Rockefeller, and Mr. Burr), S4793 [22MY]

S. Con. Res. 85—Continued Text, S4810, S4848 [22MY] Agreed to in the Senate, S4848 [22MY]

#### SENATE RESOLUTIONS

S. Res. 496—A resolution honoring the 60th anniversary of the commencement of the carving of the Crazy Horse Memorial; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. THUNE (for himself and Mr. Johnson), S2346 [2AP]

Text, S2362 [2AP], S4427 [20MY]

Committee discharged. Agreed to in the Senate, S4427 [20MY]

- S. Res. 562—A resolution honoring Concerns of Police Survivors as the organization begins its 25th year of service to family members of law enforcement officers killed in the line of duty.
  - By Ms. MURKOWSKI (for herself, Mr. Biden, Mr. Brown, Mr. Menendez, Ms. Mikulski, Mr. Craig, Mr. Whitehouse, Mr. Baucus, Mr. Dodd, Mrs. Feinstein, Mr. Inouye, Mr. Lautenberg, Mrs. Lincoln, Mr. Nelson of Florida, Mr. Pryor, Mr. Smith, Ms. Stabenow, Mr. Stevens, Mr. Tester, and Mr. Thune), S4106 [13MY]

Text, S4114, S4121 [13MY]

Agreed to in the Senate, S4120 [13MY]

#### HOUSE BILLS

- H.R. 158—A bill to direct the Secretary of the Treasury to mint coins in commemoration of the battlefields of the Revolutionary War and the War of 1812, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Financial Services.
  - Cosponsors added, H3108 [6MY], H4061 [15MY]
- H.R. 503—A bill to amend the Horse Protection Act to prohibit the shipping, transporting, moving, delivering, receiving, possessing, purchasing, selling, or donation of horses and other equines to be slaughtered for human consumption, and for other purposes; to the Committees on Energy and Commerce; Agriculture.
  - By Ms. SCHAKOWSKY (for herself, Mr. Whitfield, Mr. Rahall, Mr. Spratt, Mr. Gallegly, Mr. Markey, Mr. Pallone, Mr. Nadler, Mr. Van Hollen, Ms. McCollum of Minnesota, Ms. Bordallo, Ms. Schwartz, Mr. Ackerman, Mr. Doyle, Ms. Lee, Mr. Cleaver, Mr. Serrano, Ms. Berkley, Mr. Shays, Mr. Jones of North Carolina, Mr. McCotter, Mr. Cummings, Ms. DeLauro, Mr. George Miller of California, Mr. Grijalva, Mrs. Capps, Ms. Bean, Ms. Matsui, Mr. King of New York, Mr. Burton of Indiana, Mr. Kildee, Ms. Kaptur, Mr. Dicks, Mr. Berman, Ms. Hirono, Mr. Chandler, Mr. Gerlach, Mr. Tierney, Mr. Bishop of New York, Mr. Frank of Massachusetts, Mr. Lynch, Mr. Kirk, Mr. Campbell of California, Mr. Wilson of South Carolina, Ms. Jackson-Lee of Texas, Mr. Sherman,

Mr. LaTourette, Mr. Larson of Connecticut, Mr. Israel, Ms. Woolsey, Mr. Brown of South Carolina, Ms. Eddie Bernice Johnson of Texas, Mr. Moore of Kansas, Mr. Moran of Virginia, Mr. McNulty, Mrs. Maloney of New York, Mr. Inslee, Mr. Wolf, Ms. Carson, Mr. Weiner, Mr. Ruppersberger, Mr. Smith of New Jersey, and Mr. Linder), H670 [17JA]

Cosponsors added, H1055 [30JA], H1153 [31JA], H1565 [13FE], H1668 [14FE], H1896 [16FE], H2165 [5MR], H2621 [15MR], H2821 [21MR], H3279 [28MR], H3363 [29MR], H3476 [17AP], H3724 [20AP], H4553 [7MY], H5054 [15MY], H5927 [24MY], H6181 [71N], H6439, H6476 [14JN], H6828 [20JN], H7202 [26JN], H8121 [18JY], H8821 [27JY], H9656 [2AU], H10696 [20SE], H11028 [27SE]

H.R. 4841—A bill to approve, ratify, and confirm the settlement agreement entered into to resolve claims by the Soboba Band of Luiseno Indians relating to alleged interences with the water resources of the Tribe, to authorize and direct the Secretary of the Interior to execute and perform the Settlement Agreement and related waivers, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

Cosponsors added, H390 [22JA], H480 [28JA], H558 [29JA]

Reported with amendment (H. Rept. 110–649), H4059 [15MY]

Debated, H4075 [19MY]

Text, H4075 [19MY]

Rules suspended. Passed House amended, H4401 [21MY]

Message from the House, S4790 [22MY] Passed Senate, S7197 [23JY]

- H.R. 6081—A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide benefits for military personnel, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.
  - By Mr. RANGEL (for himself, Mr. Stark, Mr. McDermott, Mr. Lewis of Georgia, Mr. Neal of Massachusetts, Mr. Pomeroy, Mrs. Jones of Ohio, Mr. Larson of Connecticut, Mr. Emanuel, Mr. Blumenauer, Mr. Kind, Ms. Berkley, Mr. Crowley, Mr. Van Hollen, Mr. Meek of Florida, Mr. Altmire, Mrs. Boyda of Kansas, Mr. Cohen, Ms. DeLauro, Mr. Ellsworth, Mr. Loebsack, Ms. Tsongas, Mr. Welch of Vermont, Mr. Walz of Minnesota, Mr. Arcuri, Ms. Shea-Porter, Mr. Becerra, Mrs. Davis of California, and Mr. Doggett), H4064 [16MY]

Cosponsors added, H4151 [19MY]

Debated, H4160 [20MY]

Text, H4160 [20MY]

Rules suspended. Passed House amended, H4187 [20MY]

Message from the House, S4617 [21MY]

Passed Senate, S4772 [22MY]

Message from the Senate, H4821 [22MY]

- H.R. 6166—A bill to impose certain limitations on the receipt of out-of-State municipal solid waste, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.
  - By Mr. WITTMAN of Virginia (for himself, Mr. Wolf, Mr. Moran of Virginia, and Mr. Donnelly),

### 20. Reports and Hearings

The data for these publications arrives at GPO from many different sources. Congressional committee staff members are responsible for gathering the information printed in these publications.

Report language is compiled and submitted along with the bill language to the clerks of the respective Houses. The clerks assign the report numbers, etc., and forward this information to GPO for typesetting and printing. In many instances the reports are camera ready copy, needing only insertion of the assigned report number.

Likewise, hearings are also compiled by committee staff members. The data or captured keystrokes as submitted by the various reporting services are forwarded to GPO where the element identifier codes are programmatically inserted and galley or page output is accomplished without manual intervention. It is not cost effective to prepare the manuscript as per the GPO Style Manual as it is too time-consuming to update and change the data once it is already in type form. Therefore, these publications are to be FIC & punc., unless specifically requested otherwise by the committee. It is not necessary to stamp the copy. However, style as stated in the following rules will be followed.

### Style and format of congressional reports

Below are rules that should be followed for the makeup of congressional numbered reports. In either Senate or House reports, follow bill style in extracts from bills. Report numbers run consecutively from first to second session:

- 1. All excerpts to be set in 10-point type, cut in 2 ems on each side, except as noted in paragraph 3 below. For ellipses in cut-in matter, lines of five stars are used.
  - 2. Contempt proceedings to be considered as excerpts.
  - 3. The following are to be set in 10-point type, but not cut in:
    - (a) Letters which are readily identified as such by salutation and signature.
    - (b) Appendixes and/or exhibits which have a heading readily identifying them as such; and

- (c) Matter printed in compliance with the Ramseyer rule.1
- 4. All leaderwork and lists of more than six items to be set in 8-point type.
  - 5. All tabular work to be set in 7-point gothic type.
- 6. An amendment in the nature of a substitute to be set in 8-point type, but quotations from such amendment later in the report to be treated as excerpts, but set full measure (see paragraph 10 below).
- 7. Any committee print having a report head indicated on original copy to be set in report type and style.
- 8. Committee prints not having a report head indicated on original copy to be set in committee print style; that is, excerpts to be set in 8 point, full measure.
- 9. If a committee print set as indicated in paragraph 8 is later submitted as a report or included in a report, and the type is available for pickup, such type shall be picked up and used as is in the report.
- 10. On matter that is cut in on the left only for purposes of breakdown, no space is used above and below, but on all matter that is cut in on both sides, 4 points are used above and below. If a bill is submitted as an excerpt, it will not be squeezed because of the indentions and the limited number of element identifiers.
- 11. On reports of immigration cases, set memorandums full measure unless preceded or followed directly by committee language. Memorandums are indented on both sides if followed by such language. Preparers should indicate the proper indention on copy.
- 12. Order of printing (Senate reports only): (1) Report, (2) minority or additional views, (3) Cordon rule<sup>2</sup> (last unless an appendix is used), (4) appendix (if any).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Ramseyer rule.—House: If report has "Changes in Existing Law" use caps and small caps for heads, except for breakdown within a cap and small cap head.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Cordon rule.—Senate: If report has "Changes in Existing Law" use small cap heads, except for breakdown within a cap and small cap head.

- 13. Minority or additional views will begin a new page with 10-point cap heading. In Senate reports, "Changes in Existing Law" begins a new page if following "views." In conference reports, "Joint Explanatory Statement" begins a new odd page.
- 14. Minority or additional views are only printed if they have been signed by the authoring congressperson.

### [Sample of excerpt]

In *Palmer v. Mass.*, decided in 1939, which involved the reorganization of the New Haven Railroad, the Supreme Court said:

The judicial processes in bankruptcy proceedings under section 77 are, as it were, brigaded with the administrative processes of the Commission.

### [Sample of an excerpt with an added excerpt]

The Interstate Commerce Commission in its report dated February 29, 1956, which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, states that it has no objection to the enactment of S. 3025, and states, in part, as follows:

The proposed amendment, however, should be considered together with the provisions of section 959(b), title 28, United States Code, which reads as follows:

"A trustee, receiver, or manager appointed in any cause pending in any court of the United States," etc.

### [Sample of amendment]

On page 6, line 3, strike the words "and the service", strike all of lines 4, 5, and 6, and insert in lieu thereof the following:

and, notwithstanding any other provision of law, the service credit authorized by this clause 3 of rule XIII of the Rule of the House of Representatives, change shall not—

(A) be included in establishing eligibility for voluntary or involuntary retirement or separation from the service, under any provision of law;

### [Sample of amendment]

The amendments are indicated in the bill as reported and are as follows: On page 2, line 15, change the period to a colon and add the following:

*Provided*, That such approaches shall include only those necessary portions of streets, avenues, and boulevards, etc.

On page 3, line 12, after "operated", insert "free of tolls".

[Sample of amendment in the nature of a substitute]

The amendment is as follows:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

That the second paragraph under the heading "National Park Service" in the Act of July 31, 1953 (67 Stat. 261, 271), is amended to read as follows: "The Secretary of the Interior shall hereafter report in detail all proposed awards of concessions leases and contracts involving a gross annual business of \$100,000 or more, or of more than five years in duration, including renewals thereof, sixty days before such awards are made, to the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives for transmission to the appropriate committees."

### [Sample of letter inserted in report]

The Department of Defense recommends enactment of the proposed legislation and the Office of Management and Budget interposes no objection as indicated by the following attached letter, which is hereby made a part of this report:

March 21, 2008.

Hon. Nancy Pelosi, Speaker of the House of Representatives, Washington, DC.

Formetal-class aircraft carriers

My Dear Madam Speaker: There is forwarded herewith a draft of legislation to amend section 303 of the Career Compensation Act.

 $[Sample\ of\ cut-in\ for\ purposes\ of\ breakdown;\ no\ spacing\ above\ or\ below]$ 

Under uniform regulations prescribed by the Secretaries concerned, a member of the uniformed services who—

- (1) is retired for physical disability or placed upon the temporary disability retired list; or
- (2) is retired with pay for any other reason, or is discharged with severance pay, immediately following at least eight years of continuous active duty (no single break therein of more than ninety days):

may select his home for the purposes of the travel and transportation allowances payable under this subsection, etc.

### [Sample of leaderwork]

Among the 73 vessels mentioned above, 42 are classified as major combatant ships (aircraft carriers through escort vessels), in the following types:

Destroyers.						
*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Guided-mis	sile subma	arine				
Total						

### [Sample of sectional analysis]

### SECTIONAL ANALYSIS

Section 1. Increase of 1 year in constructive service for promotion purposes

The principal purpose of the various subsections of section 1 is to provide a 1-year increase for medical and dental officers in \* \* \*  $^{*}$ 

\* \* \* \* \* \* \*

Subsection 101(a) is in effect a restatement of the existing law

This subsection authorizes the President to make regular appointments in the grade of first lieutenant through \* \* \*  $^{*}$ 

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

[Sample of amendment under Ramseyer rule]

### CHANGES IN EXISTING LAW

In compliance with clause 3 of rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, changes in existing law made by the bill, as introduced, are shown as follows (existing law proposed to be omitted is enclosed in black brackets, new matter is printed in italic, existing law in which no change is proposed is shown in roman):

EXPORT CONTROL ACT OF 1949

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

#### TERMINATION DATE

Sec. 12. The authority granted herein shall terminate on June 30, [1956] 1959, or upon any prior date which the Congress by concurrent resolution or the President may designate.

[The following examples are for sample purposes only] [Sample of "Report" Skeleton]

110TH CONGRESS 2d Session

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Rept. 110-542 Part 1

PROVIDING FOR AND APPROVE THE SETTLEMENT OF CERTAIN LAND CLAIMS OF THE SAULT STE. MARIE TRIBE OF CHIPPEWA INDIANS 1

MARCH 6, 2008.—Ordered to be printed 2

Mr. RAHALL, from the Committee on Natural Resources, submitted the following

### REPORT

together with

### DISSENTING VIEWS

[To accompany H.R. 4115]

[Including cost estimate of the Congressional Budget Office]

The Committee on Natural Resources, to whom was referred the bill (H.R. 4115) to provide for and approve the settlement of certain land claims of the Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians, having considered the same, report favorably thereon with an amendment and recommend that the bill as amended do pass.<sup>3</sup>

### PURPOSE OF THE BILL 4

The purpose of H.R. 4115 is to provide for and approve the settlement of certain land claims of the Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> If title makes more than three lines in 10-point caps, set in 8-point caps.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Must be set as indicated in copy. If illustrations accompany copy and are not ordered to be printed, do not add with illustrations. Return copy to Production Manager.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> If the wording in this paragraph is prepared in the singular form, follow.
<sup>4</sup> For Senate Committee on Finance and House Committee on Ways and Means, heads are set in bold caps.

[Sample of "Report" Skeleton]

### Calendar No. 6521

110TH CONGRESS 2d Session

**SENATE** 

REPORT 110-300

### CIVIL WAR BATTLEFIELD PRESERVATION ACT OF 2008

APRIL 10, 2008.—Ordered to be printed

Filed under authority of the order of the Senate of April 10 (legislative day, April 9), 2008<sup>2</sup>

Mr. BINGAMAN, from the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, submitted the following

### REPORT

together with

### ADDITIONAL VIEWS

[To accompany S. 1921]

The Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, to which was referred the bill (S. 1921) to amend the American Battlefield Protection Act of 1996 to extend the authorization for that Act, and for other purposes, having considered the same, reports favorably thereon with an amendment and recommends that the bill, as amended, do pass.

#### PURPOSE

The purpose of S. 1921 is to reauthorize the American Battlefield Protection Act for an additional five years, from 2008 until 2013.

### BACKGROUND AND NEED

The American Battlefield Protection Program was authorized in 1996 to provide funding for preservation of threatened Civil War battlefields. The program leverages Federal appropriations by requiring matching non-Federal funds. The battlefield protection

 $<sup>^1\</sup>mbox{Use}$  this type and form only on Senate reports. There is only one calendar in the Senate.  $^2\mbox{Style}$  for filed line, if present.

[Sample of "Report" Skeleton]

110TH CONGRESS 2d Session

### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

REPORT 110-590

PROVIDING¹ FOR CONSIDERATION OF THE BILL (H.R. 5715) TO ENSURE CONTINUED AVAILABILITY OF ACCESS TO THE FEDERAL STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM FOR STUDENTS AND FAMILIES²

APRIL 15, 2008.—Referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed

Ms. CASTOR, from the Committee on Rules, submitted the following

### REPORT

[To accompany H. Res. 1107]

The Committee on Rules, having had under consideration House Resolution 1107, by a record vote of 8–4, report the same to the House with the recommendation that the resolution be adopted.

#### SUMMARY OF PROVISIONS OF THE RESOLUTION

The resolution provides for consideration of H.R. 5715, the Ensuring Continued Access to Student Loans Act of 2008, under a structured rule. The rule provides one hour of general debate equally divided and controlled by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on Education and Labor. The rule waives all points of order against consideration of the bill except clauses 9 and 10 of rule XXI. The rule provides that the amendment printed in Part A of the Rules Committee report accompanying the resolution shall be considered as adopted and that the bill, as amended, shall be considered as read. The rule waives all points of order against provisions of the bill, as amended. (This waiver does not affect the point of order available under clause 9 of rule XXI (regarding earmark disclosure).

The rule provides that no further amendments to the bill, as amended, shall be in order except those amendments printed in Part B of this report. The further amendments made in order may be offered only in the order printed in this report, may be offered only by a Member designated in this report, shall be considered as read, shall be debatable for the time specified in this report equally divided and controlled by the proponent and an opponent, shall not

If copy reads "To make" change to "Making", "To provide" change to "Providing", "To amend" change to "Amending".

2 Sample of 8-point head.

110TH CONGRESS

1st Session

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

REPORT 110-317

### COLLEGE COST REDUCTION AND ACCESS ACT

SEPTEMBER 6, 2007.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California, from the committee of conference, submitted the following

### CONFERENCE REPORT

[To accompany H.R. 2669]

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendment of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 2669), to provide for reconciliation pursuant to section 601 of the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2008, having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the matter proposed to be inserted by the Senate amendment, insert the following:

### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; REFERENCES.

- (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the "College Cost Reduction and Access Act".
- (b) REFERENCES.—Except as otherwise expressly provided, whenever in this Act an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment to, or repeal of, a section or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section or other provision of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.).
- (c) Effective Date.—Except as otherwise expressly provided, the amendments made by this Act shall be effective on October 1, 2007.

### JOINT EXPLANATORY STATEMENT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE

The managers on the part of the House and the Senate at the conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendment of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 2669), to provide for reconciliation pursuant to section 601 of the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2008, submit the following joint statement to the House and the Senate in explanation of the effect of the action agreed upon by the managers and recommended in the accompanying conference report:

The Senate amendment struck all of the House bill after the

enacting clause and inserted a substitute text.

The House recedes from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate with an amendment that is a substitute for the House bill and the Senate amendment. The differences between the House bill, the Senate amendment, and the substitute agreed to in conference are noted below, except for clerical corrections, conforming changes made necessary by agreements reached by the conferees, and minor drafting and clarifying changes.

### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE

The House bill's short title is the "College Cost Reduction Act." The Senate amendment provides that the Act may be cited as the "Higher Education Access Act of 2007" and that, unless otherwise indicated, references in the bill are made to the Higher Education Act of 1965.

The House recedes with an amendment to provide a new short title of the "College Cost Reduction and Access Act." The Conferees adopt the Senate amendment as amended by the House.

### TITLE I—GRANTS TO STUDENTS IN ATTENDANCE AT INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION

### SECTION 101. TUITION SENSITIVITY

The House bill (Sec. 101) eliminates the Pell grant "tuition sensitivity" provision that prevents low-income students attending low-cost institutions, such as community colleges, to benefit fully from the Pell Grant. Authorizes and appropriates \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 2008.

The Senate amendment (Sec. 101) also eliminates the Pell grant "tuition sensitivity" provision and authorizes and appro-

priates \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 2008.

The House and the Senate recede with an amendment to authorize and appropriate \$11,000,000 for fiscal year 2008 to ensure that all eligible students in award year 2007–2008 receive funding. The Conferees concur and adopt the amendment.

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### COMPLIANCE WITH HOUSE RULE XXI

Pursuant to clause 9 of rule XXI of the Rules of the House of Representatives, this conference report contains no congressional earmarks, limited tax benefits, or limited tariff benefits as defined in clause 9(d), 9(e), or 9(f) of rule XXI.

GEORGE MILLER,
ROBERT E. ANDREWS,
BOBBY SCOTT,
RUBÉN HINOJOSA,
JOHN F. TIERNEY,
DAVID WU,
SUSAN A. DAVIS,
DANNY K. DAVIS,
TIMOTHY BISHOP,
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JASON ALTMIRE,
JOHN YARMUTH,
JOE COURTNEY,

Managers on the Part of the House.

TED KENNEDY,
CHRIS DODD,
TOM HARKIN,
BARBARA A. MIKULSKI,
JEFF BINGAMAN,
PATTY MURRAY,
JACK REED,
HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON,
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MICHAEL B. ENZI,
LAMAR ALEXANDER,
ORRIN G. HATCH,
Managers on the Part of the Senate.

0

### FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL **GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS FOR 2009**

### **HEARINGS**

BEFORE A

SUBCOMMITTEE OF THE

### COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

ONE HUNDRED TENTH CONGRESS

SECOND SESSION

SUBCOMMITTEE ON FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS

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RALPH REGULA, Ohio

NOTE: Under Committee Rules, Mr. Obey, as Chairman of the Full Committee, and Mr. Lewis, as Ranking Minority Member of the Full Committee, are authorized to sit as Members of all Subcommittees.

> DALE OAK, BOB BONNER, KARYN KENDALL, and FRANCISCO CARRILLO, Subcommittee Staff

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WASHINGTON: 2008

42-831

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ROB NABORS, Clerk and Staff Director

[House Appropriation Hearing sample]

### DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY APPROPRIATIONS FOR 2009

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 2008.

## IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT: IDENTIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF CRIMINAL ALIENS, STUDENT AND EXCHANGE VISITOR PROGRAM FEE INCREASES

#### WITNESSES

CATHERYN COTTEN, DIRECTOR, INTERNATIONAL OFFICE, DUKE UNIVERSITY

JULIE L. MYERS, ASSISTANT SECRETARY, U.S. IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT [ICE], DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Mr. PRICE. Subcommittee will come to order. Good morning, everyone. Today we will be discussing the wide variety of activities carried out by Immigration and Customs Enforcement, or ICE, and we will first focus on the Agency's Student and Exchange Visitor Program.

### BALANCING SECURITY AND STUDENT NEEDS

Mr. PRICE. Thank you very much. We will put your entire statement in the record, which of course elaborates on the points you made and goes beyond them. Let me ask you first a rather broad question, and then I will zero in somewhat on the fee increases and the benefits that might accrue from an increased flow of fee revenue.

### [Note style for questions and answers]

Question. What percentage of cases presented to prosecutors along the Southwest border are prosecuted? Provide by sector and/or state. What was the prosecution rate of criminals picked up off the street? (Culberson)

Answer. ICE does not track prosecutions, however, ICE works closely with U.S. Attorneys and state and local prosecutors nationwide on a wide variety of cases.

FY2007 SAC office	Criminal arrests	Indictments	Convictions*
El Paso, TX	2,435	1.882	1,704
Phoenix, AZ	1,641	623	770
San Antonio, TX	1,588	1.172	1,155
San Diego, CA	2,318	1,147	1,842
Fiscal Year Total	7,982	4,824	5,471

<sup>\*</sup>Indictments and convictions may be comprised of arrests from previous years.

Mr. Culberson. Okay.

### [Standard Hearing sample]

# ORGANIZATIONAL MEETING ON ADOPTION OF COMMITTEE RULES; CONSIDERATION OF INTERIM REPORT; AND HEARING ON VOTING IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

### THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 2007

House of Representatives, $\square$
SELECT COMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE THE VOTING
Irregularities of August 2, 2007,□□□
Washington, $DC$ .

The committee met, pursuant to call, at 9:11 a.m., in Room H-313, The Capitol, Hon. William D. Delahunt (Chairman of the committee) presiding.

Present: Representatives Delahunt, Davis, Herseth Sandlin,

Pence, LaTourette and Hulshof.

The CHAIRMAN. A quorum being present, the select committee will come to order.

Today we are meeting to do three tasks: adopt our committee rules, adopt the internal report, and to hear for the first time—of what we expect to be multiple occasions—from the Office of the House Clerk. We will wait for the gentlelady from South Dakota, who was at her other select committee.

I now recognize myself for 5 minutes to make an opening statement, but before I do, let me note I will then go to Congressman Pence as the Ranking Member. And in subsequent hearings, it would be our hope that just he and I would make opening statements. But on this initial hearing, any member of the panel that wishes to make an opening statement is most welcome.

I would be remiss not to begin by thanking the Chair of the House Rules Committee, Louise Slaughter, and the Ranking Member, David Dreier, for making their hearing room available to the select committee.

I also want to welcome everyone to this initial meeting of the select committee that has been mandated by the House to review roll call No. 814. I would note that none of the Members sought this particular assignment, but each of us appreciates the role and the significance of the House in our unique constitutional order, and recognize that the integrity of the system by which we cast our votes on the House floor is essential to the confidence that the American people have in this institution, aptly described as the people's House.

Parts of publications (9.38-9.40, 13.10),

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